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VOLTRONIC POWER TECHNOLOGY CORP.

ANNUAL REPORT 2023

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For more information of the Annual Report, please surf website at Market Observation Post System (MOPS): http://mops.twse.com.tw

Website of Voltronic Power Technology Corp.: www.voltronicpower.com

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Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

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Voltronic Power Technology Corp. Managerial Philosophy

- To become the DMS (Design & Manufacturing Service) for uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) second to none throughout the world.
- To assure sustainable development and innovation of top quality products.
- Not to strive for own brand name, not to compete against customers.
- To be customers oriented to develop mutual trust and long-term cooperative ties with customers.
- To assure sound environmental protection and harmonious coexistence.

I. A Report to Shareholders

Ladies and gentlemen, our cherished shareholders:

A summary of the operating performance of the Company in 2023 and the outlook for the 2024 is as below:

I. Operations

The consolidated revenue of the Company totaled NT\$18,950,843 thousand in 2023, reflecting a decline of 16.6% year-over-year. Our net income was NT\$3,622,556 thousand, reflecting a decline of 18.3% from the previous year. Earnings per share stood at NT\$41.5, representing an 18.4% decline from NT\$50.9 in 2022.

		Un	it: NT\$ 1,000
	2023	2022	YoY %
Sales, net	18,950,843	22,724,596	-16.6%
Cost of goods sold	12,982,371	15,587,926	-16.7%
Gross profit	5,968,472	7,136,670	-16.4%
Operating expenses	1,830,858	1,848,903	- 1.0%
Profit from operations	4,137,614	5,287,767	-21.8%
Non-operating income and expenses	244,751	115,276	112.3%
Pre-tax earnings	4,382,365	5,403,043	-18.9%
Net PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	3,622,556	4,432,890	-18.3%

II. Research & Development

1. R&D Activities in 2023

Off Line:

- (1) Three-leg circuit 230V line-interactive sine wave 1~3k model development
- (2) UPS models for smart app cloud and wireless control

Online 1~5KVA:

- (1) Online 3k 1U rack lithium battery model development
- (2) On line 6k 1U rack model
- (3) On Line 1~3kVA Galleon One (pf=1) EU-specifications economy model

Online 6~600KVA:

- (1) Online 6kVA long-acting type 1U high power density model was developed.
- (2) Online 3/3 high power density 80kW UPS models developed
- (3) On line 3/3 208Vac high power density 60/120kW UPS model
- (4) On line 3/3 480Vac three-phase 350/700kVA model

Inverter, Solar inverter, Charger Controller, EV Charger, ATS:

- (1) 50KW IP65 on/off grid inverter model developed
- (2) Split phase 10kW IP65 HB UL on/off grid inverter model developed
- (3) 10-30KW DC IN charge point module developed
- (4) DC charge point IP65 20~30kW model developed
- (5) 11~20kW IP65 V2G constant power compact DC fast charge point
- (6) Industrial solar and storage 30~50kW system and 120~300kWh battery and compact DC fast charge point system
- (7) 7kW synchronous general converter economy model
- (8) Mobile energy storage system (PLC)

Viewpower monitoring software development:

- (1) SNMP card solution as domestic substitution
- (2) Introduction of SunSpec protocol for energy dispatch
- (3) API for the OCPP (Open Charge Point Protocol) platform
- 2. New products and technologies for 2024

Off Line:

- (1) Three-leg circuit 230V line-interactive sine wave 1~3k model development
- (2) Digital control 230V line-interactive sine wave 1~3k model
- (3) 400-2K energy efficient product, with <3W no-load loss and full-load energy efficiency ratio up to 98.4%

Online 1~5KVA:

- (1) On line 1~3kVA model DC/DC over-current protection and control optimization
- (2) On Line 1~3kVA Galleon One (pf=1) US-specifications economy model

Online 6~600KVA:

- (1) Online 3/3 high power density 80kW UPS models developed
- (2) Online 3/3 high power density 100kW UPS models developed
- (3) Online 3/3 high power density 100kW UPS module development
- (4) Online 3/3 high voltage lithium battery pack system development

Inverter, Solar inverter, Charger Controller, EV Charger, ATS:

- (1) 50KW IP65 Off-Grid All-In-One model development
- (2) 1200W micro inverter (PLC)
- (3) Three phase 10KW IP65 HB IEC Off-Grid All-In-One model development
- (4) HMI for home storage systems
- (5) 0.75-11KW synchronous general converter
- (6) EnergySys123 UL optical storage and charging integrated machine development
- (7) Synchronous general all-in-one converter (including control unit)
- (8) Industrial and commercial photovoltaic energy storage 30~50kW system and 120~300kWh battery pack development
- (9) 2 MPPT and 2 AC IN/2 AC OUT WP three-phase 8/10/12/15KW models developed

Viewpower monitoring software development:

- (1) Home charge point app (remote version and Bluetooth version)
- (2) Wi-Fi inverter monitoring center and app for all models
- (3) Charge point operational and maintenance platform
- (4) UPS in support of BACNet protocol

Operational plan and outlook for 2024:

In 2023, factors such as high interest rates and high inflation softened the global market demand and slowed down manufacturing activities in various countries. Furthermore, geopolitical instability around the world (e.g., the Russia-Ukraine war and the conflict between Israel and Hamas) had a significant impact on the global economic development. Due to the high base in 2022 and the slower-than-expected destocking by customers, the Company's revenue in 2023 experienced a certain degree of decline. That said, our gross margin increased slightly by 0.3% in 2023, benefiting from lower raw material costs. Looking ahead to 2024, the negative external impact is expected to gradually ease. Meanwhile, the uninterruptible power supply (UPS) system market is relatively stable and the inventory level has returned to near-normal levels at the beginning of the year, signaling an opportunity to resume stable growth momentum this year. Whilst the inventory level in the solar inverter market inventory level is high and may take some time to work through, the outlook is promising for the Company's new products such as charging points and inverters for the commercial market. We will actively seek new contracted manufacturing orders from existing customers while developing new customers. With our extensive industry experience, excellent technology, and unique DMS business model, we will maintain a proactive and steady attitude, aiming to deliver better results in terms of revenue and profitability for investors in the new year.

Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Chairman: Hsieh, Juor-Ming

II. Company Profile

1. Founding date of Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

May 1, 2008.

2. Highlights in corporate development

- (1) Fact of merger/acquisition (M&A), outward investment into affiliated enterprises, reorganization in the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date: None.
- (2) Huge amount transfer or replacement in directors and supervisors or key shareholders holding over 10% shareholding, change of operation ownership, significant change in business operation manner or contents of business operation and other significant issues which would affect shareholders' equity in the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date: None.

Year		Events
2008	1.	Voltronic Power Technology Corp. was incorporated with NT\$200.1 million founding capital.
	2.	Major venue of production: Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp. (hereinafter referred to as Voltronic Power Technology)
	3.	Initially, we set up fundamental production lines of Off-line 600~2000VA and On-line 1~3KVA.
2009	1.	Launched increment in cash NT\$40 million, making the aggregate total paid-in capital at NT\$240.1 million.
	2.	Relocated to the 5F No 151 at Xinhu 1st Road, Taipei City.
	3.	Successfully expanded Off-line production lines to TUV and UL safety decree markets.
	4.	Successfully developed Line-interactive sine wave models into the server markets.
	5.	Expanded the On-line model capacity to 20KVA to complete the solution to the entire line machine room frameworks.
	6.	Through autonomous research & development, we successfully accomplished full-scale multi-operation system Internet monitoring solution.
	7.	Voltronic Power Technology successfully passed ISO 9001 and 14001 authentications.
2010	1.	We converted earnings and bonus to employees into capital increase for NT\$53.15 million to make the aggregate total paid-in capital after capital increase up to NT\$293.25 million.
	2.	We launched increment in cash NT\$25 million, to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$318.25 million
	3.	Voltronic Power Technology set up its branch plant.
	4.	Voltronic Power Technology successfully completed the development of standalone model, combined solar energy system.
	5.	We successfully completed development of the high power density pf 0.9 On-line 1~3KVA UPS series.
2014		

(3) Other information concerned:

2011 1. We converted earnings and bonus to employees into capital increase for

Year	Events
	NT\$121.97 million, to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$440.22 million.
	 We launched increment in cash at NT\$22 million, to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$462.22 million.
	 We completed establishment of Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company.
	 We successfully developed Network 1K~5KW solar energy system.
	 We launched three-phase 20K~80KVA high frequency On-line UPS products.
2012	 We converted earnings and bonus to employees into capital increase for NT\$81.25 million, to make the aggregate total paid-in capital after capital increase up to NT\$543.48 million.
	 We successfully launched the high power density of pf 0.9 On-line 6~20KVA production lines.
	 We completed development of high power/household/industry oriented 1~5KVA sine wave Inverter.
	4. Our three-phase On-line UPS single unit capacity broke through 100KVA.
	5. Voltronic Power Technology successfully listed its stocks to public.
2013	 January 8, 2013: Voltronic Power Technology got listed in emerging stocks (stock code: 6409) at the capital of NT\$543 million.
	 March 2013: Voltronic Power Technology issued new restricted employee shares, to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$558 million.
	 October 2013: Voltronic Power Technology launched increment in cash to issue NT\$30 million new shares and converted earnings into capital increase for NT\$27.92 million; to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$616.4 million.
2014	 March 2014: Voltronic Power Technology launched initial public offering (IPO) through Increment in cash to issue NT\$58.3 million new shares, to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$674,699,660.
	 March 31, 2014: Voltronic Power Technology got listed for its stocks to public.
	 August 31, 2014: Voltronic Power Technology converted earnings into capital increase for NT\$33,735,000, to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$708,434,660.
2015	 June 30, 2015: Voltronic Power Technology canceled the new restricted employee shares at NT\$300,000, to make the aggregate total capital after capital decrease at NT\$708,134,660.
	 August 31, 2015: Voltronic Power Technology converted earnings into capital increase at NT\$35,421,740 to make the aggregate total capital after capital increase up to NT\$743,556,400.
	3. Voltronic Power Technology got listed onto Medium Size 100 Index Shares in Taiwan.
2016	 February 25, 2016: Voltronic Power Technology canceled the new restricted employee shares at NT\$180,000, to make the aggregate total
	5

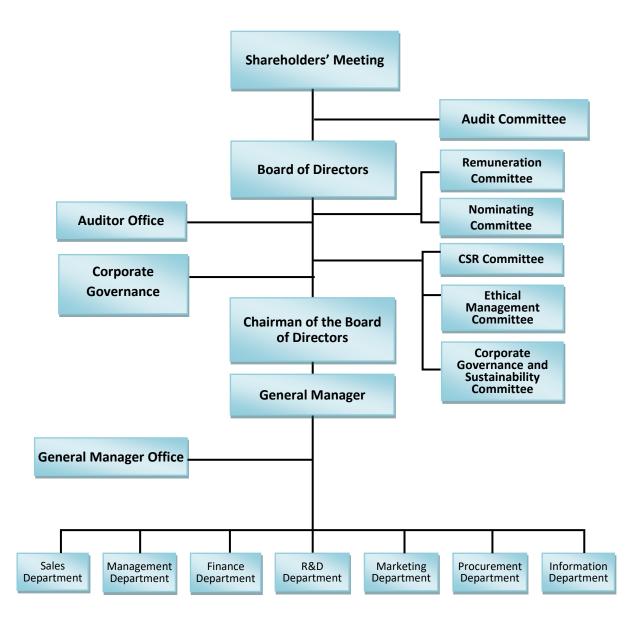
Year	Events
	capital after capital decrease at NT\$743,376,400.
	 July 2016: Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited was established.
	3. October 4, 2016: Voltronic Power Technology converted earnings into capital increase for NT\$37,177,900 and issuance of new restricted employee shares for NT\$6,500,000. Capital increased to NT\$787,054,300 after these two capitalization events.
2017	 April 2017: ranked top 5% by the Third Corporate Governance Evaluation of Listed Companies.
	 On July 17, 2017, the Company canceled the new restricted employee shares at NT\$170, 000, to make the aggregate total capital after capital decrease at NT\$786,884,300.
2018	 In February 2018, the Company relocated into its Taipei Headquarters at No. 406, Xinhu 1st Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei, Taiwan
	 In April 2018, the Company canceled the new restricted employee shares at NT\$32,000, to make the aggregate total capital after capital decrease at NT\$786, 852, 300.
	 April 2018: ranked top 5% by the 4th Corporate Governance Evaluation of listed Companies.
2019	 The new plant of Zhongshan Voltronic Power will be completed in construction to join business operation.
	2. In April 2019: The Company ranked among the top 5% in the 5th Corporate Governance Evaluation and among the top 10% of all companies in the electronic category listed on TWSE/TPEx with a market capitalization of over NT\$10 billion.
	3. The factories in Taipei and in Vietnam came online in January and October, respectively, in 2019.
2020	1. In April 2020: The Company ranked among the top 5% in the 6th Corporate Governance Evaluation and among the top 10% of all companies in the electronic category listed on TWSE/TPEx with a market capitalization of over NT\$10 billion.
2021	 In April 2021: The Company ranked among the top 6%~20% in the 7th Corporate Governance Evaluation and among the top 10% of all companies in the electronic category listed on TWSE/TPEx with a market capitalization of over NT\$10 billion.
2022	 In January 2022, the Company purchased the new plant located at Nos. 428, 430 Baochang Road, Xizhi District, New Taipei City, in the building lot area 5052.80 square meters; for the entire 11-story building plus 2 basement floors, in the aggregate total floor space of 24,291.75 square meters.
	2. In April 2022: The Company ranked among the top 5% in the 8th Corporate Governance Evaluation and among the top 10% of all companies in the electronic category listed on TWSE/TPEx with a market capitalization of over NT\$10 billion.
2023	1. In April 2023: The Company ranked among the top 6%~20% in the 9th Corporate Governance Evaluation

III. Report on Corporate Governance

1. Organization system

(1) Organization structure

Organization Structure



(2) Principal business lines of major departments:

Departments	Major Responsibilities and powers
General Manager Office	 Map out the Company's managerial strategies, set operating targets, monitor and evaluate the implementation and performance of operating targets. Set up functions and powers, duties and responsibilities of various departments of the Company, formulate and implement special programs and appoint heads for departments and projects. Integrate, coordinate with and support all departments in implementation of business operation as well as special projects.
Auditor Office	 Audit and examine the Company's internal control system, managerial system to check and verify the soundness, rationality and put into effectiveness and, in turn, offer suggestion for rectification to safeguard sound business operation of the Company. Investigate, evaluate all units about the plans, policies about the progress and efficiency. Conduct routine audit, exert follow-up tracing efforts for rectification of abnormalities.
Sales Department	 Work out performance and profit targets coordinate with the Company's policies and targets. Implement promotion and sales programs based on the set targets. Look into the market demand and technical development trends. Implement pricing strategies, market feedback and customer needs and render support accordingly.
Management Department	 Administrative & general affairs: Dominate and set up general affairs, fire prevention, public security, sanitation and such plans and implementation to provide optimal quality of working environments. Non-production oriented procurement: Launch requisition, price inquiry, price negotiation, procurement, final acceptance inspection, asset management and such tasks. Solicit human resources and take charge of personnel attendance.
Finance Department	 Take charge of capital management, application for credit limit in banks, raise of working capital. Take overall charge of financial management, financial statements and such sub-duties, dispatch and utilize of long-term and short-term funds. Take overall charge of a variety of stock affairs, shareholder relationship. Take charge of accounting affairs, payroll affairs, receivables, payables in overall management and follow-up tracing efforts.
R&D Department	 Develop new technology & know-how and products. Set up criteria for product development. Transfer and training programs for technology & know-how inside. Take charge of archiving management of a variety of technical papers, application for patents and technology & know-how and maintenance thereof.
Marketing Department	 Design and update the Company's catalogs, websites. Map out and arrange exhibitions in international community. Apply for patents. Set up customized merchandise and such data.
Procurement Department	 Set up and manage integrated supply chains. Assume the responsibility to procure materials for research & development, production and domestic projects for the entire Voltronic Power Technology Group. Assume the responsibility to control procurement costs. Watch changes and updates of raw materials & materiel in international community.
Information Department	 Map out and implant the computerized system for the Company. Set up, maintain and control networks. Map out and implement information safety mechanism. Map out and maintain computer software & hardware. Map out and implement the overall computerization operation.

2. Information on the Directors, General Manager, Vice General Managers, Senior Managers and the Managers of Each Department and Branch

(1) Information on Directors:

April 16, 2024 ; Expressed in shares

											-									
Title	or the venue of registry	Name	Sex, age	Date of on Board (mm/dd/yy)	Term	Date of on Board for the First Time (mm/dd/yy)	shareholdin (for the First Time (VV)) mm/dd/yv) ou Bos ou Bos		Shareholding for the Time Being		Shareholding of the Spouse, Underage Children for the Time Being		Shareholding Held in the Name of a Third Party		Main Experience/Educational Background	Concurrent Positions in this Company and Other Companies at present	Other Managers, Directors or Supervisors that Have Spousal Relationship or are within the Second Degree of Kinship with the Concerned Director/Supervisor			Remark (Note 3)
	Nationality			Da		Date of on F	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio			Title	Name	Relation	
Chairman cum Ger Manager		Hsieh, Juor-Ming (Note 1)	Male	07/23/2021	3	05/01/2008	10,052,484	12.74%	10,372,166	11.82%	622,357	0.71%	670,078 (Note 2)	0.76%	Department of Business Management, Tatung University Chairman cum General Manager of Centralion Industrial Inc. Director of Phoenixtec Power Co., Ltd.	Position served concurrently at this Company: General Manager Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd Chairman Voltronic International Corp., Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, Potentia Technology Inc. Limited – director Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp., Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company, Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited, Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc., Voltronic Power Technology(Vietnam) Company Limited – legal representative	Director representative	Chen, Tsui- Fang	Spouse	Note 6
	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Open Great International Investment Limited Company	-	07/23/2021	3	05/01/2008	3,310,359	3.79%	3,310,359	3.77%	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	Note 7
Director	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Representative: Chen, Tsui-Fang (Note 4)	Female	07/23/2021	3	05/01/2008	1,743,607	2.22%	622,357	0.71%	10,372,166 (Note 1)	11.82%	_	_	Department of Public Finance and Taxation, Takming Junior College of Commerce	Position served concurrently at this Company: Special Assistant of General Manager Open great international investment limited company — Chairman	Chairman	Hsieh, Juor- Ming	Spouse	The representative and the Chairman are spouses. The Company has four independent directors (including two female independent directors). More than half of the directors are not the Company's employees or managers.

Title	or the venue of registry	Name	Sex, age	Date of on Board (mm/dd/yy)	Term	Date of on Board for the First Time (mm/dd/\y)	Shareholding When on Board		Shareholding for the Time Being		Shareholding of the Spouse, Underage Children for the Time Being		Shareholding Held in the Name of a Third Party		Main Experience/Educational Background	Concurrent Positions in this Company and Other Companies at present	Other Managers, Directors or Supervisors that Have Spousal Relationship or are within the Second Degree of Kinship t with the Concerned Director/Supervisor			Remark (Note 3)
	Nationality			Da		Date of on	Number of Shares	Shareholdi ng Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholdi ng Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholdi ng Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio			Title	Name	Relation	
	Taiwan, R.O.C.	FSP Group	-	07/23/2021	3	05/01/2008	4,369,822	5.00%	3,344,822	3.81%	—	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Director	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Representative: Cheng, Ya-Jen	Male	07/23/2021	3	06/30/2015		_	_	_		_	_	_	Tatung University General Manager of FSP Group	Position served concurrently at this Company: None FSP Group-Chairman 3Y POWER TECHNOLOGY INC chairman 3Y POWER TECHNOLOGY INC responsible person AMACROX GMBH-responsible person FSP Technology Inc.(Wuxi Quanhan) - director FSP Technology Inc. (Wuxi Zhonghan) - director FSP Technology Inc. (Shenzhen Zhonghan) - director FSP Technology Inc. (Shenzhen Zhonghan) - director FSP Generation Technology Inc. (Jiangsu) - director FSP TECHNOLOGY USA INC Responsible person Haohan Electronic Technology Inc(Ji'an)- director Xiangzan Investment Co., Ltd Supervisor	_	_		Nil
Director	Italy	Passuello Fabio	Male	07/23/2021	3	06/05/2018	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	University degree in Electrical Engineering Director and Manager Director of RPS SpA	Director and Manager Director of RPS SpA	_	—	-	Nil
Independent director	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Lee, Chien-Jan	Male	07/23/2021	3	12/10/2012	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Master of Professional Accounting of National Chengchi University Ph.D. Program in Accountancy of National Chengchi University Chair of Department of Accountancy of National Taipei University Member of the CPA Discipline Committee of Financial Supervisory Commission Independent director of ACES Electronics Co., Ltd. Independent director of Copartner Technology Corporation Independent director of Fortune Semiconductor Corp. Independent director of Smart Ant Telecomm Co., Ltd. Independent director of	Position served concurrently at this Company: None Full-time professor, Department of Accountancy, National Taipei University Director of Accounting Research and Development Foundation and committee member of Accounting Standards Board Commission member of Public Functionary Disciplinary Sanction Commission Committee member of Securities Listing Review Committee Committee member of Securities Over-The-Counter Listing Review Committee Chairman of Fly-Hawk Accounting Education Foundation Director of Taiwan Institute of Ethical Business and Forensics,	_	_	_	Nil

Title	or the venue of registry	Name	or the venue Name	Sex, age	Date of on Board (mm/dd/yy)	Term	Board for the First Time (mm/dd/w)	Shareholdi on Bc		Shareholdin Time E	0	Shareholdi Spouse, U Children for Beir	nderage the Time	Shareholdin the Name c Part	of a Third	Main Experience/Educational Background	Concurrent Positions in this Company and Other Companies at present	Di Supe Ha Relati withi Degre with t	er Mana rectors ervisors ve Spou onship n the Se ee of Ki he Cond or/Supe	or that usal or are econd nship cerned	Remark (Note 3)
	Nationality o			Dai Dai		Date of on E (Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio	Number of Shares	Shareholding Ratio			Title	Name	Relation		
															AutoTools Group Co., Ltd Independent supervisor of Taisol Electronics Co., Ltd. Independent supervisor of Copartner Technology Corporation	and committee member of its Corporate Governance Committee Independent director of L&K Engineering Co, Ltd. Independent director of POTENS SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.					
Independent director	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Wang, Hsiu-Chih	Female	07/23/2021	3	06/05/2018	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Master of Rider University Professor & Chair of Department of Accountancy of College of Law & Business of National Chung Hsing University Professor & Chair of Department of Accountancy of National Taipei University Selection Committee Member for the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Presidents of National Taipei University Vice Chairman, Alumni Association of National Taipei University Consultant, Alumni Association of National Taipei University	Position served concurrently at this Company: None Director of Feiyuan Accounting Education Foundation	_	_	_	Nil	
Independent director	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Liao, Kuei-Fang	Female	07/23/2021	3	07/23/2021	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Department of Accounting, Tamkang University Certified Public Accountant	Position served concurrently at this Company: None Partner of Synergy & Co., CPAS Director of Hsieh Chi Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	_	_	_	Nil	
Independent director	R.O.C.	Ho, Yun-Hsuan	Male	07/23/2021	3	06/25/2019	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Master of Arts. (M.A.), National Chung Cheng University Attorneys-At-Law, C&R International Law Office Attorneys-At-Law, Sam Law Firm	Position served concurrently at this Company: None Attorneys-At-Law, HHC & Partners	_	_	_	Nil	

Note 1: The shares held include shareholding trust reserved for legal utilization 2,000,000 shares.

Note 2: Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd.

Note 3: Where the Company's chairman and general manager or a ranking staff member of the equivalent level (the higher manager) were in a same person, as spouse or blood relatives within the first degree of kinship to each other, the Company should explain the reasons why, rationality, necessity and countermeasures (e.g., an increase in the seat(s) of independent director(s) while one half majority of directors do not concurrently serve as an employee or manager) and such relevant information.

Note 4: Number of shares held, including shareholding trust retained with the legal exercise rights 1,300,000 shares.

Note 5: The number of substantial shareholding as of the book closure day for the annual meeting of shareholders, i.e., April 16, 2024.

Note 6: The Company's Chairman and General Manager is the same person. The Company has four independent directors (including two female independent directors). More than half of the directors are not the Company's employees or managers.

Note 7: The representative and the Chairman are spouses. The Company has four independent directors (including two female independent directors). More than half of the directors are not the Company's employees or managers.

1) Major Shareholders of Juristic Person Shareholders

∆nril	14	2024
Артп	14,	2024

		April 14, 2024
Names of the Juristic Person Shareholders	Major Shareholders of Juristic Person Shareholders	Shareholding Ratio
	Chuan Han Investment Co., Ltd.	8.11%
	Yang, Fu-An	6.30%
	Cheng, Ya-Jen	5.96%
	Xiangzan Investment Co., Ltd.	3.90%
FSP Group	Wang Tsung-Shun's Trust Account in The First Commercial Ban	3.74%
	Wang Guang Dong Investment Limited Company	3.50%
	2K INDUSTRIES.INC.	2.77%
	Pai Chuang Investment Co., Ltd.	2.67%
	Wang, Tsung-Shun	2.46%
	Bi Cheng Investment Consulting Limited Company	1.68%
	Hsieh, Juor-Ming	55.17%
Open Great International Investment Limited Company	Cathay United Bank (Note 1)	31.04%
	Chen, Tsui-Fang	13.79%

Note 1: As trusted to Cathay United Bank

2) As the key shareholders where the key shareholder was a juristic person.

		April 14, 2024
Names of the Juristic Person	Major Shareholders of Juristic Person Shareholders	Shareholding
Shareholders (Note 1)	(Note 2)	Ratio
	Cheng, Ya-Jen	37.50%
	Yang, Fu-An	37.50%
	Wang, Tsung-Shun	5.00%
Chuan Han Investment Co., Ltd.	Cheng, Pi-Ling	9.00%
	Xiangzan Investment Co., Ltd.	5.00%
	Fortune Venture Investment Co., Ltd.	5.00%
	Cheng, Ming-Hsiang	1.00%
Viangzan Investment Co. 1td	Cheng, Ya-Jen	55.00%
Xiangzan Investment Co., Ltd.	Cheng, Ming-Hsiang	45.00%
Wang Guang Dong Investment Limited Company	ALTOS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION	100.00%
2K INDUSTRIES INC.	ALTOS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION	65.30%
2K INDUSTRIES INC.	ETERNAL WELTH HOLDINGS LIMITED	34.70%
	Cheng, Ya-Jen	49.5%
Pai Chuang Investment Co., Ltd.	Yang, Fu-An	49.5%
	Cheng, Pi-Ling	1%
	Huang, Hsiu-Chin	95%
Bi Cheng Investment Consulting Limited Company	Huang, Pei-Chi	2.5%
	Huang, Ning-Chi	2.5%

3) Disclosure of information on professional qualifications of directors and supervisors and independence of independent directors:

orindeper	ndent directors:		
Terms Name	Professional Qualification and Experience	Independence Information	Number of the Other Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
Director Hsieh, Juor-Ming	In possession of hands-on experiences for more than five (5) years in the Company's business operation, currently serving as the Chairman & General Manager of Voltronic Power Technology Corp. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. Not under Article 27 of the Company Act with government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected. 	Nil
Juristic person director Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui-Fang	In possession of hands-on experiences for more than five (5) years in the Company's business operation, currently serving as the Special Assistant of General Manager of Voltronic Power Technology Corp. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. 	Nil
Juristic person director Representative of FSP Group: Cheng, Ya-Jen	In possession of hands-on experiences for more than five (5) years in the Company's business operation, currently serving as the Chairman of FSP Group. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. Not under Article 27 of the Compan	Nil

Terms			Number of the Other
Name	Professional Qualification and Experience	Independence Information	Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
		government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected.	
		 Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an 	
		 aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company 1 or 2 under 	
Director Passuello Fabio	In possession of hands-on experiences for more than five (5) years in the Company's business operation, currently serving as the Manager Director of RPS SpA Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of	 Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (9) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervision efficient) 	Nil
	the Company Act.	 (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition 	
		 (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. (11) Not under Article 27 of the Company Act with government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected. 	
	Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years;	 Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 	
Director Lee, Chien-Jan	currently serving as full-time professor of Department of Accounting, National Taipei University. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 shareholders. (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another 	2

Terms	3		Number of the Other
Name	Professional Qualification and Experience	Independence Information	Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
		 company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. (11) Not under Article 27 of the Company Act with government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected. 	
Independent director Wang, Hsiu-Chih	Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as the Director of Feiyuan Accounting Education Foundation. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another company is director with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervising auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Com	Nil

Terms			Number of the Other
Name	Professional Qualification and Experience	Independence Information	Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
		 relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. (11) Not under Article 27 of the Company Act with government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected. 	
Independent director Ho, Yun-Hsuan	Currently serving with National Taipei University as a part-time Associate Professor in its Department of Accounting for more than five (5) years; currently serving as the Attorneys-At-Law, HHC & Partners. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another company of under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained ove	Nil
Independent director Liao, Kuei-Fang	As a practicing Attorneys-at-Law Office for more than five (5) years; currently serving as the Partner of Synergy & Co., CPAS. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	 Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, 	Nil

Professional Qualification and Experience Independence Information Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director Name supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. Independent Director (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor) officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institution a rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with renuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT5500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors.	Terms			Number of the Other
Experience Independence Information Director Acts Name Supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. Independent Director (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company not ruder control by a same person as the Same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution in fancial or business transaction with the Company. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company on stitution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) (9) Not as the enterprise projetior, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor squetry officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the Company or institution in fancial or business transaction with the Company. (9) (9) Not as the enterprise projetior, partner, director (trustee), solution committee, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NTS500,000. This, neverthelass, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degr				Public Companies in
Experience Director Acts Name Supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. Independent Director (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company no under control by a same person as the Company v5 directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisors (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT5500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors.		Professional Qualification and		Which the Concerned
Name Independent Director supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisons), sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT5500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors.		Experience	independence information	Director Acts
 supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor) sole provietor, partner, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a mether of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. 		-		Concurrently as an
 shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor) (supervisor, manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. 	Name			Independent Director
government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected.			 shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors. (11) Not under Article 27 of the Company Act with government, juristic person or the representative thereof 	

Note 1: A person who is under any of the following circumstances shall not act as a managerial officer of the Company. If he or she has been appointed as such, he or she shall *ipso facto* be discharged:

- 1. Having committed an offence as specified in the Statute for Prevention of Organizational Crimes and having been convicted of a crime, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed the jail term in full, or having been less than five years since expiration of the probation, or pardon;
- 2. Having committed an offence in terms of fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation and subsequently been convicted with imprisonment for a term of more than one year, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or less than two years since expiration of the probation, or pardon;
- 3. Having committed an offense as specified in the Anti-corruption Act and subsequently been convicted of a crime, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence in full, or less than two years since expiration of the probation, or pardon;
- 4. Having been adjudicated bankrupt or adjudicated of the commencement of liquidation process by a court, and having not been reinstated to his or her rights and privileges;
- 5. Having been dishonored for unlawful use of credit instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet;
- 6. Having no or only limited disposing capacity.
- 7. Having been adjudicated of the commencement of assistantship and such assistantship having not been revoked yet.

Note 2:

- (1) Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises.
- (2) Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves)
- (3) Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders.
- (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).
- (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances

concerned prevalent in the home country).

- (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company(This, nevertheless, does not apply to a specific company or institution which holds more than 20%, less than 50% of the aggregate total outstanding shares of the Company, and where the company and its parent company, subsidiary or a subsidiary with the same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves according to the Act or the laws prevalent locally.)
- (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.
- (10) Not in a relationship as spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship with any other directors.
- (11) Not under Article 27 of the Company Act with government, juristic person or the representative thereof successfully elected.
- 4) Diversity and independence of the board of directors:

(1) **Diversification of the Board of Directors:**

Describe the Company's policy in board of directors diversification, target and the substantial achievements. The diversification policy is including but not limited to the standards/criteria for director selection, the professional expertise, skills and hands-on experiences accumulated by the directors, the directors' gender, ages, nationality and cultural composition or percentages. The Company's concrete targets and substantial accomplishment in relation to the aforementioned policies are expressly described. One of the objectives is to have female directors constitute over one-third of the entire board of directors (including at least one female non-independent director and two female independent directors).

The Company adopts "candidates nomination system" whereunder all candidates for directors are nominated by the "Nomination Committee". All independent directors of the Company are perfectly consistent with the requirements of independence set forth under the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies". Candidates are submitted to the Board of Directors for election after the nomination is duly resolved in the Board of Directors.

Exactly in accordance with the requirements set forth under the Articles of Incorporation for 5~8 directorship seats, the Company's Nomination Committee nominates and submits the suggested nomination list to the Board of Directors. The candidates are duly nominated exactly based on their professional expertise, know-how, hands-on experiences, gender, nationality, ages and such diversified policies in the overall configuration for the Board.

At the moment the Company's individual Board members include a total of 8 directors in Session VI, in possession of plentiful hands-on experiences and profession in finance, commerce, management, industry and laws. The directors holding the status as employees (i.e., Mr. Hsieh, Juor-Ming and Mrs. Chen, Tsui-Fang) account for 25% of the total. Among the total of eight Board of Directors members, two seats are in the relative relationship as spouses and blood relatives within the second degree of kinship (Mr. Hsieh, Juor-Ming and Mrs. Chen, Tsui-Fang as spouses to each other). Accordingly, the Company proves satisfactory to the requirements set forth under Paragraph 3, Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act whereunder the relatives as spouses and within blood relatives within the second degree of kinship shall not be up to one half majority.

Targets of management:

In terms of industrial experiences among the Company's Board of Directors members, there are at the moment two executive directors and two non-executive directors having engaged in the Company's business experiences for twenty(20) years up, accounting for approximately 50% of the total of the directorship seats.. Those directors with accounting

backgrounds account for approximately 37.5% of the total, as Attorney-at-Law backgrounds approximately 12.5%. Among them all, two executive directors hold plentiful hands-on experiences accumulated in finance, commerce, management and industry; two non-executive directors hold ample hands-on experiences in finance, commerce, management and outlooks in international markets. Three among the four independent directors possess professional expertise in accounting, finance and one independent director is a professional Attorney-at-Law in laws.

The Company highly focuses on gender equality amidst the Board of Directors and puts significant effort in strengthening corporate governance, with one female executive director and two female independent directors. Female directors account for 37.50% of the total directorship seats to accomplish the goal of female directorship percentage. With three male executive director and two female independent directors. Male directors account for 62.50% of the total directorship seats. The directorship ages range from 39 as the youngest and 76 as the oldest, averaged at 61.75 years old among all directorship seats.

(2) Facts of diversified, comprehensive and multifaceted compositions of the Board of Directors members:

Diversity		Fundam	ental co	ompo	ositic	ons				Busi	ness e	xperie	nces		Prof	essiona	al expe	rtise	
			Employe		Age		director)	ndent	Tenure	Man		Creative	4					Inter	=
Director's name	Nationality	Gender	oyees of the Company in concurrent services	40~50	51~60	61~75	Less than 3 years	3~9 years	Over 9 years	Manufacture management	Sales & marketing	e research & development	Asset management	Accounting	Finance	Laws	Risk management	International market visions	Information security
Hsieh, Juor-Ming	R.O.C.	Male	V			V				V	V	V	V	V	V		V	V	V
Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui-Fang	R.O.C.	Female	v		v					v			v	v	v		v		
Passuello Fabio	Italy	Male				V				V	V	V	V		V		V	V	V
Representative of FSP Group: Cheng, Ya-Jen	R.O.C.	Male				v				v	v	v	v	v	v		v	v	v
Lee, Chien-Jan	R.O.C.	Male				٧			٧				V	V	V		V	V	
Wang, Hsiu-Chih	R.O.C.	Female				۷		V					V	V	V		V	V	
Ho, Yun-Hsuan	R.O.C.	Male		۷				۷					V		V	V	V	V	V
Liao, Kuei-Fang	R.O.C.	Female				۷		V					V	V	V		V	V	

Diversity		-	-	(Compliance			-	
Director's name	Business judgement	Accounting and financial analysis	Business management	Crisis management	Industry knowledge	International outlook	Leadership	Decision- making capability	Information security
Hsieh, Juor-Ming	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui-Fang	V	v	v	V	v	V	V	v	v
Passuello Fabio	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	*
Representative of FSP Group: Cheng, Ya-Jen	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Lee, Chien-Jan	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Wang, Hsiu-Chih	*	V	*	V	*	V	V	V	V
Ho, Yun-Hsuan	*	V	*	V	*	V	*	V	V
Liao, Kuei-Fang	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V

Note : * refers to partially equipped

(2) Information on General Manager, Vice General Managers, Senior Managers and the Mangers of Each Department and Branch

April 16, 2024 ; Expressed in shares

Title Name Name		Sex	Date of on Board (mm/dd/yy)	Shareholding		Shareholding of the Spouse, Underage Children for the Time Being		Shareholding Held in the Name of a Third Party		Academic Qualifications / Experience	Concurrent Positions in this Company and	Secor Kinsl	al relati e withi nd Degi hip witl	ionship n the ree of h the ed		
	~				Number of Shares	Shareholding Rate	Number of Shares	Shareholding Rate	Number of Shares	Shareholding Rate			Title	Name	Relation	
Chairman cum General Manager	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Hsieh, Juor- Ming (Note 1)	Male	05/01/2008	10,372,166	11.82%	622,357 (Note 5)	0.71%	670,078 (Note 2)	0.76%	Department of Business Management, Tatung University Chairman cum General Manager of Centralion Industrial Inc. Director of Phoenixtec Power Co., Ltd.	Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd chairman Voltronic International Corp., Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, Potentia Technology Inc. Limited - director Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp., Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company, Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited, Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc., Voltronic Power Technology(Vietnam) Company Limited - legal representative	_	_	_	The Company's Chairman and General Manager is the same person. The Company has four independent directors (including two female independent directors). More than half of the directors are not the Company's employees or managers.
Vice General Manager		Wang, Chia-Yi	Female	05/01/2008	231,977	0.26%	_	_	_	_	Department of Spanish, Tamkang University Manager of Centralion Industrial Inc.	_	_	_	_	Nil
Vice General Manager		Chin, Chih- Hsin	Male	06/10/2008	549,275	0.63%	_	_	_	_	Graduate Institute of Electrical Engineering, National Taiwan University Manager of Phoenixtec Power Co., Ltd.	_	_	_	_	Nil
Senior Manager of R&D Department		Lu, Yu- Cheng	Male	03/19/2012	105,693	0.12%	_	_	_	_	Department of Electronic and Computer Engineering, National Taiwan University of Science and Technology Manager of Phoenixtec Power Co., Ltd.	_	_	_	_	Nil
Financial Manager		Wang, Kuo- Chin (Note 6)	Male	05/01/2008	87,071	0.10%	_	_	_	_	Double degree in Chinese and Accounting, Soochow University Assistant Financial Manager of DragonJet Corporation	_	_	_	_	Nil

Title	Title Nationallity		ne Sex	Date of on Board (mm/dd/yy)	Shareho	lding	Shareholdii Spouse, U Children for Beir	nderage the Time	Sharehold the Name Pa		Academic Qualifications / Experience	Concurrent Positions in this Company and Other Companies		gers that al relati e withi nd Degi hip with oncerne or/Supe	onship n the ree of n the ed	Remark (Note 4)
	ty			(, dd, yy)	Number of Shares	Shareholding Rate	Number of Shares	Shareholding Rate	Number of Shares	Shareholding Rate			Title	Name	Relation	
Financial Manager	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Wang, Chieh- Min (Note 7)	Male	02/26/2024	0	0.00%	_	_	_	_	Ohio State University,Master of Accounting Department of Accounting, National Chung Hsing University Financial Manager, United Microelectronics Corporation (UMC) Senior Deputy Manager of Financial Division, Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. Director of Finance and Accounting and Spokesperson, ShunSin Technology Holdings Limited SeniorManager of Finance, YFY Industrial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	_		_	_	Nil
Division Chief of Audit		Yang, Hui- Hua	Female	06/01/2011	0	0%	_	_	_	_	Department of Accounting, Tunghai University Assistant Manager of Undertaking Division, Horizon Securities Auditor of Uniwill Computer Corp	_	_	_	_	Nil
Chief Governance Officer	Taiwan, R.O.C.	Chen, Yi- Ju	Female	11/11/2019	0	0%	-	_	_	_	Chungyu Junior College of Business Administration Specialist, Shareholder Services, Gudeng Precision Industrial Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Shareholder Services, Voltronic Power Technology Corp.	_	_	_	_	Nil

Note 1: The shares held include shareholding trust reserved for legal utilization 2,000,000 shares.

Note 2: As Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd.

Note 3: The number of substantial shareholdings as of the book closure day for this annual meeting of shareholders, i.e., April 16, 2024.

Note 4: Where the Company's chairman and general manager or a ranking staff member of the equivalent level (the higher manager) were in a same person, as spouse or blood relatives within the first degree of kinship to each other, the Company should explain the reasons why, rationality, necessity and countermeasures (e.g., an increase in the seat(s) of independent director(s) while one half majority of directors do not concurrently serve as an employee or manager) and such relevant information.

Note 5: Number of shares held, including shareholding trust retained with the legal exercise rights 1,300,000 shares.

Note 6: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, Financial Manager Wang Kuo- Chin transition to Special Assistant of Chairman.

Note 7: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, Wang Chieh-Min to assume the position of Financial Manager.

3. Remuneration paid to Directors, General Manager and Vice General Managers in the Most Recent Year

(1) Remuneration paid to directors (including independent directors) in the most recent year (2023):

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

				Com	pensatio	n for Dire	ctors						Com	pensation	Received	by Concur						
Title	Name		ensation A)		on (B)	Compe	nsation arnings	Perform	Fees for Performance of Business (D)Ratio of the Aggregate Amount of A, B, C and D to the Net Income After TaxWages, Bonus and 			Ratio of the Amount of F and G t Income (No	Whether Receiving Compensation from any Companies Invested by the Company Other Than the Subsidiaries of the Company or Not									
		This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Company (Note 1)	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	This Cc (Not	mpany te 2)	Specifie	npanies ed in the ncial ments	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements	er Receiving Inies Investe e Subsidiari
		This Co	All Con Specifie Financial S	This Co	All Con Specifie Financial S	This Co (No	All Con Specifie Financial S	This Co	All Con Specifie Financial S	This Co	All Con Specifie Financial S	This Co	All Con Specifie Financial S	This Co	All Con Specifie Financial S	Cash amount	Cash amount	Cash amount	Cash amount	This Co	All Con Specifie Fina State	W heth Compa Than th
Director Director Director Independent director Independent director Independent director	Hsieh, Juor-Ming Open Great International Investment Limited Company Representative: Chen, Tsui-Fang FSP Group Representative: Cheng, Ya-Jen Passuello Fabio Lee, Chien-Jan Yang, Ching-Hsi (Note 3) Wang, Hsiu-Chih Liao, Kuei-Fang (Note 4) Ho, Yun-Hsuan	1,600	1,600	_	-		14,400	-	-	16,000 0.44%	16,000 0.44%	15,882	15,882		_	21,982	-	21,982	-	53,864 1.49%	53,864 1.49%	

1. Please elaborate on the remuneration policy, system, standards and structure for independent directors, and describe the relevance to the amount of remuneration according to the responsibilities, risks, time invested and other factors: Independent directors will be paid with remuneration according to the Company's "standards/criteria for directors and committee members' fees and remuneration payment" to grant a fixed amount of remuneration, not to participate in the allocation of director remuneration with the Company's profits according to Article 29 of the Articles of Incorporation so that the remuneration should be reasonable.

 Other than what disclosed through the Table above, in the recent year, the remuneration received by the director(s) for the services rendered as mentioned in the Company's financial statements (e.g., serving as a consultant to employees): NT\$0.

Note 1: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, 2024 to allocate to directors the remunerations totaling NT\$14,400,000 (as the finally resolved amount) for 2023. This will be reported to and resolved by the shareholders' meeting after the annual meeting of shareholders to be convened on June 14, 2024, before the distribution of the remunerations.

- Note 2: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, 2024 to allocate to employees the remunerations totaling NT\$180,000,000 (as the finally resolved amount) for 2023. This will be reported to and resolved by the shareholders' meeting after the annual meeting of shareholders to be convened on June 14, 2024, before the distribution of the remunerations.
- * The contents of remunerations in the Table differ from the concept of the Income Tax Act. To put it in more understandable terms, this Table is intended to disclose information instead of the purposes of taxation.

Remuneration Listed by Range

		Names of Directors											
Range of the Remuneration Paid to thi	Aggregate Amou	int of A, B, C and D	Aggregate Amount o	of A, B, C, D, E, F and G									
Company's Directors	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements (I)	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Financial Statements (J)									
Below \$2,000,000	Lee, Chien-Jan Wang, Hsiu-Chih Ho, Yun-Hsuan Liao, Kuei-Fang	Lee, Chien-Jan Wang, Hsiu-Chih Ho, Yun-Hsuan Liao Kuei-Fang	Lee, Chien-Jan Wang, Hsiu-Chih Ho, Yun-Hsuan Liao, Kuei-Fang	Lee, Chien-Jan Wang, Hsiu-Chih Ho, Yun-Hsuan Liao, Kuei-Fang									
\$2,000,000 (inclusive) \sim \$5,000,0 (exclusive)	Hsieh, Juor-Ming Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui- Fang FSP Group Representative: Cheng, Ya-Jen Passuello Fabio	Hsieh, Juor-Ming Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui- Fang FSP Group Representative: Cheng, Ya-Jen Passuello Fabio	Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui- Fang FSP Group Representative: Cheng, Ya-Jen Passuello Fabio	Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui- Fang FSP Group Representative: Cheng, Ya-Jen Passuello Fabio									
\$5,000,000 (inclusive) \sim \$10,000,0 (exclusive)	- 00	_	_	_									
\$10,000,000 (inclusive)~ \$15,000,0 (exclusive)		_	_	_									
\$15,000,000 (inclusive)~ \$30,000,0 (exclusive)	00	_	_	_									
\$30,000,000 (inclusive)~ \$50,000,0 (exclusive)	00 _	_	Hsieh, Juor-Ming	Hsieh, Juor-Ming									
\$50,000,000 (inclusive)~ \$100,000,0 (exclusive)	00 _	_	_	_									
Above \$100,000,000	—	_	—	_									
Total	8	8	8	8									

(2) Remuneration to General Manager and Vice General Managers in the Most Recent Year (2023):

Expressed in Thousands of NTD; Thousands of Shares; %

	Wages (A)	(B) (C)		Amounts of remuneration to employees (D) (Note 1)		Ratio(%) of the Aggregate Amount of A, B, C and D to the Net Income After Tax		Wheth Remuner Compan this Comp the Subs the Subs Comp						
Title	Name	This Cor	All Compa Specified ir Financia Statemer	This Cor	All Compani Specified in 1 Financial Statement	This Cor	All Companie Specified in th Financial Statements	This Co	ompany	Specifie	ipanies d in the tatements	This Cor	All Compani Specified in t Financial Statement	ner Receiv ration fro ies Invest any Othe sidiaries o pany or N
		npany	oanies l in the cial ients	npany	banies l in the cial lents	npany	oanies I in the cial ients	Cash Bonus	Share Bonus	Cash Bonus	Share Bonus	npany	panies I in the cial Ients	ving m any ed by er Than of this ot
General Manager	Hsieh, Juor-Ming											70 107	70 1 97	
Vice General Manager	Chin, Chih-Hsin	8,687	8,687	-	-	31,000	31,000	39,500	-	39,500	-	79,187 2.19%	79,187 2.19%	-
Vice General Manager	Wang, Chia-Yi											2.1970	2.19%	

Note 1: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, 2024 to allocate to employees the remunerations totaling NT\$180,000,000 (as the finally resolved amount) for 2023. This will be reported to and resolved by the shareholders' meeting after the annual meeting of shareholders to be convened on June 14, 2024, before the distribution of the remunerations.

Note2: The amounts of the remunerations granted to the Company's managerial officers have been duly reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and further resolved by the Board of Directors pursuant to their respective duties, contributions, annual performance evaluation with potential future risks taken into account.

* The contents of remunerations in the Table differ from the concept of the Income Tax Act. To put it in more understandable terms, this Table is intended to disclose information instead of the purposes of taxation.

Remuneration Listed by Range

Dange of the Domuneration Daid to this Company's Coneral Manager and Vice Coneral	Names of Gener	al Manager and Vice General Managers
Range of the Remuneration Paid to this Company's General Manager and Vice General Managers	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Consolidated Financial Statements E
Below \$2,000,000	_	-
\$2,000,000 (inclusive) \sim \$5,000,000 (exclusive)	—	-
\$5,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$10,000,000 (exclusive)	—	-
\$10,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$15,000,000 (exclusive)	—	-
\$15,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$30,000,000 (exclusive)	Hsieh, Juor-Ming Chin, Chih-Hsin Wang, Chia-Yi	Hsieh, Juor-Ming Chin, Chih-Hsin Wang, Chia-Yi
\$30,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$50,000,000 (exclusive)	—	-
\$50,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$100,000,000 (exclusive)	_	_
Above \$100,000,000	_	_
Total	3	3

(3) Names of managers allocated with remuneration to employees and facts of allocation: December 31, 2023

	Title	Name	Total Share Bonus (Thousand \$)	Total Cash Bonus (Thousand \$)	Total	Ratio of the Aggregate Amount to the Net Income After Tax (%)
	General Manager	Hsieh, Juor-Ming				
	Vice General Manager	Chin, Chih-Hsin				
	Vice General Manager	Wang, Chia-Yi				
Managers	R&D Senior Manager	Lu, Yu-Cheng	—	35,141	35,141	0.79%
	Financial Manager	Wang, Kuo-Chin (Note 3)				
	Chief Governance Officer	Chen, Yi-Ju				

Note 1: The names and position titles should be disclosed. The profit allocation could be disclosed in an overall manner.

- Note 2: The amounts of remuneration to employees for managers as resolved by the board of directors in the most recent year (including both stocks and cash). In the event that forecast was impossible, the amounts estimated for the current year should be calculated based on the actual allocations in the prior period. The net profit after tax refers to the net profit after tax in the most recent year. If the Company has adopted the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), the net profit after tax refers to the net profit after tax of the parent company only or the individual financial statements of the most recent year.
- Note 3: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, Financial Manager Wang Kuo- Chin Transition to Special Assistant of Chairman.
 - (4) Respectively compare and depict the analyses of the aggregate total remuneration paid to the Company's directors, supervisors, general manager and vice general managers to the net profit after tax over the past two years in the Company and all companies covered in the consolidated financial reports, and please explain the policies, criteria, portfolio of remuneration payment, procedures to fix remuneration, business performance and interrelationship to the future risks:
 - 1) Analyses of the remuneration paid to the Company's directors, supervisors, general manager, vice general managers over the past two years to the net profit after tax:

managel, nee general managels over the past the years to the net pront after taxi							
	2022		2023 Percentage of the aggregate total				
	Percentage of the ag	gregate total					
	remuneration to the net ea	arnings after tax (%)	remuneration to the net	remuneration to the net earnings after tax (%)			
Title	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Consolidated Financial Statements	This Company	All Companies Specified in the Consolidated Financial Statements			
Director	1.07%	1.07%	0.44%	0.44%			
General Manager and Vice General Managers	1 35%	1.35%	2.19%	2.19%			

- Note 1: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, 2024 to allocate to directors the remunerations totaling NT\$14,400,000 (as the finally resolved amount) for 2023. This will be reported to and resolved by the shareholders' meeting after the annual meeting of shareholders to be convened on June 14, 2024, before the distribution of the remunerations.
- Note 2: The Company's board of directors resolved on February 26, 2024 to allocate to employees the remunerations totaling NT\$180,000,000 (as the finally resolved amount) for 2023. This will be reported to and resolved by the shareholders' meeting after the annual meeting of shareholders to be convened on June 14, 2024, before the distribution of the remunerations.
 - 2) Policies, criteria and portfolio for remuneration payment, the procedures to fix the remuneration and the interrelationship between the business performance and future risks:

- A. Regarding the remuneration to the Company's directors, as expressly provided for in the Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors is authorized with plenipotentiary power to fix the amount based on the extent of the participation by the directors in the Company's business operation, value of their contribution with reference to the levels prevalent in horizontal trades. The remuneration to directors amidst distribution of the earnings is duly handled in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation. The ratio so duly resolved in the board of directors is reported to the shareholders' meeting before distribution.
- B. The remuneration payable to the general manager and vice general managers include salaries, incentives and remuneration to employees based on their position titles, the responsibilities they assume and contribution to the Company, with reference to the rates prevalent in the horizontal trades.
- C. The procedures for the remuneration were duly fixed with the powers authorized under the Articles of Incorporation.
- D. In terms of remuneration paid by the Company to the directors, general manager and vice general managers, the Company had taken into account the potential operating risks, the business performance in such positive interrelationship to assure balance between the sustainable business operation and risk control. We also refer to the alignment between the long-term performance mechanism of senior executives and the ESG related performance metrics (S&P.CDP). Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors conduct assessments and reviews each year, to achieve a balance between the Company's sustainable operations and risk control.

4. Performance in corporate governance

(1) Information of operation by the board of directors:

In the most recent year (2023), the board of directors convened a total of five board						
of directors meetings (A). Fact of participation by the directors is as below:						

Title	Name	Times of Attendance in	Times of Attendance by		Remarks
		Person (B)	Proxy	Ratio (%) (B/A)	
Chairman	Hsieh, Juor-Ming	5	0	100%	—
Director	Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui-Fang		0	100%	_
Director	Representative of FSP Group: Cheng, Ya-Jen	5	0	100%	_
Director	Passuello Fabio	0	5	0%	
Independent director	Lee, Chien-Jan	4	1	80%	_
Independent director	Wang, Hsiu-Chih	5	0	100%	_
Independent director	Ho, Yun-Hsuan	5	0	100%	_
Independent director	Liao, Kuei-Fang	5	0	100%	_

Note 1: In Year 2023, the average participation ratio of directors in the board of directors meetings was 85.00%

Year 2023	The 1 st	The 2 nd	The 3 rd	The 4 th	The 5 th
fedi 2025	meeting	meeting	meeting	meeting	meeting
Lee, Chien-Jan	v	v	Ø	v	v
Wang, Hsiu-Chih	v	v	v	V	v
Ho, Yun-Hsuan	v	v	v	v	v
Liao, Kuei-Fang	v	v	v	v	v

In Year 2023, the participation by independent directors in the board of directors meetings v: Participation in person; ©: Participate in through a proxy; x: Absent

Other entries as required:

- 1) In the event of the following circumstances, dates, No. of board meetings, proposals, opinions from all independent directors and the company's response to the opinion of independent directors should be noted:
 - i. The Company established Audit Committee on July 1, 2016. The provisions of Article 14-3 of the Securities Exchange Act are not applicable. For an explanation of the matters listed in Article 14-5 of the Securities Exchange Act, please refer to Operation of the Audit Committee section, page No. 32
 - ii. Other than the above items, other board meeting discussions that independent directors have expressed dissenting opinion or qualified opinion as recorded or stated in writing: None.
- 2) Facts by directors in avoidance from conflict of interests: State the names of directors, contents of agenda, causes of avoidance, participation and resolutions:
 - i. Where the Board of Directors discussed on the decision resolved by the Remuneration Committee in its 6nd meeting of Session IV on February 23, 2023, Director Hsieh, Juor-Ming and Chen, Tsui-Fang, representative of director Open Great International Investment Limited Company did not participate in the discussion and resolution procedures because of avoidance from conflict of interests.
 - ii. Where the Board of Directors discussed on the decision resolved by the Remuneration Committee in its 8th meeting of Session IV on August 10, 2023, Director Hsieh, Juor-Ming and Chen, Tsui-Fang, representative of director Open Great International Investment Limited Company did not participate in the discussion and resolution procedures because of avoidance from conflict of interests.
 - iii. Where the Board of Directors discussed on the decision resolved by the Remuneration Committee in its 9th meeting of Session IV on February 26, 2024, Director Hsieh, Juor-Ming and Chen, Tsui-Fang, representative of director Open Great International Investment Limited Company did not participate in the discussion and resolution procedures because of avoidance from conflict of interests.
- 3) Evaluation cycles, periods, scopes, methods and details of self-evaluation (or peerevaluation) of the board of directors

Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation details
cycle	period	scope	method	
Once per	January 1,	Board and its	Internal self-	Board and its functional committees:
annum	2021 -	functional	assessments of	Participation in the Company's
	December	committees	Board and its	operations (18%);
	31, 2021	Performance	functional	Enhancement of decision quality by the
		of (Audit	committees	board (14%);
		Committee,	(external	Composition and structure of the board

Evaluation of Board Performances

Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation details
cycle	period	scope Remuneration	method	(15%).
		Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance & Sustainable Development Committee and the individual directors.	assessment by an external and independent organization once every three years) and self-evaluation by the individual Board members	 (15%); Election and advanced study of directors (6%); Internal control (14%); Corporate governance performance (15%); Corporate operating performance (18%) Individual Board members: Mastery of the Company's targets and duties, awareness of directors' duties and responsibilities; degree of participation in the Company's business operation; interior relationship, business operation and communications; the directors' professionalism and continuing education, internal control performance.
Once per annum	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	Performance of the Board of Directors and functional committees (Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee) and the respective committee members.	Self-evaluation by the Board of Directors, functional committees and individual Board members. By means of questionnaire	Board of Directors Meeting and
		Performance evaluation by functional committee members	Self-evaluation by the functional committees By means of questionnaire	Five major project indicators: I. Degree of participation in the Company's business operation; II. Upgrade of the policymaking quality of the functional committees; III. Composition and structure of functional committees; IV. Election and continued higher

Evaluation cycle	Evaluation period	Evaluation scope	Evaluation method	Evaluation details
				education of functional committees; V. Internal control.
Once per annum	January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023	Performance of the Board of Directors and functional committees (Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee) and the respective committee members.	Self-evaluation by the Board of Directors, functional committees and individual Board members. By means of questionnaire	 Board of Directors (15%); Election and continuing higher education of directors (6%); Internal control system (14%); Performance evaluation on corporate governance (15%); Performance evaluation on the Company's business management (18%) Individual Board members: Mastery of the Company's goals and tasks, awareness of directors' responsibilities, degree of participation in the Company's business operation, management and communications on internal relationship, profession and continued higher education of
		Performance evaluation by functional	Self-evaluation by the functional	directors, internal control. Five major project indicators: I. Degree of participation in the Company's business operation; II. Upgrade of the
		committee members	committees By means of questionnaire	policymaking quality of the functional

- 4) Efforts to strengthen the performance of the board of directors in the current year and the most recent year (e.g., establish the Audit Committee to promote transparency of information) and the facts of implementation:
 - i. Efforts to strengthen the performance of the board of directors:
 - (i) After the approval by the annual meeting of shareholders on May 24, 2016 on the amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, the Company sets up 5 ~ 8 directors and all those directors (including Independent directors) should be elected through candidates nomination system, and we established the Audit Committee in replace of supervisors.
 - (ii) There are four functional committees under the board: the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nominating Committee

and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, to assist the board in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities. Both the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee are comprised of the four independent directors. The Nominating Committee is composed of two independent directors and a committee member. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee consists of three independent directors. All the functional committees report to the board of directors on a regular basis. On November 11, 2019, the board established the position Chief Governance Officer, responsible for the enhancement of board functions upon the board's requests and assist in board duties in a timely and effective manner.

- (iii) A. In the "corporate governance evaluation" campaign for TWSE/TPEx listed companies of Year 2016~2019 and 2021, the Company ranked amidst the top 5% of all Exchange-listed firms; in the "corporate governance evaluation" campaign for TWSE/TPEx listed companies of Year 2020 and 2022~2023, the Company ranked amidst the top 6%~20% of all Exchange-listed firms.
 - B. Amidst the top 10% of all listed companies in the electronic category in Year 2018~2021 with market capitalization over NT\$10 billion.
 Top 21%~40% in 2022-2023 of all TWSE/TPEx listed companies in the electronic category with a market capitalization of at least NT\$10 billion.
- ii. Evaluation of the implementation:

Exactly in accordance with Article 37 of the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", the Company has duly enacted "Regulations Governing Evaluation of Board of Directors Performance".

In Year 2020, the results of self-evaluation by the Board of Directors, functional committees and the individual directors indicate "excellent (A+)" which was submitted to the Board of Directors on February 25, 2021. In Year 2021, the external independent professional institution was commissioned to score the performance with the evaluation result and evaluation opinions taken into comparison. The result indicates "Good" which was reported to the Board of Directors on February 24, 2022. In Year 2023, the results of self-evaluation by the Board of Directors, functional committees and the individual directors indicate "good" which was submitted to the Board of Directors on February 26, 2024. In Year 2023, the self-evaluation by the functional committees scored the performance themselves with result submitted to the Board of Directors on February 26, 2024.

The Regulations Governing Evaluation of Performance of Board of Directors and the evaluation results on the board's performance are disclosed at the section of Corporate Governance on our official website at <u>https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW</u>

iii. The Company was founded in 2008. In November 2015, the Nominating Committee was established to foster board nomination diversity. Starting in 2018, the Company has been gradually planning for succession and leadership by developing a talent pipeline for key positions (i.e., board members and management). The succession plan places equal emphasis on cultivation of work capabilities and sharing of the Company's values and business philosophy. In addition to the inherits of the torch and experience sharing by senior managers in the programs and through elaborate educational & training programs toward professional skills, we try by all available means to accomplish professional competences e.g., notably implementation of business operation, risk management, and financial risks toward the mechanism of diversified development, corporate governance and sustainable business operation (to implement thoroughly Best-Practice Principles on Good Faith Management, environmental protection and harmonious coexistence). Facts of substantial business operation: We virtually enter the Board of Directors to get familiar with the operation of the Board of Directors and conferences of the managerial teams. The Company has been invited to participate in institutional investor conferences on key issues such as sustainable development, ESG targets and targeting setting for greenhouse gas inventory.

- (2) Activities of the Audit Committee:
 - 1) Activities of the Audit Committee as follows:

Professional qualifications and experiences:

Here at the Company, the Audit Committee is composed of four independent directors. Three out of the total four independent directors hold the financial and accounting expertise, one independent director is a practicing Attorney-at-Law, with legal expertise.

Members of Audit Committee	Professional qualifications and experiences
Independent director	Academic degree credentials: Doctor of Professional
Mr. Lee, Chien-Jan	Accounting of National Chengchi University
	Hands-on experiences: Full-time professor, Department of
	Accountancy, National Taipei University
	Expertise: corporate governance, audit, accounting
Independent director	Academic degree credentials: Master of Rider University
Ms. Wang, Hsiu-Chih	Hands-on experiences: Director of Feiyuan Accounting
	Education Foundation Professor & Chair, Department of
	Accounting, National Taipei University
	Expertise: accounting
Independent director	Academic degree credentials: Master of Arts. (M.A.),
Mr. Ho, Yun-Hsuan	National Chung Cheng University
	Hands-on experiences: Practicing Attorney-at-Law,
	Attorneys-At-Law, HHC & Partners
	Expertise: law
Independent director	Academic degree credentials: Bachelor of Department of
Ms. Liao, Kuei-Fang	Accounting, Tamkang University
	Hands-on experiences: Certified Public Accountant.
	Expertise: accounting, taxation

2) Activities of the Audit Committee as follows:

The Audit Committee convened four meetings in 2023 (A). The attendance of independent directors was shown below:

Title	Name	Times of Attendance in Person (B)	Times of Attendance by Proxy	Actual attendance ratio (%) (B/A)(Note)	Remark
Independent director/ Convener	Lee, Chien-Jan	4	0	100%	_
Independent director	Wang, Hsiu- Chih	4	0	100%	—
Independent director	Ho, Yun- Hsuan	4	0	100%	_
Independent director	Liao, Kuei- Fang	4	0	100%	_

Note 1: In Year 2023, the average participation rate was 100%.

Other entries as required:

- 1. In 2023 Key functions and supervisory duties of the Audit Committee:
 - (1) Appropriate representation of the Company's financial statements
 - (2) Appointment/dismissal, independence, and performance of the Certified Public Accountant
 - (3) Effective implementation of internal control
 - (4) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations
 - (5) Control and management of existing or potential risks
 - (6) M&A activities according to the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act
 - (7) Matters in relation to personal interests of directors
 - (8) Issue and public/private placement of equity securities
 - (9) Promotion of risk management policy and establishment of crisis management mechanism

2. In the event of the following circumstances, dates, No. of meetings, proposals, resolutions from the Audit Committee and the Company's response to the opinion of the Audit Committee should be noted:

Date	Term	Proposal	Resolutions from the Audit Committee and the Company's response to such opinions of the Audit Committee
02/23/2023	The 10 th meeting of Session Three	 Approval of the financial statements of Year 2022. Approval of the consolidated financial statements of Year 2022. Approval of the business report and proposed allocation of earnings for Year 2022. Approval of the review over the certified public accountants for Year 2022 regarding their independence and performance. Approval of the replace of the company's CPA due to regular internal adjustments of Deloitte. Approval of the fees payable to certified public accountants in Year 2022. Approval of the design of the internal control, the valid enforcement thereof and issuance of the correspondent "Declaration of Internal Control System" Approval of the loans by the subsidiaries to be granted to related parties Approval of an application of supply chain finance by subsidiaries. Approval of the investment in HH- CTBC Partnership, L.P. 	Resolutions from the Audit Committee: unanimous consent from all the committee members present on February 23, 2023. The Company's response to the opinion from the Audit Committee: Duly posed to and unanimously resolved by all present directors in the 12 th board of directors meeting of Session Six.
05/11/2023	The 11 th meeting of Session Three	 Approval of the amendment to the " Review Procedures for Non- Assurance Services Pre-approval ". Approval of the 1st quarterly financial statements of Year 2023. Approval of the loans by the subsidiaries to be granted to related parties. Approval of the Company's application for renewal of the financing credit lines. Approval of the amendment to the "Audit Accountant Independence and Performance Evaluation Measures". 	The Company's response to the opinion from the Audit Committee: Duly posed to and unanimously resolved by all present directors in the 13 th board of directors meeting of Session Six.
08/10/2023	The 12 th meeting of Session Three	 Approval of the financial statement of the 2nd quarter, 2023. Approval of partial amendment to the Company's "powers authorized". 	Resolutions from the Audit Committee: unanimous consent from all the committee members present on August 10, 2023.

(1) Any issues listed in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act

Date	Term	Proposal	Resolutions from the Audit Committee and the Company's response to such opinions of the Audit Committee
		 Approval of the loans by the subsidiaries to be granted to related parties. 	The Company's response to the opinion from the Audit Committee: Duly posed to and unanimously resolved by all present directors in the 15 th board of directors meeting of Session Six.
11/09/2023	The 13 th meeting of Session Three	 Approval of the financial statement of the 3rd quarter, 2023. Approval of the audit plan for Year 2023. Approval of the loans by the subsidiaries to be granted to related parties 	Resolutions from the Audit Committee: unanimous consent from all the committee members present on November 09, 2023. The Company's response to the opinion from the Audit Committee: Duly posed to and unanimously resolved by all present directors in the 16 th board of directors meeting of Session Six.

- (2) In addition to the above matters, other matters not approved by the Audit Committee but agreed by at least two thirds of the board: None
- 3. Please provide the names of the independent directors concerned, contents of the issue, reasons to avoid discussion/voting and participation in voting for the issues the independent directors should avoid due to conflict of interest: None
- 4. Communication among independent directors, internal auditors and CPAs (including the issues associated with company financials and businesses, communication methods and results):
 - (1) All the independent directors from the Company's Audit Committee and internal auditors maintain good communication. If any special circumstances arise, internal auditors report to independent directors immediately. No special circumstances occurred in 2023.
 - (2) The CPAs communicate with the Audit Committee in the quarterly meetings regarding the auditing or reviewing of the quarterly financial reports, and the issues in relation to laws and regulations. If any special circumstances arise, CPAs report to the Audit Committee promptly. No special circumstances occurred in 2023.

Communication among independent directors, internal auditors and CPAs is shown as the following table:

During Year 2023, the key issues amidst communications and studies by and among the independent directors, internal audit head and attesting certified public accountants were as enumerated below:

Date	Key issues	Results
02/23/2023	Explanation by the auditors about the design of the internal	All the attendees agreed
Board pre-	control system and the execution thereof in the Company in Year	unanimously.
meeting	2022.	
02/23/2023	Reports by the Certified Public Accountant on the result of review	CPAs discussed and
Audit	over the Financial Statements of Year 2022.	explained the issues
Committee's		raised by meeting
pre-meeting		attendees.
		All the attendees agreed
		unanimously.
05/11/2023	Report by the auditors on internal audit of Quarter I, 2023.	All the attendees agreed
Board pre-		unanimously.
meeting		
05/11/2023	Reports by the Certified Public Accountant on the review result of	CPAs discussed and
Audit	the Financial Statements of the Quarter I, Year 2023.	explained the issues
Committee's		raised by meeting
pre-meeting		attendees.
		All the attendees agreed
		unanimously.
08/10/2023	Report by the auditors on internal audit of Quarter II, 2023.	All the attendees agreed
Board pre-		unanimously.
meeting		
08/10/2023	Reports by the Certified Public Accountant on the review result of	CPAs discussed and
Audit	the Financial Statements of the Quarter II, Year 2023.	explained the issues
Committee's		raised by meeting
pre-meeting		attendees.
		All the attendees agreed
		unanimously.
11/09/2023	1. Report by the auditors on internal audit of Quarter III, 2023.	All the attendees agreed
Board pre-	2. Explanation by the auditors about the annual audit plan of Year	unanimously.
meeting	2024.	
11/09/2023	Reports by the Certified Public Accountant on the review result of	CPAs discussed and
Audit	the Financial Statements of the Quarter III, Year 2023.	explained the issues
Committee's		raised by meeting
pre-meeting		attendees.
		All the attendees agreed
		unanimously.

(3) Facts of performance in corporate governance and the status on discrepancy and reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies

				Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
1.	Does the company specify and disclose the corporate governance best practice principles in accordance with the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies"?	V		The Company has promulgated corporate governance principles in accordance with "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and has also placed it at Market Observation Post System and the Company's website for shareholders' inquiries. (http://www.voltronicpower.com.tw) To the Company, "Corporate Governance" is not merely for "corporate governance", but is the key link for proper fulfillment of corporate social responsibility; fulfillment of corporate social responsibility will lead to proper "corporate governance". And it is proven to be true with the Company's operational performance and recognition with governance evaluation awards.	
2.	Corporate Equity Structure and Shareholders' Equity				
(1)	Does the company specify internal operation procedures to dispose recommendations, doubts, disputes and lawsuit matters of shareholders, and implement in accordance with such procedures?	V		(1) The Company has appointed spokesperson, deputy spokesperson and stock affair specialists to deal with shareholders' suggestions or investment disputes.	
(2)	Does the company master the major shareholders in actual control of the company and the name list of the final controllers of such major shareholders?	V		(2) All major shareholders of the Company declare their shareholding updates to the Company on a monthly basis. The Company, meanwhile, further disclose the financial statements to the key shareholders on a quarterly basis. On an annual basis, the Company discloses the list of the top ten shareholders toward the Company's website and Investor Relations Zone.	
(3)	Does the company establish and execute the risk control and firewall mechanism with the affiliated enterprises?	V		(3) The Company has established Measures for Management of Business Group, Specific Firms and Related Party Transactions to specify personnel, assets and financial management with the affiliated enterprises."Operational Regulations on Financial Matters Between Related Parties" was formulated in 2024, to establish relevant risk management and firewall mechanisms.	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(4) Does the company establish internal specifications to prohibit the internal parties of the company from trading securities by taking advantage of the non-opened information in market?	V		 (4) The Company has established "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" and "Guidelines for the Adoption of Codes of Ethical Conduct", "whistleblowing system" and "Operating Procedures for Handling Internal Material Information" to normalize members' avoidance of conflicts of interest related to their duties, and we have also set up the accusation reporters' mailbox to prevent the occurrence of insider trading. Pursuant to Article 9 of the Company's Operating Procedures for Handling Internal Material Information, the employees shall adhere to Article 157-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act regarding the prohibition of insider trading. Corporate Governance section on the Company's website: http://www.voltronicpower.com.tw. Implementation Status in 2023: Per directions of the Stock Exchange in regard to the official provision to propose commonly seen deficiencies among internal staff every half year, the Company provided the respective provision for its internal staff as reference and reminded them for mandatory compliance with relevant acts. Offering educational training on "Procedures for Handling Material Inside Information" (including prevention of insider trading) for directors and internal staff who have been employed for less than a month, with a total of 10 participants. During corporate management system educational training for the newcomer personnel, every personnel would be presented with educational trainings on "Procedures for Handling Material Inside Information", "Codes of Ethical Conduct", "Prevention of Insider Trading", " Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" with explanations on these relevant acts. The training is averaged to be 1 hour annually with a total of 44 colleagues participating. 	

				Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
				 status and compiles into reports. 5. Procedure for prevention of insider trading: the Company complies with regulations that in advance of every quarter's disclosure of information on company finance and operation, it would notify internal personnel that trading, purchase, and sale of stocks are not allowed during lockup period (prohibited 30 days before publishing of annual financial statements and within 15 days before publishing of quarterly financial statements). The Company emailed insiders to safeguard against breaching of the regulations by mistake. There were a total of five lockup periods. (1) January 6, 2023: 30 days prior to notice of the board meeting to 	
				 approve the annual financial report (2) March 23, 2023: 15 days prior to notice of the board meeting to approve the quarterly financial report (3) July 7, 2023: 15 days prior to notice of the board meeting to approve the quarterly financial report (4) October 26, 2023: 15 days prior to notice of the board meeting to approve the quarterly financial report (5) January 10, 2024: 30 days prior to notice of the board meeting to approve the annual financial report 	
(1) Doe guio	anization and Functions of Board of Directors es the Board of Directors prepare diversified delines in response to the organization of members actualize the execution?	V		(1) According to our Procedures for the Selection of Board Directors, the board members should be equipped with business judgment, accounting and financial analysis capability, business management capability, crisis management, industry knowledge, international outlook, leadership and decision-making capability in order to exercise their duties. Our board directors are specialists in different fields and they will all benefit the company's development and operations to a certain degree. On November 12, 2015, our board of directors approved the establishment of the "Nominating Committee", in order to enhance the implementation of	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			diversity of the director nomination process. The Company's Nominating Committee, exactly in accordance with the rules about the number of director seats as set forth under the Articles of Incorporation, resolved the list of directors and reported the list to the board of directors. The nomination was duly conducted pursuant to such criteria including the required expertise, technology & know-how, hands-on experiences, genders, nationality, age and such diversified, comprehensive and multifaceted policies with consideration of the overall disposition. Diversification of the Board of Directors members: Among directors elected in the overall reelection in 2021, the newly elected directors holding hands-on experiences in relevant industries account for 50% of the total; those with accounting backgrounds account for 37.5% and in the Attorney-at-Law backgrounds account for 12.5% of the total directorship seats. In the Company there are a total of eight incumbent directors (In Session Six), including four independent directors, with executive directors accounting for 25% of the entire directorship seats and with independent directors accounting for 50% of the entire directorship seats. With one female executive director, two female independent directors, with female directors accounting for 25.5% of the entire directorship seats. One of the targets is to have female directors to account for at least one third of the board (and at least one female director and two female independent directors), in order to ensure female representation. The average age of all directors is 61.75 years old. Goal: 1. The Company actively cooperates with the Financial Supervisory Commission in the promotion of Corporate Governance 3.0 Sustainable Development Blueprint. Sustainable Development Blueprint for TWSE and TPEx Listed Companies – greenhouse gas investigation and certification were executed ahead to be during the timeframe as planned by the Financial Supervisory Commission. The Company selected representing products to execute prod	

				Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items			Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
				 carbon footprint studies using a life cycle assessment method and has obtained ISO14067 as a result. The Company also complies with international trends, clients' demands, and related laws and regulations. In 2024, the Company obtains third-party certification of ISO14064-1 external investigation. 2. Achieving sustainable goals per "TWSE and TPEx Listed Companies Sustainable Development Action Plans" published by the Financial Supervisory Commission on March 28, 2023, the Company's sustainable goals are planning for the following strategies and actions for carbon emission reduction: Company's own operations attain net zero emission before 2035. Value chains attain net zero emission before 2050. Operation status of the Board of Directors: A total of 5 Board of Directors meeting convened in 2023 with an average attendance rate: 85%. 	
(2)	Does the Company, besides establishing Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee in accordance with laws, also voluntarily establish other committees with similar functions?	V		(2) The Company has duly set up according to law "Remuneration Committee" composed of three independent directors. After the Company's shareholders' meeting was convened on May 24, 2016, the Company took the initiative to set up "Nominating Committee" which is composed of the entire independent directors in full, so far, four independent directors in number. The Company, in an attempt to enhance corporate governance, took the initiative to set up the "Nominating Committee" in November 2015 composed of three committee members, including two independent directors so as to enhance the shareholders in their participation the process to nominate director candidates, enabling shareholders to participate in the corporate governance related policymaking process. Further in an attempt to implement thoroughly the management in corporate governance & corporate social responsibility (CSR) and sustainable management, the Board of Directors resolved on November 11, 2019 the establishment of "Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee" which is composed of three Committee	

					Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No		Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
					members all coming from independent directors. 2023 operation status and major resolution matters for all functional committees abovementioned, along with the self-evaluation surveys of the committee members of the functional committees, have all been placed at Market Observation Post System and the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website: https://voltronicpower.com/zh- TW/Investors/CorporateGovernance#BoardofDirectors	
(3)	Does the Company establish performance rules and evaluation methods of the Board of Directors, and periodically engages in performance evaluation every year? Besides, does the Company submit the outcome of performance evaluation to the board of directors to be used as the handy reference in salary remuneration of respective directors and their salaries?	V		(3)	On February 25, 2016, we released the Guidelines for the Evaluation of Board Performances. According to these guidelines, we conduct performance reviews in the Quarter I for the performance during the prior year. At least in every three years, the Company retains outsourced experts, independent institution or the outsourced scholars and experts into a team to conduct one evaluation. Upon closure of every year, the Company conducts the annual performance evaluation. After consolidation, it shall be reported to the Board of Directors. The	No discrepancy
					scope of evaluation covers the self-evaluation by the Board of Directors and functional committees (Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee) as well as by the individual directors.	
					Items of evaluation about "performance by the Board of Directors and functional committees": Extent of participation in the Company's business operation (18%); upgrade of the policymaking process by the Board of Directors (14%); Composition and structure of the Board of Directors (15%); Election of directors and their continuing education (6%); internal control system (14%); Evaluation of performance in corporate governance (15%); Evaluation of performance in Company management (18%). Items of self-evaluation by individual Board members:	
					Mastery of the Company's targets and tasks; awareness of directors' duties and responsibilities; extent of participation in the Company's	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			 business operation; Internal relationship management and communication; professionalism and continuing education of directors, internal control system. Functional committee members: involvement in corporate operations; enhancement of decision quality of functional committees; composition and structure of functional committees; selection and continued education of functional committee members; and internal control. Nomination Committee discusses the effectiveness of the board functioning and proposes nominations by referring to the performance results and the review method of the prior year. The outcome is submitted to the Board of Directors as a reference for nomination of candidates. 2023 "Board of Directors and Functional Committee Performance", Independent Directors' self-evaluation, self-evaluation chart for all functional committees, and other results were reported to the Board of Directors and Functional committees, and Functional Company's website: 	
(4) Does the company periodically evaluate the independence of the certified public accountant?	V		(4) On February 25, 2016, the Company duly stipulated "Regulations Governing Independence and Performance Evaluation of Certified Public Accountants". AQI disclosure frameworks have been published per Financial Supervisory Commission, including 5 major aspects: professionalism, independence, quality control, monitoring, and innovative capabilities, and 13 indices. Amendment is proposed for partial provisions of the Company's "CPA Independence and Performance Assessment Regulations". Content of provision before and after amendment comparison table and "CPA Independence and Performance Assessment Table" have been approved by the Board of Directors on May 11, 2023. The method of evaluation (I) Evaluation over independence (II) Evaluation	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			on their performance.	
			Evaluation criteria in independence (Key items to be enumerated):	
			 Have the attesting certified public accountants or their CPA firm or their affiliated enterprise(s) been in direct or significantly indirect financial interest relationship, financing or guarantee acts with the Company or its directors. 	
			 Have the attesting certified public accountants or their CPA firm or their affiliated enterprise(s) been in close commercial ties, potential employment relationship with the Company. or its directors. 	
			 Are the attesting certified public accountants and members of the Audit Service Task Force serving, or have served as the Company's directors and supervisors, managerial officers or a duty with significant impact upon the audited cases at the present time or over the past two (2) years. 	
			4. Are the attesting certified public accountants and members of the Audit Service Task Force a spouse or blood relatives within the second degree of kinship with the Company's directors and supervisors, managerial officers or personnel in a significant impact upon the audit cases	
			 Does the CPA have litigation? Or does the governing authority have any correction or punishment cases? (AQI 4-1 external inspection deficit and punishment, AQI 4-2 governing authority correspondence sent for improvement) 	
			6. Did the CPA complete advanced training in compliance with "Regulations Governing CPA Pre-Professional Training and Continuing Professional Education"? (AQI 1-2 training hours)	
			 Does the CPA possess more than five years of experiences in auditing or certifying financial statements for TWSE- or TPEx-listed companies? (AQI 1-1 audit experience) 	
			 Does CPA's ratio of available labor hours exceed stated limit? (AQI 2-1 accountant burden) 	

Γ				Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
				 Following the regulation set forth by Paragraph 5, Article 29 of Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, while referencing to Audit Quality Indicators (AQIs), independence and eligibility of appointed accountants were evaluated, and the appointments were approved by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2024. Deloitte CPAs Yu, Cheng-Chuan and Ho, Jui-Hsuan have issued "Declaration of Independence", and they both comply with the Company's independence evaluation standard and auditor's independence evaluation standard. Related performance evaluation results are disclosed in the Company's website: https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/CorporateGovernance#BoardofDirectors 	
4.	Have TWSE/TPEx listed companies been equipped with eligible and appropriate corporate governance personnel, and designated corporate governance executives responsible for corporate governance- related affairs (including but not limited to providing directors, supervisors with the information needed to perform business, assisting directors, supervisors in complying with laws to handle matters related to meetings of the board of directors and shareholders 'meetings in accordance with the law, with production of minutes of board of directors meetings and shareholders' meetings)?	V		On November 11, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the establishment of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, to assist the Board of Directors in the advocacy of corporate governance, corporate social responsibility, and sustainability in business. The purpose is to strengthen the Company's corporate governance, environmental protection, and corporate social responsibility. Meanwhile, the position Chief Governance Officer was created. Chief Governance Officer has ten years of experience in shareholder services and board meetings management and will work together with the financial department in corporate governance matters. Chief Governance Officer shall report periodically to the Board of Directors any relevant issues according to the Standard Operational Procedures for Dealing with Requests from Directors The responsibilities of Chief Corporate Governance Officer and the relevant personnel in charge of Department of Finance are as follows: (1) Planning and formation of the company systems and organizational	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			structure to facilitate board independence, corporate transparency and legal compliance;	
			(2) Agenda planning for board meetings and functional committee meetings;	
			(3) Informing of the board directors and preparation of sufficient materials for any meetings at least seven (7) days in advance, according to relevant laws and regulations; reminders to the parties with conflict of interest to avoid discussions;	
			(4) Register shareholders' meeting date per legal deadline every year and comply with laws and regulations. Publish meeting convening notification, meeting manual, meeting related agenda information, shareholders' meeting annual report compilation, meeting minute, and conduct change registration at the time of article revision or re-election of directors; change registration is conducted by appointed professional department.	
			(5) We internally evaluate the performance of the board each year. According to our Guidelines for the Evaluation of Board Performances, we commission external professional organizations or experts/scholars to evaluate the performance of the board at least once every three years.	
			(6) Arrangement on a quarterly basis for sound communications by and between the Certified Public Accountants and the independent directors about the update of laws and ordinances concerned.	
			(7) Corporate governance system (evaluation) implementation effectiveness; review, suggestion, and tracking of annual execution plan and progress; advancement of corporate governance blueprint 3.0.	
			The Company's Chief Corporate Governance Officer satisfactorily accomplished continuing education for 15 hours in 2023. More details of the continuing education are disclosed at the section for corporate governance at our company website: https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	
 Does the company establish communication channels for stakeholders (including but not limited to shareholders, 	V		 The Company places importance on interested parties including employees, clients, investors and suppliers: 	No discrepancy

				Status on discrepancy and	
Evaluation Items	Yes	No		Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
employees, customers and suppliers), and an exclusive section for stakeholders in the company's website, and properly respond to the issues of corporate social responsibility pertinent to stakeholders?				A. Employees: Convening labor-management conferences on a quarterly basis to provide a sound platform for communications in due time to balance and harmonize relationship by and between the employees and the management.	
				B. Customers: Visiting customers, putting the customers' confidential information into confidentiality. Execution of non-disclosure obligation agreements among in-house employees.	
				C. Investor - Publish revenue and financial information at Market Observation Post System and the Company's website per regulation. And each quarter, the Company is invited non-routinely to discussion forums hosted by investment institutions to report the Company's operational information, sustainability report compiled by itself, and TCFD report, to fully disclose related information. The Company was invited to participate at investor conferences for a total of 8 times in 2023.	
				D. Suppliers: The efforts to maximize the entire enterprises toward sounder development, boost all suppliers to faithfully comply with the international human right related laws, labor related laws of the nations and to request all suppliers to put them into sound implementation as a means to render warm concern about employees.	
				The Company keep channels for smooth communication and respect and maintain their legal rights by offering a complaint hotline +886-2-2791-0054.	
			(2)	Stakeholders are all able to receive real-time news of the Company via Market Observation Post System and the Investors section on the Company's website. Stakeholders' interested corporate socia responsibility topics may be referenced in the detailed explanation found in the ESG on the Company's website: Stakeholders and key issues to Voltronic Power are identified by reviewing the issues related to stakeholders and sustainability. Necessary response measures are adopted	

				Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
				to enhance information disclosure. This is reported to Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee and the Board of Directors in the third quarter each year.	
				https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	
				(3) The Company has appointed a spokesperson and a deputy spokesperson responsible for the external communication. We have also set up the Interested Party Mailbox and the Accusation reporters' mailbox (whistleblower@voltronic.com.tw) available to interested parties for smooth communication.	
6.	Does the company appoint a professional stock affair handling agency to process the affairs of shareholders' meeting?	V		The Company has appointed a professional stock affairs agency – Stock Affairs Department of Yuanta Securities to deal with shareholder affairs and establish Measures Governing Stock Affairs Management to deal with related issues.	
7.	Information Opening				
(1)	Does the company set up a website to disclose the financial business and the corporate governance information?	V		(1) The Company filed for financial matters and corporate governance items per regulation and published them at Market Observation Post System, and the Investors section on the Company's website also disclosed in "Company Overview", "Corporate Governance", "Financial Information", "Stakeholder Engagement", and "ESG" sections detailed information related to "Corporate Social Responsibility CSR", "Environmental, Social, Governance ESG", " Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures, TCFD", "Promotion of Corporate Responsibility Team", "Integrity Management Team", "Corporate Governance and Sustainability", "Environmental Protection", "Employee Benefits", and "Human Rights Policy" for investors' references. https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	
(2)	Does the company adopt other information disclosure methods (such as setting up an English website, designating exclusive personnel to be in charge of the corporate information collection and disclosure, actualizing the spokesperson system, institutional investor conference process placement in the company's	V		(2) The Company has set up an English website and appointed a spokesperson and a deputy spokesperson to be responsible for information collection and disclosure, and related information will be published at Market Observation Post System (MOPS) or our official website. To efforts to promulgate the shareholders' meeting and juristic person explanation meeting related information toward the Company's website and Market Observation Post	

					Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No		Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
	website, etc.)?				System (MOPS).	
(3)	Did the Company announce and declare its annual financial statements within two months after the end of the fiscal year, and announce and declare the financial statements of the Quarters I, II and III and operating performance of each month ahead of schedule as required?			(3)	The Company files and publishes annual financial reports within two months after the end of the fiscal year, as required by relevant laws and regulations. Meanwhile, the financial reports for the Quarters I, II and III and the operating performance per month are filed and reported before statutory deadlines. Relevant disclosure and information are available at the Company's website and Market Observation Post System (MOPS).	No discrepancy
8.	Does the company have other available important information helpful to understand the corporate governance and performance status (including but not limited to employee interests, employee care, investor relation, supplier relation, rights of stakeholders, advanced study status of directors and supervisors, execution status of risk management policy and risk measurement standard, execution status of client policy, the status of purchasing liability insurance of the company for its directors and supervisors, etc.)?	V		(1)	Employee interests and care about employees: The Company, as always, pays supreme attention to employee interests, and holds labor-management meetings on a regular basis. The employer's representatives and labor representatives fully communicate their opinions and the Company has set up Employee Welfare Committee to ensure the rights and interests of employees, the employees' physical and mental health. The Company has budgeted regular funds to carry out health examinations and in addition to the inspection items stipulated by the law, the Company takes the initiative to adjust the screening project inspection to build a dynamic and secure workplace environment. Regarding environmental safety management, the Company has satisfactorily passed ISO 14001: 2015 Certification, ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018 (Occupational Safety and Health Management system). Performance reviews of all the employees are conducted at the end of each year, as the basis for promotions and wages adjustments.	No discrepancy
					"Occupational Health and Safety Management Manual" is published on the Company's website.	
					Operational management for pandemic prevention is put in place by each operational area to protect the health and safety of employees.	
				(2)	Investor relations: The Company convenes the shareholder meeting annually to give shareholders opportunities to ask questions and make proposals. Since 2016, the annual meeting of shareholders has listed the use of electronic methods as one voting option. Meanwhile, we established	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			a spokesperson system to deal with suggestions or inquiries from shareholders. Investors can visit Investor's Zone at our official website to access information related to the Company and are invited to our capital market day events organized by institutional investors on an ad-hoc basis. In 2023, the Company was invited to participate in up to eight Institutional Investor Conferences. All these efforts aim to enhance information transparency. In accordance with the stipulations set forth by competent authorities, we have also made our disclosures and information available to investors.	
			(3) Supplier relations: Based on the Company's Procurement and Payment Cycle and Measures for Procurement Management as part of internal control, we always act with integrity and honesty. The Company seeks to establish a well-managed supply chain after comparing prices, quality, delivery, and payment terms. We emphasize the importance of suppliers' commitment to legal compliance, labor rights, environmental protection, and CSR, and we ardently hope to work with suppliers to create better life environment and relationships according to Supplier CSR Management Agreement with Voltronic Power.	
			 "Supplier Management Policy" is published on the Company's website. (4) Rights of interested parties: As the Company places importance on interested parties, including employees, customers, investors and suppliers who are our stakeholders, we have maintained smooth communication channels and respected and protected their legal rights. We have also set up the Interested Party Zone and the Channel to File Complaints About A Loss of Rights at our official website. 	
			(5) Directors and supervisors' advanced study: The Company's directors, supervisors and independent directors who are those with professional backgrounds or practical experience have completed their study of corporate governance and securities regulations in accordance with related rules. The advanced study of our directors and supervisor during their tenure is disclosed in the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) (website	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			 at <u>http://newmops.tse.com.tw/</u>) or the facts of the Company's continuing education in 2023 were disclosed through the Company's Annual Report. (6) Implementation of risk management policy and risk measurement criteria: Having adhered to its stable operations as the principle, the Company focuses on its core business, establishes its operation strategies based on the controllable and bearable risks which are checked by the internal audit unit regularly or irregularly to reduce possible risks facing corporate operations. The scope of risk management is classified into "financial risk", "climate change risk", "operational risk", "strategic business risk" and "newly emerging risk" as disclosed in the Company's Corporate Social Responsibility Report. GRI103. On November 6, 2020, the board of directors approved the formulation of the Operational Guidelines for Risk and Crisis Management to drive the risk management policy and establish the crisis management mechanism. The Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee resolved on November 4, 2021 the official establishment of the Company's Overall Information Security Management System and the Information Security Committee to minimize the operational risks. The both issues were resolved by the Board of Directors on November 4, 2021. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee obtained ISO27001 in June 2022. Risk Management Committee plans to better understand the content of various sustainability and climate changes related international advocacies, reports, and evaluation standards, so to construct the Company's execution plans to authenticate, evaluate, and respond to climate-related risks and opportunities. We prepared a TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures) report in 2023 and obtained a third-party certificate. Please refer to the ESG section on our website. 	
			Execution of risk management was reported at the Board meetings in May, 2023.(7) Implementation of customer policy: The Company upholds the principle of	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items Y	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			"Customer First," designing and producing high-quality products to meet customer needs, regularly reviewing customer relationships and communicating with customers effectively to maintain long-term cooperation relationships. In terms of qualitative and quantitative management, the Company faithfully follows "Total Quality Assurance, Service Satisfaction" and complies with ISO 9001: 2015 specifications to provide the best possible quality toward our customers.	
			(8) Purchase of liability insurance for board directors: According to our Articles of Incorporation, we may purchase liability insurance for board directors, with the approval from the board. On May 11, 2023, the board agreed to extend the insurance policy with Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. for coverage of US\$3 million from June 24, 2023 through June 24, 2024. On May 9, 2024, the board agreed to extend the director liability insurance policy with Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. for coverage of US\$3 million from June 24, 2023. In order to mitigate and diversify the potential losses incurred by the Company in the event of erroneous behavior of board directors. All the information regarding the liability insurance for board directors of our company has been disclosed in the Market Observation Post System (MOPS).	
			(9) Risks and management measures on information technology safety: the Company has set forth information safety management regulations to ensure the confidentiality, safety, and usability of corporation information. Defense:	
			To minimize the possibility of potential attack against the Company's network which, once coming true, might smash the system or even kidnap information and, in turn, affects the normal operation of the relevant departments with production inclusive, the Company installs firewalls, anti- virus software on all information devices (servers or personal computers) in each plant. All such defensive tools are updated for the anti-virus mechanism on a regular basis. The Company further updates the	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items Y	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			operating system security, and periodically changes the passwords to minimize the risk of new attacks on the network. In addition, the Company introduced a dual factor protection mechanism to increase the defense capability against potential foreign attacks.	
			In an effort to minimize the human error caused by the Company's business information being improperly extorted or phished, or maliciously destroyed or possibly implanted with a Trojan horse program, the information units of all factories, either on a regular basis or from time to time on a nonscheduled basis, conduct information security promotion and reminding to internal colleagues to remove illegal software, and strengthen the filtering mechanism of spams.	
			In an attempt to prevent the Company's business secrets from being improperly outflowed, the Company demands that the employees and those who may be aware of confidential information take responsibility for absolute confidentiality. Toward computers of specific professional functional units, the Company restricts access to data and restricts communication. The permission setting of the software is used not to regularly check the information flow of the computer operation. Through all these measures and efforts, the Company definitely prevents the commercial confidential information from being improperly flown out.	
			Rescue To ensure the potential accidents in the defense measures, all important information equipment of each and every factory area is equipped with a regular and complete data double backup and off-site backup mechanism. Once the data is damaged by the network attack, all such data can be backed up in the shortest possible period of time to minimize the potential impact upon the business operation of the entire Company.	
			To ensure the effectiveness of the backup data and recovery mechanism, the Company, on a regular basis, arranges information disaster prevention drills, data recovery drills, and develops the standard processing procedures for the security incidents to ensure that an accident, if any, can be managed	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			in the most composed manner.	
			As part of the information security/network security policy, all employees are informed of the following:	
			Information security/network security awareness training	
			When an employee identifies a suspicious situation, the employee can follow a clear reporting procedure.	
			Information security/network security is part of an employee's performance review (such as disciplinary actions).	
			On November 6, 2020, the board of directors formulated the Information Security Policy. Quarterly advocacy on information security is performed. On November 4, 2021, the Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee officially resolved the decisions to promote and execute the information security management system and to introduce to ISO 27001. Such decisions were officially resolved by the Board of Directors on November 4, 2021.	
			June 2022 ISO27001: Certified in 2013; license validation period is from July 2022 to July 2025.	
			The Company has established positions such as 'Chief Information Security Officer (CISO)', 'Information Security Manager', and 'Designated Personnel' in accordance with legal requirements.	
			The Company did not experience major information security events in 2023.	
			(10) Intellectual property management	
			The intellectual property management system aims to reduce operational risks, protect company profits, boost competitiveness and abide by laws and regulations governing intellectual properties by steering away from the prior fragmented and case-by-case approach. The purpose is to provide a basis for the Company in the management and utilization of intellectual properties. On November 6, 2020, the Report on Intellectual Management Plan presented by the Company was approved by the Corporate	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			 Governance Committee and Sustainability Committee and the board of directors. Implementation status: (a) Encouragement of innovation in product function/effectiveness and creation of product patents (b) Continued development of digital power products and enhancement of product conversion efficiency and power density (c) Higher R&D investment in firmware and software and increase of barriers to product copycats (d) Strengthening of three-phase UPS systems, so that Tier 1 brand customers outsource more projects (e) Cooperation with universities to develop new technology platforms for certain projects (f) A total of 15 patents granted in 2023 and others pending in the U.S., Taiwan and China covering uninterruptible power supply (UPS), solar PV inverters and power inverters. 	
9. Please provide explanations for the improvement made according to the results of the corporate governance evaluation by the Corporate Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange during the most recent year, and details on the priority issues and measures for the areas yet to be improved (not applicable to the companies not evaluated).	>		 The Company has for 4 consecutive years since 2016, as well as in 2021, recognized as Top 5% companies per "Corporate Governance Evaluation". Top 6%-20% in Corporate Governance Evaluation in 2022-2023. For the uncompleted corrective actions, it shall submit concrete explanation and evaluation: Aiming at the items where the Company has not been scored. 1. Indicator 1.6 - whether the annual shareholders' meeting is convened before the end of May. Improvement target: improvement as much as possible, according to the board meeting schedule and the period when CPAs perform audits. 2. Indicator 2.30 – at least one internal auditors with licenses such as Certified Internal Auditor (CIA) issued by Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA); Certified Information Systems Auditor (CISA) or Certified Public Accountant (CPA). 	

			Facts of performance	Status on discrepancy and
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	reasons in relation to Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			Improvement target: encouraging colleagues to obtain licenses.	
			3. Indicator 2.27 – Failure to obtain Taiwan Intellectual Property Management System (TIPS) or other similar certifications in intellectual property management system. Improvement target: The Company endeavors to align corporate governance with international standards. We plan to introduce the TIPS management targets in R&D cycle so that we can achieve systematic and efficient management for acquisition, maintenance and utilization of intellectual property.	
			 Indicator 3.13 – voluntary disclosure of remuneration to each director and supervisor. Improvement target: communication ongoing. 	
			5. Indicator 1.2 – whether the Company has established written rules on financial and business dealings with related parties by including management procedures for purchases and sales, asset acquisitions and disposals. Significant transitions should be submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution and to the shareholders' meeting for approval or acknowledgment. Improvement target: in progress.	
			6. Indicator 4.19 – whether the Company invests in machinery and equipment related to environmental protection and sustainability such as energy efficiency and green energy, or invests in Taiwan's green energy industry (e.g., renewable power plants) or issues or invests in sustainable finance instruments for green or socially beneficial plans with substantive effects, and discloses the investment status and tangible benefits. Improvement target: disclosure in the 2023 Sustainability Report.	
			 Indicator 4.21 – whether the Company assesses community-related risks or opportunities, adopts response measures and discloses such measures and implementation effectiveness on the corporate website, annual reports or sustainability reports. Improvement target: disclosure on the company website. 	

I) Auvan		Date of Advanced		No. of
Title	Name	Study (mm/dd/yy)	Name of Program	study hour
Director	Hsieh, Juor- Ming	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
Representative of juristic person director	Chen, Tsui-Fang	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
Director	Passuello Fabio	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
		08/03/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	3
Representative of juristic person director	Cheng, Ya-Jen	11/06/2023	The Right Thing to Do is Good Business (ESG/SROI)	3
		11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
Independent director	Lee, Chien-Jan	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
Independent director	Liao, Kuei-Fang	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
Independent director	Wang, Hsiu-Chih	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6
Independent director	Ho, Yun-Hsuan	11/09/2023	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse Gas Inventory	6

1) Advanced study for directors in 2023:

2) Assessment Criteria for independence of CPAs in 2023(key items)

Evaluation of independence	Assessment result
Has any of the Company's Chairman, General Manager, financial or accounting managers	Compliance
during the most recent year worked in the CPA firm currently serving as our external auditors or its affiliated enterprises?	
Does the CPA firm currently serving as our external auditors or its affiliated enterprises have	Compliance
direct or major indirect financial interest with any of the board directors?	
Does the CPA firm currently serving as our external auditors or its affiliated enterprises	Compliance
engage in any financing or guarantee for our company or board directors?	
Does the CPA firm currently serving as our external auditors or its affiliated enterprises have	Compliance
close business ties with the Company?	
Does the CPA firm currently serving as our external auditors or its affiliated enterprises have	Compliance
potential employment relationships with the Company?	
Is any of the CPAs or the members of the auditing service team currently or has served as	Compliance
the Company's board directors, supervisors, managers or any positions with significant	
influence on auditing undertakings during the past two years?	
Is any of the CPAs or the members of the auditing service team a spouse or a relative in the	Compliance
first or second degree with any of the Company's board directors, supervisors, managers or	
any positions with significant influence on auditing undertakings?	

(4) If the Company has established the functional Committee, its organizational structure, duties and facts of performance shall be disclosed:

Remuneration Committee The Company's Remuneration Committee is composed of three (3) Committee members.

				Dec	ember 31, 2023
Position	Terms	Professional Qualification Requirements and Work Experience		independence criteria (Note 1)	Number of the Other Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
Convener	Director Lee, Chien- Jan	Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as full- time professor of Department of Accounting, National Taipei University.	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) 	Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer),	2

	Таннаа		1		Numerican of the
Position	Terms	Professional Qualification Requirements and Work Experience		independence criteria (Note 1)	Number of the Other Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
			(9)	manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.	
Committee	Hsiu- Chih	Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as the Director of Feiyuan Accounting Education Foundation.	 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) 	Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition C	Nil
Committee	Kuei- Fang	As a practicing Attorneys- at-Law Office for more than five (5) years; currently serving as the Partner of Synergy & Co., CPAS.	 Not been a person of any conditions defined in Article 50 of the Company Act. Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or 		Nil

Ν	Terms				Number of the
					Other Public
$\langle \rangle$					Companies in
		Professional Qualification			•
	<	Requirements and Work		independence criteria (Note 1)	Which the
	\setminus	Experience			Concerned Director
		Experience			Acts Concurrently
Position					as an Independent
	Names				Director
				lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the	Director
				managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).	
			(5)	Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate	
			(3)	shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's	
				total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative	
				designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an	
				employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with	
				Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act.	
			(6)	The directors and supervisors or employees of another	
				company not under control by a same person as the Company's	
				directors with one half majority of the shares.	
			(7)	Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or	
				employee of another company or institution as the same	
				person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman,	
				General Manager or person of equivalent position.	
			(8)	Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer),	
				manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares	
				of a specific company or institution in financial or business	
			(0)	transaction with the Company.	
			(9)	Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee),	
				supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse	
				thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners,	
				companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the	
				Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration	
				obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000.	
				This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open	
				Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special	
				Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with	
				Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and	
				Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.	
			(10)	Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the	
				Company Act.	

Note 1: Please tick with √ mark in the boxes below where the Remuneration Committee members prove to have met with the conditions enumerated below in two years before being appointed and during their tenure of office

- (1) Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises.
- (2) Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves)
- (3) Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders.
- (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).
- (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).

- (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company(This, nevertheless, does not apply to a specific company or institution which holds more than 20%, less than 50% of the aggregate total outstanding shares of the Company, and where the Company And Its Parent Company, Subsidiary Or A Subsidiary With The Same Parent Company Where The Independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves according to the Act or the laws prevalent locally.)
- (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers And Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.
- (10) Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.
- (1) Regular review of this charter and suggestions for improvement.
- (2) Formulation and periodical review of policies, systems, standards and structures of annual and long-term performance targets, salaries and remunerations for directors and managers.
- (3) Regular evaluation of performance target achievements and determination of contents and amounts of salaries and remunerations to individual directors and managers.

Information on Facts of Performance of the Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee of our company consists of three members.

Term of Office for Remuneration Committee: From July 23, 2021, to July 22, 2024.

The Remuneration Committee held a total of three meetings (A) during the most recent year (from January 1, 2023, and as of the print date of this annual report). The members' qualifications and attendance records are provided as bellows:

Title	Name	Times of Attendance in Person (B)	Times of Attendance by Proxy	Actual Attendance Ratio (%) (B/A)	Remarks
Convener / Independent Director	Lee, Chien-Jan	3	0	100%	_
Committee / Independent Director	Wang, Hsiu- Chih	3	0	100%	_
Committee / Independent Director	Liao, Kuei-Fang	3	0	100%	_

Note1: In Year 2023, the average participation rate was 100%

Other entries as required:

- 1. Where the operations by the Remuneration Committee prove to meet any one among those circumstances enumerated below, the Company should expressly elaborate on the date, term, contents of motions, outcome of the decisions resolved in the Remuneration Committee and how the Company manages toward the opinions of the Remuneration Committee: None.
- 2. If the Board of Directors refuses to accept or modify suggestions of the Remuneration Committee, the meeting date, session, agenda content, results resolved by the Board of Directors, and the Company's treatment of opinion of the Remuneration Committee should be clearly stated: None.
- 3. If the members have opposite opinion or reservations against the resolution of the Remuneration Committee and the opinion or reservations have been recorded or documented, the meeting date, session, agenda content, the opinion of all members of the Remuneration Committee, and the treatment of the members' opinion should be clearly stated:

Dates (mm/dd/yy)	Terms	Contents of motions	Results of the decisions resolved in the Remuneration Committee and the actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Remuneration Committee.
01/04/2023	The 6 nd meeting of Session Four	proposed distribution of year-end	Results of the decisions resolved in the Remuneration Committee: Successfully resolved by all participating Remuneration Committee members on January 04, 2023. The actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Remuneration Committee: Submitted to the 12 th Board of Directors Meeting of Session Six, as successfully resolved in that meeting.
02/23/2023	The 7 rd meeting of Session Four		Results of the decisions resolved in the Remuneration Committee: Successfully resolved by all participating Remuneration Committee members on February 23, 2023. The actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Remuneration Committee: Submitted to the 12 th Board of Directors Meeting of Session Six, as successfully resolved in that meeting.
08/10/2023	The 4 rd meeting of Session Four	distribution of remuneration to the	Results of the decisions resolved in the Remuneration Committee: Successfully resolved by all participating Remuneration Committee members on August 10, 2023. The actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Remuneration Committee: Submitted to the 15 th Board of Directors Meeting of Session Six, as successfully resolved in that meeting.

2) Nominating Committee

The Company's Nomination Committee is composed of three (3) Committee members.

December 31, 2023

				De	cember 31, 2023
\mathbb{N}	Terms				Number of the Other Public
\setminus					Companies in
		Professional Qualification			Which the
	\	Requirements and Work		independence criteria (Note 1)	Concerned Director
$\langle \rangle$	\backslash	Experience			Acts Concurrently
Position					as an Independent
	Names				Director
Convener	Director	Having served as a	(1)	Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated	
convener	Lee,	Lecturer of the public	` '	enterprises.	2
	Chien-	universities/colleges in the	(2)	Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its	
	Jan	Accounting related	(3)	affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together	
		department (s) for more	(3)	with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the	
		than five (5) years;		person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or	
		currently serving as full-		more of the total number of outstanding share of the company	
		time professor of	(4)	or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or	
		Department of	(-)	lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the	
		Accounting, National		managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).	
		Taipei University.	(5)	Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate	
				shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative	
				designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an	
				employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with	
			(6)	Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another	
			(6)	company not under control by a same person as the Company's	
				directors with one half majority of the shares.	
			(7)	Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or	
				employee of another company or institution as the same	
				person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position.	
			(8)	Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer),	
				manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares	
				of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company.	
			(9)	Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee),	
			``	supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse	
				thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners,	
				companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the	
				Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration	
				obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000.	
				This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open	
				Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with	
				Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and	
				Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.	
			(10)	Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the	
Committee	Wang	Having served as a	(1)	Company Act. Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated	Nil
	Hsiu-	Lecturer of the public		enterprises.	
	Chih	universities/colleges in the	(2)	Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its	
		Accounting related	(3)	affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together	
		department (s) for more	(-)	with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the	
		than five (5) years;		person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or	
		currently serving as the		more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders.	
		Director of Feiyuan	(4)	Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or	
		Accounting Education	. ,	lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the	
		Foundation.	(5)	managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).	
			(5)	Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's	
				total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative	
				designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an	
				employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with	
			(6)	Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another	
			(3)	company not under control by a same person as the Company's	
			·	directors with one half majority of the shares.	
			(7)	Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or	
		l		employee of another company or institution as the same	

Professional Qualification Requirements and Work ExperienceProfessional Qualification independence criteria (Note 1)Other Pub Companies Which th Concerned Di Acts Concurr as an Independence	N	Torms				Number of the
Committee Yang, Ching- Hsi Having served as a Lecturer of the public (1) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor), and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, pattered, trustee, and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, pattered, trustee, and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, pattered, trustee, and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, pattered, trustee, and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, pattered, trustee, and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, pattered, thereof of the company of the company of the company of the company thereof of the professional sole proprietor, pattered, thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT5500,000 This, invertifies/colleges in the Accounting related department (5) for more than five (5) years; Adjunct Professor, Department of Accountary, National Taipei University. (1) Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (5) Not as a director supervisor of spouse, minipty of held by the person or the total number of outstanding share of the company or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company of the assective with one shareholders. (6) Not as a director, supervisor or employees of another company not and fractory of the company Act. (Position	Terms	Requirements and Work		independence criteria (Note 1)	Other Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent
Committee Yang, Having served as a Ching- Hsi Having served as a (1) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor) office/), manager on the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisition CMBA/ Committee in accordance with Securities (5) years; currently serving as (2) Not a antural person shareholder who holds shares, together with the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blod, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). (3)		Namès				Director
Committee Yang, Ching- Hsi Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as Adjunct Professor, Department of Accountancy, National Taipei University. (1) Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director or a employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares, of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company.				(9)	General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.	
 Committee Yang, Ching-Hsi Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as Adjunct Professor, Department of Accountancy, National Taipei University. Not a mural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a sincetor, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholder or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of a corporate of the company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of a orporate or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the eCompany. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager and the spouse 				(10)		
 companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the 	Committee	Ching-	Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as Adjunct Professor, Department of Accountancy, National	 (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) 	Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition C	Nil

Note 1: Please tick with v mark in the boxes below where the Nominating Committee members prove to have met with the conditions enumerated below in two years before being appointed and during their tenure of office

- (1) Not an employee of the Company or any of its affiliated enterprises.
- (2) Not a director or supervisor of the Company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple

duties concurrently among themselves)

- (3) Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders.
- (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).
- (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company(This, nevertheless, does not apply to a specific company or institution which holds more than 20%, less than 50% of the aggregate total outstanding shares of the Company, and where the Company and its parent company, subsidiary or a subsidiary with the same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves according to the Act or the laws prevalent locally.)
- (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.
- (10) Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.

Responsibilities of the Nominating Committee:

- 1. The Nominating Committee formulates the diversity and independence requirements for the professional knowledge, competences, experience and gender profile of the board members and senior managers, so that our company can identify, review and nominate the candidates for board directors and senior managers.
- 2. The Nominating Committee constructs and develops the organizational structure of the board and different functional committees, reviews the performance of the board, functional committees, board directors and senior managers, and evaluates the independence of independent directors.
- 3. The Nominating Committee establishes and regularly reviews the training and education programs for board directors and the succession plan for board directors and senior managers.

Functioning of the Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee of our company consists of three members.

Term of Office for Nominating Committee: From July 23, 2021, to July 22, 2024.

The Nominating Committee held a total of one meetings (A) (from January 1, 2023, and as of the print date of this annual report). The members' qualifications and attendance records are provided as bellows:

Title	Name	Times of Attendance in Person (B)	Times of Attendance by Proxy	Actual Attendance Ratio (%) (B/A)	Specialization
Convener / Independent Director	Lee, Chien- Jan	1	0	100%	Accounting, audit, corporate governance
Committee / Independent Director	Wang, Hsiu- Chih	1	0	100%	Accounting
Committee / Commission member	Yang, Ching- Hsi	1	0	100%	Accounting, corporate governance

Note 1: In Year 2023, the average participation rate was 100%

Other entries as required:

1. Where the operations by the Nominating Committee prove to meet any one among those circumstances enumerated below, the Company should expressly elaborate on the date, term, contents of motions, outcome of the decisions resolved in the Nominating Committee and how the Company manages toward the opinions of the Committee:

Dates (mm/dd/yy)	Terms	Contents of motions	Results of the decisions resolved in the Nominating Committee and the actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Nominating Committee.
11/09/2023	meeting of	committees in Year 2023.	Results of the decisions resolved in the Nominating Committee: Successfully resolved by all participating Nominating Committee members on November 09, 2023. The actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Nominating Committee: Submitted to the 17 th Board of Directors Meeting of Session Six, as successfully resolved in that meeting.

3) Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee

The Company's Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee is composed of three(3) Committee members.

5		1	1	De	cember 31, 2023
Position	Terms	Professional Qualification Requirements and Work Experience		independence criteria (Note 1)	Number of the Other Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
Convener	Director Lee, Chien-Jan	Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as full- time professor of Department of Accounting, National Taipei University.	(7) (8) (9)	Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquis	
Committee	-	Having served as a Lecturer of the public universities/colleges in the Accounting related department (s) for more than five (5) years; currently serving as the Director of Feiyuan Accounting Education Foundation.	(10) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act. Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act.	Nil

Terms Position Names	Professional Qualification Requirements and Work Experience	independence criteria (Note 1)	Number of the Other Public Companies in Which the Concerned Director Acts Concurrently as an Independent Director
		 company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares. (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws. (10) Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of 	
Committee Ho, Yun- Hsuan	Currently serving with National Taipei University as a part-time Associate Professor in its Department of Accounting; currently serving as the Attorneys- At-Law, HHC & Partners	 the Company Act. (1) Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (2) Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (3) Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders. (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3). (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act. (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position. (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the Company's forthe shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company. (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such	Nil

Note 1: Please tick with √ mark in the boxes below where the Nominating Committee members prove to have met with the conditions enumerated below in two years before being appointed and during their tenure

of office

- (1) Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises.
- (2) Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliated enterprises. (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves)
- (3) Not a natural person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minority or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of outstanding share of the company or rank as top-10 shareholders.
- (4) Not a spouse, relative within the second-degree relatives, or lineal relative within the third degree by blood, of any of the managers specified under (1) or (2) (3).
- (5) Not as a director, supervisor or a director of a corporate shareholder who directly holds more than 5% of the Company's total issued shares, the top five shareholders or representative designated to serve as a director, supervisor or a director or an employee of a corporate shareholder in accordance with Paragraphs 1 or 2 under Article 27 of the Company Act (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (6) The directors and supervisors or employees of another company not under control by a same person as the Company's directors with one half majority of the shares (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (7) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer) or employee of another company or institution as the same person or the spouse thereof of the Company's Chairman, General Manager or person of equivalent position (This, nevertheless, does not apply to cases where the person is an independent director of the Company, its parent company or any subsidiary or a subsidiary with same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves in accordance with the Act or the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent in the home country).
- (8) Not as a director (trustee), supervisor (supervising officer), manager or a shareholder holding more than 5% of the shares of a specific company or institution in financial or business transaction with the Company(This, nevertheless, does not apply to a specific company or institution which holds more than 20%, less than 50% of the aggregate total outstanding shares of the Company, and where the company and its parent company, subsidiary or a subsidiary with the same parent company where the independent directors perform multiple duties concurrently among themselves according to the Act or the laws prevalent locally.)
- (9) Not as the enterprise proprietor, partner, director (trustee), supervisor (supervisory officer), manager and the spouse thereof of the professionals, sole proprietors, partners, companies or institutions rendering auditing, commercial, legal, financial, accounting and such relevant services to the Company or affiliated enterprises thereof with remuneration obtained over the past two years not beyond NT\$500,000. This, nevertheless, does not apply to a member of the Open Acquisition Committee, Remuneration Committee or Special Merger/Acquisition (M&A) Committee in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and relevant laws.
- (10) Not been a person or any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.

Responsibilities of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee:

- 1. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee seeks to advocate corporate governance and implement corporate social responsibility and sustainable development, as well as to enhance the Company's corporate governance, environmental protection, and social responsibility.
- 2. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee promotes and strengthens the Company's governance.
- 3. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee promotes corporate social responsibility and sustainable development.
- 4. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee reviews the governance relationships among the Company, its subsidiaries, and other affiliated enterprises.

Activities of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee:

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee of our company consists of three

members.

Term of Office for Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee: From July 23, 2021, to July 22, 2024.

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee held a total of three meeting (A) (from January 1, 2023, and as of the print date of this annual report). The members' qualifications and attendance records are provided as bellows:

Title	Name	Number of required participations	Times of Attendance in Person (B)	Times of Attendance by Proxy	Actual Attendance Ratio (%) (B/A)	Specialization
Convener / Independent Director	Lee, Chien-Jan	3	3	0	100%	Accounting, audit, corporate governance
Committee / Independent Director	Wang, Hsiu- Chih	3	3	0	100%	Accounting
Committee / Independent Director	Ho, Yun- Hsuan	3	3	0	100%	Law

Note 1: In Year 2023, the average participation rate was 100%

Other entries as required:

- 1. Where the operations by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee prove to meet any one among those circumstances enumerated below, the Company should expressly elaborate on the date, term, contents of motions, outcome of the decisions resolved and how the Company manages toward the opinions of the Committee: None.
- 2. An issue beyond the aforementioned ones, not successfully resolved in the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee but resolved by two-thirds majority of all directors: None.
- 3. Facts by Committee members in avoidance from conflict of interests: Should expressly state the names of Committee members, contents of motions, causes of avoidance from conflict of interests and facts of participation in the voting process:

Dates	Terms	Contents of motions	Results of the decisions resolved in the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and the actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee
02/23/2023	The 4 nd meeting of Session Two	"The path diagram upon sustainable development of exchange-listed or OTC-listed companies" amidst greenhouse gases inventory check & examination.	Results of the decisions resolved in the Committee: Successfully resolved by all participating Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee members on February 23, 2023. The actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Nominating Committee: Submitted to the 12 th Board of Directors Meeting of Session Six, as successfully resolved in that meeting.
11/09/2023	The 5 nd meeting of Session Two	The motion regarding the time schedule of the Company's greenhouse gases inventory check and examination.	Results of the decisions resolved in the Committee: Successfully resolved by all participating Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee members on November 09, 2023. The actions taken by the Company in response to the opinions of the Nominating Committee: Submitted to the 10 th Board of Directors Meeting of Session Six, as successfully resolved in that meeting.

Chief Governance Officer:

On November 11, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the establishment of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, to assist the Board of Directors in the advocacy of corporate governance, corporate social responsibility, and sustainability in business. The purpose is to strengthen the Company's corporate governance, environmental protection, and corporate social responsibility. Meanwhile, the position of Chief Governance Officer was created and served by Chen, Yi-Ju, Manager, Shareholder Services in the General Manager's Offices. Her primary duties and responsibilities in Year 2023 were as follows:

- (1) Formulation and planning of corporate systems and organizational structure, to promote the independence of the Board of Directors, transparency of the Company, and compliance with laws
- (2) Agenda planning and advanced study for the Board of Directors and functional committees
- (3) Notification to all the directors to attend meetings no later than seven days in advance, according to laws, and preparation of adequate meeting materials; reminders in advance to those with conflict of interest to recuse from discussions of relevant proposals
- (4) Registration of shareholders' dates each year before statutory deadlines; announcement of meeting notices, agenda manuals, relevant meeting materials and meeting minutes according to laws; amendment of charters; registration for board changes after director reelection; commissioning of professional service providers for company change registrations
- (5) Annual review of the board's performances; commissioning of external and independent organizations or external scholars and experts at least once every three years to conduct performance reviews according to the Regulations Governing Evaluation of Board of Directors Performance
- (6) Facilitation of quarterly communication between the Public Certified Accountant and independent directors and update of relevant laws and regulations
- (7) Review, suggestion and follow-up of corporate governance system (evaluations), annual plans and progress
- (8) Assistance in the Board of Directors in implementation of corporate governance blueprints 3.0 -Sustainable Development Report and TCFD disclosure, sustainable development programs, the path diagram upon sustainable development of exchange-listed or OTC-listed companies" amidst greenhouse gases inventory check & examination.

Date of Advanced			No. of		
Study	Training institution	Name of Program	study		
Study			hour		
11/00/2022	Accounting Research and	Reporting Standards Related to Greenhouse	6		
11/09/2023	Development Foundation	Gas Inventory	0		
11/15/2023	Securities & Futures Institute of	Advocacy Seminar on Legal Compliance of	3		
11/15/2023	the Republic of China	epublic of China Equity Transactions by Insiders			
11/22/2023	Securities & Futures Institute of	Analysis of Frequently Seen Violations of the	3		
11/22/2023	the Republic of China	Securities and Exchange Act	5		
11/24/2022	Securities & Futures Institute of	Business Judgment Rule (BJR) and Case	2		
11/24/2023	the Republic of China	Analysis	3		

Advanced study for Chief Governance Officer in 2023:

(5) Discrepancy and the reason for such discrepancy between the implementation for sustainable development and the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies:

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate	
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy	
 Does the Company establish a governance structure for sustainable development and put in place the dedicated (part-time) unit to drive sustainable development and authorize? Does the Board of Directors authorize senior management accordingly? How does the Board of Directors supervise? 	V		 In an attempt to implement thoroughly corporate social responsibility (CSR), in response to the decision resolved in the Board of Directors, the Corporate Social Responsibility Promotion Task Force was established in November 2015 which was upgraded into the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee under the direct supervision of the Chairman (The Chairman played the role as the executive director of Corporate Social Responsibility) in December 2015 while the General Manager's Office currently takes charge of the execution. The General Manager's Office duly worked out the relevant managerial policies and the concrete implementation programs and submitted the same to the "Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee". The corporate governance unit develops and submits the relevant management guidelines and advocacy plans to Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee. In an attempt to implement thoroughly corporate governance and sustainable development, the Company set up the Corporate Governance Promotion Committee in December 2017 and further set up the Corporate Governance & Sustainable Development Promotion Committee in November 2019 under the jurisdiction of the Board of Directors to assist the Board of Directors in continued implementation of corporate social responsibility and sustainable development management responsibility. Through such efforts, the corporate governance constitution has been strengthened toward the goals of better environmental protection and implementation of corporate social responsibility. Also, at least one report needs to be presented to the Board of Directors on February 26, 2024. 	No discrepancy	

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate	
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy	
			 2024 annual plan: approved by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee on May 9, 2024 and reported to the Board of Directors 2024 annual plan: Disclosure of risk management targets and implementation in TCFD/ESG Inspection and certification of greenhouse gas inventory Disclosure of key environmental data under CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project) framework Implementation of community and public interest initiatives In November 2020, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee approved the 2021 corporate governance plan and formulated enterprise sustainable development policy and system and annual goals in accordance with Corporate Governance 3.0 sustainable development system and goals, resulting in three major topics: climate strategy, innovation, risk, and crisis management. The abovementioned was approved at the Board of Directors meeting in November 2020. In second quarter, 2023, Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee examined and promoted TCFD and sustainability Committee examined and promoted TCFD and sustainabile development matters and reported to the Board of Directors. The sustainable development report and the climate-related financial disclosure report were issued before the second quarter and announced on the Company's website. 		
2. Does the company conduct environmental, social and governance risk assessments according to the principle of			(1) Environmental protection Our business philosophy is the pursuit of environmental protection and harmonious symbiosis. We strive to create and maintain a safe and clean	No discrepancy	

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
materiality, and formulate relevant risk management policies or strategies accordingly?			environment, by ensuring our products are in compliance with international environmental laws and regulations. We spare no efforts to the protection of the green planet, by relentlessly enhancing the efficiency of resource utilization.	
			The Company strives to protect environment by adhering to all the relevant environmental laws/regulations. There has been no breach of laws/regulations in environmental protection. Our main factories have passed the ISO 14001, ISO 9001, ISO 45001 and ISO14064-1.	
			We urge our suppliers to comply with relevant laws, regulations, and technical standards regarding environmental protection. These include ROHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive), pollution control, waste processing and other laws/regulations in environmental protection. Suppliers should present relevant certificates or documents regarding surveys on environmental protection or compliance with environmental protection codes, per requests from Voltronic Power.	
			The Company selected representative products and executed products' carbon footprint studies via a lifecycle assessment methodology and has obtained ISO14067, in order to comply with international trends, clients' demands, and relevant laws and regulations. Completed Inverter series ISO14607 in second quarter, 2022. Completed UPS series ISO14607 in fourth quarter, 2022.	
			 (2) Climate change and energy management Risk management for climate change is a key issue to corporate sustainability. The Company seeks to enhance energy efficiency and reduce carbon emissions, in response to the climate crisis. Our business strategy is to maintain dedicated in the long run to the development of InfiniSolar (a hybrid inverter) by integrating the solar system, AC system and batteries to provide continuous power. The smart prioritization of the cheapest and the most economic source of power assists public utilities, corporates, homes and communities in different regions and countries to 	

			Facts of per	formance		The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Desci	ription of Summary		Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
			reduce energy consumption consumption in our compane employees. The only source Company is the carbon did electricity. We are a low emise	y is only for day-t of greenhouse gas (oxide (CO2) due to	co-day consumption by (GHG) emissions by the coexternally purchased	
			Voltronic Power is a desig (uninterruptible power supply As a midstream player in the s to customers' requirements an users in different industries. direct influence or create direct products. In fact, PV Invert contribute to energy efficie panels convert sunlight into el power and storage will play a in the future. As power suppl during peak hours, PV Inverte off-peak and support the de further deployment of fossil fi solution for energy efficiency	r), inverters and PV (upply chain, we dev nd our customers re Therefore, climate ct risks to the R&D at ers work to reduc ncy and environm ectricity for the grid pivotal role in the b y is increasingly tigh rs and storage syste mand at peak. This uels and nuclear poor	(photovoltaic) inverters. elop products according sell our products to end change does not have nd manufacturing of our ce GHG emissions and ental protection. Solar s, and utilization of solar balancing of power grids at and there is shortage ems can store electricity s reduces the need for wer plants. It is the best	
			The Company has been and aspects of enhancing product for green energy products. U rose, and the total reduction in 2022 and 879,447 tons in 2 storage systems for both hou products - AC and DC charg continue expanding its contrib	energy efficiency ar IPS and PV Inverter in carbon emission 2023. We even fu sehold and business ers, allowing the C putions in the green	nd expanding promotion delivery amounts both reached 1,002,145 tons rther developed energy s usages, as well as new company to be able to energy environments.	
			A. Selling products to provide customers with ERBs	FY2022 1,002,145 MtCO2e	FY2023 879,447MtCO2e	

		I	Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate	
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy	
			Establishing Risk Management Committee: Better understand the various sustainability and climate changes related international advocacies, reports, and evaluation standards, so to construct the Company's execution plans to authenticate, evaluate, and respond to climate-related risks and opportunities. We established enterprise risk management mechanism, which integrates and manages transitional risks and physical risks due to climate changes that may impact operation and profitability; risk assessment matrix is also utilized to evaluate the occurrence possibility, frequency, fragility, and impact level on operation for major climate risk incidents, to define the priority order and risk level for risk control, and to implement risk management strategies corresponding to the risk levels. In accordance with the 'Sustainable Development Roadmap', our company, categorized as having a paid-in capital of less than NT\$5 billion, is implementing greenhouse gas inventory and adjustments. The main manufacturing site obtained ISO-14064-1 in February 2024. Please refer to the 2023 Sustainability Report.		
			(3) Society – employment relations The Company has duly established employee guidebooks and related management methods in accordance with labor related laws and Gender Equality in Employment Act amidst compliance with international labor- related rules & regulations (including compliance with local laws and international standards, human rights assessments which have been complied with by subsidiaries). All such laws and ordinances concerned are readily available to all employees through the Company's website amidst the efforts to safeguard employees for their inherent interests. The Company is committed to complying with applicable labor and employment laws, as well as international standards. The Company insists on a policy to hire employees disregarding gender, age, religion, ethnic race, nationality, sexual orientation, other legal protections, absolutely free of any potential discrimination. The company puts into implementation thoroughly all varieties of		

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate	
Evaluation Items	Yes	Yes No Description of Summary		Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy	
			employment and labor related laws and regulations. Under no circumstances shall the Company hire child labor or illegal labor. The Company strictly bans potential sexual harassment and prohibits forced labor services. By all available means, the Company provides safe, secure and healthful working environment.		
			Amidst multifaceted and equal opportunity corporate culture, here at the Company we strictly enforce the "equal pay for equal work" and "gender equality" principles. In all key strongholds amidst various categories of staff members, we assure above 100% (inclusive) of the statutory threshold in salary policy as required by the laws prevalent locally, disregarding the gender.		
			Female directors account for at least 25% of the board composition. (At least one independent director is female, two female directors.) Over 1/3 of the senior managers (i.e. two or one levels below General Manager or similar roles) are female. Fire drills are conducted regularly each year, to develop employees' capability in management of personal safety.		
			 (4) Corporate governance We do not seek to strengthen corporate governance just for show. We are committed as corporate governance is the most important element of corporate social responsibility. We believe that if we do our part as a corporate citizen, we will excel in corporate governance. Corporate governance involves corporate social responsibility to different stakeholders in the economy, the environment, and the society, as well as the pursuit of sustainable development. This is the reason why we place risks and crisis management as one of the three key issues to sustainable development. The Company has established a risk management policy and a crisis management mechanism by urging our colleagues to take heed of risk management and crisis responses. The purpose is to ensure proper management of risks and crises by enhancing the effectiveness of risk management and crisis responses to achieve corporate sustainability. 		

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
			On November 6, 2020, the Board of Directors approved the promulgation of "Risk and Crisis Management Operation Principle" to advance risk management policy and establish crisis management mechanism. On November 4, 2021, Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee approved the establishment of the Information Security Committee for the promotion of the Company's overall information security management system and the reduction of operational risks; the approved Committee executed information security management system and obtained ISO27001 certification. Voltronic Power follows the GRI Universal Standards 2021 in reporting, constructs the steps for identification, analysis and confirmation and adopts the necessary response measures. The Company promises to attain the following goals in response to climate changes: Company's own operation achieving net zero emission before 2035; Value chains achieving net zero emission before 2050; In 2022 and 2023, the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) framework was included in the Company's risk management strategy and was certified by third-party. Please refer to the Company's website for more details.	
3. Environmental Issues				
(1) Does the company establish a proper environmental management system in response to its industry characteristics?	V		(1) The Company has been upholding to its role as a business citizen, who follows the spirit of business environmental friendliness and complies with all environmental protection related laws and regulations; and there have been no incidents of violations against environmental laws and regulations. The Company's main factory plants have been certified with ISO14001, ISO9001, and ISO 45001. Please refer to the Company's ESG on its official website for more details. https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	No discrepancy
(2) Does the company endeavor to upgrade the utilization efficiency of	V		 (2) Voltronic Power is a designer, developer, and manufacturer of UPS (uninterruptible power supply), inverters and PV (photovoltaic) 	No discrepancy

	Evaluation Items			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
			No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
	various resources, and use the regenerated material with a low impact on environmental load?			inverters. As a midstream player in the supply products according to customers' requirements a resell our products to end users in different ind the R&D and manufacturing of our products doe environmental impacts or risks. The Company's reuse or recycle ratio of over 80%, compliant requirement from the EU's WEEE Directors reuse/recycle ratios. Please refer to the Compan ESG Report for all details. https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	and our customers ustries. Therefore, as not cause direct as products have a with the current for at least 70% y's website for the
(3)	Does the company assess existing and potential risks and opportunities associated with climate change and adopt the corresponding responses and measures?	V		3) Risk management in relation to climate change corporate sustainability. The Company's response is to enhance energy efficiency and reduce carb efforts in GHG emission management, energy eff reductions. We strive to develop green product performance products or solutions to custom business line is InfiniSolar, a hybrid inverter th developing for a long time. We commenced the eight years ago, with new series launched every storage efficiency and ease-of-use, to assis corporates, homes and communities in diffe countries in energy efficiency and carbon reducti. All products of the Company possess the effect efficiency and emission reduction; solar ene equipped with energy efficiency and renewable reduction effects and are considered sustainable energy storage system and electric vehicle emerging sustainable products. Consequently, identified the climate-related opportunities to b services" and the "market", which in another "expanding markets, products sold, and services' the TCFD report on the Company's website for future potential risks and opportunities that change and the energy is that change and products.	to climate change ons. We spare no iciency and carbon s to provide high- ers. Our strategic hat we have been R&D of InfiniSolar year by improving t public utilities, rent regions and on. civeness of energy rgy products are e energy emission e products. And chargers are the the Company has e in "products and ' words refers to '. Please refer to r the current and
(4)	Does the Company calculate the GHG emissions, water consumption and	V		 For the source of the Company's greenhouse gas e greenhouse gas emission, there are no direc 	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i

Evaluation Items Ye			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
		No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
total wastes during the past two years, and formulate policies to achieve energy efficiency, reduction of carbon emissions, GHS emissions, water consumption or manage wastes?			 emissions within Scope 1 during the production and manufacturing processes; the emissions were only from: the use of refrigerant from cooling equipment, the CO2 emission from using the Company's own vehicles and while turning on generators during power outage, which only account for an extremely low percentage of overall greenhouse gas emission. And the indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emission was only the carbon emission amount (CO2) produced from the electricity purchased besides what was required for the Company's operation. Therefore, financial benefits resulted from controlling electricity bills (carbon emission fee). In terms of greenhouse gas emission from daily operations, the carbon emission reduction (CO2) produced via purchased electricity (municipal electricity) besides required by company operation was the sole source of greenhouse gas emission. The electricity consumption in Taiwan totaled 726,375 kWh in 2022, resulting in carbon emissions of 369,154 tons CO2e. The electricity consumption in Taiwan totaled 920,625 kWh in 2023, resulting in carbon emissions of 519,500 tons CO2e. All of the Company's products are energy efficient to reduce carbon emissions and achieve sustainability. In 2022, Voltronic Power sold products contributing to carbon emissions reduction by 1,002,145 tons CO2e and recycled products in aggregation of 1,102,080KW via CPFU. In 2023, Voltronic Power sold products contributing to carbon emissions reduction by 879,447 tons CO2e and recycled products in aggregation of 1,523,325KW via CPFU. Voltronic Power places importance on the efforts and results of responses to global climate change issues. Water consumption: In 2022, the total consumption of domestic water (from municipal water supply) in Taiwan was 5,595 cubic meters, resulting in carbon emissions of 421.668kg. In 2023, the total water consumption in Taiwan was 7,383 cubic meters, resulting in carbon emissions of 688kg. 	

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
Evaluation Items	Yes	Yes No Description of Summary		Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
			Waste: In 2022, the total weight of hazardous waste was zero ton and the total weight of non-hazardous waste was 50.57 tons processed by vendors in Taiwan. In 2023, the total weight of hazardous waste was zero ton and the total weight of non-hazardous waste was 51 tons (including 90% recyclables) processed by vendors in Taiwan. The Company's products do not merely satisfy clients' demands but also comply with quality standards, safety standards, and environmental laws and regulations in respective areas, including E.U. ROHS Directive, REACH Regulation, and WEEE Directive.	
			The Company's advocacy policy is explained as follows: Energy management advocacy: advocating employees to turn off lights when not needed; utilizing energy efficient LED lighting in all indoor office areas; maintaining a constant temperature of 25~26 degrees by the office air conditioner; greenifying the office with plants to reduce indoor CO2 concentration level in the air; riding the elevators will produce 0.218kg of carbon emission for every level taken, hence encouraging employees to use the stairs more and ride the elevators less. Advocacy on Water Resource Management:	
			Advocating employees to save on water usage; establishing rainwater recycling equipment at Taiwan's office buildings; diverting recycled rainwater to water and greenify plants so to attain water saving.	
			Advocacy on Waste Reuse Efficiency and Management: For office paper consumption, the Company advocates employees to reduce photocopying and utilize recycled papers more often, to refrain from using paper towels to wipe clean and provide each employee with a cloth towel, and sets up recycling bins and compost bins at beverage rooms to actualize garbage recycling. Detailed implementation of energy saving, carbon reducing, and greenhouse	

				Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
				gas amount reduction are recorded in ESG report and TCFD report. Please refer to the ESG section on the Company's website for detailed related environmental topics.	
				https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	
4.	Maintenance of Community Public Welfare				
(1)	Does the company establish related management policies and procedures in accordance with related laws and international covenants on human right?	V		(1) The Company complies with labor laws, Act of Gender Equality in Employment and international labor laws and regulations (including our subsidiaries adhering to relevant laws, regulations, international standards, and human right assessments in the jurisdictions where they operate). To protect the rights of employees, we have also prepared employee manuals and relevant management guidelines, available at our intranet for the inquiry by employees at any time.	No discrepancy
				We have issued the Statement for Human Rights.	
				Statement 1: We respect and support human rights as advocated by international covenants.	
				Statement 2: We do not work with those who trash human rights.	
				Statement 3: We firmly acknowledge and support the right for collective negotiations.	
				Statement 4: We seek to eliminate coerced or compulsory labor in any form.	
				Statement 5: We abolish child labor.	
				Statement 6: We reject any discrimination in relation to work and occupations.	
				The Human Right Charter strictly prohibits (1) child labor or illegal labor; (2) sexual harassment; (3) coerced and forced labor.	
				We provide a safe and healthy work environment to our employees. We adhere to the SA8000 Social Accountability Standards regarding our cooperation with suppliers and business partners.	

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
			Please refer to the ESG section on the Company's website https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG for the human rights policy. 2023 training and education curriculum: Business Ethics/Prevention of Child Labor, Forced Labor and Human Trafficking/Labor and Human Rights/Occupational Safety, No. of participants: 11,428 and No. of hours: 7,639.33	
(2) Does the company formulate and implemented an employee welfare scheme (including wages, holidays and other benefits) and reflected appropriately the business performance onto employee remunerations?	V		 (2) We duly comply with the laws and ordinances concerned prevalent locally in the venues of our business operations. Besides, we have enacted sound rules on incentives and disincentives as the guidelines for performance evaluation. We hope to grow our business so that our employees will see a corresponding increase in their salaries. Toward all important business operation strongholds and categories of employees, disregarding their gender, the ratio of our standard starting points for salary are above 100% (inclusive) of the minimum statutory threshold of salaries prevent locally. The ratio of basic salary and remuneration for women and men is 100:100. Between 2013~2023, new restricted stock award shares issued to employees were issued once every three years to attract and retain professional talents needed by the Company and to enhance employees' loyalty, devotion, and belongingness to the Company, as an effort to collaboratively create profits for the Company and shareholders. Paid Time-Off and Retirement: all regions are following the local legal retirement systems; pensions are appropriated to all employees, and paid time-off systems are in place per related regulations. Details of other benefits and measures: please refer to Chapter V. Operations Overview of this annual report and please refer to the ESG section on the Company's website. 	No discrepancy

				Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
				https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	
(3)	Does the company provide employees with a safe and healthy working environment, and implement safety and health education to employees on a periodical basis?	V		(3) The Company takes the safety and health of the workplace seriously by going beyond the requirements by the Labor Standards Act. We organize health checks for employees and provide on-the-job training and education regarding labour safety and health. This covers health management and fire safety, so that our employees are better aware of occupational safety and health issues. On all workplace regions, we carry out a fire drill once a year on an annual basis. For the territories of Taiwan, we work out and submit the annual fire control programs in writing and submit the same to the competent authority for review and approval. For the breast-feeding nursing room, we provide a friendly feeding environment; Within the scope prescribed by laws and ordinances concerned in Taiwan, we have worked out a sound program for the prevention of sexual hazards, a program to prevent diseases to be potentially incurred by abnormal workloads, a program to prevent unlawful infringement of the duties and to report to the competent authorities, a 1-hour training for gatekeepers in suicide prevention and control. Besides, we outsource professional physicians/doctors (3 times a year) and licensed nurses (36 times a year) to provide on-the-spot employee health services, providing the entire staff with consultation channels and care for their personal safety and work environmental protection measures. All the regional offices have strict access control and there are security guards to protect the safety of employees. The Company's main factories site has obtained the ISO 45001 certification. To ensure pandemic prevention and safety and to correspond to UN SDGs. The Company's responsive policies: educational training and advocacy for employees' occupational safety and sanitation, avoiding crowd gatherings, offering employees reinforced advocacy on personal sanitation, things to note in daily lives, and other health	No discrepancy

				Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
				2023 educational training on occupational safety: average training hour per person was 1 hour; 2023 emergency response skills training: training hours per person were 1.5 hours. Related topics can be referenced in the Corporate Significant Internal Regulations section of the Company's website - Occupational health and safety management manual for detailed explanation and disclosure.	
(4)	Does the company establish effective career competency development and training plans for employees?	V		 (4) We provide training & education so that our employees can develop their professional capabilities. The Company seeks to empower our employees by combining industry training & development and performance management so that our employees can fulfill their maximum potential and we can achieve sustainable operations. In 2015-2023, the Company recruited talents from the Research and Development Substitute Services (RDSS) program. We provide training and education to these fulfilling military services by working which can help them develop career goals. For relevant issues, please refer to the Company's website in the 	No discrepancy
(5)	Does the company observe the relevant laws, regulations and international standards regarding the health, safety, customer privacy, marketing and labeling of products/services, and has formulated relevant policies and complaint procedures to protect the right of consumers?	V		 special section of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) for all details in full. (5) Our products are not sold to consumers, and hence we have not formulated or published a policy regarding consumers' rights. Our products are customized, and our services and labels follow the relevant rules and regulations of different regions as well as international standards. We seek to achieve sustainable business with a customer-oriented quality system and customer complaint processing procedures. 	No discrepancy
(6)	Does the company set up supplier management policies by requesting suppliers to adhere to relevant standards in environmental protection, occupational health &	V		(6) The Company focuses on environmental and social protections, as it poses demands in terms of environmental concerns, principles on business integrity, social responsibility, and other evaluation items on the suppliers to timely assess the suppliers' eligibility. The Company also actively advocates all suppliers to comply with international	No discrepancy

			Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any
safety or labor & human rights and reporting their implementations accordingly?			human rights laws and national labor acts SA8000, as well as to the content of international standards in OHSAS18001, requesting suppliers to actively follow the regulations.	
			Retailed topics can be referenced on the Corporate Governance – Corporate Significant Internal Regulations – Supplier Management Policy / Occupational health and safety management manual / Anti-Bribery and Corruption compliance policies on the Company's website for details and disclosure.	
			https://voltronicpower.com/zh- TW/Investors/CorporateGovernance#InternalPolicies	
5. Does the company refer to internationally acceptable standards or guidelines for the compilation of Corporate Sustainability Report to disclose non-financial information? Are	V		The Company prepares Corporate Sustainability Report on a voluntary basis. We follow all the disclosure standards of core options according to Global Reporting Initiatives (GRI) released by the Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB). We also provide the GRI indexing in our CSR reports. However, some of the contents are supplementary details according to the BLOOMBERG ESG SURVEY Disclosure Score.	No discrepancy
these reports confirmed or endorsed by third-party evaluation			The 2023 Sustainability Report includes the reporting according to the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) framework.	
organizations?			The Company's sustainability reports have been assured by third-party representative and an Independent Assurance Opinion Statement was also issued by the third-party.	
			The Company's climate-related financial disclosure report TCFD has been assured by third-party representative, and Independent Assurance Opinion Statement has also been issued by the third-party.	
			https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/ESG	

6. In case a company establishes its own Corporate Social Responsibility Code in accordance with "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", please describe its operation and the deviation from the established Best Practice Principles:

The Company's day-to-day operations are implemented as disclosed in corporate governance, economy, environmental protection, and corporate social responsibility. Please refer to "Report on Corporate Governance" of Chapter 3 of this annual report for details regarding corporate governance. We comply with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies.

					Facts of performance	The discrepancy of such implementation from the Corporate				
	Evaluation Items		Yes	No	Description of Summary	Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy				
	7.	Other important information facilitation	ing to ur	dersta	nd the operation status of corporate social responsibility:					
((1) In addition to our core business, we strive to protect the environment and pursue prosperity by working with stakeholders. Corporate social responsibility: adherence wi international covenants; relevant laws in different countries and regions; value creation via business sustainability to enhance the rights of stakeholders; maintenance of good corporate governance; compliance with relevant laws and regulations.									
		a. Awarded with FTSE4GOOD evaluation qualification and nominated as constituent stock enterprise of Taiwan Sustainability Index; FTSE4GOOD validity period is from December 18, 2023 to June 21, 2024.								
			d in HH-CTBC Capital smart mobility venture capital, allowing Taiwan's electronics technology and traditional automobile join the leading forefront of global new energy vehicles, which would further advance Taiwan's industrial upgrade and transition.							
(2)	Corporate social responsibility related certifications:								
		1. Sustainability reports and TCFD repor	rts appro	ved by	third-party validation.					
		2. ISO 14001 Certification of Environme	inability reports and TCFD reports approved by third-party validation. 4001 Certification of Environmental Management System							
		3. ISO 45001 Certification of Occupation	nal Healt	h and s	Safety Management Systems					
		4. ISO 9001 Certification of Quality Man	nagemer	t Syste	m					
		5. ISO14607 Certification of Product Car	rbon Foo	otprint	System					
		6. Information Security Management ap	proved	by ISO	27001 Certification					
		7. ISO14064-1 Certification of greenhou	use gas ii	nventor	Γ γ					
(3)		pany's social care: non-routinely participated in small-amount fundraising events at non-profit organizations, offered care for the needed, or participated in groups' events via a mutually supported method; provided uninterruptible power supply system topics via relevant parties to regions around the world where							
(4)	Active involvement of green energy tracountries).	de show	s in Tai	wan and overseas (e.g. Computex in Taiwan; Middle East Energy Dubai; Inter	solar Europe and solar shows in other				
(5)	Employees: The Employee Welfare Con	nmittee	provide	es small subsidies for training & education and health management of emplo	yees.				

2. Climate-Related Information for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies

(1) Execution status for climate-related information

Item	Execution Status
 Please explain the Board of Directors' and the management level's supervision and governance towards climate-related risks and opportunities. 	The Company actively reinforces corporate governance capabilities related to corporate governance, sustainable operation, and sustainable environment. Under the Board of Directors, functional Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee was established to be responsible for sustainability related matters (including environmental topics, social responsibility, corporate governance). It comprises three Independent Directors and convenes meetings twice every year; related critical matters (including climate change initiatives) are regularly reported to the Board. Sustainability Execution Committee is the highest level of climate change initiative resolution and execution center, and the Chairman of the Board of Directors regularly reports to the Board.
	Risk Management Committee: All operational management levels are responsible for identifying and executing climate-change risk control plans and continuously advancing related risk management.
	Board of Directors' critical climate-change supervision points: Review sustainability report (ESG report) and climate related financial disclosure report (TCFD report).
	Audit Committee's critical climate-change supervision points: Review the execution of the Company's risk strategies and the priority order of risk control, including but not limiting to climate change related power supply and natural disaster risks, as well as response measures for the software and the hardware.
	Remuneration Committee's critical climate-change supervision points: Evaluate and execute the rewards for Company managers' sustainability (including climate change) related performance results.
2. Please explain how identified climate risks and opportunities impact the enterprise' business, strategies, and finance, in the short, medium, and long terms.	Climate risk and opportunity survey is categorized into short, medium, and long terms, where short term is defined as within 2 years, medium term is between 2 to 8 years, and long term refers to longer than 8 years. The Company's operational and financial planning proceeded within 1-2 years of timeframe are defined as short-term; strategic and capital planning proceeded within 2-8 years of timeframe are defined as medium term; other climate-related risks that may cause impact in a longer timeframe are defined as long-term. A total of 7 risks and 5 opportunities were identified.
3. Please explain the impacts of extreme climate incidents and	Substantial impact: Producing drastically or relatively significant impacts to the organization

	transitioning actions pose on finance.	at the company level. These may include damaging the overall business or impacting the operation, finance, or strategy for portions of the business. The Company's gross profit margin is in the range of 31% and 32%, the operating margin in the range of 22% and 23%. As operating profits are the most significant metric to the Company's operations, financials and strategies, 10% of operating profits are referred to as an indication of the substantial impact. Based on the operating profits of NT\$44.33 million in 2022 and NT\$36.23 million in 2023, this threshold would be NT\$4.43 million and NT\$3.62 million in 2022 and 2023, respectively. Ratios of adjustments from substantial impact in various categories below are used as the
		Company's defined standards for substantial inpact in various categories below are used as the Category 4.5% Liability Category 5.0% Asset Category 2.0%
4.	Please explain how climate risks identification, evaluation, and management procedures are integrated in overall risk management system.	The Company values profoundly the identification, evaluation, and management of climate risks. During risk and opportunity survey and update per TCFD code of conduct, top 7 risks and 5 opportunities were identified before proceeding with scenario simulation and financial analyses. Identified risks that may pose substantial financial or strategic impacts on the business are provided in detail.
5.	If using scenario analyses to evaluate tenacity when facing climate-change risks, it is required to explain the scenarios, parameters, assumptions, and analysis factors used, and the resulted financial impacts.	Climate related scenario analyses that the Company uses: As a result, after 2022, Voltronic Power will alter its plan and utilize the 1.5°C scenario (1.5DS) analysis from "2022 World Energy Transitions Outlook: 1.5°C Pathway". Per 1.5DS scenario analysis, global CO2 emission reductions before 2050 per division by

		technological areas show 25% dependence on energy efficiency and 25% dependence on renewable energy. And for Voltronic Power, all of our products are equipped with energy efficiency benefits, and a portion of our products are also equipped with renewable energy benefits.
6.	In case there are transition projects for responsive management of climate-related risks, it is required to explain the content of respective projects and the indices and goals used to identify and manage physical risks and transition	A review on the Company's climate related measures as conducted by following the procedures for identification of climate risks and opportunities. The purpose was to establish physical and transition risks and opportunities and potential problems in the future. Climate related achievements were also taken into account.
	risks.	We are not operating in any of the five most end-use energy-intensive industrial sectors in the world listed below. Rather, we are in the sustainability industry. The primarily energy required for our operations is electricity (>94%).
		Opportunity identified:
		The primarily energy required for our operations is electricity (>99%) from municipal supply. We have installed solar panels and storage systems in our factory in Zhongshan, China, to increase the in-house electricity supply rate.
		Resource efficiency:
		The carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions for sales of one million US dollars is referred to as the Carbon Intensity Indicator (CII). We strive to reduce carbon intensity of production.
		Energy sources:
		To effectively control the carbon emissions from the value chain and improve delivery capabilities via vertical integration, we seek to increase the in-house content in components other than semiconductors and batteries (cells).
		Physical risks
		ightarrow Immediate and long-term: no physical risks identified
		Transition risks
		Existing laws and regulations: The Company primarily provides DMS (Design & Manufacturing Service) for UPS (uninterruptible power supply), solar PV inverters, energy storage systems, automatic voltage regulators (AVR) and EV chargers. We produce products in accordance with the laws and regulations governing specifications and quality in the jurisdictions where our clients are domiciled. The majority (>94%) of the greenhouse gas emissions from direct operations comes from purchase of electricity (Scope 2) from municipal supply. We have never experienced or identified climate related risks for litigation and claims under the

			we set in 2020 for car 2035 and for the value from upstream, dir s of greenhouse gas e the focus of supervisory d reputation: All of our Dur solar products are	chain by 2050. The net rect operations and emissions and the valu requirements going fo products are energy ef energy efficient and e	zero of the value c downstream. He e chain of low car rward. ficient and contribu effective for renew	chain ence, rbon uting
7.	If internal carbon pricing is used as planning tool, it is required to explain the price setting basis.	Internal carbon price is	not used.			
8.	In case climate-related goals are set forth, it is required to explain activities encompassed, range of greenhouse gas emission, planned schedules, expected progress achieved		tlook: 1.5°C Pathway"	. The targets and the	C scenario (1.5DS) in "World d the significant issues are 2 Significant Issue 3 eting 0 Innovation and management Energy Transitions Outlook 2023: enewable Energy Agency (IRENA). ical pathway is 25% dependent on by 2050. All of Voltronic Power's cts are both energy efficient and ility products. Our energy storage ability products. Hence, Voltronic tainability industry. 0 Income on d services (related to innovation ow carbon emissions and climate	
	every year, and other information; if carbon offsets or	Significant opportunity of	Significant Issue 1 O Sustainable products	Significant Issue 2 • Responsible marketing		
	Renewable Energy Certificates RECs are used to attain related goals, it is required to explain the sources and amounts of	business:	and services	and labeling	ş	
	carbon reduction quota offset or RECs amounts.	Business case	1.5°C Pathway" developed The global CO2 emission re energy efficiency and 25% products are energy effici renewable energy effective systems and EV chargers	by the International Renewa duction by technological pat on renewable energy by 20 ent. Our solar products are e. These are sustainability pr	ble Energy Agency (IREI hway is 25% dependen 50. All of Voltronic Pow both energy efficient oducts. Our energy stor products. Hence, Voltro	NA). It on ver's and rage
		Business impact	o Income	o Income	o Income	
		Business strategy	and development of produ		bon emissions and clim	nate
		Renewable energy (E capture and storage) Fossil fuel (carbon cap Clean hydrogen and d Electrification	• •	UPS (uninterruptible p EV charger AVR (automatic voltag Solar PV products Energy storage systen	ge regulator)	
		Renewable energy				

	Energy efficiency			
	Voltronic Power manages its carbon emissions from operations (Scope 1 and Scope 2) by referring to the percentage of direct electricity in the total of end-use energy consumption. The energy we consume for our operations (Scope 1 and Scope 2) is mostly purchased to support our operations (>94%) and from municipal supply of the locations we operate in. Therefore, VPT adopts the following indicator for managing self-operating carbon emission: (SCOPE 1 and SCOPE 2):Company self-operating Carbon Intensity = SCOPE 1 and SCOPE 2 total MtCO2e / OPERATING REVENUE Million dollars.			
	Year	2023	2022	
	Scope1 / tCO2e	617	25	
	Scope2 / tCO2e	10,583	21,48	
	Scope1+Scope2 / tCO2e	11,200	21,74	
	OPERATING REVENUE / (M/USD)	617	74	
	Company self-operating Carbon Intensity tCO2e/MUSD	18.16	29.3	
	Each indicator is described in detail with statistics in the 2023 Sustainal	bility Report.		
9. Greenhouse Gas Investigation and Assurance Status	All of Voltronic Power's products meet the environmental regulations our customers are domiciled. We are proactively developing how UPS be integrated. The enabling of high-efficiency power generation, power backup is also an important trend for UPS. Voltronic Power is current generation smart PV inverter, Infini Solar Super 4KW, to deliver green er as green buildings and where solar photovoltaic converts sunlight products can accommodate different environments to enable effecti solar energy, municipal electricity and battery stored power, to performance of UPS systems. Please refer to the climate-related finance for details and analysis of Voltronic Power's products sold and contr carbon reduction in 2022 and 2023.	and green er supply prote y developing nergy in use c into electricity ve and flexib achieve the ials disclosed ibution to cu	nergy can action and the next ases such ty. These ole use of highest for 2023 ustomers'	
	Our main factory has obtained the IS014064 certificate. Please refer to the Report for detailed data of the greenhouse gas inventory. Assu Sustainability.		•	

	Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies:						
				Facts of performance (Note 1)	The discrepancy of such		
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy		
1.	Establish Operation Policy and Scheme of Ethical Corporate Management						
(1)	Does the Company establish business ethics code and have it approved by the Board of Directors? Does the Company specify in external documents its policy, practice of operation in good faith in its corporate statutes and bylaws and the commitment from the Board of Directors and senior management to its operation policy?	V		(1) The Company has duly established "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" which functions as the very grounds of honesty and integrity. In Year 2016, the Company promoted to set up the Ethical Management Committee. The committee is subordinate to the Board of Directors and is directly supervised by the chairman of the Board of Directors while the General Manager Office functions as the concurrent unit responsible for integrity management policies and prevention programs. We place a heavy emphasis on business ethics and strictly prohibit any direct or indirect offering, commitment, asking or accepting any improper benefits or any unethical or illegal behavior, or any breach of fiduciary duties by directors, managers or employees in the process of commercial dealings. The Company seeks to balance the interest of different stakeholders. The formulation and supervision of execution, Annual Report or CSR Report provide details and standardize the Company's directors, managers, employees' policies on the Company's integrity management and the Board's active commitment for implementation.			

(6) Fulfillment of ethical corporate management and the status on discrepancy and reasons in relation to the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies:

				Facts of performance (Note 1)	The discrepancy of such
	Evaluation Items		No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
(2)	Has the Company put in place an assessment mechanism for the risks associated with dishonest behavior, and regularly analyzed and assessed the operating activities exposed to higher risks of dishonest behavior, and formulated preventive measures accordingly and covering at least the preventive measures specified in the second paragraph of Article 7, the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies?	V		(2) The Company has duly enacted "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles", "Rules Governing Code of Ethical Conduct" and "Accusation Report system" as well as the regulating procedures which have been put into faithful enforcement. We firmly demand our entire staff members, including all staff members of our subsidiaries, to strictly comply with the ethical conduct criteria, safeguard the Company's goodwill, comply with laws and ordinances concerned to maximize performance of assigned duties. We advocate our core value and compliance system to our colleagues via training, education, and advocacy campaigns. The Company acknowledges that a healthy and orderly supplier relation is the foundation of a win-win outcome. We ask our suppliers to issue the Letter of Commitment to Business Ethics. Whenever an unfaithful behavior is heard from an accusation report or noticed, the Company will immediately investigate into the fact forthwith. Where a behavior in contravention of laws and ordinances concerned or ethical conduct code, or against the good-faith principles, the Company's management shall immediately demand that offender to discontinue the wrongdoing and impose penalty as appropriate. Through necessary and appropriate statutory procedures, the Company would claim for damage indemnity. These efforts could well safeguard the Company in goodwill and interests. The Company has set up the special mailbox for such purposes: (whistleblower@voltronic.com.tw)	

				Facts of performance (Note 1)	The discrepancy of such	
	Evaluation Items		No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy	
(3)	Does the Company specify a scheme to prevent dishonest behaviors, and expressly describe in operation procedures, conduct guidelines, punitive measures and compliant channels accordingly, in order to properly implement the abovementioned scheme?	V		(3) The Company has established "Rules Governing Code of Ethical Conduct" and "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice <u>Principles</u> " to normalize our key personnel's behaviors, and our internal auditing personnel also carry out regular audits to enhance the implementation of policy of Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles. Toward varied law compliance realms, the Company has set up a variety of relevant regulations. These realms include anti-corruption, anti- harassment, environmental protection, preparation of financial statements/internal control system, anti-inside trading, protection over patents, protection of personal information and privacy, custody of documents, management over information security and the like. Here at the Company, we do not build self-brand name. We do not compete against customers. That means under no circumstances shall the Company get involved in an act against competition, against trust and monopolization. We require all our employees to be fully aware of laws and regulations relevant to our businesses, to ensure correct and appropriate business and ethical judgment. Throughout Year 2023, the Company did not take any act in contravention of Best-Practice Principles on Good Faith Management.	No discrepancy	

				Facts of performance (Note 1)	The discrepancy of such
	Evaluation Items		No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
2.	Actualize Ethical Corporate Management				
(1)	Does the Company evaluate the record of ethical corporate management of the transaction parties, and expressly specify clauses dealing with behaviors of ethical corporate management in the signed contracts of the transaction parties?	V		(1) The Company has established mechanisms for evaluating customers and suppliers. When entering into a contract, rights and obligations of both sides will be specified in the contract and be kept confidential. All suppliers commit themselves into Best- Practice Principles on Ethical Corporate Management as well. Through the great teamwork between the up- and down- streams, we never cease efforts to maximize core competitive edge. We try to focus on only such products in the pricing of the maximum possible competitive edge to simplify the transaction behaviors. Under no circumstances shall the Company try to win over a purchase order through not absolutely justifiable means to strive for unjust benefits in competition.	No discrepancy
(2)	Has the Company established a unit under the Board of Directors to promote corporate operation in ethical corporate management, and regularly report to the Board of Directors (at least once per year) its execution and oversight of the business ethics policy and prevention of dishonest behavior?	V		 (2) The Company advocates the Ethical Management Committee which is attached under the Board of Directors, directly supervised by the chairman. The General Manager Office is a concurrent unit which reports to the board of directors on a regular basis. All departments concerned have stipulated respective Best-Practice Principles to assure faithful fulfillment of such Principles. To prevent conflicts of interests and to offer appropriate channels for statements, the Company promulgated the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles". The Company reported to the Board of Directors on May 5, 2022 in regard to the actual implementation status of promoting corporate governance and sustainable development. Implementation status of ethical corporate management in 2022: no whistleblowing, no corruption, and no anti-competition behavior 	No discrepancy
				The Company's training and education to drive ethical corporate management:	

			Facts of performance (Note 1)		The discrepancy of such
	Evaluation Items		No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
				 Advocacy of ethical corporate management when onboarding new hires 	
				 Inclusion of ethics into annual performance reviews of employees 	
				 Average 1 hour or so per employee participating in training in 2023 	
				 Online advocacy programs in Year 2023, with an average of an hour for each and every trainee. 	
(3)	Does the Company stipulate a policy of preventing interest conflict, provide due statement channels, and actualize the execution?	V		(3) If necessary, the Company requires new recruits to sign the Letter of Confidentiality for Business Secrets and the Agreement for Procurement Ethics. In addition, the Company has put in place the Rules Governing Code of Ethical Conduct and the Corporate Management Best Practice Principles and requires adherence to these standards and principles.	No discrepancy
(4)	Has the Company established an effective accounting system and an internal control system to implement operation in ethical corporate management, designated internal auditors or commissioned external auditors accordingly to formulate audit plans based on the assessment of risks associated with dishonest behavior as the basis for the audit of dishonest behaviors?	V		(4) The Company has set up effective accounting system and specifically responsible accounting unit. Here at the Company, the internal audit unit also works out the annual audit plan to carry out a variety of audit duties based on the outcome of risk assessment. It also works out the plans for subsequent corrective action to assure sound performance in audit. On a quarterly basis, the unit would report to the board of directors. In the self-evaluation inside the enterprise, all staff members shall conduct self-examination into the Internal Control System design and the effectiveness of the enforcement thereof.	No discrepancy

				Facts of performance (Note 1)	The discrepancy of such
	Evaluation Items		No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy
(5)	Does the Company hold internal, external educational training for operation in ethical corporate management on a periodical basis?	V		(5) At any time, the Company's publicity unit promotes our colleagues' resolute commitment to observe norms governing the corporate operations in ethical corporate management during meetings and on the bulletin board for substantial implementation. In Year 2023, all participants received per capita training programs for one hour. We also advocate business ethics in the supplier conferences so that they understand our principles and business philosophy based on integrity.	
3.	Operation Status of Corporate Reporting System of an Offense				
(1)	Does the Company establish substantial offense reporting and incentive systems, and establish convenient offense reporting channels, and assign proper exclusively responsible personnel to accept the reported subject of an offense?	V		(1) The Company has established a reporting system by setting up an accusation reporters' mailbox at our official site (whistleblower@voltronic.com.tw), human resources and audit unit that are available to whistleblowers who can also submit information to independent directors, managers, direct supervisors or other appropriate personnel; external whistleblowers can submit whistleblowing reports to the preceding accusation reporters' mailbox(mails will be automatically forwarded to the Company's independent directors and senior executives) or supervisors and related units in charge of our business group and organization, and whistleblowers' identity and the contents of whistleblowing shall be kept confidential to protect whistleblowers from improper dispositions. After receiving a whistleblowing report, we will appoint paid staff to receive reports and assist in handling cases and give a reply.	

				Facts of performance (Note 1)	The discrepancy of such	
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Description of Summary	implementation from Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such discrepancy	
(2)	Has the Company established the standard investigational procedures of receiving whistle- blowing reports, subsequent measures after investigations and the confidentiality mechanism?	V		(2) The Company has maintained a rigorous attitude to keep the whistleblowing and subsequent investigation confidential, specified in the internal rules. We guarantee to keep complaints or a whistleblower's personal information and information offered by the whistleblower absolutely confidential according to Personal Information Protection Act.		
(3)	Does the Company take measures to protect an offense reporting party from suffering improper disposition due to an offense report?	V		(3) We guarantee that whistleblowers will never be punished.	No discrepancy	
4.	Strengthen Information Disclosure Does the Company disclose the content of operation principles of ethical corporate management and promotion performance in its website and Market Observation Post Site?	V		The Company discloses all relevant information on the Market Observation Post System and the Company's website per related laws and regulations. In addition, integrity management related information in the annual reports and the ESG report.		
 If the Company has established its Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles in accordance with Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, discrepancies between the operations and the established principles shall be illustrated: 						
Best				ment to strengthen its business operations, the Company has establis thical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPI		
6.	Other important information which can facilitate the amendment of its Ethical Corporate Management Best			g of the Company's operations in ethical corporate management: (su ciples)	uch as the Company's review and of	
		-		hical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Li ical corporate management to create a business environment of susta		
Our		Ethics	and sig	n Supplier CSR Management Agreement with Voltronic Power. Pleas		

(7) If the Company has established Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles and related regulations, the inquiry methods shall be disclosed at the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) and the Investor's Zone at its official website available to investors for reference, the website: https://voltronicpower.com/zh-TW/Investors/CorporateGovernance#InternalPolicies.

- (8) Other important information which facilitates investors' understanding of the corporate governance practices should be disclosed:
 - 1) To solidify and strengthen the Company's corporate governance, the Board of Directors of the Company on Nov. 12, 2015 passed the establishment of the Charter for Audit Committee. The Audit Committee was established following the 2016 annual meeting of shareholders. On November 11, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the formulation of the Charter for the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and the creation of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee.
 - 2) As expressly provided for the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall have five (5) to eight (8) directors on the board. To strengthen our corporate governance, all the directors shall be elected via the nomination system. There are four (4) independent directors, including one female independent director. On May 6, 2021, the Board of Directors approved the nomination of four candidates for independent directorship. Two of the candidates were female.
 - Awarded as Top 5% TWSE- or TPEx-listed companies in the Third (2016), the Fourth (2017), the Fifth (2018), the Sixth (2019) Governance Evaluation. Awarded as Top 6%-20% TWSE- or TPEx-listed companies in the Seventh (2020) Governance Evaluation. Awarded as Top 5% TWSE- or TPEx-listed companies in the Eighth (2021) Governance Evaluation. Awarded as Top 6%-20% TWSE- or TPEx-listed companies in the Ninth (2022) Governance Evaluation.

Top 6%-20% of TWSE/TPEx-listed companies in the Tenth (2023) Governance Evaluation.

4) 2023 CDP Questionnaire Scoring Results: CDP SCORE REPORT-CLIMATE CHANGE 2023"B"/ CDP SUPPLIER ENGAGEMENT RATING REPORT 2023 "B"

(9) The Performance in Internal Control System shall disclose items given as follows:

Voltronic Power Technology Corp. Declaration of Internal Control System

Date: February 26, 2024

Over the Company's internal control system of Year 2023, based on the results of our self-evaluation, we'd hereby like to declare enumerated below:

- 1. Here at the Company, we confirm full awareness that implementation and maintenance of the internal control system are the inherent responsibility of the Company's board of directors and managers. The Company has duly set up such internal control system in an attempt to provide rational assurance of the effect and efficiency of the business operation (including profitability, performance and assurance of the safety of assets), reliability of reports, timeliness, transparency and accomplishment of the compliance targets on related requirements, laws and regulations.
- 2. Internal control system is subject to inherent restriction, disregarding how sound it has been designed. Effective internal control system could only provide rational assurance for accomplishment of the three aforementioned targets. Besides, in line with the changes in circumstances and environments, effectiveness of internal control system might change as well. For the Company's internal control system, nevertheless, we have set up sound self-superintendence mechanism. As soon as a defect is identified, the Company would take corrective action forthwith.
- 3. Exactly in accordance with the items of judgment for the effectiveness of the internal control system under "Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies" (hereinafter referred to as "Regulations"), we duly judge whether the internal control system is effective in design and implementation. The items adopted for aforementioned "Regulations" for judgment of internal control system are the process for management control. The internal control system is composed of five composition elements: 1. Circumstances of control, 2. Risk evaluation, 3. Control operation, 4. Information and communication, and 5. Superintendence. Each and every composing element includes a certain items. For more details regarding the aforementioned items, please refer to contents of the "Regulations".
- 4. Here at the Company, we have adopted the aforementioned items of judgment over internal control system to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the internal control system.
- 5. On the grounds of the results of evaluation in the preceding paragraph, we are confident that the Company's internal control system in design and implementation as of December 31, 2023 (including the superintendence and management over subsidiaries), including the understanding of the results and efficiency of business operation in accomplishment of the targets, reliability of reports, timeliness, transparency and compliance of the relevant laws and regulations are effective and would reasonably assure accomplishment of the aforementioned targets.
- 6. The Declaration will function as the key element of the Company's Annual Report and Prospectus and will be made public externally. In the event that the aforementioned made

public involve misrepresentation, concealment or such unlawful practice, the Company shall get involved in the legal responsibilities under Articles 20, 32, 171 and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

 This Declaration has been approved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2024. Eight (8) directors were in attendance, none kept objecting opinions, and all directors in attendance hereby state their agreement to the contents of this declaration.

Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Chairman cum General Manager: Hsieh, Juor-Ming

- (10) In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, facts of penalty imposed upon the Company and its internal personnel for their violation of the regulations of the internal control system, the major defects and the corrective actions taken: there is no such situation.
- (11) In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, the major decisions resolved in the shareholders' meeting and board of directors are as below:

Date of the meeting	Key issues in summary	Outcome of resolution	Facts of implementation
-	 2022 Annual Business Report 	Matters to be Ratified: The voting result of the present case indicates: The votes in favor of the case: 74,984,703 votes, accounting for 92.83% of the total, the votes against the case: 48,840 votes; Number of invalid votes: 0 vote; Number of abstentions/non-voting rights: 5,737,483 votes. The present case is duly resolved exactly as proposed.	 Matters to be Ratified: All relevant statements have been delivered toward shareholders according to law.
	2. 2022 Earning Distributions	The voting result of the present case indicates: The votes in favor of the case: 74,581,554 votes, accounting for 92.33% of the total; the votes against the case: 611,983 votes; Number of invalid votes: 0 vote; Number of abstentions/non-voting rights: 5,577,489 votes. The present case is duly resolved exactly as proposed	 The relevant earnings have been completed in distribution. The ex- dividend and ex-right base date: July 22, 2023. Date of cash dividend payment: August 18, 2023.
	Proposals and Discussion: 1. The motion to partially amend the Company's "Articles of Incorporation".	Proposals and Discussion: The voting result of the present case indicates: The votes in favor of the case: 74,789,328 votes, accounting for 92.59% of the total; the votes against the case: 4,066 votes, Number of invalid votes: 0 vote; Number of abstentions/non-voting rights: 5,977,632 votes. The present case is duly resolved exactly as proposed	 Proposals and Discussion: 1. Having been completed in execution as resolved in the shareholders' meeting and been promulgated into the Company's website.

1) Major decisions resolved in the annual meeting of shareholders and the implementation thereof:

2) Major decisions resolved in the board of directors

Date of the meeting	Key issues in summary
(mm/dd/yy) 02/23/2023	(1) 2022Q4 Business and Financial Reports
02/23/2023	(2) Report about the subsidiaries' lending of funds to others.
	(3) Audit Report from 2022Q4.
	(4) Report about the evaluation of the Certified Public Accountants'
	independence and performance for Fiscal 2022.
	(5) Self-Evaluating report of Internal Control.
	(6) To review the greenhouse gas inventory and verification schedule plan of
	"The road map of Sustainable development of list companies" in the 4th
	meeting minutes of Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development
	Committee on the Second Session.
	(7) To review the 6th meeting resolution in Fourth Session of "Remuneration
	Committee"
	(8) Approval of the Bonus for Directors and Employee of 2022 results.
	(9) Approval of the 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements.
	(10) Approval of the Proposal for Earning Distribution of 2022 Profits.
	(11) To approve the proposed for amending the company's Articles of
	Incorporation.
	(12) Approval of the Internal Control Statement Letter of 2022.
	(13) Approval of the proposed amendment to the Related Party Transaction
	Management.
	(14) Approval of the to extend the Loaning credit line of subsidiaries.
	(15) Approval of the financial budget of 2023.
	(16) Approval of the evaluation of the Company's board of directors about its
	own performance in Fiscal 2022.
	(17) Approval of the replacement of the company's CPA due to regular internal adjustments of Deloitte.
	(18) Approval of the 2023 Deloitte's accounting fees.
	(19) Approval of the subsidiaries' application for supply chain finance quota.
	(20) Approval of the investment in HH-CTBC Partnership, L.P.
	(21) Approval of the arrangement of 2023 Annual General Shareholders'
	meeting.
05/11/2023	(1) Report about the Company's business performance in 1st Quarter, Year 2023
	(2) Report about the subsidiaries' lending of funds to others.
	(3) Report about the Internal audit report in 2023Q1
	(4) The 2022 ESG report will be announced in second quarter.
	(5) Approval of the Financial Statements of 1st Quarter 2023.
	(6) Approval to extend the loaning credit line of subsidiaries.
	(7) Approval to apply for the credit line from bank.
	(8) Approval of the Capital reduction and cancellation of Employee Restricted
	Stock issued in 2022.
	(9) Approval of the Company is proposed to purchase "Directors and Officers
	Liability Insurance" for the directors and managers.
	(10) Approval of the amendment of the "Audit Accountant Independence and
06/29/2023	Performance Evaluation Measures".
00/23/2023	(1) Approval of the related issues and ex-dividend date of the 2023 earnings

Date of the meeting	Key issues in summary
(mm/dd/yy)	
00/10/2022	distribution.
08/10/2023	 Report about the Company's business performance in 2st Quarter, Year 2023 Report about the subsidiaries' lending of funds to others.
	(3) Report about the Internal audit report in 2022Q2.
	(4) To review the 8th meeting resolution in Session Fourth of "Remuneration
	Committee"
	(5) Approval of the amendment of the Company's "Authority List for Approval"
	(6) Approval of the Financial Statements of 2nd Quarter 2022.
	(7) Approval to extend the loaning credit line of subsidiaries.
	(8) Approval of the Capital reduction and cancellation of Employee Restricted Stock issued in 2022.
11/09/2023	 Report about the Company's business performance in 3st Quarter, Year 2023 Report about the subsidiaries' lending of funds to others.
	(3) Report about the Internal audit report in 2023Q3.
	(4) To review the greenhouse gas inventory and verification schedule plan of "The road map of Sustainable development of list companies" in the 5th
	meeting minutes of Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee on the Second Session.
	(5) Approval of the Financial Statements of 3rd Quarter 2023.
	(6) Approval to extend the loaning credit line of subsidiaries.
	(7) Approval of the credit line approved by the bank.
	(8) Approval of the proposed the auditing program of 2024.
	(9) Proposed authorization to the convener of the Audit Committee regarding
	the management of the internal audit operations and the signing of the
	internal audit reports case.
	(10) Approval of the Capital reduction and cancellation of Employee Restricted Stock issued in 2022.
02/26/2024	
02/20/2024	(1) 2023Q4 Business and Financial Reports.
	 (2) Report about the subsidiaries' lending of funds to others. (2) Report about the internal audit report in 2022O4
	 (3) Report about the Internal audit report in 2023Q4. (4) Solf Evaluating report of Internal Control
	(4) Self-Evaluating report of Internal Control.(5) Report about the evaluation of the Certified Public Accountants'
	independence and performance for Fiscal 2023.
	(6) Approval of the change of the personnel acting as Spokesman, Finance
	Officer and Accounting Officer.
	(7) Approval to propose the change of the custodian of the Company Seal
	registered with the Ministry of Economic Affairs for Endorsement and
	Guarantee Operations.(8) Approval to review the minutes of the 9th meeting of the fourth session of
	the Compensation Committee.
	(9) Approval of the bonus for Directors and employee of 2023.
	(10) Approval of the 2023 business report and financial statements.
	(11) Approval of the proposal for Earning Distribution of 2023 Earnings.
	(12) Approval to pay extra cash dividends from additional paid-in capital.
	(13) Approval of the Internal Control Statement Letter of 2023.
	(14) Approval of the propose the amendment of the Charter of Audit Committee.

Date of the meeting	Key issues in summary							
(mm/dd/yy)								
	(15)Approval of the amendment to Procedure for Board of Directors' Meetings.							
	(16)Approval of the financial budget of 2023.							
	(17) Approval to extend the loaning credit line of subsidiaries.							
	(18) Approval of the new investment in the subsidiary in China.							
	(19) Approval of the fees for accounting firm Deloitte for 2024.							
	(20) Approval of the evaluation of the Company's Board of Directors and all							
	functional committees about their own performance in fiscal year 2023.							
	(21) Approval of the election of the Directors.							
	(22) Approval to recommend the list of director candidates (including							
	independent directors).							
	(23) Approval of the period and place of accepting shareholders nomination of							
	the Directors on 2024 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting.							
	(24) Approval to the lift the non-compete restriction of the new elected							
	Directors.							
	(25) Approval of the arrangement of 2024 Annual General Shareholders'							
	Meeting.							
05/09/2024	(1) Report about the Company's business performance in 1st Quarter, Year 2024							
	(2) Report about the subsidiaries' lending of funds to others.							
	(3) Report about the Internal audit report in 2023Q1							
	(4) Approval of the Financial Statements of 1st Quarter 2023.							
	(5) Approval to apply for the credit line from bank.							
	(6) Approval of the Capital reduction and cancellation of Employee Restricted Stock issued in 2022.							
	(7) Approval of the Company is proposed to purchase "Directors and Officers Liability Insurance" for the directors and managers.							
	 (8) Approval to formulate the "Operational Procedures for the Preparation and Verification of the Sustainability Report" for the Company. 							
	(9) Approval to establish a subsidiary.							
	(10) Approval of the Deliberation on the agenda items of the Second Session, Sixth							
	Meeting of the Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee of the Company.							

- (12) In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, different opinions posed by the directors to the Key Resolutions in the board of directors, as backed with written records or declaration in writing: None.
- (13) In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, facts regarding the compilation for resignation, discharge of the chairman, general manager, chief accountant, financial head, principal internal auditor and research & development head: None.

5. Information on Certified Public Accountant fees

			Expi	esseu in mou	sanus or new	Idiwali Dollars
Name of CPA firm	Name of CPA	Duration covered in the audit	Audit fees	Non-audit fees	Total	Remarks
Deloitte & Touche	Yu, Cheng- Chuan Ho, Jui- Hsuan	01/01/2023 12/31/2023	4,800	257	5,057	-

(1) Information on Certified Public Accountant fees:

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Note : Where the Company replaced Certified Public Accountant or Certified Public Accountant firm during the fiscal year, the Company should respectively indicate the duration of audit, with remarks to explain the causes for replacement and shall disclose the information of the audit and non-audit fees by order. In case of non-auditing fee, please elaborate on contents of services rendered.

- (2) Replacement of the Certified Public Accountant firm where the audit fee so paid reduced from the audit fee paid in the preceding year: Please elaborate on the amount so reduced, percentage and causes of reduction: Not applicable.
- (3) Where the audit fee so paid reduced by over 10% from the audit fee paid in the preceding year: Please elaborate on the amount so reduced, percentage and causes of reduction: Not applicable.

6. Information of a change in the Certified Public Accountants (CPAs)

- (1) Information of the former CPAs:
 - 1) The date and cause for replacement of the Certified Public Accountant, with explanation that the Certified Public Accountant took the initiative to terminate the retaining and would no longer accept the appointment; or the issuer took the initiative to terminate the appointment and not to continue the appointment: None
 - 2) In case the former Certified Public Accountant remarked Audit Report with unqualified (unreserved) opinions over the past two years, such unqualified (unreserved) opinions and the background causes: None
 - 3) The discrepancy in opinions existent by the Company and the Certified Public Accountant regarding the accounting principles and practices, disclosure of financial statements, scope of audit or steps: None
 - 4) In case the former Certified Public Accountant once notified that the Company lacked a sound Internal Control System, making the financial statements not trustworthy: None
 - 5) In case the former Certified Public Accountant once notified the interrelationship between their distrust of the Company's declaration and their unwillingness to take charge of the Company's financial statements: None
 - 6) In case the former Certified Public Accountant once notified the need to expand the scope of audit or that the information indicates the expanded scope of audit might impair the trustworthiness of the audited financial statements, but that Certified Public Accountant did not expand the scope of audit due to replacement of Certified Public Accountant or other causes: None
 - 7) In case the former Certified Public Accountant once notified that on the grounds of already collected information, the trustworthy of audited financial statements might have been impaired, but that Certified Public Accountant did not take charge of the issue due to replacement of Certified Public Accountant or other causes: None
- (2) Facts about succeeding Certified Public Accountant: None
- (3) The reply by the former Certified Public Accountant: Not applicable.
- 7. The Company's chairman, general manager, managers in charge of finance or accounting who have served with a Certified Public Accountant firm or the affiliated enterprise thereof over the past one year, please disclose the name, position title and the period served at the Certified Public Accountant firm or the affiliated enterprise thereof: None

8. In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, transfer of shares, pledge or change in equity by the directors, managers and shareholders holding over 10% of the aggregate total:

				Expres	sed in shares	
		20	23	As of March 31, 2024		
Title	Name	Increase (decrease) in shares held	Increase (decrease) in shares pledged	Increase (decrease) in shares held	Increase (decrease) in shares pledged	
Director	Hsieh, Juor-Ming (Note 1)	(680,318)	—	_	—	
Director	Representative of Open Great International Investment Limited Company: Chen, Tsui-Fang (Note 2)	_	_	_	_	
Director	Representative of FSP Group: Cheng, Ya-Jen	(290,000)	—	(32,000)	_	
Director	Passuello Fabio		_		_	
Independent Director	Lee, Chien-Jan		—	-	_	
Independent Director	Liao, Kuei-Fang	_	—	_	—	
Independent Director	Wang, Hsiu-Chih	_	—	_	—	
Independent Director	Ho, Yun-Hsuan	_	—	_	—	
Vice General Manager	Chin, Chih-Hsin (Note 3)					
Vice General Manager	Wang, Chia-Yi (Note 3)					
Assistant Manager for R&D Department.	Lu, Yu-Cheng (Note 3)	(97,000)	_	_	_	
R&D Manager	Wang, Kuo-Chin (Note 3)					
Chief Governance Officer	Chen, Yi-Ju (Note 3)					

Changes in directors, managers and key shareholders:

Note 1: The shares held include shareholding trust reserved for legal utilization 2,000,000 shares

Note 2: The held shares include 1,300,000 shareholding trust including the statutory right of use.

Note 3: Including the part of the restricted shares to employees.

- 2) Where the transferee of equity transfer is a related party, the Company should disclose the name, his or her relationship with the Company, the Company's directors and supervisors, key shareholders holding over 10% shares and the number of shares held: None
- 3) Where a pledge of equity is a related party, the statistical data from the latest date of suspension from share transfer till March 31, 2024: The Company has no shares pledged.

9. Information of the interrelationship as related party, spouse, blood relatives within the second degree of kinship among the top ten shareholders in shareholding

						April	16, 2024;Expres	sed in shares; %	,)
Name	Shareholding			Spouse & Minor Shareholding		olding by ninee gement	Names or Titles and Relations of Top 10 Shareholders who are related parties, Spousal Relationship or are within the Second Degree of Kinship		Remarks
	Number of Shares	Share holding rate (%)	Number of Shares	Share holding rate (%)	Number of Shares	Share holding rate (%)	Title	Relation	Rer
Hsieh, Juor-Ming	8,372,166	9.54%	622,357 (Note 2)	0.71%	670,078 (Note 1)	0.77%	Open Great International Investment Limited Company	The representative is the spouse.	_
			(Note 2)		(Note I)		Hsieh, Yi-Ling	The second degree of kinship	_
							Chen, Tsui-Fang	Spouse	-
FSP Group	3,344,822	3.81%	-	—	—	—	—	—	
Open Great International Investment Limited Company	3,310,359	3.77%	_	—	—	—	_	—	_
RGI S.R.L.	2,529,464	2.88%	—	_	_	—	—	—	—
Citi Commercial (Taiwan) Bank entrusted for custody of the Singapore Government Investment Account	2,374,958	2.71%	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
							Hsieh, Juor-Ming	The second degree of kinship	_
							Chen, Tsui-Fang	The second degree of kinship	_
Hsieh, Yi-Ling	2,099,874	2.39%	_	_	_	_	Open great international investment limited company	The representative is the second degree of kinship.	_
NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited as Trustee of St. Jamess Place Emerging Markets Equity Unit Trust - Wasatch Advisors Inc. as external fund manager	1,914,110	2.18%	_		_	_	_	_	_
Cathay Life Insurance's discretionary account with Cathay Securities Investment Trust (SG Taipei Equity Strategy I)	1,338,885	1.53%	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Fidelity Investment Trust : Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund	1,114,868	1.27%	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
KUWAIT INVESTMENT AUTHORITYKIABlackrock Investment Management (UK) Limited as external fund manager	1,050,000	1.20%	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Note 1: Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd.

Note 2: The held shares include 1,300,000 shareholding trust including the statutory right of use.

10. The number of shares held by the Company

The number of shares held by the Company, the Company's directors, supervisors, managers and the businesses under control by the Company either directly or indirectly to the same reinvestment business and consolidated shareholder percentages are combined and calculated:

Expressed in Thousands of Shares, %

				1		,
Reinvested companies		nt by this pany	supervisor, r directly or	by directors, manager and r indirectly d company	Syndicated investment	
(Note 1)	Number of Shares	Shareholding rate	Number of Shares	Shareholding rate	Number of Shares	Shareholding rate
Voltronic International Corp.	28,000	100%	-	-	28,000	100%
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Note 2	100%	-	-	-	100%
Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	217,240	100%	-	-	217,240	100%
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	0	100%	-	-	0	100%
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Note 2	100%			-	100%
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Note 2	100%			-	100%
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited	Note 2	100%			-	100%
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Note 2	100%			-	100%

Note 1: As the long-term investment recognized in equity method.

Note 2: As a limited company, it did not issue share certificates.

IV. Facts of Capital Raising

1. Capital and shares

(1) Source of Capital

1. Process for the share capital to come into being:

		1	Ap	oril 30, 20	024; Expres	sed in Thousands of Sha	res/Thousands of	New Taiwan Dollars	
Month/	Issue	Authoriz	ed capital	Paid-ir	n capital		Remarks		
Year	price	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Source of capital	Paid by property other than cash	Other	
May 2008	10	25,000	250,000	20,010	200,100	Initiative founding capital	—	Fu-Chan-Ye-Shang-Zi No. 09784125510	
Feb. 2009	10	25,000	250,000	24,010	240,100	Increment in cash NT\$40,000 thousand	—	Fu-Chan-Ye-Shang-Zi No.09881961610	
Jun. 2010	10	30,000	300,000	29,325	293,250	Bonus to shareholders and to employees converted into capital increase NT\$53,150 thousand	_	Fu-Chan-Ye-Shang-Zi No.09985123100	
Nov. 2010	50	36,000	360,000	31,825	318,250	Increment in cash NT\$25,000 thousand	—	Fu-Chan-Ye-Shang-Zi No.09989627010	
Jun. 2011	10	60,000	600,000	44,022	440,223	Bonus to shareholders and to employees converted into capital increase NT\$121,973 thousand	_	Fu-Chan-Ye-Shang-Zi No.10085773700	
Dec. 2011	60	60,000	600,000	46,222	462,223	Increment in cash NT\$22,000 thousand	_	Fu-Chan-Ye-Shang-Zi No.10091161500	
Jun. 2012	10	60,000	600,000	54,348	543,476	Bonus to shareholders and to employees converted into capital increase NT\$81,253 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10101139360	
Mar. 2013	81.41	60,000	600,000	55,848	558,476	New restricted employee shares NT\$15,000 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10201043680	
Jul. 2013	83.81	70,000	700,000	61,640	616,400	Bonus to shareholders converted into capital increase NT\$27,924 thousand Increment in cash NT\$30,000 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10201143730	
Mar. 2014	146	70,000	700,000	67,470	674,700	Increment in cash NT\$58,300 thousand	—	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10301065990	
Aug. 2014	10	80,000	800,000	70,843	708,435	Bonus to shareholders converted into capital increase NT\$33,735 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10301194700	
Jul. 2015	10	80,000	800,000	70,813	708,135	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$300 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10401136300	
Sept. 2015	10	80,000	800,000	74,355	743,557	Bonus to shareholders converted into capital increase NT\$35,422 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10401193990	
Mar. 2016	10	80,000	800,000	74,337	743,377	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$180 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10501044770	
Aug. 2016	10	100,000	1,000,000	78,705	787,054	Bonus to shareholders converted into capital	-	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10501222580	

Month/	Issue	Authoriz	ed capital	Paid-ir	n capital	Remarks		
Year	price	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Source of capital	Paid by property other than cash	Other
						increase NT\$37,178 thousand Issuance of new restricted shares to employees for NT\$6,500 thousand		
Jul. 2017	10	100,000	1,000,000	78,688	786,884	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$170 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10601096850
Mar. 2018	10	100,000	1,000,000	78,685	786,852	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$32 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10701038020
Oct. 2019	10	100,000	1,000,000	83,301	833,014	Bonus to shareholders converted into capital increase NT\$39,342 thousand Issuance of new restricted shares to employees for NT\$6,820 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10801136360
Aug. 2020	10	100,000	1,000,000	83,273	832,734	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$280 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10901129070
Oct. 2020	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,438	874,385	Bonus to shareholders converted into capital increase NT\$41,650 thousand	-	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10901187530
Jan. 2021	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,435	874,353	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$32 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.10901250920
Apr. 2021	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,419	874,193	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$160 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.11001059610
Mar. 2022	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,226	872,261	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$1,932 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.11101047170
Sept. 2022	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,762	877,626	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$36 thousand Issuance of new restricted shares to employees for NT\$5,400 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No.11101181580
May. 2023	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,746	877,466	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$160 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 11230093030
Oct. 2023	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,734	877,346	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$120 thousand	_	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 11230185960
Dec. 2023	10	100,000	1,000,000	87,730	877,306	New restricted employee shares recovered for cancellation NT\$40 thousand	-	Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 11230236470

2. Categories of outstanding shares

Catagorias of charas		Bomarks		
Categories of shares	Outstanding shares	Unissued shares	Total	Remarks
Ordinary shares	87,730,567	12,269,433	100,000,000	Listed stocks

3. Information relevant to overall declaration system: None

(2) Structure of shareholders

April 16, 2024; Expressed in Persons; Shares

Type of Shareholder Quantity		Financial institutions	Other juristic persons	Individuals	Foreign institutions and foreigners	Total
Number of shareholders	5	26	32	2,105	961	3,129
Shares held	576,723	1,752,677	14,113,394	11,882,300	59,405,473	87,730,567
Shareholding rate	0.66	1.99	16.08	13.55	67.72	100

(3) Facts of disperse of shareholding

1. Ordinary shares

,			April 16, 2024
Shareholding grading	Number of shareholders	Number of shares held	Shareholding percentage %
1 to 999	1,943	131,304	0.15
1,000 to 5,000	535	1,130,564	1.28
5,001 to 10,000	127	971,397	1.11
10,001 to 15,000	66	842,890	0.96
15,001 to 20,000	55	954,050	1.09
20,001 to 30,000	71	1,794,533	2.05
30,001 to 40,000	52	1,805,568	2.06
40,001 to 50,000	35	1,575,828	1.8
50,001 to 100,000	92	6,420,180	7.32
100,001 to 200,000	65	8,887,151	10.13
200,001 to 400,000	40	11,443,467	13.04
400,001 to 600,000	20	9,650,134	11
600,001 to 800,000	13	9,177,601	10.46
800,001 to 1,000,000	4	3,496,394	3.99
Above 1,000,001	11	29,449,506	33.56
Total	3,129	87,730,567	100

2. Preferred shares: The Company does not issue preferred shares.

(4) List of key shareholders:

The names, shareholding number and percentages of shareholders holding over 5% or shareholders ranking among the top ten:

Shares Names of Key shareholders	Number of shares held	Shareholding rate (%)
Hsieh, Juor-Ming	8,372,166	9.54%
FSP Group	3,344,822	3.81%
Open Great International Investment Limited Company	3,310,359	3.77%
RGI S.R.L.	2,529,464	2.88%
Citi Commercial (Taiwan) Bank entrusted for custody of the Singapore Government Investment Account	2,374,958	2.71%
Hsieh, Yi-Ling	2,099,874	2.29%
NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited as Trustee of St. Jamess Place Emerging Markets Equity Unit Trust - Wasatch Advisors Inc. as external fund manager		2.18%
Cathay Life Insurance's discretionary account with Cathay Securities Investment Trust (SG Taipei Equity Strategy I)	1,338,885	1.53%
Fidelity Investment Trust : Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund	1,114,868	1.27%
KUWAIT INVESTMENT AUTHORITYKIABlackrock Investment Management (UK) Limited as external fund manager	1,050,000	1.20%

(5) Market price per share, net value, earnings, dividends and other related information for the most recent 2 years:

Item		Yea	r 2022	2023	As of March 31, 2023
	Highest		1,820	2,070	1,790
Market price per share	Lowest		1,205	1,275	1,325
	Average		1,481.38	1,655.50	1,551.43
Not Value per chare	Before distrib	ution	95.07	95.27	-
Net Value per share After distribution		ion	51.57	(Note 2)	-
	Weighted average shares		87,098 thousand	87,255 thousand	
Fornings nor choro			shares	shares	-
Earnings per share	Earnings per	27.13	50.90	41.52	-
	share (Note 2)		50.90	(Note 2)	-
	Cash dividend	S	43.50	37.50	-
Dividende ner chare	Stock	-	-	-	-
Dividends per share	dividends	-	-	-	-
	Retained dividends		-	-	-
	PER		29.10	39.87	-
ROI	Price-dividenc	l ratio	34.05	44.15	-
	Cash dividend	s yield	2.94	2.27	-

Note 1: Net worth per share, Earnings per share (EPS): The Company should fill up the data duly audited (reviewed) by the Certified Public Accountant of the latest quarter as of the Annual Report issuance date.

Note 2: The Company's appropriation of earnings in 2022 was officially resolved by the board of directors on February 26, 2024 and is not yet resolved by the shareholders' meeting.

- (6) The Company's dividend policies and facts of implementation:
 - 1) The dividend policy as set forth under the Articles of Incorporation:

According to the Articles of Incorporation, the Company should allocate 3.75%-11.5% of pre-tax profits (prior the allocation of bonuses to employees and remunerations to directors) as bonuses to employees and no more than 3.75% of the pre-tax profits (prior the distribution of bonuses to employees and remunerations to directors) as remunerations to directors. In case of cumulative losses (including the earnings adjusted but not yet distributed), the priority should be given to the offsetting of the cumulative losses.

In case of any post-tax net earnings for the current period, the funds should be used first to make up the prior losses (including the earnings adjusted but not yet appropriated), followed with the allocation of 10% as legal reserve. However, this is not applicable to the situation where cumulative legal reserve has reached the same amount as paid-in capital. Any additional earnings shall then be appropriated as or converted into additional surplus as required by laws or competent authorities. Finally, the earnings remaining, together with the earnings adjusted but not yet appropriated (including the earnings adjusted but not yet appropriated), shall be subject to the allocation proposed by the board and distributed as dividends once resolved by the shareholders' meeting.

Our dividend policy is formulated according to our current and future development plans, the investment environment, funding requirements and competitive landscape in Taiwan and overseas, and with a view to the best interest of shareholders. We may allocate no less than 20% of the earnings available for distributions each year as dividends, in cash or in stock. To maintain the stability of our dividend streams, our policy dictates that cash dividends shall not fall below 10% of the total dividends. However, if the dividend is lower than NT\$ 0.3 per share, the board may decide not to appropriate earnings, subject to the resolution from the shareholders' meeting.

Where the Company allocates bonus to employees in stocks, the payees may include the employees of the Company's auxiliaries who satisfy the vesting conditions. The terms of allocation shall be resolved by the chairman. Where the Company operates at no earnings, no dividend and bonus shall be allocated. Given consideration of the Company's finance, business and operating environments, the Company may allocate the legal reserve and capital surplus either in whole or in part according to laws or requirements of the competent authority. 2) Allocation of dividend for the year having been proposed:

The Company's board of directors already resolved on February 26, 2024 the appropriation of earnings of Year 2023:

	Amount				
Items	Subtotal	Total			
Undistributed earnings available for distribution at the beginning of the year		594,387,181			
2023 Net profit after tax	3,622,555,311				
Cancelation of new restricted employee shares as a credit entry to retain earnings	696,000				
Net profit after tax during the period and items other than net profit after tax during the period added to the undistributed earnings for the year		3,623,251,311			
Legal reserve (10%), set aside by law		(362,255,531)			
Special reserve set aside by law		(149,420,810)			
Distributable net profit as of this period		3,705,962,151			
Distribution					
Cash dividend: \$35.5 per share		(3,114,435,129)			
Undistributed earnings		591,527,022			

Unit: NT dollar

- (7) The impact of the bonus share grants proposed by the present shareholders' meeting upon the Company's business performance and earnings per share (EPS): Not applicable.
- (8) The remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors:
 - 1) The percentage and scopes of the remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors as set forth under the Articles of Incorporation:

As expressly provided for in the Company's current Articles of Incorporation, where the Company proves to operate at a profit (which means the profit before tax before deduction of the remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors), a sum 3.75%~11.5% of the balance shall be the remuneration to employees and 3.75% maximum shall be the remuneration to directors and supervisors. Before the Company's Audit Committee came into being, the remuneration to the supervisors along with the remuneration to the directors shall be allocated within 3.75% of the profit made by the Company in the year.

2) The accounting process in case of a discrepancy among the grounds to estimate the remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors this term, the grounds to calculated the stock bonus from the amounts estimated:

According to the relevant laws, the Company estimated the remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors for 2023 in amounts of NT\$180,000,000 and NT\$14,400,000, respectively. The aforementioned the remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors were calculated on the grounds of the previous experiences and allocable amounts. As resolved in the board of directors meeting convened on February 26, 2024, the aforementioned remunerations should be allocated in cash. This is pending the resolution by the shareholders by the board of June 14, 2024. In case of any material changes to amounts before the release of the annual consolidated financial reports, as resolved by the board, the change shall be accompanied with the adjustment to the originally recognized annual expenses. In case of any material changes to amounts after the release of the annual consolidated financials, such changes should be treated as changes of accounting estimates, and adjustments shall be made accordingly for the subsequent year.

- 3) Information of the remuneration to employees proposed and resolved by the board of directors:
 - (1) The total amount of remuneration to employees: NT\$194,400,000.
 - (2) The percentage of stock bonus to employees as proposed to the aggregate total to the net profit after tax of the parent company only or the individual financial statements and the bonus to employees: None
- 4) Allocation of remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors in the preceding year with significant discrepancy of the acknowledgement of bonus to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors, the causes and countermeasures:

In terms of remuneration to employees, directors and supervisors in the Year 2022, both the estimate and the actual allocation amounted to NT\$224,400,000, without any discrepancy.

(9) The Company's repurchase of its own shares: Not applicable.

2. Facts about the corporate bonds

- (1) Acts on corporate bonds: None
- (2) Data of convertible corporate bonds: None
- (3) Data of exchange corporate bonds: None
- (4) Aggregate total declaration of corporate bonds: None
- (5) Data of issuance of the preferred shares with warrants: None

3. Acts on preferred shares: None

- 4. Acts on global depositary receipts (GDR): None
- 5. Acts on employee stock option certificates: None

6. Acts on new restricted employee shares:

December 31, 2023

				December 31, 2023			
Categories of new	New shares to emp	loyees with restrict	ed rights issued in 2	2022			
restricted employee shares							
Date when the declaration	August 10, 2022						
became effective and total	540,000 shares						
number of shares							
Date of issue (Base	September 8, 2022						
(reference) date of capital							
increase)							
Number of new restricted	540,000 shares						
employee shares having							
been issued							
Number of new restricted	0 shares						
employee shares still							
available for issuance							
Price of issue	Issue gratuitously						
Percentage of the number	0.62%						
of shares of new restricted							
employee shares to the							
aggregate total outstanding							
shares							
Vesting conditions for the	1. Below is the sc	hedule for the expi	ry of restrictions at	tached to this			
new restricted employee			, mployees who were				
shares			ceipt, has not violat				
			•	s and non-compete			
				employees and the			
	Company.	C C	0 /	. ,			
		one vear after rece	ipt of new shares a	nd achieving			
			, nployee and the Co				
			ipt of new shares a				
	-	•	nployee and the Co	-			
	20%;	о ,	. ,	1 ,			
		three vear after rec	eipt of new shares	and achieving			
			nployee and the Co				
	60%.	0,,	F - /	1. , 0			
		argets are determir	ied by Chairman wi	th employees of four			
		-	nts. The Company's				
			es, consolidated gr				
				rating margin. Each			
			d B. Achieving eithe				
			e a target has been				
			-				
	the shares shall be allocated for the current year. The determination of the indicators and target achievements are based on the consolidated						
	financial statements of the year before the Company has met its vesting						
	conditions and audited by the Public Certified Accountant.						
	Below is a detailed list of the targets.						
				Shares allocated			
	Operating target	Torgot A	Target D	during the current			
	(consolidated)	Target A	Target B	year once either			
			Higher than the	target is hit			
	Revenue	Up by 10% or more	Higher than the average during the	25%			
		year-over-year	past three years				
	11						

	1				
		Up by 1% or more	Higher than the		
	Gross margin (%)	year-over-year	average during the past three years	25%	
			Higher than the		
	Operating profits	Up by 10% or more	average during the	25%	
	(NT\$)	year-over-year	past three years		
			Higher than the		
	Operating margin	Up by 1% or more	average during the	25%	
	(%)	year-over-year	past three years		
Restrictions of the new	Rights subject to re	estriction for the new	w shares accepted	before satisfaction to	
restricted employee shares	the vesting condition	ons:			
	•		striction for the new	w shares under these	
				ions, he or she shall	
	-		-	any or an institution	
				•	
			snall sign all require	ed documents based	
	•	ed procedures.			
			•	under the preceding	
		r the new restricted			
	allocated, suc	h employee shall no	ot sell, pledge, trans	sfer, donate,	
	mortgage or o	dispose in any other	means for such sh	ares not	
	accomplishing	g the vesting condit	ions.		
	(3) These shares	are held by a trust a	and do not have the	e rights for attending	
	shareholders	meeting, making p	roposals and comm	nents or voting.	
		es with the shares o	-	-	
	distribution of stock dividends, cash dividends and bonus shares, and subscribe to new shares. All else rights of these shares are the same as				
	ordinary shares.				
Custody of the new			account for trust of	stodian properties of	
-	CTBC Bank Co., Ltd			istoulari properties or	
		e fails to live up to	-	ons or develops	
		mployee shall take	the following acts:		
	1. Severance:				
new restricted employee		who quits, retires o			
shares but fails to live up to				hares shall forfeit the	
the vesting conditions			-	date when such fact	
		ctive. At such an eve		vill retrieve and	
	revoke his or	her shares accordin	g to law.		
	2. In case of nat	ural death:			
	Where an em	ployee dies as a res	ult of factor other t	han occupation-	
	oriented calar	Where an employee dies as a result of factor other than occupation-			
	oriented calamity, such employee forfeits from the date of death the qualifications to claim the new restricted employee shares for which h			date of death the	
	qualifications				
		to claim the new re	stricted employee	shares for which he	
	or she has not	to claim the new re accomplished the	stricted employee vesting conditions.	shares for which he The Company will	
	or she has not retrieve and c	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a	stricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation.	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha	stricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation.	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented cala	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity:	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. Ilt of occupation-	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha iented calamity and	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unabl	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. It of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits,	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented cala Where an em occupation-or he or she is de	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha iented calamity and eemed to have auto	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unabl matically accomplia	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or he or she is de conditions sta	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha iented calamity and eemed to have auto arting from the date	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unable matically accompli- on which his or he	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting r quit becomes	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or he or she is de conditions sta effective thou	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha riented calamity and eemed to have auto rting from the date gh he or she has no	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unable matically accomplis on which his or he ot accomplished the	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or he or she is de conditions sta effective thou for the new re	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha iented calamity and eemed to have auto rting from the date gh he or she has no estricted employee	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unabl matically accomplis on which his or he ot accomplished the shares.	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting r quit becomes e vesting conditions	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or he or she is de conditions sta effective thou for the new re 4. In case of dea	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha riented calamity and eemed to have auto rting from the date gh he or she has no estricted employee a th resulting from a	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unable matically accomplis on which his or he ot accomplished the shares. occupation-oriente	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting r quit becomes e vesting conditions d calamity:	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or he or she is de conditions sta effective thou for the new re 4. In case of dea	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha iented calamity and eemed to have auto rting from the date gh he or she has no estricted employee	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unable matically accomplis on which his or he ot accomplished the shares. occupation-oriente	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting r quit becomes e vesting conditions d calamity:	
	or she has not retrieve and c 3. Where an em oriented calar Where an em occupation-or he or she is de conditions sta effective thou for the new re 4. In case of dea Where an em	to claim the new re accomplished the ancel such shares a ployee becomes ha mity: ployee becomes ha riented calamity and eemed to have auto rting from the date gh he or she has no estricted employee th resulting from a ployee dies as a res	estricted employee vesting conditions. ccording to law wit ndicapped as a resu ndicapped physical d, as a result, unable matically accompli- on which his or he ot accomplished the shares. occupation-oriente ult of factor of occu	shares for which he The Company will hout compensation. ult of occupation- ly as a result of e to work and quits, shed the vesting r quit becomes e vesting conditions d calamity:	

	 he or she has not accomplished the vesting conditions for the new restricted employee shares. 5. Prolonged leave without pay: Where an employee is specifically approved of prolonged leave without pay, the time schedule for his or her acquirement of new restricted employee shares for which he or she has not accomplished the required qualifications shall be extended with the period starting from the date when the period of leave without pay becomes effective until the day on which he or she resumes employment. 6. If any employee violates the terms and conditions of the labor contract or work rules post the granting of shares with limited rights, the Company reserves the right to recall and cancel the new shares to employees with limited rights for those whose vesting conditions are not accomplished. For the new restricted employee shares for which an employee has accomplished. For the new restricted employee or his or her inheritor(s) to coordinate with the retrieval process, the or his or her inheritor(s) to coordinate with the retrieval process, the or his or her inheritor(s) shall complete the retrieval procedures within one(1) year starting from receipt of the notification served in accordance with these Regulations. In the event that his or her inheritor(s) shall be deemed to have refused to retrieve and the Company is entitled to retrieve such new restricted employee shares without compensation and cancel them.
The number of the new	32,000 shares
restricted employee shares	
having been retrieved or	
repurchased The number of the new	102 400 shares
restricted employee shares	102,400 shares
having been lifted from	
restriction	
The number of the new	405,600 shares
restricted employee shares	
having not been lifted from	
restriction	
The percentage taken by	0.46%
the number of the new	
restricted employee shares having not been lifted from	
restriction to the aggregate	
total outstanding shares	
(%)	
Impact upon the	As of February 16, 2022, the number of the Company's shares outstanding
shareholders' equity	was 87,419,367. The expected number of new restricted shares to be issued
	to employees is 0.62% of the current number of shares outstanding. The
	impact on earnings per share is expected to be c. NT\$1.14, NT\$2.95, NT\$1.82 and NT\$0.91 for 2022, 2023, 2024, and 2025, respectively. The amount likely
	to be expensed does not have a material effect on shareholders' equity.
	te de expensed decenternate à material chect en shareholders equity.

Names and facts of acquirement of managers and top ten employees who have obtained the new restricted employee shares

											<u> </u>	2023
			shares	ed igate	Having beer	lifted	from	restriction	Having not be	en lift	ed fro	m restriction
	Title (Note 1)	Name	Number of the new restricted employee shares acquired	The percentage of the new restricted employee shares acquired to the aggregate total outstanding shares (Note 3)	Number of the new restricted employee shares acquired having been lifted from restriction	Price of issue	Amount of issue	The percentage of the new restricted employee shares having been lifted from restriction to the aggregate total outstanding shares	Number of the new restricted employee shares having not been lifted from restriction	Price of issue	Amount of issue	The percentage of the new restricted employee shares having not been lifted from restriction to the aggregate total outstanding shares
7	Vice General Manager Vice General Manager	Chin, Chih- Hsin Wang, Chia- Yi				hout ion				lssuance without compensation		
Managers	Senior Manager of	Lu, Yu-	78,000 shares	0.09%	15,600 shares	suance withou compensation	_	0.02%	62,400 shares	suance withou compensation	_	0.07%
ıge	R&D Department	Cheng	78,000 shares 0.09	78,000 shares	0.0978	15,000 shares	nce		0.0276			0.0770
S	Financial Manager	Wang, Kuo- Chin				Issuance without compensation	com	lssua				
	Chief Governance Officer	Chen, Yi-Ju										
	Manager of Marketing Department	Ke, Ai-Chen										
	Manager of Product Department	Lin, Chih- Chien										
	Manager of R&D	Yen, Kun-				ssuance without compensation				ssuance without compensation		
	Department	Lung				sat				sat		
ц.	Manager of R&D	Huang,				len				nə		
Employees (Note	Department	Sheng-Kai				dm				dm		
oye	Manager of R&D Department	Yu, Tung- Chen				S				8		
es.	Section Chief of	CHEN,	67,000 shares	0.08%	13,400 share	out	—	0.02%	53,600 shares	out	—	0.06%
(No	R&D Department	HUANG-QI				thc				thc		
ŧ.	Section Chief of	XU, YI-LI				Ň				ž		
2)	R&D Department	·				lce				ce		
	Manager of Product					Jan				Jan		
	Department	Nien-Yang				SSL				SSL		
	Manager of Product											
	Department	Chien										
	Section Chief of	XIAO, MEI-										
	Marketing	LING										
L	Department											

Note: (1) This refers to both managers and employees (including those who have left or deceased, to be noted). The names and

job titles should be separately disclosed but the allocations or subscriptions may be summarized in disclosure. (2) This refers to the employees, not managers, vested with the top 10 positions of the new shares with restricted

employee interests.

(3) The number of shares issued refers to the number of shares issued as updated with the registration to the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

(4) Resigned

7. Facts of merger/acquisition (M&A) or inward transfer of outstanding new shares from another company: None

8. Facts of implementation in utilization of working capital

As of the quarter preceding the Annual Report issuance date, the facts of negotiable securities in the previous issuances or privately placed securities had not been accomplished or had been accomplished within the past three years with the effectiveness not yet emerged: None

V. Operations Overview

1. Business content

(1) Scope of business

- 1) The Company shall engage in the following business lines:
 - 1. F113050 Wholesale of computing and business machinery equipment
 - 2. F118010 Wholesale of computer software
 - 3. F119010 Wholesale of electronic components
 - 4. F401010 International trade
 - 5. IG03010 Energy technology services
 - 6. E605010 Computing equipment installation
 - 7. E603050 Automation equipment engineering
 - 8. CC01010 Electric power generation, electrical transmission and power distribution machinery production
 - 9. I501010 Product designs
 - 10. I599990 Other designs
 - 11. CC01080 Electronics Components Manufacturing
 - 12. F113110 Wholesale of Batteries
 - 13. CC01990 Other Electrical Engineering and Electronic Machinery Equipment Manufacturing
 - 14. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law and regulations
- 2) Business Proportion

Year	2023		2022			
	Amount of operating	Proportion	Amount of operating	Proportion		
Product	income	(%)	income	(%)		
On-Line UPS	6,585,631	34.75	7,123,640	31.35		
Off-Line UPS	5,249,024	27.70	6,089,605	26.80		
Inverter/ PV Inverter	5,320,524	28.07	7,919,966	34.85		
Other	1,795,664	9.48	1,591,385	7.00		
Total	18,950,843	100.00	22,724,596	100.00		

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

3) Current products of The Company

The Company's primary business is the production and sales of UPS (Uninterruptible Power System). Additionally, the Company offers professional ODM design and manufacturing of power converters (also known as inverter), AVR (Automatic Voltage Regulator), PV inverter, ESS (Energy Storage System), EV Charger. The main products are indicated as the following:

- A. UPS
 - (A) Off-line UPS: 400VA 3000VA
 - (B) On-line UPS: 1KVA 600KVA
- B. Inverter/AVR: 600VA 50KVA

- C. ACCESSORY:
 - (A) SNMP Card
 - (B) MODBUS Card
 - (C) PDU & MAINTENANCE Bypass Switch
- D. EV Charger
- E. Energy Storage System

(2) Business overview

1) Current situation and development in the industry

The Company is a DMS (Design & Manufacturing Service) supplier for UPS, inverter, and PV inverters, ESS (Energy Storage System), EV Charger. Its primary business is to perform the design and manufacturing services for clients of various international branding customers, our products are primarily for export sales. In the past three years, our export exceeded 90% of the total revenues. The Company's unrelenting pursuit in development of innovative and high quality products, at the same time avoid competition with clients, by not making its own brand, and provided customized products and services to meet clients' needs, thus maintaining excellent cooperative relationships with clients.

The Company is a DMS (Design & Manufacturing Service) manufacturer for UPS and other electronic equipment such as inverters, and PV inverters. For the past three years, the revenues from UPS averaged between 60 to 70 percent of our revenues, and have become the primary source of earnings. Besides in recent years, the trend of green energy in combination with the energy storage has significantly driven the global energy storage markets as well, thereby increasing the demand for PV Inverters. An overview upon UPS industry and PV Inverter industry is provided hereunder:

- A. UPS Industry
 - (A) Overview of product development

When there are electrical problems such as power outages or destabilizing voltages, UPS can switch the electrical input source to internal batteries automatically; it continues to supply power to PC or peripherals for a short period of time. The PC and peripherals then can utilize the power provided by UPS to shut down the operating systems, prevent damage or data loss. In today's world, we are heavily dependent upon electrical equipment, the benefits of UPS appear in situations of abnormal power conditions, (e.g., power outage, unstable current) it can still provide stable current to electronic equipment. UPS is often used to maintain a stable operation of commercial computer systems, communication equipment, and precision instruments.

The origin of UPS can be traced back to the time before World War II, in the beginning, it was used in communication products via vacuum tube and multivibrator. Its primary function at that time was to maintain a stable

voltage. It was later developed into flywheel UPS (also called a rotary UPS). It utilized the inertia of a flywheel to generate power continuously, but the system was bulky, the power quality was poor, it had a reduced efficiency and it was hard to operate, it was later converted to UPS with lead-acid batteries as the current mainstream. Due to the rise of environmental consciousness in recent years, some suppliers started using the lithium-ion battery as the power source. However, due to the higher costs, its current market share is still low.

Current UPS with lead-acid battery primarily consists of a battery, power semiconductors, transformers, power converters, resistors, capacitors and other related components. The theory to supply power is when the Grid power supply is nominal, the machine converts the AC from Grid power into DC, and charges the battery. But, when UPS detects a power outage or abnormal voltage from Grid power, it converts the battery-stored DC into AC and provides it to the protected equipment continuously, thus achieving the function of an uninterrupted power supply. In general, UPS can be classified based on their design categories:

- a. Off-Line UPS: Standby UPS and Line-interactive UPS
- b. On-Line UPS

The pros and cons of Off-line and On-line UPS and their applications are summarized in the following table:

	Off-line Type	On-line Type	Line Interactive Type	
	City power detection Charger Battery Converter		Charger Converter	
Advantages	Simple construction, small footprint, light weight, lowest price.	It's able to provide pure AC output, and poor power quality is able to improve this situation.	Able to improve portion of poor power quality, price between online and off-line types.	
Disadvantage s	City power not treated, unable to improve poor power quality, long time to convert, lowest protection.	Expensive, converter continues to operate, complex construction, highest cost, malfunction probability higher than off-line UPS.	Complicated controls, complex construction, high cost.	
Applications	PC, mostly used by personal applications.	Large scale telecommunication equipment, hospitals, etc.	Enterprise servers.	

Source: Industrial Technology Research Institute IEK (2011/12)

The advancement of human society was facilitated by technical progress, industrialization, and automation. New electronic products were constantly introduced on the market. Many had completely altered the pace of development and outlook of society, propelling us into the information age. However, as the economy prospers, the energy and power shortages started to spread, power failures occurred more frequently, each failure would shut down equipment, cause data loss, interrupted work, sometimes

it could also damage the entire electrical equipment and precision instruments, causing economic loss that is hard to quantify, and the primary function of UPS is to monitor the condition of power supply continually. Whenever there is a power outage or when the power quality degrades, UPS can, within a very short time, switch power supply to the batteries within the UPS, to ensure that the protected equipment can continue to operate normally, or to have sufficient time for operators to start appropriate contingency measures in response to the needs of equipment.

Therefore, the pursuit of stability of electrical energy quality, the reliability of equipment power, data security, became the most significant driving forces of UPS product advancement and technical innovation. In the meantime, as the industrialization of society and the degree of IT applications continue to accelerate, UPS demand in international market maintains a momentum of rapid growth.

- (B) Overview of UPS industry
 - a. Stable growth of the market

Due to the prevalence of broadband internet connectivity, a growing number of electronic devices such as cable television, wireless communications base stations, monitoring systems and security systems, and emerging development of cloud computing, smart grids, and generative AI, the demand for UPS (uninterrupted power supply) systems is increasing gradually. The Technavio research report forecasts that the overall UPS market will grow at an annual rate of 4.5% to US\$4.28 billion from 2022 to 2027. Global Market Insights also projects a compound annual growth rate of 5% for the UPS market in 2023-2032. Despite some differences among various reports in the estimates of overall market size, all research companies agree that the UPS market is growing steadily.

b. Even distribution in sales regions

According to the research report by Global Market Insights, there has been little change in regional distribution of sales in the global UPS market over recent years. Among the three major markets, the Americas account for about 40%, whilst Europe and Asia each accounts for nearly 30%. In developed countries with advanced industrial development, USP products are essential equipment due to demand from large server rooms and data centers for cloud and workstations used by companies. The demand for UPS products is even more urgent in developing countries and emerging markets, due to inadequate infrastructure facilities and power supply infrastructure. In sum, UPS products are in demand in all markets because they protect electronic products and equipment rooms.

c. Small to medium-sized UPS products as mainstream. High growth for

large-capacity UPS

The UPS specifications vary according to their applications; it's primarily based on the products' unit of capacity KVA (Kilo-Volt-Ampere). Presently, there are UPS products for less than 1KVA to over 200KVA. Because the product specifications are very complex, the separation was placed at 20 KVA, for large capacity products if greater than 20 KVA, medium to small capacity products if less than 20 KVA. According to a report issued by the famous research firm Frost & Sullivan in 2012, small to medium-sized UPS products accounted for majority of the global market in terms of volumes since 2010. In 2014, the market size of small to medium-sized UPS products reached \$6.41 billion, accounting for more than half of the global market. However, large-capacity UPS products have become the biggest segment over past few years, due to high growth in cloud equipment and data centers.

d. Intense market competition

Although UPS is a mature industry with stable growth, over 100 firms are competing in this market globally. Even though in the recent ten years, the top three firms continued to expand market share via merger, and because UPS products involve the power supply condition in various regions, the product design must meet the needs of the local requirements. Therefore, the regional suppliers that are familiar with their local markets and environments have the advantage to stake a share in the market. In general, the competitions in global UPS industry are generally fierce.

(C) Market overview of end-user applications

The market size of end-user applications was the key to driving force for the global UPS production values. According to the 2012 research report by Frost & Sullivan, from the viewpoint of production values of UPS application products, the two primary application categories are from enterprise infrastructure (the majority was servers) and data center (including edge computing). The server and data center of the enterprise account for approximately 80% of the total output value, while the other 20% mainly as communication equipment and individual users.

According to the reference in the Information Industry Yearbook published by MIC of Institute for Information Industry (Taiwan), looking at the industry trend of global information and communication, cloud computing has become a development priority for the next ten years. Looking from the supply side of the market, suppliers that involve in the cloud concept such as software, hardware, services, and applications are all optimistic about the market opportunities brought on by the cloud concept. They're committed to conducting product R&D of related applications and controlling market orders. As to the market demand driven by the cloud opportunities, and the rapid development of cloud computing, many enterprises have started to move toward cloud development when deploying their IT systems, in an attempt to reduce cost. For many companies, due to consideration of internal data security had chosen to establish their private cloud computing cluster, represented by larger enterprise sector. And the pattern of server suppliers is responsible for setting up infrastructure, offering lease options to small to mid-size enterprises.

As to the apparent benefits brought on by the cloud computing to the UPS industry, the hardware equipment requirement by the enterprise to develop cloud applications, primarily includes the safety consideration of stable power source as required by servers and data centers, UPS products have become a mandatory standard.

In addition, the constant evolution of cloud computing also drove related applicable services, such as Facebook, which is the most well known in related application services. Facebook has over two billion users, and because of its large number of users globally, the traditional server and data centers gradually become insufficient to meet their increasing demands. Facebook then started construction of its own data centers to meet the needs for processing the enormous amount of data. Other large enterprises also experienced the increased applications of cloud computing, they also followed Facebook's approach to expand their server room and data centers, and small to mid-size enterprises were limited by their economic scale and switched to adopt the solution offered by large data centers, driving the overall increase in market demand.

B. Industry overview for PV inverters

Broadly speaking, PV inverter's construction and operation are similar to the UPS. Thus, Voltronic Power, as a specialized DMS, provides clients complete service and is optimistic about the growth potential, and investing in the R&D and manufacturing of PV inverters. Product evolution and industry overview of PV inverters are explained below:

(A) Product overview

PV inverters are an important component of solar energy systems, and the sales of PV inverters are closely related to global solar installation volumes. A report by Stratistics MRC indicates that the global solar energy market is expected to reach \$275 billion by 2030, with an annual growth rate of 14.3%. The trend of combining green energy with storage over recent years has also driven growth in the global energy storage market and hence the annual growth in shipment volumes of PV inverters.

Overall, many countries and regions around the world have set Net Zero targets and introduced various forms of subsidies and support for renewable energy, including the deployment and construction of solar

energy systems, in hopes of reducing greenhouse gas emissions. This has underpinned the demand for PV inverters. In addition, due to technological advancements and declining costs, solar energy is finding its way to households, commercial and industrial users. As a result, the demand for PV inverters is growing year on year.

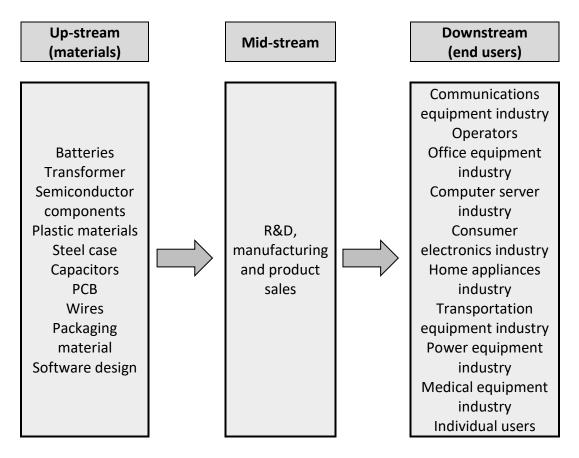
(B) Industry overview

PV inverters are an important component of solar energy systems, and the sales of PV inverters are closely related to global solar installation volumes. According to a report by TrendForce, the global solar installation is expected to be approximately 474GW in 2024, an increase of 16% from the previous year. This will drive the continued growth of shipment volumes of PV inverters.

2) Correlation in up, mid, and downstream segment in the industry

Voltronic Power accepts clients' projects, specializing in the R&D, design, and product manufacturing services of UPS, inverter, and PV inverter. Our upstream products are components (batteries, transformer, semiconductor electronic components, cabinet, PCB, etc.), among these components, battery occupies the highest proportion, our company's manufacturing base in Shenzhen, China where many local Chinese battery factories are located. Our company carefully selects suppliers through rigorous quality tests. At present, we have excellent relationships with our suppliers, and the supplies are stable without the risks of price fluctuation and supply shortage.

Our company also occupies the mid-stream in the industrial supply chain. R & D products based on customer order requirements are resold to end-users of downstream industries through customer orders. At present, our Company has over 500 clients, the sales are diverse, with relatively low risks. In the downstream applications, there are IT communication industry, home appliance industry, medical equipment industry, individual users, mass transportation equipment, and electrical equipment, etc. The applications are diverse with stable growth in the markets, so far, there is no apparent operating risk. The following figure depicts the product correlation among our company's up, mid, and downstream segments:



Here at Voltronic Power, the off-peak season gradually becomes less and less significant.

Table: Revenue distributions, Voltronic Power in recent two years

Revenue distributions	Year 2023	Year 2022
First half of the year	52%	47%
Second half of the year	48%	53%

To sum up, our company, due to factors such as its industry characteristics, product positions, and stable clients cooperation relationships, it's correlation to fluctuation in market economy is not as apparent as it is in other industries.

- 3) Various development trends and competitive situation of products
 - A. Future development trends of the industry

With the coming of The Internet era, IT and communication equipment require ever higher power quality, requirements for environmental protection for green, energy-saving are also on the rise, in order to meet the needs of future markets, the development of UPS shows the following trends:

(A) Product functions are becoming more versatile

With technological advancements, UPS design also receives upgrades. UPS adopts the latest digital signal processor (DSP) or microprocessor (MCU), to perform sampling of inspection and testing of control units. It achieves

the digital operation of UPS systems. DSP or MCU performs inspection and testing of units via sampling. It monitors the UPS working condition in real time and adjusts UPS control in real time, by implementing intelligent management. In a system with parallel redundancy, it also adopts multiple controllers to control the operation of parallel redundancy collectively, this improved the fault tolerance and reliability of the whole system.

(B) Product specification moving toward smaller footprint in a distributed manner

When many types of equipment required the power protection of UPS, one can choose from either centralized or distributed types. In a large UPS, moving power to the protected equipment, this type of installation is called centralized UPS system. The advantage of such a system is only needs to maintain one unit. The disadvantage is bearing all risk on a single unit, if an operation error occurs, it could result in failures all protected equipment. Also with only one UPS, it is hard to make an adjustment to power services required by various equipments. The other option is to utilize multiple, smaller UPS to be installed by the equipment that needs the protection, this type of installation is called distributed UPS system. Its advantage is high degrees of flexibility; the load can be set separately, moreover, due to large-scale production, the prices of small UPS are becoming more competitive. Therefore, the architecture of distributed UPS is the future trend.

(C) Energy saving and efficiency

Due to the growing tension in energy supply, energy saving and environmental protection will be the principles of new technical innovation in power enterprise. Technological innovation in UPS product mainly focused on raising energy utilization efficiency and lowering environmental pollution. Therefore, increasing the work efficiency of UPS products and reducing equipment's power loss will be a significant trend in the technical development of future products.

In addition, the harmonic current generated by various power consumption equipment and power devices polluted power grid severely. With the introduction of various policies and regulations, the call for pollution-free green power devices is gaining momentum. Other than adding wave filter on UPS, power factor correction at the input side of power grid should also be adopted. This will reduce the effect of UPS harmonic current in a power grid.

The subject of solar power generation has received much attention in recent years, the core technology in solar energy converter is the same as the power conversion technology and core control technology used in the UPS. The knowledge to combine UPS and green energy applications, to generate power more efficiently and to protect power source, and power backup is essential development trends of UPS. Presently, the solar photovoltaic in light energy utilization, power conversion, and green

architecture applications convey the concept of creating future green energy. Due to its characteristics of pollution-free and easy to obtain, solar energy has been favored by the new energy industry. A complete solar energy industry chain has been formed; competition is becoming increasingly fierce. Although in recent years, the solar energy industry faced negative impacts such as high power generation costs, declined industry profit, and excessive production capacity, but, the ratio of power generation by solar energy is still low, the development potential is still enormous for the industry.

(D) Product safety and reliability continue to rise

Because UPS products are advertised to offer stable temporary power during a power outage or in an emergency, by allowing users to avoid damaging electronic products and the potential loss of important data. With the upgrade in the high tech industry, due to the more expensive equipment and precision manufacturing processes, their requirement for power quality has also increased. Therefore, the demand for the reliability of UPS products increased accordingly.

In addition, the market demand for the traditional large machine room and equipment applications, grow in concurrency with the need for small to mid-size electronic products; based on applications of various products and their configuration of electrical circuits, the design and development of UPS products changed accordingly. Thus, it provides more secure and complete protection.

(E) Development of cloud industry drove demand for On-line UPS

With the concept of cloud computing gaining popularity, and a large number of the establishment of related computer IT supporting hardware such as servers, large workstations, data centers. Because of special requirement of electrical current design and power equipment spec, Online UPS products have been growing significantly. Market demand patterns of global UPS products in the future will go with the maturity of cloud industry business opportunities and impacts its downstream applications significantly. It will drive the market requirement of On-line UPS product growth.

As to PV inverter products, invested firms are usually electrical and electronic manufacturers that has experience making power supplies, power protection devices (Such as UPS, rectifiers, transformers, etc.). Other than closely related to UPS, the PV inverter industry, with the evolution of the market situation and the requirement of product features, the future development trend of PV inverter is described below:

(a) Increasing conversion efficiency

The conversion efficiency is still the most crucial focus in PV Inverter.

Presently, the highest efficiency can be reached at 97-98%. But market average efficiency is around 92-94%; there are still lots of room for improvement. Because the conversion efficiency directly affects the power generation efficiency of a solar power generation system, the market has never stopped requesting for higher conversion efficiency, and it's also the goal of future R&D for suppliers.

(b) Bidirectional applications of PV inverter products

In recent years, the various governments gradually reduced the subsidies for On-Grid based PV inverter systems. Because when sunshine is abundant, feeding a significant amount of electricity into the electrical grid when the load was exceeded the Grid limit will cause the system to go off-line completely. They cannot be utilized at night, it caused excessive energy fluctuation in the electrical grid, and it was a problem for power distribution and unstable power supply. Therefore, to avoid a situation where installation of solar energy becomes widespread but causing a degradation to the safety of electrical grid, consideration was put in place to increase safety and stability to the electrical grid. At present, the market trend of PV inverter is being developed with self-consumption as the priority, in solar energy-related systems. Germany and the U.S. both plan to subsidize products that do not feed into the electrical grid directly.

B. The competitive situation of products

With the adjustment of global industrial structure, Asia Pacific region has become the center of manufacturing industry, relying on the relatively inexpensive labor and abundant technical talents. Most UPS brand companies adopted two methods to lower their operating costs: One approach is to invest in setting up factory in these regions, the other method is to sub-contract the design and manufacturing through OEM or ODM. Due to the continued refinement of labor in industrial chain, sub-contracting the design and production has become mainstream.Mainland China and Taiwan are located in the Asia Pacific regions and have a complete supply chain for UPS industry. And thus are gradually becoming the international center of manufacturing of UPS production. Most UPS companies both manufacture customized brands, and their brands, the products they made for clients compete with their brands which created irreconcilable market conflicts.

Our company's business model specialized in DMS design and manufacturing. We focused on offering the customized R&D and production services to our clients; we do not develop our own brand. In the ODM strategy positioning, with the current size of the Company, it has obtained the leadership position. Through advantageous centralized resources in design, scale procurement, and scale production, it continued to leave the OEM manufacturers and branding mix suppliers further behind.

Our Company's primary source of revenue comes from UPS. UPS, as the name

suggests, is when there is a power outage, it can quickly replace Grid power, supplying power to equipment, it is similar to emergency lighting equipment. But, UPS design is more precise, it can switch between Grid power and battery or converter more quickly, it remedies the disadvantages of extended power downtime of fuel generators and other backup equipment. It also does not have the problems of noise and pollution as created by fuel generators. Unless they can effectively improve the power supply speed and reduce environmental pollution, fuel generators cannot replace UPS.

There are various product specifications according to UPS power rating, the product of different ratings meet the market needs of their applications, they are not interchangeable.

In addition, PV inverter is devices that convert direct current (DC) generated by solar power to alternating current (AC), with the current conversion, the solar energy power can be connected to the electrical grid to be used as Grid power. At present, there is no substitution of PV inverter in solar energy power system, so far, there are no replacement risks.

(3) Overview of technology and R&D

1) Technical levels and R&D of operating business

The Company was founded in May 2008. Enormous amount of R&D resources were invested even in the early years, it worked on the independent R&D of Offline and On-line UPS, and established R&D group for monitoring software in 2009. R&D on On-grid and Off-grid PV inverter products in 2010, and started three-phase R&D work on UPS. Up to now, classified according to product categories, there are various R&D units such as Off-line UPS, On-line UPS, monitoring software and PV inverters.

2) Educational background and experience of R&D staff

			-
		2023	Current year up to
Year		(Expressed	March 2024
		in persons)	(Expressed in persons)
Beginning he	adcount	519	539
New staff		145	24
Staff who left		126	39
Laid off and r	etirement	0	0
Department of	Department changes		0
Total R&D sta	aff at period end	538	524
Average leng	th of service	3.79	3.57
Turnover rate	2	18.98%	6.93%
	PhD		2
Distribution	Master	31	34
of degrees	University and College	475	470
	High school	30	18

Note 1: Turnover = Staff who left / (staff at period end + Staff who left)

- Note 2: Total count of R&D staff included Voltronic Power and its subsidiary
- 3) Annual R&D expenses invested in recent two years

Expressed	Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars; %			
Year	2023	2022		
R&D expenses	933,367	905,917		
Net operating income	18,950,843	22,724,596		
R&D expenses/Net operating income	4.93%	3.99%		

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4) Successful technologies or products or development in recent years

Year	R & D achievements	Content description	
	 Off-Line: (1) Three-leg circuit 230V line-interactive sine wave 1~3k model development. (2) With the cloud and wireless APP intelligent control output UPS model development. 	New model development	
	 On-Line 1~5KVA : (1) Online 3k 1U rack lithium battery model development. (2) Online 6k 1U rack model development. (3) On Line 1~3kVA Galleon One (pf=1) European Economic Version model development. 	New model development	
2023	 On-Line 6~600KVA : (1) Online 6kVA long-acting type 1U high power density model development. (2) Online 3/3 high power density 80kW UPS models development. (3) Online 3/3 208Vac high power density 60/120kW UPS models development. (4) Online 3/3 480Vac 350/700kVA UPS models development. 	 Improved cost structure Completed debugging and development of high power module model 	
	 Inverter, Solar inverter, Charger Controller, EV Charger, ATS: (1) 50KW IP65 Off-Grid Solar inverter All-In-One model development. (2) Split phase 10KW IP65 HB UL Off-Grid Solar inverter All-In-One model development. (3) 10~30kW DC IN charging station development. (4) DC charging station IP65 20~30kW machine development. (5) 11~20kW IP65 V2G constant power low voltage DC fast charging station development. (6) Industrial and commercial photovoltaic energy storage 30~50kW system and 120~300kWh battery pack development. 	 Power enhancement Improvement of the battery management system Expanded module system of Charger/Inverter Parallel connection; charging efficiency enhancement 	

 (7) 7Kw Synchronous universal inverter economical version development. (8) Mobile energy storage system development. (PLC) 	
 Monitoring software development: (1) SNMPcard domestic alternative development. (2) Energy dispatching to Sunspec control protocol. (3) OCPP operation platform API development. 	Development of monitoring software

(4) Long and short-term business development plans

- 1) Short-term business plan
 - A. Product strategy

Continue to expand the product line, develop from small, mid-capacity to large capacity. From a single machine to modularization, parallel operation, implementing one-stop, complete solution service by building a comprehensive product range. In addition, each major product line should focus on R&D advantages to improve reliability, and in each regional market, satisfy and provide various product combinations of price-performance ratio.

B. Production strategy

Scale production and automation are the focus of the Company's production strategy. And to satisfy clients' sales characteristics of "small amount with diversity," our company integrated and merged parts, centralized production bases, modularized common circuits, to optimize supply chain management. Operational management focuses on reduce production costs, shorten delivery, and inventory reduction.

C. Sales strategy

Continue to expand all major sales market globally. Utilizing the current product lines as a basis to develop new clients in new markets proactively, and gain a deeper understanding of existing markets' client requirement, and with customized services to assist the clients to strengthen their competitiveness in the markets.

D. Financial cooperation

Based on sound business principles, The Company currently utilizes private capital and operation profits as the working capital, avoid risky investments and operations of derivative products.

- 2) Long term business plan
 - A. Product strategy and goals

Continue to improve the profitability of each product line via sequentially enhancing product reliability with scale production, value analysis, value engineering cycles, continue raising the entry barriers from competitors, and to maintain the growth momentum. Gradually increasing the revenues generated by new products each year, and raise the revenues proportion of high-end products.

B. Production strategy

Focus on cost control and strengthen cooperation with supply chains, utilizing automation to increase production efficiency, adequately reflect the cost-effectiveness of large-scale production.

C. Sales strategy

Pushback against low price competitors via independent R&D capabilities, increase ODM orders from leading regional firms (Regional leading manufacturer), expand the product applications into specialized areas such as industry, transportation, medical, and communication.

D. Financial strategy

Continue to monitor changes in interest rates and exchange rates, control interest expense and working capital accurately, utilizing own funds and operating profits to continue investing in advanced technology and equipment.

2. Overview of markets, production and sales

(1) Market analysis

1) Sales areas of key products

Sales regions		Year 2023		Year 2022		
		Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	
Domestic sales		709,964	3.75%	954,585	4.20%	
Exports	Asia	8,925,707	47.10%	9,607,396	42.28%	
	Others	9,315,172	49.15%	12,162,615	53.52%	
	Total exports	18,240,879	96.25%	21,770,011	95.80%	
Total		18,950,843	100.00%	22,724,596	100.00%	

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars; %

2) Market shares

Our main products are UPS and inverters/PV inverters. In contrast to most UPS companies from Taiwan and mainland China operating a mixture of own brands and OEM/ODM services, our management team has been cultivating the DMS business model for many years. We deeply understand the potential conflicts of interest between customers and the manufacturers with own brands but offering OEM services and such conflicts of interest are the main barriers for cooperation.

Therefore, we have always insisted on a pure DMS model from inception. This solidifies the confidence of customers, avoids conflicts of interest and maintains long-standing partnerships with customers. Currently, most Tier 1 UPS brands have become our customers. Meanwhile, many regional UPS brands are also our long-term customers. For the inverter/PV inverter market, as we consistently maintain the product portfolio of low volume, high mix, high quality, and high customization, we

have achieved a certain scale and earned high praise from customers. We have obtained a significant market share because of our emphasis on customers and extensive experience in manufacturing and R&D for more than ten years in the industry.

- 3) Supply, demand and growth of markets in the future
 - A. UPS industry

The overview of the global production of UPS industry in recent years shows that UPS industry belongs in a sector of stable growth. With the flourishment in global communication products, Internet, cable TV, Radio base station, smart grid, cloud computing. Developed end-user applications such as personal desktop PC, enterprise large data center, and the large equipment room for public infrastructure, all require protection from a stable power source, making UPS indispensable equipment, global UPS industry is then able to grow steadily.

Although the UPS industry has shown a trend of stable growth, but looking from the product mix, UPS products above 20KVA, benefited from large data centers of enterprise users, and public infrastructure equipment room in recent years, the annual growth speed was higher than that of UPS products below 20KVA and the overall UPS production growth rate. At present, our company's revenues still primarily came from UPS products less than 20KVA. However, with R&D capability, The Company already introduced UPS at 600KVA (highest), there should be sufficient technical capability to respond to sub-contracting from large international firms.

- B. UPS application products
 - (A) Servers

According to MIC's (of Institute for Information Industry) research report, in the market area of global server, driven by the calculation needs of data centers, market size will continue to grow. With the development of the Internet, business opportunities in cloud computing continue to grow, some applications derived from business IT equipment, computer room equipment, market demand for related products continued to appear. In the future, the market demand for server products will also continue to grow.

The research company TrendForce also indicates that the cloud service providers (CSPs) from the U.S. will remain the demand driver for the server market in 2024. That said, the persistently high inflation and elevated corporate financing costs will suppress capital expenditure. The global shipment of servers is expected to be 13.65 million units in 2024, up about 2% year-on-year. The focus is still on AI servers, accounting for approximately 12.1% of the total market.

(B) Data centers

According to the latest "Global IT spending statistics and forecast report" by Gartner, the global IT spending is expected to reach US\$4.5 trillion in 2023, up 2.4% from 2022.

Among them all, the software and IT service sectors are anticipated to grow by 9.3% and 5.5% respectively in 2023. Where both consumers and enterprises have extended their procurement update cycles, the markets are anticipated to drop by 5.1% in 2023. Where both Internet and cloud issues mature, even the large-scale enterprises have either built their own or rendered lease and sales services or gone through cloud service firms in an attempt to satisfy the demand for cloud amidst rapid growth of the enterprises themselves. In turn, the demand for establishment of medium, large scale data centers and network communications equipment related to software & hardware access is on the gradual rise as well.

Looking at the development of the global markets, construction and maintenance of existing data centers in mature markets such as the U.S. and Europe, markets in emerging countries, led by Asia, their rapid growth in enterprises, accelerated demand for construction of new data centers. It is expected that future global markets' demand for data centers will continue to grow aggressively.

(C) Personal computers

Where mobile phone devices become increasingly popular, the scale of desktop personal computers, laptop computers and tablet computer markets has continually declined. As predicted by the Market Intelligence & Consulting Institute (MIC) of the Institute for Information Industry (III), the traditional PC market shows a sign of continued decline. As the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19) spread abates, the shipment volume in the traditional PC market will decline by 11.6% annually, up to 106 million sets in 2022. The IDC Research Report further indicates that by 2023, the annual PC shipment volume shall further drop by 7.6% amidst the inventory adjustment and satisfaction to the demand. The economic pressure shall continually affect the PC sales on the negative side. Looking ahead toward future as mobile phone devices become increasingly popular, the demand in the overall markets shows signs of decline at a slow but secured step.

C. PV inverter industry

Global PV inverter industry market demand and solar energy power generation system are closely related. In order to replace traditional fossil fuel energy, the long-term direction of development is to continue reducing the cost to generate solar power energy. The same also drove the prices of various components in a solar energy system lower. The market primarily depends on the government subsidies to stimulate the development of the solar energy industry. The efficiency of PV inverter goes up each year, but the continuous declining of average price will become the future development norm of PV inverter. The Grand View Research report forecasts the global PV Inverter market scale to grow at a compound annual growth rate of 6.2% during the period starting from 2022 till 2030 where the PV Inverter market support is one of the very key factors to boost the markets to grow. As a matter of fact, governments of a good number of countries either have been or are being implemented the policy to back up solar energy power generation e.g., subsidies, tax-cut and the like. The dropping cost represents another key factor leading to the increase of demand Where solar energy related know-how matures amidst the in the markets. heated competitions, the PV Inverter costs have come down. Meanwhile, another key point is: The rise of solar energy markets is not confined to developed countries alone. Lots of newly emerging markets show a trend of adopting solar energy for power generation as well. Given the aforementioned factors into overall account, the supply/demand status and growth potential of PV Inverter markets remain quite promising in the days and years ahead.

- 4) Competitive niche
 - A. Business strategy focusing on DMS areas

The business strategy of UPS companies in Taiwan and mainland China is mostly a hybrid of own brands and client sub-contracting, but the management team of our company cultivated DMS clients for many years, deeply felt that mixture of own brand and client sub-contracting created a conflict of interests becoming a significant obstacle in cooperation. The Company firmly believes that by focusing on the DMS service model can develop reasonable values for clients, shareholders, and employees. Thus since the inception, The Company insisted on not operating on its own brand, to strengthen clients' confidence and to avoid conflict of interest with clients, by maintaining a long-term cooperative partnership with clients. And since its inception, the Company's business grew steadily each year, the number of clients also increased year by year, The Company insistence on the business model of not operating on own brand has achieved clients' recognition.

B. Market orientation

Our company is a professional DMS company, its clients are either manufacturers of internationally renowned brand or leading local brand in each country. The Company has reached the economies of scale of the world's largest production in DMS UPS, and the capabilities of innovation and customization from a sizable R & D team, well received by clients and able to earn tenders. Although The Company does not operate with its own brand, but the management team has accumulated years of experience from industry and market and is capable of mastering the power environment and special needs of local markets around the world, the Company is undoubtedly the DMS leader in the industry.

C. The R&D capability of rapid innovation

The Company's management team of business, development, and manufacturing areas has had many years of experience, has cultivated clients from various regions with different needs for a long time, thus was able to seize key market position quickly, and gained the leading edge. Our sizable R&D team continued to improve localization and innovation product specification and technology, introduced innovative products quarterly. On the one hand, using rapid efficiency and innovation and the most extensive product line in the industry, continue to separate the technical gap from competition, on the other hand, also depend on the demand of diversity and timeliness of the market, offering customized products to clients.

- D. Production advantages
 - (A) Economies of scale

In terms of shipment volume, VPT has become one of the world's largest DMS UPS manufacturers. Thus relative to competition, the Company enjoys apparent economic scale in procurement costs, therefore was able to maintain The Company's cost-competitiveness.

(B) Flexible production

Because UPS is a high-mixture, low volume industry. In response to clients' various product designs and production needs, The Company already developed a system superior to others in the industry: capacity deployment and production system of customization products, mixing and matching production line planning of various long-line, short-line, U-shaped production grid, introduced automation equipment, supply chain management and key components manufacturing with vertical integration, allowing The Company to maintain cost-competitive production model with a high yield rate and efficiency.

E. Complete product offerings

The Company and its subsidiaries have a professional R&D team of hundreds of highly-qualify engineers, focusing on different products. From the development of monitoring software or the development and maintenance of various UPS models or even for the development and design of PV inverter and other accessories and products. All have dedicated teams fully accountable for each project. At present, the Company offers a complete series of UPS products starting from the small 400VA to the large, three-phase 600KVA systems. And clients can choose products of PV inverter from 1KW-50KW, the clients can make adjustments to the standard model developed with independent R&D team from the Company, depending on the level of customization, The Company can complete the development in 2-12 weeks, making The Company the most experienced DMS firm.

- 5) Favorable, unfavorable factors of development prospects and countermeasures
 - A. Favorable factors
 - (A) Sheer size of overall industry and continued stable growth

UPS industry has been the one with stable growth. Except those new science & technology products amidst the efforts to get rid of the stale and bring forth the fresh will still call for the need of backup power supply, those newly emerging markets are still subject to challenge of unstable power supply. Indeed, one-third of world's population is still experiencing problems in stable power supply. Besides, with the continued development in Internet and telecommunications industry and data center equipment rooms, industry new trends in cloud computing and the smart grid will also increase demand for UPS related products. In the future, there is room for continuous and continued growth for the UPS industry.

(B) Strong R&D team

R&D staff includes hundreds of highly-qualify engineers in the Company and its subsidiaries focusing on different products. From the development of monitoring software or the development and maintenance of various UPS models or even for the development and design of PV inverter and other accessories and products. All have dedicated teams fully accountable for each project.

(C) Economies of scale in production model with effective cost control

When the Company was founded in 2008, it coincided with the global financial turmoil. Since its inception, we understood only by continuous efficiency optimization and production scale, can the costs be effectively managed and controlled. With constant efforts in recent years, not only does the revenues increased, due to continuous improvement in related cost control measures, reasonable profits were achieved.

In addition, there are many UPS firms globally, with average selling price declining in recent years due to intense competition. But Voltronic Power Technology, due to its economic scale in production and superior ability to control costs, highlights our competitiveness in seizing the market and improve our performances.

(D) Working with clients closely

Other than providing services to large firms with international brands, taking into account the differences in power supply system among various regions, our Company also develop a close working relationship with the leading companies in each local country, by providing customers highly customized products based on each region's environment and market characteristics.

- B. Unfavorable factors and countermeasures
 - (A) Dramatic changes in world economic climate

Heightened tensions between the U.S. and China and regional conflicts have resulted in dramatic fluctuations of the global market during recent years. The UPS market is not immune to these macro factors. The ensuing slowdown or pushback of end-user demand introduces some uncertainty to the company's growth prospects.

Countermeasures:

The Company spares no effort to expand markets into other regions. Meanwhile, we shall focus on developing high-end products, expanding the existing product mix. In the overall weak economic environment, internationally renowned manufacturers and local brand leader will also conduct an assessment on make-buy, cost-effectiveness, and the DMS services offered by our company ensures quality in line with clients' expectation. To facilitate the orders from renowned international firms and local leading brands by obtaining the most favorable position. Therefore, even when the overall environment is poor or unfavorable, The Company still has a chance to expand its client base.

(B) Difficulties in developing talents

Power Supply related industry must continuously invest in talent development. It is challenging to develop qualified R&D staff and gather experience at the same time, as our Company conducts the DMS business model, it must possess sufficient and highly qualify R&D staff, to respond to the need of client customizations.

Countermeasures:

Other than to increase staff salaries and various benefits, we also establish core values for our employees to identify the company's operating direction and strategy. We also cooperate with major universities, to create a smooth pipeline in hiring future talents.

The Company also sets up R&D units in Taiwan, by developing our own R&D staff, offers a solid training foundation from product appearance to electronic circuit configuration, etc. in an attempt to identify specialized R&D talents for Taiwan's UPS industry in order to satisfy the need for customization by clients in global markets.

(C) Merger uncertainties from international brand clients

In 2016, the American private placement equity investment company Platinum Equity acquired from Emerson Network Power the firm Emerson Electric to rename it into Vertiv. In recent years Legrand, a French firm has continually without an interruption acquired a number of local UPS brand firms in an attempt to boost its market shares. Such merger/acquisition (M&A) sprees have cast a quite significant impact upon the UPS industry throughout the world. Those brand manufacturers become increasingly likely to get involved in the merger/acquisition (M&A) sprees amidst their managerial strategies and directions. Will they continually merger/acquire local brand names in all regions and nations? Will they possibly change their operating modes from self-manufacture into OEM order mode? These issues cast quite a few uncertainties upon the DMS mode which our Company adopts at the moment.

Countermeasures:

In the UPS industry, local manufacturers in each region have the advantages of being familiar with local markets and power environment. Thus, they can have a certain market share in the local market, therefore, other than striving to get the orders from large manufacturers with international brands; our company also strive for clients from local manufacturers in each country. The strategy is to continue broadening our client base, to minimize the impact of any single client. In addition, The Company continues to improve product quality, technological capabilities, and high-end product development. If a client is being merged with an international branding company, with the Company's competitive advantage in DMS services, it would be an opportunity to penetrate the supply chain of this particular international brand.

(D) The rising of manufacturing costs

In recent years amidst the turbulent shock of raw materials & materiel and semiconductor supply chains while the fundamental wages and plant & land costs in the major production bases where the Company is located have significantly risen, the Company is bound to undergo certain impacts upon its business operations.

Countermeasures:

The Company continues to improve on process efficiency, by introducing automation equipment and reduction in human labor. Thus, offsetting the negative impact is brought by rising labor costs. In addition, by accelerating the product mix improvement, making the high-end technology-intensive product to take on a higher business proportion, thus reducing the effect of rising labor and material costs on business performance.

(E) Risks of foreign exchange rates

The Company's business model focuses on exports. Our products are shipped to over 100 countries in the U.S., Europe, etc. The trading currencies are primarily U.S. dollars and RMB. In procuring goods, USD and RMB are often used to make payments, after foreign currency receivables

payments offset each other, there remains a certain amount of foreign currency receivables. Thus, the fluctuation of exchange rates in USD and RMB impacts our company's profit and loss to a certain degree.

Countermeasures:

Financial department is responsible for gathering data from various financial institutions, monitoring international economic climate, grasp the trend of future exchange rates at any time. Depending on the need of capitals and the pattern of foreign currency, be flexible in holding of foreign currencies, to reduce the exchange rate risk due to import and export. In the future, our company still adopts natural hedging of foreign exchange positions to control the risk of exchange rates, adjust foreign currency assets and liabilities position timely, to reduce the risk due to the fluctuation of exchange rates.

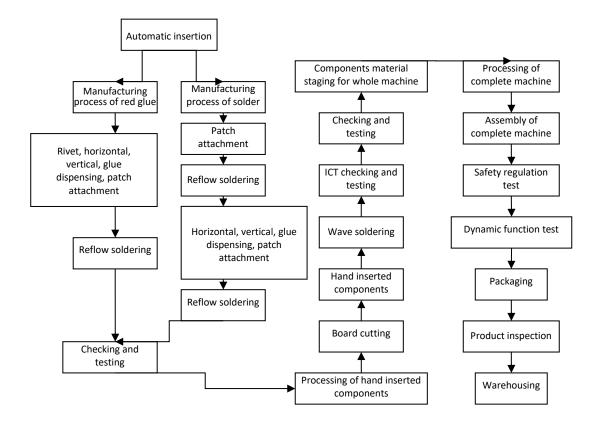
(2) Important applications and production processes of major products

1) Important applications of major products

Major products	 Important applications
UPS system	• Equipment that provides uninterrupted AC to electrical load and key equipment in situations of abnormal Grid power (e.g., power outage, under voltage, interference or inrush current), so electrical appliances can maintain normal operation. Usually, UPS is used to maintain uninterrupted operation of computer (especially servers) or switchboard etc. key business equipment or precision instrument, to prevent computer data loss, interruption in telephone communication network, or instrument losing control.
Stand Alone Inverter	Stand Alone Inverter is a power converter, it is able to convert DC to AC Stand Alone Inverters often adopt renewable energy such as solar panels or small wind turbine, after the current has been converted into AC, it can be used by homes and small industries. This type of inverter is mainly used in remote areas not converted by power grid, or areas with frequent power outages.
PV Inverter	 PV inverter is a special power converter used in the solar PV On-grid power generation area. It converts the DC generated by solar batteries directly into On-grid AC, it's an indispensable core component in an On-grid PV system.

2) Production process of major products

The Company delegates its reinvestment firms to produce UPS and inverter. The process flow of product manufacturing process is depicted in the following figure:



(3) Supply condition of major materials

The Company primarily goes through its reinvestment firms for production, then ship directly to customers. The primary materials for The Company's products are batteries, transformers, semiconductor electronic parts, plastic materials, steel cases, PCB, wires, etc. There are many suppliers, but none of the suppliers provide a significant share of materials, thus, incoming sources are not overly centralized. The Company also maintains long-term and excellent relations with suppliers, to ensure the stability of supply sources, along with other suppliers. The supply availability is in excellent condition, material shortage or stoppage has never occurred.

(4) Lists of major purchasing and sales clients

 In recent two years, of any year, with purchasing volume exceeded 10%, the client's company name, purchasing amount and proportion, and with an explanation for their reasons to increase or decrease purchasing. But due to contractual agreement, a client's name cannot be released, or if the transaction was with an individual and not related party and is represented by a code:

The Company, from 2023 through the Quarter I of 2024, there was not one client that had over 10% of our purchasing volume.

2) In recent two years, of any year, with sales volume exceeded 10%, the client company name, sales amount and proportion, and with an explanation for their reasons to increase or decrease sales. But due to contractual agreement, a client's name cannot be released, or if the transaction was with an individual and not related party and is represented by a code:

The Company, from 2023 through the Quarter I of 2024, there was not one firm that had sales over 10% of our sales volume.

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1	Year Output value		2023			2022	
	Major product	Production capacity	Output	Output values	Production capacity	Output	Output value
	On-line UPS systems	1,100	794	6,256,349	1,000	910	7,259,252
	Off-line UPS systems	6,982	4,883	4,986,573	6,650	6,160	6,197,754
	Inverter	800	596	5,054,498	790	770	7,950,943
	Other products	_	_	1,705,881	_	—	1,558,269
	Total			18,003,301			22,966,218

(5) Table of purchasing volume in recent two years

Expressed in Thousands of Units/Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

(6) Value table of sales volume in recent two years

Expressed in Thousands of Units/Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

\ Year	2023					2	2022	
	Domest	ic sales	E	xport	Domestic sales		Export	
Sales values 🔪								
	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
Major products								
On-line UOS systems	32	237,157	804	6,348,474	30	235,136	863	6,888,504
Off-line UPS systems	75	97,277	5,065	5,151,747	72	80,849	5,784	6,008,756
Inverter/PV Inverter	15	326,914	612	4,993,610	32	574,931	735	7,345,035
Other products		48,616		1,747,048		63,670		1,527,715
Total		709,964		18,240,879		954,586		21,770,010

3. Employee data in recent two years as of the Annual Report issuance date

Expressed in persons							
Year		2022	2023	Current year up to March 31, 2024			
Number of employees	Direct	1,601	1,741	1,862			
	Indirect	1,637	1,469	1,743			
	Total	3,238	3,210	3,605			
Average age		33.45	32.79	32.50			
Average years of	service (year)	2.99	2.98	2.80			
	PhD	0.00%	0.00%	0.00			
Pation of dograp	Master	7.34%	6.67%	7.05%			
Ratios of degree distribution (%)	College	38.43%	32.15%	31.45%			
	High school and below	54.23%	61.19%	61.48%			

4. Information on expenditure for environmental protection

The most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, total amount of penalties (including compensations) and loss due to polluting the environment, and describe the countermeasures in the future (including improvement measures) and possible expenditures (including estimated amount of loss, penalties, and compensations if countermeasures are not adopted. If it cannot be estimated reasonably, this fact should be stated.

The Company does not have this issue.

The politic goals of environmental protection:

Voltronic Power Technology Corp. primarily engages in such business for Uninterruptible Power System (UPS power converters (or converters, inverters, Inverters and the like), voltage regulator (AVR), solar inverter (PV Inverter), professional ODM design and manufacturing. The Company accepts as well customers' requests in designing or assembling the product exactly according to customers' requirements, and then transporting it to the customers' designated destinations. In the battery, transformer and plastic used in the production of the products, iron shell shall be the very raw materials (accounting for approximately 50% of the original raw material costs) and the related packaging materials which are recyclable in all cases but the recycling behavior lies on the client terminal.

Below is the Company's KPIs in environmental protection:

	Detailed explanations	Purposes
KPI 1	KPI: Continued distribution of high energy efficient products so that users can reduce power consumption and carbon footprint	Target: Assistance to product users in energy efficiency and carbon reduction. To minimize 550,000 M.T. of carbon emission minimum.
KPI 2	KPI: The very source of greenhouse gas emission at Voltronic Power Technology Corp. (Scope 1). The greenhouse gas emissions primarily come from use of refrigerant used for the cooling	 Target year: ongoing Target 1 Carbon emission cost as a percentage of revenues: ≦0.75%; 2 Carbon emission cost as a percentage of operating expenses: ≦0.85%;

	Detailed explanations	Purposes
	equipment, the use of the	3 Carbon emission cost as a percentage
	Company's own vehicles and carbon dioxide emissions out of the	of revenues: $\leq 3.85\%$ °
	power generators which are used during electricity blackout which would account for quite insignificant ratio of the overall greenhouse gas emissions. Such indirect greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 2) are merely the carbon dioxide (CO2) generated out of the power procured by the Company from outside source. Accordingly, it suggests the financial benefits resulting from the effort to control electric fill (fees for carbon emissions).	Target year: ongoing
KPI 3	KPI: Ensuring all the products across the supply chain are green	Target: 100% of raw materials compliant with the EU's RoHS Directive (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive) and the EU's regulations concerning registration, assessment and permitting of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC); zero use of conflict materials Target year: ongoing
KPI 4	KPI: We depend upon the negative carbon emissions (deducted with carbon emissions) generated by the products sold that are included in (Scope 3) greenhouse gas emissions (solar inverters with significant energy saving and carbon reduction performance, and in-line uninterruptible systems).	 Target and target year: The Company's products to acquire 1SO14607 in 2022. I. The Company's own business operation will reach the target of zero emission by or before 2035. II. The value chains shall reach zero emission by or before 2050.

Voltronic Power Technology Corp.'s business philosophy: "Environmental protection, harmonious symbiosis", as committed to creating and maintaining a safe and clean environment. All products manufactured by the Company are strictly in compliance with international environmental regulations to protect the green earth as its holy mission, to enhance the use of resources efficiency. The Company's main plant areas have been officially accredited for ISO 14001, ISO 9001, ISO 45001 and ISO 14607.

Energy management measures:

As commissioned by customers, the Company lying in the middle of the industry chain specializes in research & development, design and manufacturing services of UPS, Inverter and PV Inverter, creates and maintains a safe and clean environment, with its products strictly in compliance with international environmental regulations. To protect the green earth as its holy

mission, the Company puts forth maximum possible efforts to improve the efficiency of the use of a variety of resources.

The Company puts forth maximum possible efforts toward the environmental protection of the offices to minimize energy consumption. The Company office buildings in Taiwan adopt green building materials that meet the regulatory standards to reduce the energy consumption of the entire buildings. The indoor office areas are equipped in full with energy-saving LED lamps, with an average service life up to 20,000 hours. All LED lamps meet the LM80 test requirements. The main plant is equipped with sensor lights, to save electricity consumption by 160,000 kWh. For the air-conditioning equipment of the entire buildings, the Company adopts time-based control system to save relative power consumption. The entire indoor temperature is maintained at 25~26 degrees, and the colleagues are publicized heavily to turn off the lights at the very moment when they leave.

Some of our models have feed loads. The energy can be recycled via CPFU. This contributed to a saving of electricity by 1,102,080KW in 2022 and 1,523,325KW in 2023.

Voltronic Power is developing a 1MW solar Energy Storage System in the main factory to improve its energy efficiency.

Voltronic Power invested over 100 million NT to implement an automated storage & retrieval system. This "lights-out" warehouse helps improve efficiency and productivity, save space, reduce human errors, enhance safety, data tracking and analysis, and reduce the use of lighting equipment.

Please refer to 2023 ESG report.

Managerial measures over water resources:

Voltronic Power Technology Corp. calls for no use of water resources (i.e., without industrial water demand) in both Taiwan, the Mainland China and Vietnam. It only needs to use domestic water for employees as the municipal water supply. The Company, after all, advocates all employees to save water resources whenever possible.

Managerial measures over greenhouse gases:

Here at Voltronic Power Technology Corp., in all production venues in Taiwan, Mainland China and Vietnam, we don't use at all renewable energy, coal, natural gas, crude oil, diesel or the like. Instead, we only use electricity purchased from outside sources which might come into carbon dioxide (CO2) as a company with low and single greenhouse gas emission. Further under our policy to closely coordinate with the government measures, we spare no effort to publicize to the entire staff the concept of energy saving & waste & consumable reduction.

VPT has no direct greenhouse gas emissions in the manufacturing process. The direct emission in Scope 1 of VPT is only the CO2 emission from the use of refrigerant in cooling equipment, the use of the company-owned vehicles and the use of generators in case of power failure, which accounts for a fairly small proportion of the overall greenhouse gas emission. Scope 2 greenhouse gas emission source of VPT is only the CO2 emission generated by the purchased power (municipal power supply) required by the company's operation and production. The greenhouse gas emission in Scope 2 is the main greenhouse gas emission source of VPT's. Voltronic Power provides free EV charger for employees to encourage electric vehicles to reduce environmental pollution. Please refer to 2023 ESG and TCFD report.

Waste managerial policies:

As the action of recycling depends on customers, we focus on waste reduction in the R&D and design stage by reusing or recycling packaging materials (including corrugated paper, cardboards, cardboard boxes, paper pallets, wood, and the like) whenever possible, and we do not use any substances that pose a threat to the ozone layer. The Company strives to minimize our environmental impact by complying with relevant regulations. The R&D and manufacturing of our products do not cause a direct effect or risk to the environment. The reuse or recycle ratio is over 80%, meeting the 70% threshold required by the most updated WEEE Directives in the European Union. We hope to protect the environment and achieve our sustainable development by getting all our personnel involved and committed. Please refer to 2023 ESG report.

Risk management and opportunities in climate variation:

In terms of regulatory aspects: For all products, the Company faithfully complies with the environmental protection regulations prevalent in the territories of customers. The Company conducts actively research and development combined with UPS and green energy applications to assure maximum possible efficiency in power generation. Power protection and power backup are, as well, an important development trend of UPS.

In the aspect of climate disaster: With different application environments and with the efforts for efficient and flexible use of solar energy, commercial power and battery power, the Company can achieve the highest efficiency of UPS.

Impact by other acts: The climate change would not lead to any direct impact and risk at all upon Voltronic Power Technology Corp. in research & development of its products. Please refer to 2023 ESG and TCFD report.

5. Labor relations

- (1) List employee welfare measures, education, training, retirement system and implementation status, and agreements with labors and the situation of maintaining employees' rights.
 - 1) Employee welfare measures

In addition to labor and health insurance and pension contributions as required by laws, the Company provides allowance for the following: travel expenses, year-end banquets, year-end bonuses, Labor Day gift benefit, Mid-Autumn Festival gift benefit, subsidies for weddings, funerals, hospital stays, childbirths, group insurance, training and education, assistance in health management and emergency loans. Meanwhile, we have set up the Employee Welfare Committee to take care of employees. The Company, as always, attaches great importance to the work environment to assure employees' safety and well-being, implements the employee health examination with active adjustment of the contents of examinations which prove significantly better than those required under the Labor Standards Act. Besides, the Company implements employee safety and health related in-service education educational & training programs for employees throughout the Company, including health management and fire safety along with the technology & knowhow of first-aid, emergency response, traffic safety and other educational propaganda to enhance employees' awareness of occupational safety and health. Moreover, the Company sets up healthy and energetic places to with fitness equipment, fitness programs. Average 1 hour or so per employee in 2023. Breastfeeding room.

Here at the Company, we strictly implement the remuneration to employee policy under the principles of "equal pay for equal work" and "gender equality". For all our important operating venues and employee categories, disregarding their gender, the ratio of our standard starting salary to the local statutory minimum wage is above 100% (inclusive) and the ratio of base salary and remuneration for female and male employees is 100:100.

Year		Descriptions	Male	Female	Subtotal	
	А	Number of employees qualified to apply for parental leave.	74	80	154	
2023	В	Number of employees under long-term leave without pay in the wake of application for parental leave		0	0	
	С	Number of employees anticipated to resume normal services from long-term leave without pay amidst parental leave		0	0	
Note: The number of employees qualified for parental leave is counted based on the						
number o	f app	licants for maternal and paternal leaves.				

Parental	leave:
i ai ciitai	icuvc.

2) Employee education and training

The Company has established management procedures for employee education and training, to develop employees' knowledge and skills, so they can perform their functions, increase work efficiency, to ensure work quality, and achieve The Company's goal of sustainable operation and development. Other than education and training for new employees, to help new employees quickly merge into the organizational team. Managers and employees of each department, in responding to the operating condition of The Company, can request special program, sponsorship for companywide or department-wide, international or domestic training courses and seminars, to improve employees' expertise and core competencies, and strengthen the channel for employees to receive complete training and advanced studies.

In an effort to cultivate talented resources for the society, power supply industry calls for continued efforts and investment in human resources cultivation. Those research & development talents have a hard time to be cultivated to accumulate their hands-on experiences. The Company is supposed to foster adequate and high-level research & development oriented candidate as the seed talents. So far the Company has participated in the research & development teams of the Ministry of the Interior with candidates amidst draftees-to-be for substitute services in the Year 2018 ~ Year 2023. Meanwhile, undergraduates of university-related

electronic departments under training internship platforms and students outside school and participating in campus recruitment activities. Through inheritance of hands-on experiences, the Company virtually creates the sound ambiance to cultivate research & development talents from newcomer of the society.

Cultivation & training programs and development	g programs and development
---	----------------------------

100% employees throughout the world	2023
Time spent on cultivation & training programs averaged	6.33 hours
for the entire staff	

3) Retirement system and implementation status

Starting on July 1, 2005, implemented the (new system) of labor pension regulation. The Company was founded in 2008, all employees are applicable to the new system of labor pension regulations, adopting a predefined contribution system, according to the provisions of labor pension Act of the Company, no less than 6% of monthly salary are to be transferred or saved toward the individual special account of retired labor in Bureau of Labor Insurance.

4) Agreements between labor and management

The Company has faithfully complied with the Labor Standards Act as the very guiding principle for all of rules & regulations and has duly set up the Employee Welfare Committee for Employees through which all employees have a mean to communicate with the Company management regarding a variety of concerns in their working environments. Most significantly, the labor-management conferences are duly convened on a quarterly basis as a convenient platform to bridge the opinions between the labor and the management. In fact, the Company is proud of the highly harmonious labor relations. Never has the Company run into a labor dispute that calls for external mediation at all.

5) Implementation status of safeguarding various employee rights

The Company has a complete system and regulations, indicate clearly all managerial standards, the content specifies employees' rights and obligations and benefits programs clearly, The Company also reviews and amends the benefits content on a periodic basis, to safeguard all employees' rights.

6) Work environment and safeguarding of employee personal safety

The Company complies truthfully to the following relevant provisions: Labor Safety and Health Act and its detailed rules for implementation, Labor Safety and Sanitation Rules, Labor Inspection Act and its detailed rules for implementation, Review and inspection scheme of Hazardous workplace, strengthen operating key points of labor safety and health management, labor standards law and its detailed rules for implementation, safe sanitary facilities standards. In Taiwan, we have appointed dedicated health & safety personnel, as required by laws. Also, the Company strictly adheres to Employment Services Act, the Workplace Gender Equality Act, etc. and related regulations, and clearly indicated in work regulations that "the hiring of employees is based on the conditions of knowledge, integrity, ability, experience, and suitable for jobs and work as the principle." During employee's work in the Company, the Company adheres to, complies with various regulations and work rules. Treat every employee equally, set prevention measures for sexual harassment, to ensure gender equality, without discrimination. Enhance the peace of mind of the workplace with AED equipment and venue of peace. Starting from 2021, we hire licensed professional physicians (three times per annum) and licensed nurses (36 times of services per annum) to render on-the-spot health services and Question survey on employees' health.

The training, education and advocacy to employees for occupational safety and health were one hour on average.

All factories have obtained the ISO 45001 certification in occupational health and safety.

Voltronic Power Technology Corp. has taken charge of employees' health, safety & security related issues exactly in accordance with the laws and ordinances concerned.

Regions	Mainland China		Taiwan		Vietnam		
Gender	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Number of employees under injury in line of duty	6	2	4	2	0	0	
Aggregate total of workforce	1,834	942	96	79	141	118	
Frequency of injury in line of duty	0.33%	0.21%	4%	3%	0	0	
Categories of injury in line of duty	5 males Injury at work 1 male Injury not at work (traffic accident)	1 female Injury at work 1 female Injury not at work (traffic accident)	line of duty	Not injury in line of duty (a traffic accident)	_	-	
Aggregate total number of days at loss	91	24	167	1	0	0	
Death accident in line of duty	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Work injury records in 2023 (regions, gender, absence records)

(2) The most recent year up to this Annual Report's issuance date, the loss due to labor/management dispute, also revealed/disclosed possibly occurred estimated amount and countermeasures current and future. If it cannot be estimated reasonably, this fact should be stated. The Company does not have this issue.

6. Cyber Security Management

(1) Descriptions the framework upon management over potential risks in cyber security, the concrete managerial policy and the resources invested onto management of cyber security.

The Company had duly enacted the "Information Security Policy" which was officially approved on November 6, 2020 by the Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee and the Board of Directors. Further on November 4, 2021, the Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Committee duly passed and enforced the Information Securities Management System with ISO27001 duly implanted and further passed in the Board of Directors. In June 2022, the Company was officially passed for ISO27001 2013 certification which remains valid from July 2022 until July 2025.

The Company has established positions such as 'Chief Information Security Officer (CISO),' 'Designated Information Security Officer,' and 'Designated Personnel' in accordance with the law.

(2) Enumerate in the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, the loss incurred by significant cyber security event (s), the potential impact and countermeasures. Where the loss proves unable to be estimated in a rational manner, please elaborate on the fact that makes the rational estimation impossible: None.

7. Important contracts

Nature of contract	Concerned party	Contract start and end dates	Major content	Restrictions
Trust deed of marketable securities	CTBC Bank	March 14, 2013 - March 13, 2022	New shares of Voltronic Power employee restricted stock	According to published provisions
Fund in private placement	HH-CTBC Capital smart mobility venture capital	-	Investment into that private placement fund in an amount of NT\$100 million, within the maximum limit not beyond 2% of the final private placement scale.	-

VI. Financial Standing

1. The condensed balance sheet and Comprehensive Income Statement for the past five years

- (1) Information on the condensed balance sheet and comprehensive income statement
 - The condensed balance sheet International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
 A. The consolidated financial statements

-					Expressed in T	housands of N	lew Taiwan Dollars
	Year Financial information for the past five years						As of March 31,
Item		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Current Asse	ts	7,561,908	8,798,465	10,041,582	10,816,080	9,657,213	11,251,213
Property, equipment	plant and	2,167,695	2,427,833	2,730,405	4,474,310	4,419,607	4,443,864
Right-to-use	assets	397,408	488,755	389,942	462,898	368,350	360,543
Intangible as	sets	12,515	26,165	29,328	24,653	18,809	16,187
Other assets		200,746	179,992	192,866	307,434	292,120	222,374
Total assets		10,340,272	11,921,210	13,384,123	16,085,375	14,756,099	16,294,181
Current	Before distribution	5,266,965	6,324,114	7,495,128	6,626,858	5,484,792	5,982,667
liabilities	After distribution	7,199,559	8,378,845	9,549,483	6,626,858	5,484,792	5,982,667
Non-current	liabilities	193,392	258,528	181,319	1,115,290	913,504	845,311
Total	Before distribution	5,460,357	6,582,642	7,676,447	7,742,148	6,398,296	6,827,978
liabilities	After distribution	7,392,951	8,637,373	9,730,802	7,742,148	6,398,296	6,827,978
The equity the parent co	contributed to ompany	4,879,915	5,338,568	5,707,676	8,343,227	8,357,803	9,466,203
Capital stock		833,015	874,354	874,194	877,626	877,306	9,466,203
Capital	Before distribution	1,257,149	1,154,070	942,129	1,824,953	1,772,473	1,772,473
surplus	After distribution	1,173,848	1,066,635	942,129	1,824,953	1,772,473	1,772,473
Retained	Before distribution	3,505,498	3,811,771	4,212,743	6,591,631	6,397,211	7,111,079
earnings	After distribution	1,614,554	1,844,475	2,158,388	6,591,631	6,397,211	7,111,079
Other equity		(715,747)	(501,627)	(321,390)	(950,983)	(689,187)	(294,655)
Treasury stoo	ck						_
Non-controll	ed Equity			_	_		_
Total equity	Before distribution	4,879,915	5,338,568	5,707,676	8,343,227	8,357,803	9,466,203
Total equity	After distribution	2,947,321	3,283,837	3,653,321	8,343,227	8,357,803	9,466,203

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Note 1: The 2019 ~2023 financial statements had been duly certified by Certified Public Accountant.

Note 2: The financial data for the Quarter I of 2024 was reviewed by Certified Public Accountants.

Note 3: The appropriation of earnings in Year 2023 had been resolved in the board of directors but not been resolved by the shareholders' meeting.

- 1) The condensed balance sheet International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
 - B. Parent company only financial statements

	Year	F				
Item		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Current Assets		4,589,303	5,300,166	6,009,200	7,175,893	6,150,246
Investment c adopted	of equity method	4,785,681	6,004,828	6,801,077	8,630,100	10,524,526
Property, plant	and equipment	1,100,460	1,078,839	1,062,776	2,525,015	2,508,698
Right-to-use as	sets	3,326	5,614	2,194	2,197	1,422
Intangible asse	ts	11,885	21,724	18,291	15 <i>,</i> 065	12,926
Other assets		95,198	105,170	89,746	61,004	159,412
Total assets		10,585,853	12,516,341	13,983,284	18,409,274	19,357,230
Current	Before distribution	5,700,353	7,175,543	8,275,608	9,230,245	10,261,461
liabilities	After distribution	7,632,947	9,230,274	10,329,963	9,230,245	10,261,461
Non-current liabilities		5,585	2,230	0	835,802	737,966
Tatal liabilitian	Before distribution	5,705,938	7,177,773	8,275,608	10,066,047	10,999,427
Total liabilities	After distribution	7,638,532	9,232,504	10,329,963	10,066,047	10,999,427
The equity of parent compan	contributed to the ly	4,879,915	5,338,568	5,707,676	8,343,227	8,357,803
Capital stock		833,015	874,354	874,194	877,626	877,306
Conital curplus	Before distribution	1,257,149	1,154,070	942,129	1,824,953	1,772,473
Capital surplus	After distribution	1,173,848	1,066,635	942,129	1,824,953	1,772,473
Retained	Before distribution	3,505,498	3,811,771	4,212,743	6,591,631	6,397,211
earnings	After distribution	1,614,554	1.844.475	2,158,388	6,591,631	6,397,211
Other equity		(715,747)	(501,627)	(321,390)	(950 <i>,</i> 983)	(689,187)
Treasury stock		—	—	—	—	-
Non-controlled	Equity	_	_	_	_	_
	Before distribution	4,879,915	5,338,568	5,707,676	8,343,227	8,357,803
Total equity	After distribution	2,947,321	3,283,837	3,653,321	8,343,227	8,357,803

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Note 1: The 2019 ~2023 financial statements had been duly certified by Certified Public Accountant.

Note 2: The appropriation of earnings in Year 2023 had been resolved in the board of directors but not been resolved by the shareholders' meeting.

2) The condensed comprehensive income statement — International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Α.	The consolidated financial statements
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Expressed In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share								
Year	Fina	Financial information for the past five Years						
Item	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	31, 2024		
Operating revenue	12,936,382	13,652,564	16,956,682	22,724,596	18,950,843	4,598,698		
Gross operating profit	3,785,002	4,018,181	4,310,991	7,136,670	5,968,472	1,427,839		
Operating gain/loss	2,557,103	2,730,474	2,924,564	5,287,767	4,137,614	990,818		
Non-Operating revenues and expenditures	58,646	(80,923)	(34,069)	115,276	244,751	(114,143)		
Net profit before tax	2,615,749	2,649,551	2,890,495	5,403,043	4,382,365	876,675		
Continuing operations gain/loss	2,131,032	2,197,144	2,359,362	4,432,890	3,622,556	713,868		
Gain/loss from discontinued operations		_	_	_	_	_		
Net profit for the year (net loss)	2,131,032	2,197,144	2,359,362	4,432,890	3,622,556	713,868		
Other consolidated gain/loss for the year (net after tax)	(158,997)	11,771	38,041	93,082	(149,421)	332,133		
Total amount of consolidated gain/loss for the year	1,972,035	2,208,915	2,397,403	4,525,972	3,473,135	1,046,001		
Net profit contributed to the Parent Company	2,131,032	2,197,144	2,359,362	4,432,890	3,622,556	713,868		
Net profit contributed to the Non-controlled equity		_	_	_	_	_		
Total amount of consolidated gain/loss contributed to the Parent Company	1,972,035	2,208,915	2,397,403	4,525,972	3,473,135	1,046,001		
Total amount of consolidated gain/loss contributed to the non- controlled equity		_		_		_		
Earnings per share	25.87	25.31	27.13	50.90	41.52	8.17		

Note 1: The 2019 ~2023 financial statements had been duly certified by Certified Public Accountant. Note 2: The financial data for the Quarter I of 2024 was reviewed by Certified Public Accountants. 2) The condensed comprehensive income statement — International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

Expr	essed In Thousa	ands of New T	aiwan Dollars,	Except Earnings	Per Share		
Year	Year Financial information for the past five Years						
Item	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Operating revenue	11,179,336	11,812,535	14,472,347	20,263,952	16,274,551		
Gross operating profit	2,071,786	2,062,534	2,633,246	4,188,619	2,752,987		
Operating gain/loss	1,520,390	1,469,071	2,104,665	3,416,838	1,968,505		
Non-Operating revenues and expenditures	923 <i>,</i> 630	994,155	661,867	1,712,631	2,081,530		
Net profit before tax (net loss)	2,444,020	2,463,226	2,766,532	5,129,769	4,050,035		
Continuing operations gain/loss	2,131,032	2,197,144	2,359,362	4,432,890	3,622,556		
Gain/loss from discontinued operations	_	_	_	_	_		
Net profit for the year(net loss)	2,131,032	2,197,144	2,359,362	4,432,890	3,622,556		
Other consolidated gain/loss for the year (net after tax)	(158,997)	11,771	38,041	93,082	(149,421)		
Total amount of consolidated gain/loss for the year	1,972,035	2,208,915	2,397,403	4,525,972	3,473,135		
Net profit contributed to the Parent Company	2,131,032	2,197,144	2,359,362	4,432,890	3,622,556		
Net profit contributed to the Non- controlled equity	_	_	_	_	_		
Total amount of consolidated gain/loss contributed to the Parent Company	1,972,035	2,208,915	2,397,403	4,525,972	3,473,135		
Total amount of consolidated gain/loss contributed to the non- controlled equity	_	_	_	_	_		
Earnings per share	25.87	25.31	27.13	50.90	41.52		

B. Parent company only financial statements

Source: The 2019 ~2023 financial statements had been duly certified by Certified Public Accountant.

(2) Names of CPAs and their audit opinions for the past five years

1) Names of CPAs and their audit opinions for the past five years

Year	CPA's house	Name of CPA	Audit Opinions
2019	Deloitte & Touche	Chen, Chung-Chen, Chen, Chao-Mei	Unqualified opinions
2020	Deloitte & Touche	Chen, Chung-Chen, Chen, Chao-Mei	Unqualified opinions
2021	Deloitte & Touche	Chen, Chung-Chen, Chen, Chao-Mei	Unqualified opinions
2022	Deloitte & Touche	Chen, Chung-Chen, Chen, Chao-Mei	Unqualified opinions
2023	Deloitte & Touche	Yu, Cheng-Chuan and Ho, Jui-Hsuan	Unqualified opinions

2) Descriptions of the causes in change in Certified Public Accountant over the past five years: In coordination with the mechanism of job rotation inside the CPA firm, the verifying Certified Public Accountants have been replaced from Certified Public Accountants Chen, Chung-Cheng and Chen, Chao-Mei into Certified Public Accountants Yu, Cheng-Chuan and Ho, Jui-Hsuan starting from 2023.

2. Financial analysis for the past five years

(1) International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

A. The consolidated financial statements

						As of March	
Item		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	31, 2024
Conital	Liabilities to assets ratio (%)	52.81	55.22	57.35	48.13	43.36	41.90
Capital Structure	Long-term funds to property, plant and equipment ratio (%)	234.04	230.54	215.68	211.40	209.78	232.04
	Current ratio (%)	143.57	139.13	133.97	163.22	176.07	188.06
Liquidity	Quick Ratio (%)	120.72	116.28	107.06	128.66	146.80	155.22
	Interest coverage ratio (times)	51.82	64.77	71.33	73.81	70.27	56.01
	Accounts receivable turnover rate (times)	5.76	5.89	6.51	7.59	6.21	6.58
	Average days of accounts receivable (days)	63	62	56	48	59	55
Operating	Inventory turnover rate (times)	8.95	8.12	8.08	8.06	7.38	7.66
Operating ability	Accounts payable turnover rate (times)	3.41	3.05	3.65	4.00	3.30	3.23
	Average days of sales (days)	40.76	44.95	45.17	45.28	49	48
	Property, plant and equipment turnover rate (times)	6.26	5.94	6.57	6.31	4.26	4.15
	Total assets turnover rate (times)	1.39	1.23	1.34	1.54	1.23	1.18
	Return on assets (%)	23.32	20.04	18.91	30.49	23.82	18.72
	Return on equity (%)	45.68	43.00	42.72	63.10	43.38	32.04
Drotitability	Net gains before tax to paid-in capital ratio (%)	314.01	303.03	330.65	615.64	499.53	399.71
	Net gains ratio (%)	16.47	16.09	13.91	19.51	19.12	15.52
	Earnings per share (\$)	25.87	25.31	27.13	50.90	41.52	8.17
	Cash flow ratio (%)	56.91	41.53	30.67	84.79	74.45	21.53
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	102.93	98.29	99.28	108.90	111.88	117.21
	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	26.71	12.43	3.98	36.37	2.70	11.73
Lovorago	Operating leverage	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Financial leverage	1.02	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02
Increase in A	nd the increase/decrease ratio cl Average days of accounts receiva	ble (days): N	Mainly due t	o a decrease	in revenue		o years:

Decrease in Property, plant and equipment turnover rate (times): Mainly due to a decrease in revenue. Decrease in Return on assets (%)
Return on equity (%)
Cash reinvestment ratio (%):Mainly due to a decrease in revenue and profitability.

Note 1: The 2019 ~2023 financial statements had been duly audited and certified by Certified Public Accountant.

Note 2: The financial data for the Quarter I of 2024 was reviewed by Certified Public Accountants.

Year Financial information for the past five Years						
Item		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
	Liabilities to assets ratio (%)	53.90	57.35	59.18	54.68	56.82
Capital Structure	Long-term funds to property, plant and equipment ratio (%)	443.95	495.05	537.05	363.52	362.57
	Current ratio (%)	80.51	73.86	72.61	77.74	59.94
Liquidity	Quick Ratio (%)	79.78	73.35	71.76	76.94	59.05
-1	Interest coverage ratio (times)	62.54	92.12	104.66	87.15	83.27
	Accounts receivable turnover rate (times)	5.70	5.97	6.47	7.70	6.15
	Average days of accounts receivable (days)	64	61	56	47	59
	Inventory turnover rate (times)	661.38	361.22	273.81	260.99	187.36
Operating ability	Accounts payable turnover rate (times)	2.32	2.20	2.39	2.49	1.57
	Average days of sales (days)	0.55	1.01	1.33	1.40	1.95
	Property, plant and equipment turnover rate (times)	10.13	10.84	13.52	11.30	6.47
	Total assets turnover rate (times)	1.13	1.02	1.09	1.25	0.86
	Return on assets (%)	21.78	19.21	17.97	27.66	19.39
	Return on equity (%)	45.68	43.00	42.72	63.10	43.38
Profitability	Net gains before tax to paid-in capital ratio (%)	293.39	281.72	316.47	584.51	461.64
	Net gains ratio (%)	19.06	18.60	16.30	21.88	22.26
	Earnings per share (\$)	25.87	25.31	27.13	50.90	41.52
	Cash flow ratio (%)	27.76	27.39	20.06	62.62	31.40
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	92.64	87.52	86.34	111.88	107.61
	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	Note 1	0.61	Note 1	39.89	Note 1
Lovorago	Operating leverage	1.08	1.10	1.07	1.05	1.09
Leverage	Financial leverage	1.03	1.02	1.01	1.02	1.03

B. Parent company only financial statements

The reason(s) leading to the increase/decrease changes in various financial ratios up to 20% over the past two years: Decrease in the current ratio (%) and quick ratio (%): Mainly due to the slowing operational performance in the current year, resulting in a decrease in net cash flow from operating activities.

Decrease in accounts receivable turnover rate (times) < property, plant and equipment turnover rate (times) and total assets turnover rate (times): Mainly due to a decrease in revenue.

Increase in average days of accounts receivable (days) : Mainly due to a decrease in revenue.

Decrease in inventory turnover rate (times) : Mainly due to a decrease in sales volume, resulting in a reduction in cost of goods sold.

Decrease in accounts payable turnover rate (times) : Mainly due to a decrease in sales volume, resulting in a reduction in cost of goods sold and an increase in accounts payable to related parties.

Decrease in average days of sales (days) : Mainly due to a decrease in sales volume, resulting in a reduction in cost of goods sold and an increase in accounts payable to related parties.

Decrease in return on assets (%) 、 return on equity (%) 、 net gains before tax to paid-in capital ratio (%) 、 cash flow ratio (%) and cash reinvestment ratio (%):Mainly due to a decrease in revenue and profitability.

Source: Financial statements having been audited by Certified Public Accountants 2019 ~ 2023

Note 1: Not counted because the cash flow in the operating activities after deducting the cash dividend becomes negative.

Note 2: The following calculation formulas should be enumerated at end of the Statement in the annual report.

1. Capital Structure

- (1) Liabilities to assets ratio = total liabilities / total assets
- (2) Long-term funds to property, plant and equipment ratio = (total equity + non-current liabilities) / net property, plant and equipment
- 2. Liquidity

- (1) Current ratio = current assets / current liabilities
- (2) Quick ratio = (current assets inventory- prepaid expenses) / current liabilities
- (3) Interest coverage ratio (times) = net gains before income tax and interest expenses/ interest expenditure of the current term
- 3. Operating ability
 - (1) Account receivables (including notes receivables from operating activities and accounts receivable) turnover = net sales/average receivables of each term (including notes receivables from operating activities and accounts receivable) balance
 - (2) Average days of cash received = 365 / receivables turnover rate
 - (3) Inventory turnover rate = COGS/average inventory amount
 - (4) Account payables (including notes payable from operating activities and accounts payable) turnover= COGS/average payables of each term (including Notes payable from operating activities and accounts payable) balance
 - (5) Average days of sales = 365 / inventory turnover rate
 - (6) Property, plant and equipment turnover rate = net sales / average net property, factory and equipment
 - (7) Total assets turnover rate = net sales / average total assets
- 4. Profitability
 - (1) Return on assets = [gain/loss after tax + interest expense x (1-tax rate)] / average total asset
 - (2) Return on equity = gain/loss after tax / average total equity
 - (3) Net gains ratio = gain/loss after tax / net sales
 - (4) Earnings per share = (the gain/loss contributed to the parent company preferred stock dividend) / weighted average shares outstanding
- 5. Cash flow
 - (1) Cash flow ratio= net cash flow of operating activities/current liabilities
 - (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio= net cash flow of operating activities in the past five years / five years sum of (capital expenditures + inventory addition +cash dividends)
 - (3) Cash reinvestment ratio= (net cash flow of operating activities- cash dividends) / (Property, plant and equipment gross + long term investment + other non-current assets + working capital)
- 6. Leverage:
 - (1) Operating leverage = (net operating revenue variable operating cost and expenses)/operating gains
 - (2) Financial leverage = operating gains / (operating gains interest expense)
- Note 3: The following key points for attention should be taken into account upon measuring of calculation of the aforementioned earnings per share (EPS):
 - 1. The calculation is conducted on the grounds of number of ordinary shares in weighted average instead of the number of outstanding shares at end of the year.
 - 2. Upon increment in cash or trading treasury stocks, the Company should take into account the duration of circulation to calculate the weighted average.
 - 3. Where earnings are taken for capital increase or capital surplus is taken for capital increase, upon calculation of the previous year and semiannual earnings per share (EPS), the Company shall conduct retrospective adjustment without taking into account the duration of issuance in the capital increase.
 - 4. In case of unconvertible preferred shares accumulated, the dividend of the year (disregarding whether it is allocated) should be deducted from the earnings after tax or be taken to increase the net value after tax. In the event that the preferred shares are not accumulated in attribute, in a status after tax, the preferred shares should be deducted with the net profit after tax. No adjustment is required if the Company operated at a loss.
- Note 4: The following key points for attention should be taken into account upon measuring of analyses of cash flow:
 - 1. Net cash flow in operating activities refers to the net cash inflow among the operating activities in the cash flow statements.
 - 2. Capital expenditure refers to cash outflow of capital investment every year.
 - 3. The increase in inventory was counted only when the balance at the end of year was found greater than the balance at the beginning of year. In case of a decrease of inventory at end of the year, it is counted zero.
 - 4. Cash dividend includes cash dividend for both ordinary shares and preferred shares.
 - 5. The gross amount of property, plant and equipment refers to the aggregate total of property, plant and equipment before deduction of accumulated depreciation.
- Note 5: An issuer shall classify various operating cost and operating expenses by their respective attributes into fixed and variable. If it involves subjective judgment, the Company should watch the rationality and uniformity.
- Note 6: Where the Company's share certificates have no face amount or in a face amount other than NT\$10, the ratio of the former to the paid-in capital shall be calculated based on the ratio of the equity contributed to the parent company as shown through the balance sheet.

3. The Audit Committee's audit report of financial statements in the most recent year

Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Audit Committee's Report

The Audit Committee has approved and the board has ratified the 2023 financial statements (including consolidated statements), operational reports and earning appropriation proposal. Meanwhile, the financial statements (including consolidated statements) have been audited by Deloitte Taiwan, who has issued unqualified opinions.

Hence, the 2023 financial statements (including consolidated statements), operational reports and earning appropriation proposal approved by the Audit Committee and ratified by the board are in compliance with relevant laws and regulations, and presented pursuant to Article 219 of the Company Act.

Please review.

Submitted to: 2024 shareholders' meeting of Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Convener of Audit Committee: Lee, Chien-Jan

March 8, 2024

4. Financial reports in the most recent year

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Voltronic Power Technology Corp. and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 is described as follows:

Validity of Occurrence of Operating Revenue

Since the Group is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange to meet shareholders' and external investors' expectations, the management may be under pressure to meet the profit target. Furthermore, operating revenue is one of the important indicators to measure the Group's profitability and operating performance, and recognition of revenue is inherently a higher risk. Among all the customers in 2023, operating revenue came from customers whose individual growth rates exceeded the overall growth rate and whose total transaction amounts for the whole year were significant, with the transaction amount accounting for 29% of the consolidated operating revenue. Therefore, we identified whether these significant transactions actually occurred as a key audit matter. The revenue recognition accounting policy is disclosed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

In response, we performed the following audit procedures:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the internal controls related to the aforementioned sales transactions and assessed the operating effectiveness of the design and implementation of these controls.
- 2. We performed substantive testing of the aforementioned transactions and verified the completeness and correctness of the sales details. Through sampling from the transactions, we further examined the shipping documents and the recovery of receivables to verify the occurrence of the transactions. We also verified the settlement of trade receivables according to the trade terms.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Voltronic Power Technology Corp. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Cheng-Chuan Yu and Jui-Hsuan Ho.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 26, 2024

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022		2022	.
	2023	0/	(Restated)	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 5,044,707	34	\$ 5,353,014	33
Notes receivable (Notes 4, 8 and 20)	57,517	-	84,647	1
Trade receivables (Notes 4, 5, 8 and 20)	2,730,832	19	2,792,342	17
Trade receivables from related parties (Notes 4, 8, 20 and 28)	160,519	1	239,527	1
Other receivables (Notes 4 and 8)	58,065	-	56,643	-
Inventories (Notes 4 and 9)	1,411,766	10	2,018,522	13
Prepayments (Note 14)	193,807	1	271,385	2
Total current assets	9,657,213	65	10,816,080	67
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4, 7 and 27)	42,362	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 11, 29 and 30)	4,419,607	30	4,474,310	28
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 12)	368,350	3	462,898	3
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 13)	18,809	-	24,653	-
Deferred tax assets (Notes 3, 4 and 22)	182,989	1	135,464	1
Other non-current assets (Notes 4 and 14)	66,769	1	171,970	1
Total non-current assets	5,098,886	35	5,269,295	33
TOTAL	<u>\$ 14,756,099</u>	100	<u>\$ 16,085,375</u>	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES	* • • • • • • • • • •		* 122 1 1	
Contract liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 20)	\$ 347,813	2	\$ 433,449	3
Notes payable (Note 16)	44	-	40	-
Trade payables (Note 16)	3,682,983	25	4,161,014	26
Trade payables to related parties (Note 28)	4,185	-	12,042	-
Other payables (Note 17)	1,081,941	7	1,174,224	7
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	170,749	1	651,051	4
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 12)	97,187	1	93,952	-
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Notes 15 and 29)	97,860	1	97,860	1
Other current liabilities (Note 17)	2,030		3,226	
Total current liabilities	5,484,792	37	6,626,858	41
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Long-term borrowings (Notes 15 and 29)	733,950	5	831,810	5
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 3, 4 and 22)	35,328	-	47,170	-
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 12)	142,259	1	234,627	2
Other non-current liabilities (Note 17)	1,967		1,683	
Total non-current liabilities	913,504	6	1,115,290	7
Total liabilities	6,398,296	43	7,742,148	48
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 19)				
Share capital				
Ordinary shares	877,306	6	877,626	6
Capital surplus	1,772,473	12	1,824,953	11
Retained earnings				
Leng reserve	1 979 226	14	1 535 937	9

Legal reserve	1,979,226	14	1,535,937	9
Special reserve	200,346	1	293,428	2
Unappropriated earnings	4,217,639	29	4,762,266	30
Total retained earnings	6,397,211	44	6,591,631	41
Other equity (Notes 4, 19 and 24)	(689,187)	<u>(5</u>)	(950,983)	<u>(6</u>)
Total equity	8,357,803	57	8,343,227	_52
TOTAL	<u>\$ 14,756,099</u>	100	<u>\$ 16,085,375</u>	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE				
Sales (Notes 4, 20 and 28)	\$ 18,950,843	100	\$ 22,724,596	100
OPERATING COSTS				
Cost of goods sold (Notes 9, 21 and 28)	(12,982,371)	<u>(68</u>)	(15,587,926)	<u>(69</u>)
GROSS PROFIT	5,968,472	32	7,136,670	31
OPERATING EXPENSES (Note 21)				
Selling and marketing expenses	(372,487)	(2)	(433,954)	(2)
General and administrative expenses	(518,813)	(3)	(512,930)	(2)
Research and development expenses	(933,367)	(5)	(905,917)	(4)
Expect credit (loss) gain (Notes 4, 5 and 8)	(6,191)		3,898	
Total operating expenses	(1,830,858)	<u>(10</u>)	(1,848,903)	<u>(8</u>)
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	4,137,614	22	5,287,767	23
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Interest income (Note 21)	146,043	1	67,601	-
Other income (Note 21)	67,157	-	34,062	-
Other gains and losses (Note 21)	94,819	-	87,818	1
Finance costs (Notes 21 and 28)	(63,268)		(74,205)	
Total non-operating income and expenses	244,751	1	115,276	1
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM				
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	4,382,365	23	5,403,043	24
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 22)	(759,809)	<u>(4</u>)	(970,153)	(4)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	3,622,556	19	<u>4,432,890</u>	<u>20</u> ntinued)
			(Col	ninucu)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations (Notes 4 and 19)Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit (Notes 19 and	(186,776)	(1)	116,353	-
22)	37,355		(23,271)	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	(149,421)	<u>(1</u>)	93,082	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 3,473,135</u>	18	<u>\$ 4,525,972</u>	20
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23) Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 41.52</u> <u>\$ 41.31</u>		<u>\$50.90</u> <u>\$50.71</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company

			Retained Earnings		
	Ordinary Shares	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	\$ 874,194	\$ 942,129	\$ 1,300,001	\$ 331,469	\$ 2,581,273
Appropriation of 2021 earnings (Note 19) Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company Reversal of special reserve	- - -	- - -	235,936	(38,041)	(235,936) (2,054,355) 38,041
Share-based payment transactions (Notes 19, 21 and 24)	3,432	882,824	-	-	353
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	4,432,890
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax (Note 19)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4,432,890
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	877,626	1,824,953	1,535,937	293,428	4,762,266
Appropriation of 2022 earnings (Note 19) Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company Reversal of special reserve	- -	- - -	443,289	(93,082)	(443,289) (3,817,672) 93,082
Share-based payment transactions (Notes 19, 21 and 24)	(320)	(52,480)	-	-	696
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	3,622,556
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax (Note 19)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,622,556
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	<u>\$ 877,306</u>	<u>\$ 1,772,473</u>	<u>\$ 1,979,226</u>	<u>\$ 200,346</u>	<u>\$ 4,217,639</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Other Equity		
Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Others	Total Equity
\$ (293,428)	\$ (27,962)	\$ 5,707,676
- - -	- - -	(2,054,355)
-	(722,675)	163,934
-	-	4,432,890
93,082		93,082
93,082		4,525,972
(200,346)	(750,637)	8,343,227
- - -	- - -	(3,817,672)
-	411,217	359,113
-	-	3,622,556
(149,421)		(149,421)
(149,421)	<u>-</u>	3,473,135
<u>\$ (349,767</u>)	<u>\$ (339,420</u>)	<u>\$ 8,357,803</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 4,382,365	\$ 5,403,043
Adjustments for:	. , ,	. , ,
Depreciation expenses	344,071	309,315
Amortization expenses	17,819	17,490
Expected credit loss (reversed)	6,191	(3,898)
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,183	-
Finance costs	63,268	74,205
Interest income	(146,043)	(67,601)
Compensation cost of employee share options	359,113 1,968	163,934 199
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Write-downs of inventories	20,440	8,274
Net loss (gain) on foreign currency exchange	89,694	(35,321)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	0,001	(33,321)
Notes receivable	27,130	(17,197)
Trade receivables	(29,913)	(197,788)
Trade receivables - related parties	74,822	(98,023)
Other receivables	6,819	(27,571)
Inventories	587,310	(240,239)
Prepayments	77,578	(41,052)
Other financial assets	-	2,830
Contract liabilities	(85,636)	102,383
Notes payable	(478.022)	(17)
Trade payables Trade payables - related parties	(478,033) (7,857)	549,839 7,978
Other payables	(41,260)	331,143
Other current liabilities	(1,196)	813
Cash generated from operations	5,270,837	6,242,739
Interest received	137,802	67,519
Interest paid	(63,268)	(74,205)
Income tax paid	(1,262,123)	(617,437)
Net cash generated from operating activities	4,083,248	5,618,616
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(44,545)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(128,586)	(1,807,455)
Proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,655	16,200
Decrease (Increase) in refundable deposits	3,761	(4,226)
Payments for intangible assets	(12,080)	(12,285)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(53,068)	(166,999)
Net cash used in investing activities	(231,863)	(1,974,765)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		

(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
Repayments of short-term borrowings	\$ -	\$ (2,568,896)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	-	978,600
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(97,860)	(48,930)
Proceeds from (Refund of) guarantee deposits received	323	(71)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(93,358)	(97,484)
Distributed cash dividends	(3,817,672)	(2,054,355)
Net cash used in financing activities	(4,008,567)	(3,791,136)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	(151,125)	345,480
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(308,307)	198,195
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	5,353,014	5,154,819
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 5,044,707</u>	<u>\$ 5,353,014</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

VOLTRONIC POWER TECHNOLOGY CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Voltronic Power Technology Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of China (ROC) in May 2008. The Company mainly manufactures and sells uninterruptible power systems (UPS).

The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since March 31, 2014.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Except for the following, the initial application of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a material impact on the Group's accounting policies:

Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction"

The amendments clarify that the initial recognition exemption under IAS 12 does not apply to transactions in which equal taxable and deductible temporary differences arise on initial recognition. The Group applied the amendments and recognized a deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations on January 1, 2022. The Group shall apply the amendments prospectively to transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations that occur on or after January 1, 2022. Upon initial application of the amendments to IAS 12, the Group recognized the cumulative effect of retrospective application on January 1, 2022, and restated comparative information.

Had the Group applied the original IAS 12 in the current year, the following adjustments should be made to reflect the line items and balances under the amendments to IAS 12.

Impact on assets, liabilities and equity for the current year

	December 31, 2023
Increase in deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 31,998</u>
Increase in assets	<u>\$ 31,998</u>
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ 31,998</u>
Increase in liabilities	<u>\$ 31,998</u>

Upon initial application of the amendments to IAS 12, the impact for the prior year is summarized below:

Impact on assets, liabilities and equity for the prior year

	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Restated
December 31, 2022			
Deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 90,819</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 135,464</u>
Effect of assets	<u>\$ 90,819</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 135,464</u>
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ 2,525</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 47,170</u>
Effect of liabilities	<u>\$ 2,525</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 47,170</u>
January 1, 2022			
Deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 124,185</u>	<u>\$ 35,416</u>	<u>\$ 159,601</u>
Effect of assets	<u>\$ 124,185</u>	<u>\$ 35,416</u>	<u>\$ 159,601</u>
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 35,416</u>	<u>\$ 35,416</u>
Effect of liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 35,416</u>	<u>\$ 35,416</u>

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2024

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases Liability in a Sale and Leaseback" Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current"	January 1, 2024 (Note 2) January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"	January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024 (Note 3)

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

- Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.
- Note 3: The amendments provide some transition relief regarding disclosure requirements.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group has assessed that the application of other standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"	January 1, 2025 (Note 2)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments, the entity recognizes any effect as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. When the entity uses a presentation currency other than its functional currency, it shall, at the date of initial application, recognize any effect as an adjustment to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of the other standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language financial statements shall prevail.

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.
- c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents, unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries). Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

See Note 10 and Tables 6 and 7 for more information on subsidiaries (including the percentages of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of the Company and its foreign operations (including subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and branches in other countries that use currencies different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency - the New Taiwan dollar as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

f. Inventories

Inventories, which consist of raw materials, supplies, semi-finished goods, finished goods and work-inprocess, are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

- h. Intangible assets
 - 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

2) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual CGUs on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 27: Financial Instruments.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

i. The financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

ii. The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable at amortized cost, trade receivables, trade receivables from related parties, other receivables, and refundable deposits are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial asset that is not credit impaired on purchase or origination but has subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following events have occurred: Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower, breach of contract, it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or undergo a financial reorganization or the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- i) The debt instrument is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of such financial assets; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the debt instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in the carrying amounts of these debt instruments relating to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest income calculated using the effective interest method and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when the investment is disposed of. b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables).

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables, For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group determines that the following situations indicate that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group):

- i. Internal or external information shows that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. When a financial asset is more than 180 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and the carrying amounts of such financial assets are not reduced.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

- 3) Financial liabilities
 - a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of uninterrupted power system electronic equipment. Sales of leisure goods and electronic equipment are recognized as revenue when the goods are shipped because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables are recognized concurrently. Contract liabilities are the advance receipts which have not been recognized as revenue.

1. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate will be used.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term or a rate used to determine those payments, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

m. Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income are recognized in other income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes as expenses the related costs that the grants intend to compensate.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are received.

- n. Employee benefits
 - 1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

o. Share-based payment arrangements

Restricted shares granted to employees

The fair value at the grant date of the restricted shares for employees is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in other equity - unearned employee benefits. It is recognized as an expense in full at the grant date if vested immediately.

When restricted shares for employees are issued, other equity - unearned employee benefits are recognized on the grant date, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus - restricted shares for employees. If restricted shares for employees are granted for consideration and the considerations received should be returned if employees resign during the vesting period, the amounts expected to be returned are recognized as payables. Dividends paid to employees on restricted shares that do not need to be returned if employees resign in the vesting period are recognized as expenses when the dividends are declared with a corresponding adjustment in retained earnings.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of restricted shares for employees expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital surplus - restricted shares for employees.

p. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and such temporary differences are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revisions affect only that period, or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affects both current and future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Estimated impairment of financial assets

The provision for impairment of trade receivables is based on assumptions on risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgment in making these assumptions and in selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's historical experience, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates as of the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions and inputs used, see Note 8. Where the actual future cash inflows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31					
	2023		2023 2022		3 2022	
Cash on hand	\$	1,005	\$	1,029		
Demand deposits		1,502,603		3,032,292		
Cash equivalents (investments with original maturities of 3 months or less)						
Time deposits	_	3,541,099		2,319,693		
	\$	5,044,707	<u>\$</u>	5,353,014		

The market interest rates for cash in bank at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decem	December 31		
	2023	2022		
Demand deposits Time deposits	0.001%-1.450% 1.150%-5.600%	0.001%-1.500% 4.600%-5.000%		

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) -			
non-current			
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL			
Non-derivative financial assets			
Fund beneficiary certificate	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

8. NOTES RECEIVABLE, TRADE RECEIVABLES (INCLUDING RELATED PARTIES) AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Notes receivable			
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 57,517	\$ 84,647 	
Trade receivables	<u>\$ 57,517</u>	<u>\$ 84,647</u>	
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss At FVTOCI	\$ 2,705,686 (23,068) 2,682,618 48,214	\$ 2,726,265 (16,934) 2,709,331 83,011	
	<u>\$ 2,730,832</u>	<u>\$ 2,792,342</u>	
Trade receivables from related parties			
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss At FVTOCI	\$ 123,585 	\$ 176,278 	
Other receivables			
Tax refund receivables Interest receivables Others	\$ 14,928 13,094 <u>30,043</u>	\$ 25,241 4,853 <u>26,549</u>	
	<u>\$ 58,065</u>	<u>\$ 56,643</u>	

a. Notes receivable

At amortized cost

The average credit period of notes receivable is 60 to 120 days.

The Group measures the loss allowance for notes receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on notes receivable are estimated by reference to past default experience of the debtor and adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group evaluated no allowance for impairment loss was needed for notes receivable.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group did not hold any collateral for the balance of notes receivable.

The following table details the aging analysis of notes receivable:

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
1 to 60 days	\$ 42,658	\$ 61,322	
61 to 90 days	7,194	12,848	
91 to 120 days	4,330	10,477	
over 121 days	3,335		
	<u>\$ 57,517</u>	<u>\$ 84,647</u>	

The above aging analysis of notes receivable is based on the journal date.

b. Trade receivables

1) At amortized cost

The average credit period of sales of goods was 0 to 180 days.

In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management of Group believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the customer, the customer's current financial position, economic conditions of the industry in which the customer operates, as well as the GDP forecast and industry outlook. The provision for expected credit losses is based on the number of past due days from the end of the credit term.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the customer is experiencing severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

Since the Group purchased insurance individually and the credit rating is evaluated by the insurance company, no impairment loss was needed for trade receivables. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of trade receivables was \$1,985,508 thousand and \$1,901,044 thousand, respectively.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables (including related parties) based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2023

	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.63%	3.99%	48.95%	100%	100%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 783,514	\$ 40,351	\$ 6,660	\$ 7,721	\$ 301	\$ 5,216	\$ 843,763
ECLs)	(4,962)	(1,608)	(3,260)	(7,721)	(301)	(5,216)	(23,068)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 778,552</u>	<u>\$ 38,743</u>	<u>\$ 3,400</u>	\$	\$	\$	<u>\$ 820,695</u>

December 31, 2022

	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.74%	5.67%	49.94%	100%	100%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 826,556	\$ 173,111	\$ 1,644	\$ 175	\$ -	\$ 13	\$ 1,001,499
ECLs)	(6,108)	(9,817)	(821)	(175)		(13)	(16,934)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 820,448</u>	<u>\$ 163,294</u>	<u>\$ 823</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 984,565</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ 16,934	\$ 20,669
Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance	6,191	-
Less: Amounts written off	-	(3,898)
Foreign exchange gains and losses	(57)	163
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 23,068</u>	<u>\$ 16,934</u>

2) At FVTOCI

For trade receivables from a specific customer, the Group will decide whether to sell these trade receivables to banks without recourse based on its level of working capital. These trade receivables are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and selling of financial assets.

Since the Group purchased insurance individually and the credit rating is evaluated by the insurance company, no impairment loss was needed for trade receivables at FVTOCI. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of trade receivables at FVTOCI was \$4,303 thousand and \$14,592 thousand, respectively.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables (including related parties) at FVTOCI based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2023

	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 80,845	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 80,845
ECLs)							
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 80,845</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 80,845</u>

December 31, 2022

	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$ 131,668	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 131,668
ECLs)							
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 131,668</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 131,668</u>

c. Other receivables

The Group's other receivables included interest receivables and refundable tax. The Group follows the policy of trading only with customers who maintains good credit standing. The Group estimates whether the credit risk is significantly increased by monitoring the business situation and measures the loss allowance for other receivables by reference to past default experience of the debtor and analyze of the debtor's current financial position. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group evaluated no allowance for impairment loss was needed for other receivables.

9. INVENTORIES

	December 31			
		2023		2022
Raw materials	\$	644,955	\$	885,886
Supplies		3,343		3,401
Semi-finished goods		124,148		161,163
Work in progress		268,435		303,468
Finished goods		370,885		664,604
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,411,766</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,018,522

The nature of the cost of goods sold is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Cost of inventories sold Inventory write-downs	\$ 12,961,931 	\$ 15,579,652 <u>8,274</u>	
	<u>\$ 12,982,371</u>	<u>\$ 15,587,926</u>	

10. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries Included in the Consolidated Financial Statements

			Proportion o	of Ownership	
			Decem	ber 31	
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	2023	2022	Remark
Voltronic Power Technology	Voltronic International Corp.	Investment activities	100%	100%	а
Corp.	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	100%	100%	b
Voltronic International Corp.	Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	Investment activities	100%	100%	а
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Sale of uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	100%	100%	а
Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	100%	100%	с
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	100%	100%	с
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	100%	100%	с
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS related components	100%	100%	с

a. The main operating risk is the foreign exchange rate risk.

- b. The main operating risks are foreign exchange rate risks and government decrees.
- c. The main operating risks are foreign exchange rate risks, government decrees and political risk arising from the uncertainty in relationship between China and Taiwan.

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Assets Used by the Group

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Office Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Property under Construction	Total
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Reclassified (Note 1) Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 1,307,921 - - -	\$ 2,645,808 149 (61,559) 11,822 (24,155)	\$ 767,539 19,449 (11,950) 144,843 (13,559)	\$ 17,110 3,143 (1,887) - (321)	\$ 89,480 7,937 (2,718) 2,178 (1,466)	\$ 40,103 186 (6,818) - (570)	\$ 372,299 44,196 (12,933) 9,035 (7,225)	\$ 62,825 2,286 (13,999)	\$ 5,303,085 77,346 (97,865) 153,879 (47,296)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,307,921</u>	<u>\$ 2,572,065</u>	<u>\$ 906,322</u>	<u>\$ 18,045</u>	<u>\$ 95,411</u>	<u>\$ 32,901</u>	<u>\$ 405,372</u>	<u>\$ 51,112</u>	<u>\$ 5,389,149</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation expenses Disposals Reclassified Effect of foreign currency exchange	\$- - -	\$ 198,837 80,998 (61,559)	\$ 376,811 82,452 (11,042)	\$ 8,830 1,988 (1,566)	\$ 47,942 11,178 (2,341)	\$ 19,370 11,005 (6,818)	\$ 176,985 59,945 (9,916)	\$- - - -	\$ 828,775 247,566 (93,242)
differences		(2,022)	(6,184)	(160)	(817)	(401)	(3,973)		(13,557)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 216,254</u>	<u>\$ 442,037</u>	<u>\$ 9,092</u>	\$ 55,962	<u>\$ 23,156</u>	<u>\$ 223,041</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 969,542</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,307,921</u>	<u>\$ 2,355,811</u>	<u>\$ 464,285</u>	<u>\$ 8,953</u>	<u>\$ 39,449</u>	<u>\$ 9,745</u>	<u>\$ 182,331</u>	<u>\$ 51,112</u>	<u>\$ 4,419,607</u>
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassified (Note 2) Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 720,761 587,160 - -	\$ 1,218,651 70,536 (12,777) 1,357,627 <u>11,771</u>	\$ 643,006 99,015 (27,726) 41,923	\$ 13,312 3,649 (130) - 279	\$ 73,141 15,607 (1,233) 1,004 <u>961</u>	\$ 31,315 10,030 (1,676) - 434	\$ 281,589 92,715 (26,376) 16,892 7,479	\$ 409,111 995,163 (1,349,021) 7,572	\$ 3,390,886 1,873,875 (69,918) 68,425 <u>39,817</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 1,307,921</u>	<u>\$_2,645,808</u>	<u>\$ 767,539</u>	<u>\$ 17,110</u>	<u>\$ 89,480</u>	<u>\$ 40,103</u>	<u>\$ 372,299</u>	<u>\$ 62,825</u>	<u>\$_5,303,085</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2022 Depreciation expenses Disposals Reclassified Effect of foreign currency exchange	\$- - -	\$ 144,261 65,922 (12,777)	\$ 314,668 72,509 (14,504)	\$ 7,347 1,433 (88)	\$ 38,569 9,956 (1,032)	\$ 9,994 10,455 (1,193)	\$ 145,642 51,679 (23,925)	\$ - - -	\$ 660,481 211,954 (53,519)
differences		1,431	4,138	138	449	114	3,589		9,859
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 198,837</u>	<u>\$ 376,811</u>	<u>\$ 8,830</u>	<u>\$ 47,942</u>	<u>\$ 19,370</u>	<u>\$ 176,985</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 828,775</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2022	<u>\$_1,307,921</u>	<u>\$_2,446,971</u>	<u>\$390,728</u>	<u>\$ 8,280</u>	<u>\$ 41,538</u>	<u>\$ 20,733</u>	<u>\$ 195,314</u>	<u>\$ 62,825</u>	<u>\$_4,474,310</u>

Note 1: Reclassified from prepayments for equipment to property, plant and equipment \$153,879 thousand.

Note 2: Reclassified from prepayments for equipment to property, plant and equipment \$68,425 thousand.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, no impairment assessment was performed as there was no indication of impairment.

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Main buildings	50 years
Draining and air-conditioning units	5-15 years
Machinery and equipment	2-20 years
Transportation equipment	3-10 years
Office equipment	2-10 years
Leasehold improvements	3-5 years
Other equipment	2-10 years

Refer to Note 29 for the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged by the Group to secure borrowings.

The amounts of commitment liability for acquisition of property, plant and equipment were set out in Note 30.

12. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

-	
2023	2022
\$ 144,780 222,148 <u>1,422</u> \$ 368,350	\$ 150,741 309,960 <u>2,197</u> \$ 462,898
For the Year End 2023	
<u>\$ 9,173</u>	<u>\$ 161,678</u>
\$ 3,452 92,278 <u>775</u> \$ 96,505	\$ 3,462 93,769 <u>130</u> \$ 97,361
	\$ 144,780 222,148 <u>1,422</u> <u>\$ 368,350</u> <u>For the Year End</u> 2023 <u>\$ 9,173</u> \$ 3,452 92,278

b. Lease liabilities

	Decem	December 31		
	2023	2022		
Carrying amount				
Current Non-current	<u>\$ 97,187</u> <u>\$ 142,259</u>	<u>\$ 93,952</u> <u>\$ 234,627</u>		

Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Buildings Transportation equipment	4.75%-6.00% 5.58%	4.75%-6.00% 5.58%	

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Group leases land for use in operations with a lease term of 50 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leased land at the end of the lease term.

The Group also leases buildings and vehicles used as offices, plants, dormitories and operations with lease terms of 2 to 8 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire buildings and vehicles at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$ 11,165</u>	<u>\$ 26,177</u>	
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 1,217</u>	<u>\$ 1,215</u>	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (119,878</u>)	<u>\$ (139,578</u>)	

The Group leases certain plants and transportation equipment qualify as short-term leases and certain office equipment qualify as low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

The amount of lease commitments for short-term leases for which the recognition exemption is applied was \$1,356 thousand and \$2,978 thousand as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

13. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer Software
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 52,326 12,080 (5,266) (449)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 58,691</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Amortization expenses Disposals Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 27,673 17,819 (5,266) (344)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 39,882</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 18,809</u>
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassified (Note) Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 74,765 12,285 (35,333) 350 259
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 52,326</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance at January 1, 2022 Amortization expenses Disposals Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 45,437 17,490 (35,333) <u>79</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 27,673</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 24,653</u> (Concluded)

Note: Reclassified from prepayments for equipment to computer software.

The computer software are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

Amortization expenses by function are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Operating costs	\$ 1,700	\$ 1,738
Selling and marketing expenses	1,111	1,279
General and administrative expenses	6,067	7,186
Research and development expenses	8,941	7,287
	<u>\$ 17,819</u>	<u>\$ 17,490</u>

14. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Current		
Prepayment for purchases Overpaid sales tax Other prepayments	\$ 12,594 158,808 22,405	\$ 6,345 234,027 <u>31,013</u>
Non-current	<u>\$ 193,807</u>	<u>\$ 271,385</u>
Refundable deposits Prepayments for equipment	\$ 30,739 <u>36,030</u>	\$ 35,129 <u>136,841</u>
	<u>\$ 66,769</u>	<u>\$ 171,970</u>

15. BORROWINGS

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Secured borrowings (Note 29)		
Bank loans Less: Current portion	\$ 831,810 (97,860)	\$ 929,670 (97,860)
	<u>\$ 733,950</u>	<u>\$ 831,810</u>

The weighted average effective interest rate on bank loans listed above was 1.8134% and 1.5332% as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

In March 2022, the Group secured a loan of \$978,600 thousand with its own land and buildings as collateral. The principal is amortized equally over 10 years, and the maturity date of the loan will be in March 2032.

16. NOTES PAYABLE AND TRADE PAYABLES

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Notes payable		
Operating	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>
Trade payables		
Operating	<u>\$ 3,682,983</u>	<u>\$ 4,161,014</u>

The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the preagreed credit terms.

17. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Current		
Other payables Payables for salaries and bonuses Payables for compensation of employees Payables for sales tax Payables for commission Payables for insurance Payables for purchases of equipment (including buildings) Payables for remuneration of directors and supervisors Payable for freight Others	\$ 459,819 315,447 63,411 59,458 38,077 28,606 14,400 13,863 <u>88,860</u>	570,397 252,030 46,276 60,698 40,873 79,846 14,400 15,601 94,103
	<u>\$ 1,081,941</u>	<u>\$ 1,174,224</u>
Other liabilities Receipts under custody	<u>\$ 2,030</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Non-current		
Other liabilities Guarantee deposits	<u>\$ 1,967</u>	<u>\$ 1,683</u>

18. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Company makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages. The employees of the Group in China and Vietnam are members of state-managed retirement benefit plans by their local governments. The subsidiaries are required to contribute amounts calculated at a certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

19. EQUITY

a. Share capital

Ordinary shares

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Shares authorized (in thousands of shares) Shares authorized, par value \$10 (in thousands of dollars) Shares issued and fully paid (in thousands of shares) Shares issued and fully paid (in thousands of dollars)	<u>100,000</u> <u>\$ 1,000,000</u> <u>87,730</u> <u>\$ 877,306</u>	<u>100,000</u> <u>\$ 1,000,000</u> <u>87,762</u> <u>\$ 877,626</u>

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

Shares authorized include \$20,000 thousand for the issuance of employee share options.

On May 11, August 10 and November 9, 2023, the board of directors resolved to withdraw restricted shares. The Company withdraw \$320 thousand, 32 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10, with May 15, September 8 and November 30, 2023 as the effective date of reduction, and where the approval of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) was obtained on May 31, October 11 and December 27, 2023, respectively.

On February 24 and August 9, 2022, the board of directors resolved to withdraw restricted shares. The Company withdraw \$1,968 thousand, 197 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10, with March 15 and September 8, 2022 as the effective date of reduction, and where the approval of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) was obtained on April 14 and September 19, 2022, respectively.

A reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding was as follows:

	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Share Capital
Balance at January 1, 2022 Issuance of employee restricted shares (Note 24) Retirement of recognized employee restricted shares (Note 24)	87,419 540 (197)	\$ 874,194 5,400 (1,968)
Balance at December 31, 2022	87,762	<u>\$ 877,626</u>

	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Share Capital
Balance at January 1, 2023 Retirement of recognized employee restricted shares (Note 24)	87,762 (32)	\$ 877,626 (320)
Balance at December 31, 2023	87,730	<u>\$ 877,306</u>

b. Capital surplus

	December 31		1
	 2023		2022
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (Note)			
Premium from issuance ordinary shares Premium from employee restricted shares	\$ 253,288 854,001	\$	253,288 686,065
May not be used for any purpose			
Employee restricted shares	 665,184		885,600
	\$ 1,772,473	<u>\$</u>	1,824,953

Note: Capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and only once a year.

A reconciliation of the capital surplus was as follows:

	Premium from Ordinary Shares	Premium from Employee Restricted Shares	Employee Restricted Shares
Balance at January 1, 2023 Vested employee restricted shares Retired employee restricted shares (Note 1)	\$ 253,288 	\$ 686,065 167,936	\$ 885,600 (167,936) (52,480)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 253,288</u>	<u>\$ 854,001</u>	<u>\$ 665,184</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022 Issuance of employee restricted shares in current period	\$ 252,978	\$ 570,459	\$ 118,692 885,600
Vested employee restricted shares Retired employee restricted shares	-	115,606	(115,606)
(Notes 2 and 3)	310	<u> </u>	(3,086)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 253,288</u>	<u>\$ 686,065</u>	<u>\$ 885,600</u>

Note 1: Reversal of compensation cost of the restricted shares amounting to \$52,800 thousand, net of retired share capital of \$320 thousand.

- Note 2: Accumulative stock dividends of \$310 thousand for withdraw restricted stock was recognized as salary expense.
- Note 3: Reversal of compensation cost of the restricted shares amounting to \$5,054 thousand, net of retired share capital of \$1,968 thousand.
- c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for offsetting losses of previous years (including adjusting the undistributed retained earnings), setting aside as a legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors in Note 21-g.

Distribution of the compensation may be made by way of cash dividends or share dividends, where the ratio of the cash dividends distributed shall not be less than 10% of the total bonuses distributed. However, in case where that the bonus per share is less than NT\$0.3, the board of directors may cancel the bonus distribution by submitting such cancellation for resolution at the shareholders' meeting.

The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Items referred to under Rule No. 1090150022 should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Company.

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 and 2021 were resolved in the shareholders' meetings on June 9, 2023 and June 17, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 443,289</u>	<u>\$ 235,936</u>
Reversal of special reserve	<u>\$ (93,082</u>)	<u>\$ (38,041</u>)
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 3,817,672</u>	<u>\$ 2,054,355</u>
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 43.5	\$ 23.5

The appropriation of earnings for 2023, which had been resolved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2024 was as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 362,256</u>
Special reserve	<u>\$ 149,421</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 3,114,435</u>
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 35.5

The appropriation of earnings for 2023 is to be resolved by the shareholders in the shareholders' meeting on June 14, 2024.

In addition, the board of directors proposed the distribution of cash from the capital surplus of \$175,461 thousand on February 26, 2024, which is to be resolved by the shareholders in their meeting on June 14, 2024.

The appropriation of earnings of the Company and its subsidiaries are based on each individual company's policy and is not limited by any contracts.

d. Special reserve

		2023	2022
Balance at January 1 Reversal of the debits to other equity items	\$	293,428 (93,082)	\$ 331,469 (38,041)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$</u>	200,346	\$ 293,428

e. Other equity items

Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ (200,346)	\$ (293,428)
Recognized for the year		
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(186,776)	116,353
Income tax related to exchange differences arising on		
translating to the presentation currency	37,355	(23,271)
Other comprehensive income from the year	(149,421)	93,082
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (349,767</u>)	<u>\$ (200,346</u>)

Unearned employee benefits

In the meetings of shareholders on June 17, 2022 and June 25, 2019, the shareholders approved a restricted share plan for employees (refer to Note 24).

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ (750,637)	\$ (27,962)
Issuance of shares Share-based payment expenses recognized	- 358,417	(891,000) 163,271
Adjustment for retired restricted employee shares (Note)	52,800	5,054
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (339,420</u>)	<u>\$ (750,637</u>)

Note: Deducted from compensation cost of restricted shares.

20. REVENUE

		For the Year En	ded December 31
		2023	2022
Revenue from contracts with customers Revenue from the sale of goods		<u>\$ 18,950,843</u>	<u>\$ 22,724,596</u>
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022
Contract balances Notes receivable (Note 8) Trade receivables (Notes 8 and 28)	<u>\$ 57,517</u> <u>\$ 2,891,351</u>	<u>\$ 84,647</u> <u>\$ 3,031,869</u>	<u>\$67,450</u> <u>\$2,770,060</u>
Contract liabilities - current Sale of goods	<u>\$ 347,813</u>	<u>\$ 433,449</u>	<u>\$ 331,066</u>

Revenue recognized in the current reporting period from contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
From contract liabilities at the beginning of the year Sale of goods	<u>\$ 433,449</u>	<u>\$ 331,066</u>	

21. NET PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2023	2022		
Bank deposits Other financial assets - current	\$ 146,043	\$ 67,556 <u>45</u>		
	<u>\$ 146,043</u>	<u>\$ 67,601</u>		

b. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Government grants Others	\$ 61,346 5,811	\$ 28,524 <u>5,538</u>	
	<u>\$ 67,157</u>	<u>\$ 34,062</u>	

c. Other gains and (losses)

		For the Year Ended December 31	
		2023	2022
	Fair value changes of financial assets and financial liabilities Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Net foreign exchange gains Other (losses) gains	$\begin{array}{c} \$ & (2,183) \\ & (1,968) \\ 100,720 \\ \hline & (1,750) \\ \hline \$ & 94,819 \end{array}$	\$ - (199) 87,894 <u>123</u> <u>\$ 87,818</u>
d.	Finance costs		
		For the Year End 2023	led December 31 2022
	Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities Other interest expense	\$ 15,658 14,138 <u>33,472</u>	\$ 31,726 14,702 <u>27,777</u>
		<u>\$ 63,268</u>	<u>\$ 74,205</u>
e.	Depreciation and amortization		
		For the Year End	
		2023	2022
	An analysis of depreciation by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 229,778 <u>114,293</u>	\$ 191,957 <u>117,358</u>
		<u>\$ 344,071</u>	<u>\$ 309,315</u>
	An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs Operating expenses		\$ 1,738
		<u>\$ 17,819</u>	<u>\$ 17,490</u>

f. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2023	2022		
Salary expenses	\$ 2,094,293	\$ 2,666,640		
Other employee benefits				
Labor and health insurance	45,044	39,732		
Other employee benefits	95,996	95,730		
Equity-settled share-based payments (Note 24)	359,113 (Note 2)	163,934 (Note 1)		
Post-employment benefits				
Defined contribution plans	120,358	112,228		
Total employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 2,714,804</u>	<u>\$ 3,078,264</u>		

An analysis of employee benefits expense by		
function		
Operating costs	\$ 1,510,656	\$ 1,811,014
Operating expenses	1,204,148	1,267,250
	\$ 2,714,804	\$ 3,078,264

- Note 1: Share-based payment expense recognized of \$163,271 thousand and accumulated dividends that no need to be returned payout from returned and retired restricted shares of \$663 thousand at December 31, 2022.
- Note 2: Share-based payment expense recognized of \$358,417 thousand and accumulated dividends that no need to be returned payout from returned and retired restricted shares of \$696 thousand at December 31, 2023.
- g. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at rates between 3.75% and 11.5% and no higher than 3.75%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, which have been approved by the Group's board of directors on February 26, 2024 and February 23, 2023, respectively, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Compensation of employees Remuneration of directors	4.24% 0.34%	3.92% 0.27%	

Amount

		For the Year	End	ed December 31		
	2023			2022		
	Cash	Shares		Cash	Sha	res
Compensation of employees	\$ 180,000	\$	-	\$ 210,000	\$	-
Remuneration of directors	14,400		-	14,400		-

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

h. Gain or loss on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2023	2022		
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 859,356 (758,636)	\$ 1,263,297 (1,175,403)		
Net gains	<u>\$ 100,720</u>	<u>\$ 87,894</u>		

22. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Major components of income tax expense recognized in profit or loss are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2023	2022		
Current tax				
In respect of the current year	\$ (856,020)	\$ (1,025,801)		
Adjustments for prior year	73,567	68,830		
	(782,453)	(956,971)		
Deferred tax				
In respect of the current year	22,644	(13,182)		
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ (759,809</u>)	<u>\$ (970,153</u>)		

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2023	2022		
Profit before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 4,382,365</u>	<u>\$ 5,403,043</u>		
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income Deferred tax effect of earnings of subsidiaries Unrecognized deductible temporary differences Adjustments for prior years' tax	\$ (1,202,557) (17,432) 382,921 3,692 73,567	\$ (1,364,672) (2,285) 327,974 68,830		
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ (759,809</u>)	<u>\$ (970,153</u>)		

The applicable tax rate used by the entity in ROC for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was 20%. Except for Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp. and Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited in 2023 and 2022, which used the tax rate of 15% due to owning the high-tech enterprise certificate. The applicable tax rate used by subsidiaries in China was 25%. Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited is entitled to income tax incentives based on the Law on Foreign Investment in Vietnam and is entitled to income tax exemption for six years beginning from the first profit-earning year - full exemption in the first two years and half exemption in the next four years (10% tax rate) in 2023 and 2022.

As the status of the 2024 appropriations of earnings is uncertain, the potential income tax consequences of additional 5% on 2023 unappropriated earnings are not reliably determinable.

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current year			
Translation of foreign operations	<u>\$ 37,355</u>	<u>\$ (23,271</u>)	
c. Current tax assets and liabilities			
	Decem	ber 31	
	2023	2022	
Current tax liabilities		• • • • • • • •	
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 170,749</u>	<u>\$ 651,051</u>	

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

		pening alance		gnized in t or Loss	Con	ognized in Other nprehen- e Income		change ferences		llosing alance
Deferred tax assets										
Temporary differences Exchanges differences on foreign	¢	50.096	¢		¢	27 255	¢		¢	07 441
operations Unrealized loss on write-down of	\$	50,086	\$	-	\$	37,355	\$	-	\$	87,441
inventories		5,967		3,448		-		(161)		9,254
Unrealized employee compensation Allowance for impairment loss Lease liabilities		30,024 1,243 <u>48,144</u>	(20,971 (521) (<u>12,387</u>)		- - -		(407) (13) (760)		50,588 709 <u>34,997</u>
	\$	135,464	<u>\$</u>	11,511	\$	37,355	\$	(1,341)	\$	182,989
Deferred tax liabilities										
Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gain Right-of-use assets	\$	2,525 44,645	\$	805 (<u>11,938</u>)	\$	-	\$	- (709)	\$	3,330 <u>31,998</u>
	\$	47,170	<u>\$</u> (<u>(11,133</u>)	\$		<u>\$</u>	<u>(709</u>)	<u>\$</u>	35,328

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Opening Balance	The Impact of the Amendments to IAS 12 Retroactively Applied	Opening Balance (Restated)	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Comprehen- sive Income	Exchange Differences	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets							
Temporary differences Exchanges differences on foreign operations	\$ 73,357	\$-	\$ 73,357	\$-	\$ (23,271)	\$-	\$ 50,086
Unrealized loss on write- down of inventories Unrealized employee	4,426	-	4,426	1,474	-	67	5,967
compensation Allowance for impairment	16,506	-	16,506	13,299	-	219	30,024
loss Unrealized exchange	1,890	-	1,890	(680)	-	33	1,243
losses Lease liabilities	15,010 <u>2,652</u> 113,841	44,645	15,010 <u>47,297</u> 158,486	(15,010) <u>799</u> (118)	(23,271)	<u>48</u> 367	<u>48,144</u> 135,464
Tax losses	10,344			(10,539)		195	
	<u>\$ 124,185</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 158,486</u>	<u>\$ (10,657</u>)	<u>\$ (23,271</u>)	<u>\$ 562</u>	<u>\$ 135,464</u>
Deferred tax liabilities							
Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gain Right-of-use assets	\$ - 	\$ - 44,645	\$ - 	\$ 2,525	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 2,525 <u>44,645</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 44,645</u>	<u>\$ 2,525</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 47,170</u>

e. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognized

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries for which no deferred tax liabilities were recognized amounted to \$9,692,682 thousand and \$7,778,078 thousand, respectively.

f. Income tax assessments

The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed by the tax authorities. As of December 31, 2023, the Group has no unsettled lawsuits related to tax.

23. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Unit: NT\$ Per Share		
	For the Year En	ded December 31	
	2023	2022	
Basic earnings per share Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 41.52</u>	<u>\$ 50.90</u>	
Diluted earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 41.31</u>	<u>\$ 50.71</u>	

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Diluted earnings per share			
Net profit for the year	<u>\$ 3,622,556</u>	<u>\$ 4,432,890</u>	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of basic earnings per share (in thousands)	87,255	87,098	
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation or bonuses issued to employees	124	147	
Restricted employee share options	320	176	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of diluted earnings per share (in thousands)	87,699	87,421	

The Group may settle the compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS - RESTRICTED SHARE PLAN FOR EMPLOYEES

a. 2019

On June 25, 2019, the shareholders approved a restricted share plan for employees with a total amount of \$6,820 thousand, consisting of 682 thousand shares. The subscription base date of September 8, 2019 was determined by the board of directors on August 12, 2019. The restrictions on the rights of the employees who acquire the restricted shares but have not met the vesting conditions are as follows:

- 1) The employees should provide the restricted shares to the Company or the agency designated by the Company acting as the trust custodian and cooperate in complying with all related procedures and preparing the required documents.
- 2) The employees shall not sell, pledge, transfer, donate or, in any other way, dispose of these shares.
- 3) Employees holding equity under the custody of the trust agency do not have the right to attend shareholders' meetings or to engage in motions, speech, and voting therein.
- 4) The employees' other rights, which are the same as those of ordinary shareholders of the Company, include but are not limited to the rights to receive dividends, bonuses and capital surplus in shares and cash increases by share.

The vesting conditions of restricted shares are when an employee received the restricted shares, and the restriction of acquiring the shares would be canceled as follows:

After one year from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After two years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After three years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 60%.

The individual performance target is set by the Chairman for different employees of each department. The Company's operating objectives are based on four indicators: Consolidated revenue, combined gross profit margin, combined operating profit and combined operating profit ratio. Each objective contains A and B target conditions, respectively, and achieving one of the target conditions is considered as achieving the objective. After each target condition is reached, 25% of the number of shares allocated in the current year can be obtained. The judgment of the achievement of the indicators and standards shall be based on the consolidated financial statements of the first year prior to the expiration of the Company's vested conditions. The target conditions are detailed in the table below.

Operating Objective	Target Condition A	Target Condition B	The Ratio of the Number of Shares to Be Awarded in the Current Year
Revenue	10% (inclusive) or more than the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Gross profit (GM %)	Increase by 1% or more from the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Operating profit (OPM \$)	10% (inclusive) or more than the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Operating profit ratio (OPM %)	Increase by 1% or more from the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%

If an employee fails to meet the vesting conditions, the Company will withdraw the restricted shares.

The aforementioned newly issued restricted employee shares were assessed to have a fair value of \$648 per share, based on the market approach. The unearned employee benefits of \$441,936 thousand were recognized on the basis of vesting conditions and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Compensation costs of \$22,908 thousand were recognized within the vesting period for the years ended December 31, 2022.

b. 2022

On June 17, 2022, the shareholders resolved a restricted share plan for employees with a total amount of \$5,400 thousand, consisting of 540 thousand shares, for free issuance. The base date of the capital increase and payment was September 8, 2022, which was the date determined by the board of directors on August 25, 2022. The restrictions on the rights of the employees who acquire the restricted shares but have not met the vesting conditions are as follows:

- 1) The employees should provide the restricted shares to the Company or the agency designated by the Company acting as the trust custodian and cooperate in complying with all related procedures and preparing the required documents.
- 2) The employees shall not sell, pledge, transfer, donate or, in any other way, dispose of these shares.

- 3) Employees holding equity under the custody of the trust agency do not have the right to attend shareholders' meetings or to engage in motions, speech, and voting therein.
- 4) The employees' other rights, which are the same as those of ordinary shareholders of the Company, include but are not limited to the rights to receive dividends, bonuses and capital surplus in shares and cash increases by share.

The vesting conditions of restricted shares are when an employee received the restricted shares, and the restriction of acquiring the shares would be canceled as follows:

After one year from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After two years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After three years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 60%.

The individual performance target is set by the Chairman for different employees of each department. The Company's operating objectives are based on four indicators: Consolidated revenue, combined gross profit margin, combined operating profit and combined operating profit ratio. Each objective contains A and B target conditions, respectively, and achieving one of the target conditions is considered as achieving the objective. After each target condition is reached, 25% of the number of shares allocated in the current year can be obtained. The judgment of the achievement of the indicators and standards shall be based on the consolidated financial statements of the first year prior to the expiration of the Company's vested conditions. The target conditions are detailed in the table below.

Operating Objective	Target Condition A	Target Condition B	Ratio of the Number of Shares to Be Awarded in the Current Year
Revenue	10% (inclusive) or more than the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Gross profit (GM %)	Increase by 1% or more from the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Operating profit (OPM \$)	10% (inclusive) or more than the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Operating profit ratio (OPM %)	Increase by 1% or more from the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%

If an employee fails to meet the vesting conditions, the Company will withdraw the restricted shares.

The aforementioned newly issued restricted employee shares were assessed to have a fair value of \$1,650 per share based on the market approach. The unearned employee benefits of \$891,000 thousand were recognized on the basis of vesting conditions and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Compensation costs of \$358,417 thousand and \$140,363 thousand were recognized, respectively, within the vesting period for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

c. Information on the restricted share plan for employees was as follows:

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Balance at January 1	540	378	
Issued in this year	-	540	
Vested	(102)	(181)	
Forfeited (Note)	(32)	(197)	
Balance at December 31	406	540	

Note: The forfeited shares for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were the shares that were cancelled due to the vesting conditions not being met.

25. CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

a. Non-cash transactions

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, the Group entered into the following non-cash investing and financing activities which were not reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the unsettled payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment were \$28,606 thousand and \$79,846 thousand, respectively, and recorded as other payables - payables for purchases of equipment in the consolidated financial statements.

b. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	New Leases	<u>lon-cash Change</u> Change of Variable Payments	es Exchange Rate Impact	Closing Balance
Long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term borrowings) Guarantee deposits Lease liabilities	\$ 929,670 1,683 <u>328,579</u> <u>\$ 1,259,932</u>	\$ (97,860) 323 (93,358) <u>\$ (190,895</u>)	\$ 	\$ - 	\$ - (39) (4,568) <u>\$ (4,607</u>)	\$ 831,810 1,967 <u>239,446</u> <u>\$ 1,073,223</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	New Leases	Change of Variable Payments	Exchange Rate Impact	Closing Balance
Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term	\$ 2,379,745	\$(2,568,896)	\$-	\$-	\$ 189,151	\$-
borrowings)	-	929,670	-	-	-	929,670
Guarantee deposits	1,726	(71)	-	-	28	1,683
Lease liabilities	257,840	(97,484)	161,678		6,545	328,579
	<u>\$2,639,311</u>	<u>\$(1,736,781</u>)	<u>\$ 161,678</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 195,724</u>	<u>\$ 1,259,932</u>

26. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while considering operating risks and maximizing the returns to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity of the Group (comprising issued capital, reserve, retained earnings and other equity).

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Under the recommendations of the key management, to balance the overall capital structure, the Group may adjust the number of new shares issued.

27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Management believes the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements which are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2023

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Fund beneficiary certificate	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	<u>\$ 42,362</u>
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in debt instruments Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 85,148</u>	<u>\$ 85,148</u>

December 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in debt instruments Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 146,260</u>	<u>\$ 146,260</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI
Financial Assets	Fund Beneficiary Certificate	Debt Instrument
Balance at January 1, 2023 Purchases Recognized in profit or loss (including other gains and losses) Sales	\$ - 44,545 (2,183)	\$ 146,260 - (61,112)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	<u>\$ 85,148</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Financial Assets	Financial Assets <u>at FVTOCI</u> Debt Instrument
Balance at January 1, 2022 Net increase	\$ 117,931 28,329
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 146,260</u>

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

Categories of Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Input Values
Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	As the effect of discounting was not significant, the fair value is measured based on the original invoice amount.
Fund beneficiary certificate	Asset-based approach: Assess the net asset value, which is evaluated based on the fair value of the latest financial statements of the invested target.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	Decem	ıber 31
	2023	2022
Financial assets		
FVTPL		
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$ 42,362	\$ -
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)	7,982,303	8,389,801
Financial assets at FVTOCI		
Investments in debt instruments		
Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	85,148	146,260
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2)	4,711,776	5,354,697

- 1) The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade receivables (excluding debt instruments), trade receivables from related parties, other receivables, and refundable deposits (included in other non-current assets).
- 2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise notes payable, trade payables, trade payables to related parties, other payables, current portion of long-term borrowings, long-term borrowings and guarantee deposit received (included in other non-current liabilities) that are measured at amortized cost.
- d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments included trade receivables, trade payables, borrowings, and lease liabilities. The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to financial markets, and monitors and manages the significant financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports that analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The corporate treasury function reports regularly to the board of directors, who monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below).

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks were managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group had foreign currency denominated sales and purchases, which exposed the Group to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) are set out in Note 31.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the fluctuations in the USD and the RMB.

The following table shows the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the functional currencies of the group entities against the relevant foreign currencies (the USD and RMB). A sensitivity rate of 1% is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and their translation was adjusted at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicated an increase in pretax profit when the New Taiwan dollar weakened by 1% against the relevant currency. For a 1% strengthening of the New Taiwan dollar against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pretax profit and the balances below would be negative.

	USD I	mpact
	For the Year End	led December 31
	2023	2022
Profit or loss	\$ 57,267	\$ 64,464
	RMB I	mpact
	For the Year End	led December 31
	2023	2022
Profit or loss	\$ (86,753)	\$ (74,949)

The above impact on profit and loss was mainly attributable to the exposure on USD bank deposits, USD receivables, USD payables and USD bank borrowings, RMB bank deposits and RMB payables at the end of the reporting period.

The Group's sensitivity to the USD decreased during the current period mainly because of the decrease in USD bank deposits. The Group's sensitivity to the RMB increased during the current period mainly because of the increase in RMB payables to related parties.

b) Interest rate risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rate risks at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decem	December 31			
	2023	2022			
Fair value interest rate risk					
Financial assets	\$ 3,541,099	\$ 2,319,693			
Financial liabilities	239,446	328,579			
Cash flow interest rate risk					
Financial assets	1,502,603	3,032,292			
Financial liabilities	831,810	929,670			

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis in the next paragraph was based on the exposure of the Group's nonderivative instruments to interest rate risks at the end of the reporting period. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$6,708 thousand and \$21,026 thousand, respectively, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rate risks on its floating-rate bank deposits and bank borrowings.

The Group's sensitivity to interest rates decreased during the current period mainly because of the decrease in floating-rate bank deposits.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Group. As of the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure of counterparties to discharge an obligation pertain to financial assets recognized as stated in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

To minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowances are made for irrecoverable amounts. Thus, management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group transacts with a large number of unrelated customers and thus, no concentration of credit risk was observed.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group had available unutilized short-term bank loan facilities set out in (b) below.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk table for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following tables show the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed-upon repayment periods. The tables were been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables included both interest and principal cash flows.

For interest flows pertaining to floating rates, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

December 31, 2023

	Less than 3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year to 5 Years	More than 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate	\$ 2,385,170 23,835	\$ 1,492,829 82,644	\$	\$
liabilities	52,691	59,402	430,483	353,364
	<u>\$ 2,461,696</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,875</u>	<u>\$ 581,902</u>	<u>\$ 353,364</u>

Further information on the maturity analysis of the above financial liabilities was as follows:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15	5 Years	15-20 Ye	ars	20+ Years
Variable interest rate liabilities	<u>\$ 112,093</u>	<u>\$ 430,483</u>	<u>\$ 353,364</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ -</u>
December 31, 2022								
		Less than 3 Months	3 Months Year	to 1		1 Year Years	M	ore than 5 Years
Non-derivative finar liabilities	icial							
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate		\$ 3,168,945 23,795	\$ 1,254,3 84,0		\$	1,683 250,508	\$	-
liabilities	<u>,</u>	52,445	58,9	9 <u>19</u>		430,470		455,575
		<u>\$ 3,245,185</u>	<u>\$ 1,397,3</u>	<u>342</u>	<u>\$</u> (<u>582,661</u>	<u>\$</u>	455,575

Further information on the maturity analysis of the above financial liabilities was as follows:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Variable interest rate liabilities	<u>\$ 111,364</u>	<u>\$ 430,470</u>	<u>\$ 455,575</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

b) Financing facilities

	December 31			
	2023	2022		
Unsecured bank loan facilities Amount used Amount unused	\$ - <u>4,607,050</u>	\$ - <u>3,813,595</u>		
	<u>\$ 4,607,050</u>	<u>\$ 3,813,595</u>		
Secured bank overdraft facilities Amount used Amount unused	\$ 831,810 <u>97,860</u> \$ 929,670	\$ 929,670 		

e. Transfers of financial assets

Factored trade receivables that are not yet overdue at the end of the year were as follows:

Counterparty	Receivables Factoring Proceeds	Amount Reclassified to Other Receivables	Advances Received - Unused	Advances Received - Used	Annual Interest Rates on Advances Received (Used) (%)
For the December 31, 2023					
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. BNP Paribas S.A.	\$ 392,507 <u>47,238</u> <u>\$ 439,745</u>	\$ - 	\$ 	\$ 392,507 <u>47,238</u> <u>\$ 439,745</u>	4.27%-7.79% 5.94%-6.73%
For the December 31, 2022					
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. BNP Paribas S.A.	\$ 451,989 48,231 <u>\$ 500,220</u>	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 451,989 48,231 <u>\$ 500,220</u>	3.40%-6.89% 4.98%-5.92%

Pursuant to the agreements, losses from commercial disputes (such as sales returns and discounts) are borne by the Group, while losses from credit risk are borne by the bank.

28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which were related parties of the Company, have been eliminated upon consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

a. Related party name and category

Related Name	Related Party Category
RPS SpA	Essential related party (whose managing director is the key management personnel of the Group)
RIELLO UPS (ASIA) Co., Ltd.	Essential related party (whose managing director is the key management personnel of the Group)
RIELLO UPS (SHANGHAI) Co., Ltd.	Essential related party (whose managing director is the key management personnel of the Group)
FSP Technology Inc.	Key management personnel
WUXI Zhonghan Technology Co., Ltd.	Essential related party (whose parent company is the key management personnel of the Group)
Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd.	Essential related party (whose chairman is the key management personnel of the Group)

b. Sales of goods

		For the Year Ended December 31			
Line Item	Related Party Category	2023	2022		
Sales	Essential related parties Key management personnel	\$ 640,529 328,603	\$ 1,046,551 <u>382,604</u>		
		<u>\$ 969,132</u>	<u>\$ 1,429,155</u>		

The selling prices of the goods sold to the related parties in the table above are not comparable, as these goods were not sold to other customers in 2023 and 2022. Payment terms for goods sold to related parties are 135-150 days from the end of the month and 0-180 days for general customers.

c. Purchases of goods

	For the Year Ended December 3		
Related Party Category	2023	2022	
Essential related parties	<u>\$ 32,667</u>	<u>\$ 16,310</u>	

The purchase prices of the goods purchased from the related parties in the table above are not comparable as these same goods were not purchased from other suppliers in 2023 and 2022. Payment terms of goods purchased from related parties are 150 days following the end of each month, and 30-90 days for general suppliers.

d. Receivables from related parties (excluding loans to related parties)

		December 31			
Line Item	Related Party Category		2023		2022
Trade receivables from related parties	Essential related parties Key management personnel	\$	70,936 89,583	\$	79,181 160,346
		\$	160,519	\$	239,527

The outstanding trade receivables from related parties were unsecured. In 2023 and 2022, no impairment loss was recognized for trade receivables from related parties.

e. Payables to related parties (excluding loans from related parties)

		Ι	December 31
Line Item	Related Party Category	2023	2022
Trade payables to related parties	Essential related parties	<u>\$ 4,1</u>	<u>85 \$ 12,042</u>
The outstanding trade payables to	related parties are unsecured.		
Lease arrangements - Group is les	see		
		For the Yea	ar Ended December 31
Related Party Category		2023	2022

Related Party Category	2	2023		2022	
Interest expense					
Essential related parties	\$		_	\$	20

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group leased office space from essential related parties. The rental expense is determined with reference to the general market conditions, and the payment terms are monthly payments.

g. Remuneration of key management personnel

f.

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2023	2022		
Short-term employee benefits Post-employee benefits Share-based payments	\$ 117,370 524 56,195	\$ 94,741 547 <u>40,372</u>		
	<u>\$ 174,089</u>	<u>\$ 135,660</u>		

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee, is based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

29. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for bank borrowings:

	December 31			
	2023	2022		
Land Building	\$ 587,160 	\$ 587,160 777,172		
	<u>\$ 1,348,632</u>	<u>\$ 1,364,332</u>		

30. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant contingencies and unrecognized commitments of the Group at December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Unrecognized commitments are as follows:

	December 31		
	2023		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<u>\$ 6,270</u>	<u>\$ 134,431</u>	

31. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The following information was aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the entities in the Group and the related exchange rates between the foreign currencies and the New Taiwan dollar are disclosed. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2023

	Foreign Currency (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 189,642	30.7050 (USD:NTD)	\$ 5,822,948
USD	17,061	7.0827 (USD:RMB)	523,865
USD	12,883	24,215 (USD:VND)	395,571
RMB	2,446	4.3352 (RMB:NTD)	10,602
RMB	2,038,586	0.1412 (RMB:USD)	8,838,383
			¢ 15 501 0 60

	Foreign Currency (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD USD USD RMB RMB	18,480 7,533 7,064 2,038,586 2,003,568	30.7050 (USD:NTD) 7.0827 (USD:RMB) 24,215 (USD:VND) 4.3352 (RMB:NTD) 0.1412 (RMB:USD)	\$ 567,428 231,313 216,907 8,837,678 <u>8,686,560</u> <u>\$ 18,539,886</u>
December 31, 2022			
	Foreign Currency (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD USD USD RMB RMB	\$ 220,121 11,885 6,587 7,834 1,716,296	30.7150 (USD:NTD) 6.9646 (USD:RMB) 23,560 (USD:VND) 4.4102 (RMB:NTD) 0.1436 (RMB:USD)	\$ 6,761,015 365,044 202,330 34,549 7,570,023 \$ 14,932,961
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD USD USD RMB RMB	\$ 10,844 8,909 8,963 1,716,296 1,707,289	30.7150 (USD:NTD) 6.9646 (USD:RMB) 23,560 (USD:VND) 4.4102 (RMB:NTD) 0.1436 (RMB:USD)	\$ 333,080 273,635 275,293 7,569,213 7,530,297 <u>\$ 15,981,518</u>

The Group is mainly exposed to the USD and the RMB. The following information was aggregated by the functional currencies of the group entities, and the exchange rates between the respective functional currencies and the presentation currency were disclosed.

		For the Year End	led December 31	
	2023		2022	
Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)
NTD USD RMB VND	1.00 (NTD:NTD) 31.1283 (USD:NTD) 4.4118 (RMB:NTD) 0.0013 (VND:NTD)	\$ 91,711 (4,065) (2,096) <u>15,170</u>	1.00 (NTD:NTD) 29.8896 (USD:NTD) 4.4237 (RMB:NTD) 0.0013 (VND:NTD)	\$ 79,851 (1,424) (419) <u>9,886</u>
		<u>\$ 100,720</u>		<u>\$ 87,894</u>

The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

32. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information on significant transactions:
 - 1) Financing provided to others: Table 1
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: None
 - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Table 2
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4
 - 9) Trading in derivative instruments: None
 - 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Table 5
- b. Information on investees: Table 6
- c. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area: Table 7

- 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: Table 8
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year.
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year.
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes.
 - e) The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to the financing of funds.
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services.
- d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 9)
- e. The criteria governing preparation of affiliation reports, consolidated business reports and consolidated financial statements for affiliates shall disclose the listed particulars for the affiliates:
 - 1) Subsidiaries' company names, relationships to the controlling company, nature of business, and the controlling company's shareholding or capital proportion: Note 10
 - 2) Variation of subsidiaries which are included in the current consolidated financial statements: Note 10
 - 3) Subsidiaries' company names, shareholding or capital proportion and the reasons that they are not listed on the consolidated financial statements: None
 - 4) The adjustments and the ways to manage when the controlling company and a subsidiary have different fiscal year start/end dates: None
 - 5) The adjustments when the controlling company and a subsidiary have different accounting policies: None
 - 6) Operating risk such as exchange risk for an overseas subsidiary: Note 10
 - 7) Retained earnings allocation of each subsidiary restricted by regulations or contracts: Note 19
 - 8) Consolidated amortization methods and expirations: None
 - 9) Others: None
- f. The criteria governing preparation of affiliation reports, consolidated business reports and consolidated financial statements for affiliates shall disclose the below-listed for the controlling company and subordinate company respectively:
 - 1) Information about accommodations of funds or endorsements: Table 1

- 2) Information about derivative instrument transactions: None
- 3) Significant contingencies: None
- 4) Significant events after the reporting period: None
- 5) Names, quantities, costs, market prices (if not available, disclose net worth per share), capital proportions and the highest shareholding situation of the securities: Note 10, Tables 2, 6 and 7
- 6) Others: None
- g. The subsidiaries holding the parent company's shares should list clearly the Company's name, number of shares held, the total amounts and the related reasons: None

33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

a. Financial information

The Group is a single industrial segment, mainly engaged in the manufacture and sale of uninterruptible power system, and provides information to the chief operating decision makers for allocating resources and evaluating the performance of the segment, focusing on each type of products delivered or provided, so there is no need to disclose the operating information of the reportable segment.

b. Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information on its noncurrent assets by location of assets are shown below.

		om External omers ded December 31	Non-current Assets December 31							
	2023	2022	2023	2022						
Taiwan China Vietnam	\$ 16,274,551 2,676,292	\$ 20,263,952 2,460,644	\$ 2,525,116 2,239,623 <u>108,796</u>	\$ 2,552,937 2,427,540 <u>153,354</u>						
	<u>\$ 18,950,843</u>	<u>\$ 22,724,596</u>	<u>\$ 4,873,535</u>	<u>\$ 5,133,831</u>						

Non-current assets excluded non-current assets classified as financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

c. Information on major customers

Total revenue from the sale of uninterruptible power systems amounted to \$18,950,843 thousand and \$22,724,596 thousand in 2023 and 2022, respectively, and out of these amounts, \$2,763,259 thousand and \$3,463,309 thousand respectively came from the Group's biggest client. There is no other single customer that contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for both 2023 and 2022. f

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

No.			Financial Statement	Delated	Highest Balance		Actual Amount	Interest Date	Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	Colla	ateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate
(Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Account	Party	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Borrowed	(%)	Financing (Note 2)	Transaction Amount	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Financing Limit
1	Manufacturing Company	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	related parties Other receivables from related parties Other receivables from related parties	Yes Yes Yes	86,704 (RMB 20,000) 238,436 (RMB 55,000)	86,704 (RMB 20,000) 238,436 (RMB 55,000)	- (RMB -) 238,436 (RMB 55,000)		2 2 2	-	Operating capital financing funds Operating capital financing funds Operating capital financing funds	\$ - - -	- -	\$	\$ 2,095,665 2,095,665 2,095,665	\$ 2,095,665 2,095,665 2,095,665
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics C Limited Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics C Limited Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics C Limited	related parties Other receivables from related parties	Yes Yes Yes	368,492 (RMB 85,000) 411,844	216,760 (RMB 50,000) 368,492 (RMB 85,000) 411,844 (RMB 95,000)	368,492 (RMB 85,000) 411,844	3.55 3.45	2 2 2	-	Operating capital financing funds Operating capital financing funds Operating capital financing funds	-	-	-	2,095,665 2,095,665 2,095,665	2,095,665 2,095,665 2,095,665

Note 1: Number column as follows:

"0" for the issuer. a.

b. Investees are numbered from "1".

- Note 2: Number 1 represents business relationship between companies or firms. Number 2 represents short-term financing is necessary between companies or firms.
- The aggregate financing limit shall not exceed 40% which were audited and attested by certified public accountants. Note 3:
- Note 4: a. The aggregate financing limit shall not exceed 40% of the net asset value of Voltronic Power Technology.
 - b. Financing limit for each borrower for the business relationship, the financing amount on each individual loan shall not exceed 30% of total business transaction amount or 10% of net assets value was in accordance with currently audited or reviewed financial statements by accountant; the lower value is final. The business transaction amount referred to the one with higher purchase or sales amount in the current year starting from one month before application date, for the necessary of short-term financing, the financing amount on each individual loan should not exceed 10% of net asset value in accordance with currently audited or reviewed financial statements by accountant but the restriction shall not apply to inter-company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, nor to loans of fund to the Company by any overseas subsidiary in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.

Note 5: The foreign-currency amounts of the highest balance for the period and ending balance were converted by exchange rate RMB1 into NT\$4.3352 as of December 31, 2023.

Note 6: The amounts have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

	Type and Name of Marketable	Relationship with the			December 31, 2023						
Holding Company Name	Securities	Holding Company (Note)	Financial Statement Account	Number of Stock/Unit	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note			
Voltronic Power Technology	Hoshun Hing Intelligent Mobile Limited Partnership	-	Financial assets at FVTPL	-	\$ 42,362	1.11	\$ 42,362	-			

Note 1: If the issuer of the securities is not a related party, this field is not required to be filled.

Note 2: The mid-term highest holdings was the same as of December 31, 2023.

Note 3: There is no impignorated condition happened.

TABLE 2

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Data da Devete			Т	ransaction	Details	Abnorma	l Transaction	Notes/Accounts Pa Receivable		Nata
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	- Note
Voltronic Power Technology	RPS. SpA	Essential related parties	(Sales)	\$ 622,428)	(4)	Net 150 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-180 days	\$ 62,261	2	-
	FSP Technology Inc.	Key management personnel	(Sales)	(328,603)	(2)	Net 135 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-180 days	89,583	4	-
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Subsidiary	Purchase	272,273	2	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(150,661)	(2)	Note 3
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Subsidiary	Purchase	13,029,480	97	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(9,109,268)	(97)	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Subsidiary	Purchase	117,067	1	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(73,011)	(1)	//
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Voltronic Power Technology	Parent company	(Sales)	(13,029,480)	(86)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	9,109,268	95	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	(Sales)	(505,541)	(3)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	67,372	1	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	Purchase	4,026,517	27	Net 270 days from the end of the	No identical item	30-90 days	(4,613,787)	(47)	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(729,560)	(5)	Net 270 days from the end of the	Note 2	Note 2	125,033	1	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	8,684,341	58	Net 270 days from the end of the	No identical item	30-90 days	(4,259,327)	(44)	//
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(218,350)	(1)	Net 270 days from the end of the	Note 2	Note 2	38,581	1	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(589,513)	(4)	Net 270 days from the end of the	Note 2	Note 2	216,741	2	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	1,013,565	7	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(395,361)	(4)	//
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp. Parent company (Sales) ((13,029,480) (86) Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp. The same parent company The same parent company (Sales) (729,560) (S) Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited The same parent company (Sales) (218,350) (I) Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued Note 2 Note 2 Note 2 Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited The same parent company (Sales) (218,350) (I) Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued month of when invoice is issued potentia Technology In	150,661	3	//								
Corp.	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(4,026,517)	(89)	Net 270 days from the end of the	No identical item	30-90 days	4,613,787	95	//
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	505,541	21	Net 270 days from the end of the	No identical item	30-90 days	(67,372)	(9)	//
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	Purchase	136,767	6	Net 270 days from the end of the	No identical item	30-90 days	(74,460)	(10)	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	The same parent company	Purchase	474,549	20		No identical item	30-90 days	(59,245)	(8)	//
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	g Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	218,350	15	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-60 days	(38,581)	(5)	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	(Sales)	(136,767)	(5)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-60 days	74,460	15	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	394,643	26	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-60 days	(232,543)	(28)	"
	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	The same parent company	Purchase	268,625	18	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-60 days	(56,867)	(7)	//

TABLE 3

(Continued)

Company Name	Deleted Deute	Nation of Deletionship		Tr	ansaction	Details	Abnorma	Transaction	Notes/Accounts Pa Receivable		Note
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance (Note 3)	% to Total	Note
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	\$ (8,684,341)	(94)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	\$ 4,259,327	93	//
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	729,560	11	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(125,033)	(5)	//
	Voltronic Power Technology	The same parent company	(Sales)	(117,067)	(1)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	73,011	2	"
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(394,643)	(4)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	232,543	5	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	The same parent company	Purchase	1,022,501	15	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(417,983)	(17)	//
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	(Sales)	(474,549)	(27)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	59,245	11	"
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(268,625)	(15)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	56,867	11	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(1,022,501)	(58)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	417,983	78	//
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(1,013,565)	(100)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	395,361	100	"
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	589,513	98	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(216,741)	(90)	//

Note 1: Above amounts present in New Taiwan dollars (NT\$). Foreign currency is converted into NT\$ as of December 31, 2023; the amount of income accounts are converted by average exchange rate into New Taiwan dollars (NT\$) as of 2023.

Note 2: There is no sales to unrelated parties.

Note 3: The amounts have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Overd	lue	Amount		
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance (Note 1)	Turnover Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Received in Subsequent Period (Note 3)	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Note
Trade receivables									
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Voltronic Power Technology Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Parent company The same parent company	\$ 9,109,268 125,033	1.55 6.26	\$ - -	-	\$ 992,901 65,940	\$ - -	Note 4
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	The same parent company	216,741	2.32	-	-	46,059	-	"
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen)	Voltronic Power Technology	Parent company	150,661	2.05	-	-	42,632	-	//
Corp.	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	4,613,787	0.85	-	-	218,488	-	//
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	4,259,327	2.48	-	-	710,681	-	//
Limited	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	232,543	2.52			82,117		
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	417,983	2.80	-	-	92,000	-	//
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	395,361	3.39	-	-	73,395	-	//
Other receivables Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	1,413,188 (Note 2)	-	-	-	4,248	-	//

Note 1: The foreign-currency amounts were translated into exchange rate US\$1 into NT\$30.7050 and RMB1 into NT\$4.3352 as of December 31, 2023.

Note 2: Including interest receivables \$4,248 thousand.

Note 3: The amount received in subsequent period was as of January 31, 2024.

Note 4: The amounts have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

TABLE 4

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Trar	nsaction Details	
No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	Amount (Note 5)	Payment Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets (Note 3)
1	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Voltronic Power Technology	2	Sales	\$ 13,029,480	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	69
		Voltronic Power Technology	2	Trade receivables from related parties	9,109,268	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	62
		Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	3	Sales	505,541	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	3
		Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	3	Trade receivables from related parties	67,372	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	3	Sales	218,350	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	3	Trade receivables from related parties	38,581	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	3	Sales	729,560	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	4
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limite		Trade receivables from related parties	125,033	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	3	Sales	589,513	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	3
		Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	3	Trade receivables from related parties	216,741	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
2	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Voltronic Power Technology	2	Sales	272,273	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
	corp.	Voltronic Power Technology	2	Trade receivables from related parties	150,661	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	3	Sales	4,026,517	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	21
		Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	3	Trade receivables from related parties	4,613,787	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	31
3	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	3	Sales	136,767	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	3	Trade receivables from related parties	74,460	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	3	Other receivables from related parties	1,408,940	The loan period is one year and will be returned in installments according to the financial situation during the period	10

TABLE 5

(Continued)

					Tran	saction Details	
No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	Amount (Note 5)	Payment Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets (Note 3)
4	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Voltronic Power Technology	2	Sales	\$ 117,067	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Voltronic Power Technology	2	Trade receivables from related parties	73,011	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	3	Sales	8,684,341	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	46
		Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	3	Trade receivables from related parties	4,259,327	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	29
		Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	3	Sales	394,643	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	2
		Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	3	Trade receivables from related parties	232,543	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	2
5	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	3	Sales	474,549	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	3
		Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	3	Trade receivables from related parties	59,245	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	3	Sales	268,625	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	3	Trade receivables from related parties	56,867	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	1
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	3	Sales	1,022,501	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	5
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	3	Trade receivables from related parties	417,983	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	3
6	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	3	Sales	1,013,565	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	5
		Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	3	Trade receivables from related parties	395,361	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	3

Note 1: Intercompany transactions information between parent company and subsidiaries are noted within the number column as follows:

a. "0" for the parent company.

b. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1"

Note 2: Parties involved in the transaction have a directional relationship noted by the following:

- a. "1" represents transactions from parent company to subsidiaries.
- b. "2" represents transactions from subsidiaries to parent company.

c. "3" represents transactions between subsidiaries.

Note 3: The amounts of asset account and liability account are calculated as a percentage of the consolidated total assets. The amounts of income account are calculated as a percentage of the consolidated total sales.

Note 4: Above amounts present in New Taiwan dollar (NT\$). Foreign currency is converted into NT\$ as of December 31, 2023; the amount of income accounts are converted by average exchange rate into New Taiwan dollar (NT\$) as of 2023.

Note 5: The main transaction only discloses unidirectional transactions information between intercompany relationship, and the amount was eliminated upon consolidation.

(Concluded)

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies, and Shares)

				Or	ginal Inves	tment A	Amount	As of	December 31	2023	Net Income	Share of Profit			
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products		December 31, 2023				<i>,</i>		0/		(Loss) of the Investee	(Loss) (Note 2)	Note
Voltronic Power Technology	Voltronic International Corp.	Anguilla	Investment activities	\$ (US\$	888,285 28,000)	\$ (US\$	888,285 28,000)	28,000	100	\$ 10,188,675	\$ 1,795,662	\$ 1,793,849	Note 1		
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Bac Ninh Province, Vietnam	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	(US\$	30,945	(US\$	30,945	-	100	335,851	120,755	120,755	Notes 1 and 3		
Voltronic International Corp.	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	Hong Kong Hong Kong	Sale of uninterruptible power systems (UPS) Investment activities	(US\$	888,285 28,000)	(US\$	- 888,285 28,000)	217,240	100 100	23,402 10,170,231	6,181 1,789,479	6,181 1,789,479	Note 1 Note 1		

Note 1: The amount of subsidiary was eliminated upon consolidation.

Note 2: The gain and loss of net amount of investment which recognized in the current period is the reversal of unrealized loss of the previous upstream transaction of \$1,689 thousand and the deduction of unrealized profit of upstream transaction of \$1,160 thousand and the addition of realized disposition of property, plant and equipment benefit of \$1,036 thousand in the sidestream transaction.

Note 3: This company is a "limited company" without stock issuance.

Note 4: For information of investments in mainland China, refer to Table 7.

Note 5: The mid-term highest holdings was the same as of December 31, 2023.

Note 6: There is no impignorated condition happened.

TABLE 6

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

1. Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period and repatriations of investment income in the mainland China area:

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-i	n Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Ou Remi Invest Taiv	imulated itward ttance for ment from van as of ry 1, 2023	Remittar Outflow	nce	of Funds Inflow	Ou Remi Invest Taiv Dece	Imulated Itward Itance for ment from van as of mber 31, 2023	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Notes 2 and 3)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2023 (Notes 2 and 3)	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2023
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	\$ (US\$	64,630 2,000)	b	\$ (US\$	64,630 2,000)	\$-		\$-	\$ (US\$	64,630 2,000)	\$ 187,293	100	\$ 187,293	\$ 4,643,339	\$-
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	(US\$	30,027 1,000)	b	(US\$	30,027 1,000)	-		-	(US\$	30,027 1,000)	370,350	100	370,350	2,095,665	-
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	(US\$	793,628 25,000)	b	(US\$	793,628 25,000)	-		-	(US\$	793,628 25,000)	1,231,836	100	1,231,836	3,431,227	-
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS related components	(RMB	250,401 56,000)	с		-	-		-			47,844	100	47,844	345,083	-

2. Limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area:

Accumulated Outflow Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2023	Investment Amount Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA
\$ 888,285 (Note 4) (US\$ 28,000)	\$ 888,285 (Note 4) (US\$ 28,000)	\$ 5,014,682

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

- a. Directly invest in a company in mainland China.
- b. Investment in mainland China through an existing company established in a third region.
- c. Other methods.
- Note 2: The investment gain or loss and the carrying amount as of December 31, 2023:

The Company recognized its reinvested companies of Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp., Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company and Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited through its subsidiary of Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, and through its subsidiary of Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited recognized the investment gains of its reinvested company of Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc. as of December 31, 2023 and the carrying amounts on December 31, 2023.

- Note 3: The amount was calculated based on the financial statements which were audited and attested by certified public accounts engaged by Taiwan's parent company.
- Note 4: The amount was calculated by the actual outflow exchange rate from the each times.
- Note 5: The amounts have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements
- Note 6: The mid-term highest holdings was the same as of December 31, 2023.
- Note 7: There is no impignorated condition happened.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD PARTY, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

a. The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year.

Investos Compony	Transaction Type	Purchase/Sale		Transaction Details		Transaction Details Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Transaction Details				Unrealized
Investee Company	Transaction Type	Amount	%	Price	Payment Terms	Comparison with Normal Transactions	Ending Balance	%	Gain			
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Purchase	\$ 4,199,545	31	Set by agreement of both parties	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	\$ (2,652,839)	(28)	\$ 1,160			
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Purchase	8,198,639	61	Set by agreement of both parties	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	(6,409,217)	(69)	-			

b. The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year: None.

c. The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses: None.

d. The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes: None.

e. The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds: None.

f. Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services: None.

TABLE 8

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Sha	ares
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
Juor-Ming Hsieh	8,372,166	9.54

- Note 1: On the last business day as of quarter-end, Taiwan Depository & Clearing Company calculated the major shareholders' information, the delivered and dematerialized registration common share and preferred share more than 5% of the Company. The share capital recorded in the Company's financial report and the actual number of the delivered and dematerialized registration securities amount may be different due to the different preparation and calculation basis.
- Note 2: The above information, if the shareholder delivers the shares to the trust will be disclosed by the trustee's trust account to reveal the individual settlor. As for shareholders' declaration in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, shareholder holds more than 10% of insider equity holdings, includes their shareholdings and delivered to the trust which they have the power to decide how to allocate trust property. The insider equity holdings' declaration and related information, please refer to the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

5. The parent company only financial statements duly audited by the Certified Public Accountants in the most recent year

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Voltronic Power Technology Corp. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 is described as follows:

Validity of Occurrence of Operating Revenue

Since the Company is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange to meet shareholders' and external investors' expectations, the management may be under pressure to meet the profit target. Furthermore, operating revenue is one of the important indicators to measure the Company's profitability and operating performance, and recognition of revenue is inherently a higher risk. Among all the customers in 2023, operating revenue came from customers whose individual growth rates exceeded the overall growth rate and whose total transaction amounts for the whole year were significant, with the transaction amount accounting for 31% of the operating revenue. Therefore, we identified whether these significant transactions actually occurred as a key audit matter. The revenue recognition accounting policy is disclosed in Note 4 to the Company's financial statements.

In response, we performed the following audit procedures:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the internal controls related to the aforementioned sales transactions and assessed the operating effectiveness of the design and implementation of these controls.
- 2. We performed substantive testing of the aforementioned transactions and verified the completeness and correctness of sales details. Through sampling from the transactions, we further examined the shipping documents and the recovery of receivables to verify the occurrence of the transactions. We also verified the settlement of trade receivables according to the trade terms.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Cheng-Chuan Yu and Jui-Hsuan Ho.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 26, 2024

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023		2022	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Connew Asserts Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 3,552,897	18	\$ 4,308,825	24
Notes receivable (Notes 4, 8 and 20)	57,517	10	\$ 4,508,825 84,647	24 1
Trade receivables (Notes 4, 5, 8 and 20)	2,276,654	12	2,457,062	13
Trade receivables from related parties (Notes 4, 8, 20 and 28)	151,844	12	236,587	13
Other receivables (Notes 4 and 8)	20,962	1	14,958	1
Inventories (Notes 4 and 9)	78,072	- 1	62,737	-
Prepayments (Note 14)	12,300	1	11,077	-
riepayments (Note 14)	12,500		11,077	
Total current assets	6,150,246	32	7,175,893	39
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4, 7 and 27)	42,362	-	-	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 10)	10,524,526	54	8,630,100	47
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 11, 29 and 30)	2,508,698	13	2,525,015	14
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 12)	1,422	-	2,197	-
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 13)	12,926	-	15,065	-
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 22)	114,979	1	50,344	-
Other non-current assets (Notes 4 and 14)	2,071		10,660	
Total non-current assets	13,206,984	68	11,233,381	61
TOTAL	<u>\$ 19,357,230</u>	100	<u>\$ 18,409,274</u>	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Contract liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 20)	\$ 285,789	1	\$ 384,665	2
Notes payable (Note 16)	44	-	40	-
Trade payables (Note 16)	15,720	-	7,797	_
Trade payables to related parties (Note 28)	9,332,940	48	7,838,058	43
Other payables (Note 17)	429,525	2	425,345	2
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	96,771	1	473,781	3
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 12)	782	-	740	-
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Notes 15 and 29)	97,860	1	97,860	_
Other current liabilities (Note 17)	2,030		1,959	
Total current liabilities	10,261,461	53	9,230,245	50
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Long-term borrowings (Notes 15 and 29)	733,950	4	831,810	5
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	3,330	-	2,525	-
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 12)	686		1,467	
Total non-current liabilities	737,966	4	835,802	5
Total liabilities	10,999,427	57	10,066,047	55
			10,000,047	
EQUITY (Note 19) Share capital				
Ordinary shares	877,306	5	877,626	4
Capital surplus	1,772,473	9	1,824,953	10
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	1,979,226	10	1,535,937	8
Special reserve	200.346	1	293,428	2

Special reserve	200,346	1	293,428	2
Unappropriated earnings	4,217,639	22	4,762,266	26
Total retained earnings	6,397,211	33	6,591,631	36
Other equity (Notes 4, 19 and 24)	<u>(689,187</u>)	<u>(4</u>)	<u>(950,983</u>)	<u>(5</u>)
Total equity	8,357,803	43	8,343,227	45
TOTAL	<u>\$ 19,357,230</u>	100	<u>\$ 18,409,274</u>	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE				
Sales (Notes 4, 20 and 28)	\$ 16,274,551	100	\$ 20,263,952	100
OPERATING COSTS				
Cost of goods sold (Notes 9, 21 and 28)	(13,521,564)	(83)	(16,075,333)	<u>(79</u>)
GROSS PROFIT	2,752,987	17	4,188,619	21
OPERATING EXPENSES (Note 21)				
Selling and marketing expenses	(267,264)	(2)	(302,643)	(2)
General and administrative expenses	(275,415)	(2)	(246,941)	(1)
Research and development expenses	(232,709)	(1)	(222,618)	(1)
Expected credit (loss) gain (Notes 4, 5 and 8)	(9,094)		421	
Total operating expenses	(784,482)	<u>(5</u>)	(771,781)	<u>(4</u>)
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	1,968,505	12	3,416,838	17
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Interest income (Note 21)	125,661	1	52,939	-
Other income (Note 21)	967	-	299	-
Other gains and losses (Note 21)	89,529	-	79,367	-
Finance costs (Notes 21 and 28)	(49,231)	_	(59,543)	-
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint	(.,,)		(**,****)	
ventures (Note 4)	1,914,604	12	1,639,869	8
Total non-operating income and expenses	2,081,530	13	1,712,931	8
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM				
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	4,050,035	25	5,129,769	25
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 22)	(427,479)	<u>(3</u>)	(696,879)	<u>(3</u>)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	3,622,556	22	4,432,890	22
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of the				
financial statements of foreign operations (Notes 4 and 19)	(186,776)	(1)	116,353 (Cor	- ntinued)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit (Notes 19 and 22)	37,355		(23,271)	
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year, net of income tax	(149,421)	(1)	93,082	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 3,473,135</u>	21	<u>\$ 4,525,972</u>	22
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23) Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 41.52</u> <u>\$ 41.31</u>		<u>\$ 50.90</u> <u>\$ 50.71</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Retained Earnings	
	Ordinary Shares	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	\$ 874,194	\$ 942,129	\$ 1,300,001	\$ 331,469	\$ 2,581,273
Appropriation of 2021 earnings (Note 19) Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company Reversal of special reserve	- - -	- - -	235,936	(38,041)	(235,936) (2,054,355) 38,041
Share-based payment transactions (Notes 19, 21 and 24)	3,432	882,824	-	-	353
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	4,432,890
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax (Note 19)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	4,432,890
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	877,626	1,824,953	1,535,937	293,428	4,762,266
Appropriation of 2022 earnings (Note 19) Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company Reversal of special reserve	- - -	- - -	443,289	(93,082)	(443,289) (3,817,672) 93,082
Share-based payment transactions (Notes 19, 21 and 24)	(320)	(52,480)	-	-	696
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	3,622,556
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax (Note 19)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	3,622,556
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	<u>\$ 877,306</u>	<u>\$ 1,772,473</u>	<u>\$ 1,979,226</u>	<u>\$ 200,346</u>	<u>\$ 4,217,639</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Other H	Equity	
Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Others	Total Equity
\$ (293,428)	\$ (27,962)	\$ 5,707,676
- - -	- - -	(2,054,355)
-	(722,675)	163,934
-	-	4,432,890
93,082		93,082
93,082	<u> </u>	4,525,972
(200,346)	(750,637)	8,343,227
- - -	- - -	(3,817,672)
-	411,217	359,113
-	-	3,622,556
(149,421)		(149,421)
(149,421)		3,473,135
<u>\$ (349,767</u>)	<u>\$ (339,420</u>)	<u>\$ 8,357,803</u>

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 4,050,035	\$ 5,129,769
Adjustments for:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Depreciation expense	46,830	34,626
Amortization expense	8,282	8,372
Expected credit loss (reversed)	9,094	(421)
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,183	-
Finance costs	49,231	59,543
Interest income	(125,661)	(52,939)
Compensation cost of employee share options	192,515	91,133
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,914,604)	(1,639,869) 484
Write-downs of inventories	955	484 38
Net gain on foreign currency exchange	(17,284)	(59,778)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(17,201)	(3),(10)
Notes receivable	27,130	(17,197)
Trade receivables	86,025	(233,833)
Trade receivables - related parties	80,557	(101,750)
Other receivables	2,237	(6,327)
Inventories	(16,290)	(4,861)
Prepayments	(1,223)	1,528
Contract liabilities	(98,876)	94,587
Notes payable	4	(17)
Trade payables	7,923	(2,444)
Trade payables - related parties	1,591,151	2,789,848
Other payables	4,780	157,202
Other current liabilities	2 095 065	264
Cash generated from operations Interest received	3,985,065	6,247,958 52,857
Interest paid	117,420 (49,231)	(59,543)
Income tax paid	(49,231)	(461,074)
income un pula	(030,901)	<u>(101,071</u>)
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,222,290	5,780,198
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(44,545)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(20,542)	(1,450,584)
Proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and equipment	37	-
Increase in refundable deposits	-	(400)
Payments for intangible assets	(6,143)	(4,796)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(2,206)	(52,601)
Net cash used in investing activities	(73,399)	(1,508,381)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		

(Continued)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
Repayments of short-term borrowings Proceeds from long-term borrowings	\$ - -	\$ (2,568,896) 978,600
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(97,860)	(48,930)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(739)	(2,350)
Distributed cash dividends	(3,817,672)	(2,054,355)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,916,271)	(3,695,931)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	11,452	265,639
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(755,928)	841,525
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	4,308,825	3,467,300
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 3,552,897</u>	<u>\$ 4,308,825</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Voltronic Power Technology Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of China (ROC) in May 2008. The Company mainly manufactures and sells uninterruptible power systems (UPS).

The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since March 31, 2014.

The financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Assessed that the application of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a material impact on the accounting policies of the Company.

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2024

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases Liability in a Sale and Leaseback" Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current"	January 1, 2024 (Note 2) January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance Arrangements"	January 1, 2024 January 1, 2024 (Note 3)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards will be effective for annual reporting s beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.
- Note 3: The amendments provide some transition relief regarding disclosure requirements.

As of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company has assessed that the application of the above standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and financial performance.

c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"	January 1, 2025 (Note 2)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments, the entity recognizes any effect as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. When the entity uses a presentation currency other than its functional currency, it shall, at the date of initial application, recognize any effect as an adjustment to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity.

As of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of the above standards and interpretations on the Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language financial statements shall prevail.

a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

b. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

When preparing these parent company only financial statements, the Company used the equity method to account for its investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures. In order for the amounts of the net profit for the year, other comprehensive income for the year and total equity in the parent company only financial statements to be the same as the amounts attributable to the owner of the Company in its consolidated financial statements, adjustments arising from the differences in accounting treatment between the parent company basis and the consolidated basis were made to investments accounted for using the equity method, share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and related equity items, as appropriate, in these parent company only financial statements.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents, unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Foreign currencies

In preparing the Company's financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting the financial statements, the functional currencies of the Company and the group entities (including subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and branches in other countries that use currencies different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency - the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

e. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, semi-finished goods, work in progress and merchandise are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

f. Investments in subsidiaries

The Company uses the equity method to account for its investments in subsidiaries.

A subsidiary is an entity (including structured entity) that is controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, an investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary. The Company also recognizes the changes in the Company's share of equity of subsidiaries.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the Company losing control of the subsidiary are equity transactions. The Company recognizes directly in equity any difference between the carrying amount of the investment and the fair value of the consideration paid or received.

When the Company's share of losses of a subsidiary exceeds its interest in that subsidiary (which includes any carrying amount of the investment accounted for using the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the subsidiary), the Company continues recognizing its share of further losses.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company assesses its investment for any impairment by comparing the carrying amount with the estimated recoverable amount as assessed based on the entire financial statements of the invested company. Impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases, the Company recognizes the reversal of the impairment loss; the adjusted post-reversal carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been recognized (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years. An impairment loss recognized on goodwill cannot be reversed in a subsequent period.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it recognizes the investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The difference between the fair value of the retained investment plus any consideration received and the carrying amount of the previous investment at the date when control is lost is recognized as a gain or loss in profit or loss. Besides, the Company accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Profits or losses resulting from downstream transactions are eliminated in full only in the parent company's financial statements. Profits and losses resulting from upstream transactions and transactions between subsidiaries are recognized only in the parent company's financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiaries that are not related to the Company.

g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

- h. Intangible assets
 - 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

2) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual CGUs on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 27: Financial Instruments.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable at amortized cost, trade receivables, trade receivables from related parties, other receivables, and refundable deposits are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and

ii) Financial asset that is not credit impaired on purchase or origination but has subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following events have occurred: Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower, breach of contract, it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or undergo a financial reorganization or the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- i) The debt instrument is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of such financial assets; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the debt instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in the carrying amounts of these debt instruments relating to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest income calculated using the effective interest method and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when the investment is disposed of.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables).

The Company always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Company recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Company determines that the following situations indicate that a financial asset is in default without taking into account any collateral held by the Company:

- i. Internal or external information shows that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. When a financial asset is more than 180 days past due unless the Company has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and the carrying amounts of such financial assets are not reduced.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

- 3) Financial liabilities
 - a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Revenue recognition

The Company identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of uninterrupted power system electronic equipment. Sales of leisure goods and electronic equipment are recognized as revenue when the goods are shipped because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables are recognized concurrently. Contract liabilities are the advance receipts which have not been recognized as revenue.

1. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

The Company as lessee

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for by applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate will be used.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term or a rate used to determine those payments, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the balance sheets.

m. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

n. Share-based payment arrangements

Restricted shares granted to employees

The fair value at the grant date of the restricted shares for employees is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period on the basis of the Company's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in other equity - earned employee benefits. It is recognized as an expense in full at the grant date if vested immediately.

When restricted shares for employees are issued, other equity - unearned employee benefits are recognized on the grant date, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus - restricted shares for employees. Under certain conditions, some employees who receive restricted shares are required to return their shares to the issuer upon their resignation, and these shares will then be recognized as payables. If restricted shares for employees are granted for consideration and should be returned, they are recognized as payables. Dividends paid to employees on restricted shares that do not need to be returned if employees resign in the vesting period are recognized as expenses when the dividends are declared with a corresponding adjustment in retained earnings.

At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of restricted shares for employees expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital surplus - restricted shares for employees.

Equity-settled share-based payment arrangements granted to the employees of a subsidiary

The grant by the Company of its equity instruments to the employees of a subsidiary under equity-settled share-based payment arrangements is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received under the arrangement is measured by reference to the grant-date fair value and is recognized over the vesting period as an addition to the investment in the subsidiary, with a corresponding credit to share-based payments.

o. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and such temporary differences are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences of how the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations, and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affects both current and future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Estimated impairment of financial assets

The provision for impairment of trade receivables is based on assumptions on risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgment in making these assumptions and in selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's historical experience, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates as of the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions and inputs used, see Note 8. Where the actual future cash inflows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31				
		.023	2022		
Cash on hand Demand deposits Cash equivalents (investments with original maturities of 3 months	\$ 1,	481 156,162	\$ 2,	460 ,637,922	
or less) Time deposits	2,	<u>396,254</u>	1.	,670,443	
	<u>\$ 3,</u>	<u>552,897</u>	<u>\$4</u>	,308,825	

The market interest rates for cash in bank at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decen	ıber 31
	2023	2022
Demand deposits		0.001%-1.500%
Time deposits	1.180%-5.600%	4.600%-5.000%

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Decem	ber 31
	2023	2022
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - non-current		
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL Non-derivative financial assets Fund beneficiary certificate	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	<u>\$</u>

8. NOTES RECEIVABLE, TRADE RECEIVABLES (INCLUDING RELATED PARTIES) AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Decer	nber 31	
	2023	2022	
Notes receivable			
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 57,517	\$ 84,647 	
	<u>\$ 57,517</u>	<u>\$ 84,647</u> (Continued)	

	December 31			
	2023	2022		
Trade receivables				
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss At FVTOCI	2,248,195 (19,755) 2,228,440 48,214 2,276,654	\$ 2,384,712 (10,661) 2,374,051 83,011 \$ 2,457,062		
Trade receivables from related parties		<u> </u>		
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss At FVTOCI	\$ 114,910 	\$ 173,338 		
Other receivables				
Interest receivables Tax refund receivables	\$ 13,094 	\$ 4,853 10,105		
	<u>\$ 20,962</u>	<u>\$ 14,958</u> (Concluded)		

a. Notes receivable

At amortized cost

The average credit period of notes receivable is 60 to 120 days.

The Company measures the loss allowance for notes receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on notes receivable are estimated by reference to past default experience of the debtor and adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company evaluated no allowance for impairment loss was needed for notes receivable.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company did not pledge any collateral as security for such notes receivables.

The following table details the aging analysis of notes receivable:

	Decem	ber 31
	2023	2022
1 to 60 days	\$ 42,658	\$ 61,322
61 to 90 days	7,194	12,848
91 to 120 days over 121 days	4,330 3,335	10,477
over 121 days		
	<u>\$ 57,517</u>	<u>\$ 84,647</u>

The above aging analysis of notes receivable is based on the journal date.

b. Trade receivables

1) At amortized cost

The average credit period of sales of goods was 0 to 180 days.

In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Company has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that followup action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Company reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Company's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Company measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the customer, the customer's current financial position, economic conditions of the industry in which the customer operates, as well as the GDP forecast and industry outlook. The provision for expected credit losses is based on the number of past due days from the end of the credit term.

The Company writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the customer is experiencing severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

Since the Company purchased insurance individually and the credit rating is evaluated by the insurance company, no impairment loss was needed for trade receivables. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of trade receivables was \$1,709,747 thousand and \$1,663,356 thousand, respectively.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables (including related parties) based on the Company's provision matrix.

December 31, 2023

		Past Due							
	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	to 180 Days 181 to 270 Days		Over 365 Days	Total		
Expected credit loss rate	eredit loss 0.30%		48.95%	100%	100%	100%			
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 594,658 (1,794)	\$ 38,802 (1,463)	\$ 6,660 (3,260)	\$ 7,721 (7,721)	\$ 301 (301)	\$ 5,216 (5,216)	\$ 653,358 (19,755)		
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 592,864</u>	<u>\$ 37,339</u>	<u>\$ 3,400</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>(3,210)</u>	<u>\$ 633,603</u>		

December 31, 2022

		Past Due							
	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days 91 to 180 Days		181 to 270 Days	271 to 365 Days	Over 365 Days	Total		
Expected credit loss rate	0.38%	4.49%	50.19%	100%	100%	100%			
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	\$ 738,048	\$ 155,124	\$ 1,343	\$ 166	\$ -	\$ 13	\$ 894,694		
(Lifetime ECLs)	(2,840)	(6,968)	(674)	(166)		(13)	(10,661)		
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 735,208</u>	<u>\$ 148,156</u>	<u>\$ 669</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 884,033</u>		

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1 Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance Less: Amounts written off	\$ 10,661 9,094	\$ 11,082 (421)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 19,755</u>	<u>\$ 10,661</u>

2) At FVTOCI

For trade receivables from a specific customer, the Company will decide whether to sell these trade receivables to banks without recourse based on its level of working capital. These trade receivables are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and selling of financial assets.

Since the Company purchased insurance individually and the credit rating is evaluated by the insurance company, no impairment loss was needed for trade receivables at FVTOCI. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amount of trade receivables at FVTOCI was \$4,303 thousand and \$14,592 thousand, respectively.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables (including related parties) at FVTOCI based on the Company's provision matrix.

December 31, 2023

				Past Due			
	Not Past Due	Up to 90 Days 91 to 180 Days		181 to 270 271 to 365 Days Days		Over 365 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	-	-	-	100%	100%	100%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 80,845	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 80,845
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 80,845</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 80,845</u>

December 31, 2022

	Past Due											
	Not Past Due	Up to 90) Days	Pays 91 to 180 Days		181 to 270 271 to 365 Days Days			Over 365 Days		Total	
Expected credit loss rate	-	-		-		100	1%	100	0%	10)%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 131,668 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 131,668
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 131,668</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$ 131,668</u>

c. Other receivables

The Company's other receivables included interest receivables and refundable tax. The Company follows the policy of trading only with customers who maintains good credit standing. The Company estimates whether the credit risk is significantly increased by monitoring the business situation and measures the loss allowance for other receivables by reference to past default experience of the debtor and analyze of the debtor's current financial position. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company evaluated no allowance for impairment loss was needed for other receivables.

9. INVENTORIES

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Raw materials	\$ 40,436	\$ 40,597	
Work in progress	14,131	2,158	
Semi-finished goods	1,186	609	
Finished goods	22,319	19,373	
	<u>\$ 78,072</u>	<u>\$ 62,737</u>	

The nature of the cost of goods sold is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Cost of inventories sold Inventory write-downs	\$ 13,520,609 	\$ 16,075,295 <u>38</u>	
	<u>\$ 13,521,564</u>	<u>\$ 16,075,333</u>	

10.INVESTMENT ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Investments in subsidiaries			
Voltronic International Corp.	\$ 10,188,675	\$ 8,405,475	
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	335,851	224,625	
	<u>\$ 10,524,526</u>	<u>\$ 8,630,100</u>	

At the end of the reporting period, the percentage of ownership of and voting rights in the subsidiary held by the Company were as follows:

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Voltronic International Corp. Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	100% 100%	100% 100%	

For information on investments in subsidiaries which were held indirectly by Company, refer to Tables 5 and 6.

The investments accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those investments for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were based on the subsidiary's financial statements audited by the auditors for the same years.

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Assets Used by the Company

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Office Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Property under Construction	Total
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Reclassified (Note 1)	\$ 1,307,921	\$ 1,178,001 - -	\$ 125,128 13,222 (4,093) 10,707	\$ 605 - -	\$ 12,584 19 (1,764)	\$ - - -	\$ 29,933 3,453 - <u>88</u>	\$ 48,827 2,286	\$ 2,702,999 18,980 (5,857) 10,795
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,307,921</u>	<u>\$ 1,178,001</u>	<u>\$ 144,964</u>	<u>\$ 605</u>	<u>\$ 10,839</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 33,474</u>	<u>\$ 51,113</u>	<u>\$_2,726,917</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation expense Disposals Reclassified	\$ - - -	\$ 68,895 30,630 -	\$ 79,971 9,844 (4,093)	\$ 291 148 -	\$ 9,876 692 (1,727)	\$ - - -	\$ 18,951 4,741 -	\$ - - -	\$ 177,984 46,055 (5,820)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>s </u>	<u>\$ 99,525</u>	<u>\$ 85,722</u>	<u>\$ 439</u>	<u>\$ 8,841</u>	<u>s </u>	<u>\$ 23,692</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 218,219</u>
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,307,921</u>	<u>\$_1,078,476</u>	<u>\$ 59,242</u>	<u>\$ 166</u>	<u>\$ 1,998</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 9,782</u>	<u>\$ 51,113</u>	<u>\$_2,508,698</u>
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions	\$ 720,761 587,160	\$ 365,180 1,350	\$ 85,498 4,561	\$ 405 200	\$ 10,171 1,752	\$ 1,677 -	\$ 20,940 7,821	\$ 5,343 849,302	\$ 1,209,975 1,452,146
Disposals Reclassified (Note 1) Balance at December 31, 2022	- - <u>\$ 1,307,921</u>		(200) <u>35,269</u> <u>\$125,128</u>	- - \$ 605	(124) 	(1,677) 	<u> </u>	<u>(805.818</u>) <u>\$ 48,827</u>	(2,001) <u>42,879</u> <u>\$ 2,702,999</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals Reclassified	\$ - - -	\$ 48,087 20,808 -	\$ 74,323 5,848 (200)	\$ 188 103 -	\$ 8,819 1,181 (124)	\$ 920 273 (1,193)	\$ 14,862 4,089	\$ - - -	\$ 147,199 32,302 (1,517)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 68,895</u>	<u>\$ 79,971</u>	<u>\$ 291</u>	<u>\$ 9,876</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 18,951</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 177,984</u>
Carrying amounts at	<u>\$ 1,307,921</u>	<u>\$ 1,109,106</u>	<u>\$ 45,157</u>	<u>\$ 314</u>	<u>\$ 2,708</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 10,982</u>	<u>\$ 48,827</u>	<u>\$ 2,525,015</u>

December 31, 2022

Note 1: Reclassified from prepayments for equipment to property, plant and equipment \$10,795 thousand.

Note 2: Reclassified from prepayments for equipment to property plant and equipment \$42,879 thousand.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, no impairment assessment was performed as there was no indication of impairment.

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Main buildings	50 years
Draining and air-conditioning units	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	2-10 years
Transportation equipment	3-5 years
Office equipment	2-5 years
Leasehold improvements	3-5 years
Other equipment	3-5 years

Refer to Note 29 for the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged by the Company to secure borrowings.

The amounts of commitment liability for acquisition of property, plant and equipment were set out in Note 30.

12. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Carrying amount			
Transportation equipment	<u>\$ 1,422</u>	<u>\$ 2,197</u>	
	For the Year End 2023	led December 31 2022	
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,327</u>	
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets Buildings Transportation equipment	\$ - <u>775</u>	\$ 2,194 130	
	<u>\$ 775</u>	<u>\$ 2,324</u>	

Except for the aforementioned addition and recognized depreciation, the Company did not have significant sublease or impairment of right-of-use assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

b. Lease liabilities

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Carrying amount			
Current Non-current	<u>\$ 782</u> <u>\$ 686</u>	<u>\$740</u> <u>\$1,467</u>	

Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Transportation equipment	5.58%	5.58%	

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Company leases vehicles for use in operations with lease terms of 2-3 years. The Company does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leased vehicles at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

	December 31		
	2023	2022	
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (901</u>)	<u>\$ (2,422)</u>	

The Company leases certain office equipment qualify as low-value asset leases. The Company has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

13. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer Software
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals	\$ 27,889 6,143 (998)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 33,034</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Amortization expense Disposals	\$ 12,824 8,282 (998)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 20,108</u> (Continued)

	Computer Software
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 12,926</u>
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassified (Note)	\$ 57,234 4,796 (34,491) <u>350</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 27,889</u>
Accumulated amortization	
Balance at January 1, 2022 Amortization expense Disposals	\$ 38,943 8,372 (34,491)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 12,824</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 15,065</u> (Concluded)

Note: Reclassified from prepayments for equipment to computer software.

The computer software are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

Amortization expenses by function are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Operating costs	\$ 98	\$ 127
Selling and marketing expenses	1,111	1,279
General and administrative expenses	5,188	5,802
Research and development expenses	1,885	1,164
	<u>\$ 8,282</u>	<u>\$ 8,372</u>

14. OTHER ASSETS

	Decem	December 31	
	2023	2022	
Current			
Other prepayments	<u>\$ 12,300</u>	<u>\$ 11,077</u> (Continued)	

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Non-current		
Refundable deposits Prepayments for equipment	\$ 920 	\$ 920 <u>9,740</u>
	<u>\$ 2,071</u>	<u>\$ 10,660</u> (Concluded)

15. BORROWINGS

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Secured borrowings (Note 29) Bank loans Less: Current portion	\$ 831,810 (97,860)	\$ 929,670 <u>(97,860</u>)
	<u>\$ 733,950</u>	<u>\$ 831,810</u>

The weighted average effective interest rate on bank loans listed above was 1.8134% and 1.5332% as at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

In March 2022, the Company secured a loan of \$978,600 thousand with its own land and buildings as collateral. The principal is amortized equally over 10 years, and the maturity date of the loan will be in March 2032.

16. NOTES PAYABLE AND TRADE PAYABLES

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Notes payable		
Operating	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>
Trade payables		
Operating	<u>\$ 15,720</u>	<u>\$ 7,797</u>

The Company has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

17. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Current		
Other payables		
Payables for compensation of employees	\$ 315,447	\$ 252,030
Payables for commission	59,458	60,698
Payables for remuneration of directors and supervisors	14,400	14,400
Payables for salaries and bonuses	12,827	71,237
Payables for insurance	8,068	10,570
Others	19,325	16,410
	<u>\$ 429,525</u>	<u>\$ 425,345</u>
Other liabilities		
Receipts under custody	<u>\$ 2,030</u>	<u>\$ 1,959</u>

18. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Company makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

19. EQUITY

a. Share capital

Ordinary shares

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Shares authorized (in thousands of shares)	100,000	100,000
Shares authorized, par value \$10 (in thousands of dollars)	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>
Shares issued and fully paid (in thousands of shares) Shares issued and fully paid (in thousands of dollars)	<u>87,730</u> <u>\$877,306</u>	<u> </u>

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

Shares authorized include \$20,000 thousand for the issuance of employee share options.

On May 11, August 10 and November 9, 2023, the board of directors resolved to withdraw restricted shares. The Company withdraw \$320 thousand, 32 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10, with May 15, September 8 and November 30, 2023 as the effective date of reduction, and where the approval of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) was obtained on May 31, October 11 and December 27, 2023, respectively.

On February 24 and August 9, 2022, the board of directors resolved to withdraw restricted shares. The

Company withdraw \$1,968 thousand, 197 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10, with March 15 and September 8, 2022 as the effective date of reduction, and where the approval of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) was obtained on April 14 and September 19, 2022, respectively.

A reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding was as follows:

	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Share Capital
Balance at January 1, 2022 Issuance of employee restricted shares (Note 24) Retirement of recognized employee restricted shares (Note 24)	87,419 540 (197)	\$ 874,194 5,400 (1,968)
Balance at December 31, 2022	87,762	<u>\$ 877,626</u>
Balance at January 1, 2023 Retirement of recognized employee restricted shares (Note 24)	87,762 (32)	\$ 877,626 (320)
Balance at December 31, 2023	87,730	<u>\$ 877,306</u>

b. Capital surplus

	December 31			
		2023		2022
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (Note)				
Premium from the issuance ordinary shares Premium from employee restricted shares	\$	253,288 854,001	\$	253,288 686,065
May not be used for any purpose				
Employee restricted shares		665,184		885,600
	<u>\$</u>	1,772,473	<u>\$</u>	1,824,953

Note: Capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and only once a year.

A reconciliation of the capital surplus was as follows:

	Premium from Ordinary Shares	Premium from Employee Restricted Shares	Employee Restricted Shares
Balance at January 1, 2023 Vested employee restricted shares Retired employee restricted shares (Note 1)	\$ 253,288	\$ 686,065 167,936	\$ 885,600 (167,936) (52,480)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 253,288</u>	<u>\$ 854,001</u>	<u>\$ 665,184</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022 Issuance of employee restricted shares in current period	\$ 252,978	\$ 570,459 -	\$ 118,692 885,600
Vested employee restricted shares Retired employee restricted shares	-	115,606	(115,606)
(Notes 2 and 3)	310	<u>-</u>	(3,086)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 253,288</u>	<u>\$ 686,065</u>	<u>\$ 885,600</u>

- Note 1: Reversal of compensation cost of the restricted shares amounting to \$52,800 thousand, net of retired share capital of \$320 thousand.
- Note 2: Accumulative stock dividends of \$310 thousand for withdraw restricted stock was recognized as salary expense.
- Note 3: Reversal of compensation cost of the restricted shares amounting to \$5,054 thousand, net of retired share capital of \$1,968 thousand.
- c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for offsetting losses of previous years, (including adjusting the undistributed retained earnings), setting aside as a legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors in Note 21-g.

Distribution of the compensation may be made by way of cash dividends or share dividends, where the ratio of the cash dividends distributed shall not be less than 10% of the total bonuses distributed. However, in case where that the bonus per share is less than NT\$0.3, the board of directors may cancel the bonus distribution by submitting such cancellation for resolution at the shareholders' meeting.

The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Items referred to under Rule No. 1090150022 should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Company.

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 and 2021 were resolved in the shareholders' meetings on June 9, 2023 and June 17, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Legal reserve Reversal of special reserve Cash dividends	\$ 443,289 \$ (93,082) \$ 3,817,672 \$ 425	<u>\$ 235,936</u> <u>\$ (38,041)</u> <u>\$ 2,054,355</u> (32,55)	
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 43.5	\$ 23.5	

The appropriation of earnings for 2023, which had been resolved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2024, was as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
Legal reserve Special reserve	$\frac{\$ 362,256}{\$ 149,421}$
Cash dividends Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ <u>3,114,435</u> \$35.5

The appropriation of earnings for 2023 is to be resolved by the shareholders in the shareholders' meeting on June 14, 2024.

In addition, the board of directors proposed the distribution of cash from the capital surplus of \$175,461 thousand on February 26, 2024, which is to be resolved by the shareholders in their meeting on June 14, 2024.

d. Special reserve

	2023		2022
Balance at January 1 Reversal of the debits to other equity items	\$ 293,428 (93,082)	\$	331,469 (38,041)
Balance at December 31	\$ 200,346	<u>\$</u>	293,428

e. Other equity items

Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ (200,346)	\$ (293,428)
Recognized for the year		
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(186,776)	116,353
Income tax related to exchange differences arising on		
translating to the presentation currency	37,355	(23,271)
Other comprehensive income from the year	(149,421)	93,082
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (349,767</u>)	<u>\$ (200,346</u>)

Unearned employee benefits

In the meetings of shareholders on June 17, 2022 and June 25, 2019, the shareholders approved a restricted share plan for employees (refer to Note 24).

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ (750,637)	\$ (27,962)
Issuance of shares	-	(891,000)
Share-based payment expenses recognized	192,254	91,031
Unearned stock-based on compensation of subsidiaries recognized	166,163	72,240
Adjustment for retired restricted employee shares (Note)	52,800	5,054
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (339,420</u>)	<u>\$ (750,637</u>)

Note: Deducted from compensation cost of restricted shares.

20. REVENUE

		For the Year En	ded December 31
		2023	2022
Revenue from contracts with customers Revenue from the sale of goods		<u>\$ 16,274,551</u>	<u>\$ 20,263,952</u>
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022
Contract balances Notes receivable (Note 8) Trade receivables (Notes 8 and 28)	<u>\$57,517</u> <u>\$2,428,498</u>	<u>\$ 84,647</u> <u>\$ 2,693,649</u>	<u>\$ 67,450</u> <u>\$ 2,395,382</u>
Contract liabilities - current Sale of goods	<u>\$ 285,789</u>	<u>\$ 384,665</u>	<u>\$ 290,078</u>

Revenue recognized in the current reporting period from contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
From contract liabilities at the beginning of the year Sale of goods	<u>\$ 384,665</u>	<u>\$ 290,078</u>	

21. NET PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Bank deposits	<u>\$ 125,661</u>	<u>\$ 52,939</u>	

b. Other income

		For the Year End 2023	led December 31 2022
	Others	<u>\$ 967</u>	<u>\$ 299</u>
c.	Other gains and (losses)		
		For the Year End	led December 31
		2023	2022
	Fair value changes of financial assets and financial liabilities Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL Loss on disposal of property plant and equipment Net foreign exchange gains	\$ (2,183) 	\$- (484) <u>79,851</u>
		<u>\$ 89,529</u>	<u>\$ 79,367</u>
d.	Finance costs		
		For the Year End 2023	led December 31 2022
	Interest on bank loans	\$ 15,658	\$ 31,726
	Interest on lease liabilities Other interest expense	100 <u>33,473</u>	40 <u>27,777</u>
		<u>\$ 49,231</u>	<u>\$ 59,543</u>
e.	Depreciation and amortization		
		For the Year End 2023	led December 31 2022
	An analysis of depreciation by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 16,048 <u>30,782</u>	\$ 4,850 <u>29,776</u>
		<u>\$ 46,830</u>	<u>\$ 34,626</u>
	An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 98 <u>8,184</u> \$ 8,282	\$ 127 <u>8,245</u> \$ 8,372
		<u>\$ 8,282</u>	<u>\$ 8,372</u>

f. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Salary expenses	\$ 336,111	\$ 411,707
Other employee benefits		
Labor and health insurance	16,865	14,218
Other employee benefits	13,208	14,588
Equity-settled share-based payments (Note 24)	192,515	91,133
	(Note 2)	(Note 1)
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution plans	7,263	6,524
Total employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 565,962</u>	<u>\$ 538,170</u>
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function		
Operating costs	\$ 37,890	\$ 29,278
Operating expenses	528,072	508,892
	<u>\$ 565,962</u>	<u>\$ 538,170</u>

Note 1: Share-based payment expense recognized of \$91,031 thousand and accumulated dividends that no need to be returned payout from returned and retired restricted shares of \$102 thousand at December 31, 2022.

Note 2: Share-based payment expense recognized of \$192,254 thousand and accumulated dividends that no need to be returned payout from returned and retired restricted shares of \$261 thousand at December 31, 2023.

g. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at rates between 3.75% and 11.5% and no higher than 3.75%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, which have been approved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2024 and February 23, 2023, respectively, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Compensation of employees Remuneration of directors	4.24% 0.34%	3.92% 0.27%	

Amount

		For the Year En	ded December 31	
	20	23	20	22
	Cash	Shares	Cash	Shares
Compensation of employees	\$ 180,000	\$ -	\$ 210,000	\$ -
Remuneration of directors	14,400	-	14,400	-

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

h. Gain or loss on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 448,485 (356,773)	\$ 630,718 (550,867)	
Net gains	<u>\$ 91,712</u>	<u>\$ 79,851</u>	

22. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Current tax			
In respect of the current year	\$ (450,306)	\$ (680,211)	
Adjustments for prior year	(3,648)	1,100	
	(453,954)	(679,111)	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current year	26,475	(17,768)	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ (427,479</u>)	<u>\$ (696,879</u>)	

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Profit before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 4,050,035</u>	<u>\$ 5,129,769</u>	
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income Deferred tax effect of earnings of subsidiaries Unrecognized deductible temporary differences Adjustments for prior years' tax	\$ (810,007) (437) 382,921 3,692 (3,648)	\$ (1,025,953) 327,974 	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ (427,479</u>)	<u>\$ (696,879</u>)	

As the status of the 2024 appropriations of earnings is uncertain, the potential income tax consequences

of additional 5% on 2023 unappropriated earnings are not reliably determinable.

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year En	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022		
Deferred tax				
In respect of the current year Translation of foreign operations	<u>\$ 37,355</u>	<u>\$ (23,271</u>)		
c. Current tax assets and liabilities				
	Decem	ıber 31		
	2023	2022		
Current tax liabilities Income tax payable	<u>\$ 96,771</u>	<u>\$ 473,781</u>		

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Compre- hensive Income	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets				
Temporary differences Unrealized loss on write- down of inventories Unrealized employee compensation Exchanges difference on foreign operations	\$ 258 	\$ 190 27,090 <u>\$ 27,280</u>	\$ - <u>37,355</u> <u>\$37,355</u>	\$ 448 27,090 <u>87,441</u> <u>\$ 114,979</u>
Deferred tax liabilities				
Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gain	<u>\$ 2,525</u>	<u>\$ 805</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,330</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	-	ening lance		gnized in t or Loss	Ot Com hen	nized in her apre- sive ome		osing llance
Deferred tax assets								
Temporary differences Unrealized loss on write-								
down of inventories Unrealized employee	\$	250	\$	8	\$	-	\$	258
compensation Exchanges difference on		241		(241)		-		-
foreign operations		73,357		-	(2	3,271)		50,086
Unrealized exchange losses		15,010	((15,010)				-
	<u>\$</u>	<u>88,858</u>	<u>\$</u> ((15,243)	<u>\$ (2</u>	<u>3,271</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>50,344</u>
Deferred tax liabilities								
Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gain	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	2,525	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	2,525

e. The aggregate amount of temporary difference associated with investments for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognized

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries for which no deferred tax liabilities were recognized amounted to \$9,692,682 thousand and \$7,778,078 thousand, respectively.

f. Income tax assessments

The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed by the tax authorities. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has no unsettled lawsuits related to tax.

23. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$Per Share

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Basic earnings per share Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 41.52</u>	<u>\$ 50.90</u>	
Diluted earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 41.31</u>	<u>\$ 50.71</u>	

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
Diluted earnings per share			
Net profit for the year	<u>\$ 3,622,556</u>	<u>\$ 4,432,890</u>	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of basic earnings per share (in thousands)	87,255	87,098	
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation or bonuses issued to employees	124	147	
Restricted employee' share options	320	176	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of diluted earnings per share (in thousands)	87,699	87,421	

The Company may settle the compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Company assumes that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS - RESTRICTED SHARE PLAN FOR EMPLOYEES

a. 2019

On June 25, 2019, the shareholders approved a restricted share plan for employees with a total amount of \$6,820 thousand, consisting of 682 thousand shares. The subscription base date of September 8, 2019 was determined by the board of directors on August 12, 2019. The restrictions on the rights of the employees who acquire the restricted shares but have not met the vesting conditions are as follows:

- 1) The employees should provide the restricted shares to the Company or the agency designated by the Company acting as the trust custodian and cooperate in complying with all related procedures and preparing the required documents.
- 2) The employees shall not sell, pledge, transfer, donate or, in any other way, dispose of these shares.
- 3) Employees holding equity under the custody of the trust agency do not have the right to attend shareholders' meetings or to engage in motions, speech, and voting therein.
- 4) The employees' other rights, which are the same as those of ordinary shareholders of the Company, include but are not limited to the rights to receive dividends, bonuses and capital surplus in shares and cash increases by share.

The vesting conditions of restricted shares are when an employee received the restricted shares, and the restriction of acquiring the shares would be canceled as follows:

After one year from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After two years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After three years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 60%.

The individual performance target is set by the Chairman for different employees of each department. The Company's operating objectives are based on four indicators: Consolidated revenue, combined gross profit margin, combined operating profit and combined operating profit ratio. Each objective contains A and B target conditions, respectively, and achieving one of the target conditions is considered as achieving the objective. After each target condition is reached, 25% of the number of shares allocated in the current year can be obtained. The judgment of the achievement of the indicators and standards shall be based on the consolidated financial statements of the first year prior to the expiration of the Company's vested conditions. The target conditions are detailed in the table below.

Operating Objective	Target Condition A	Target Condition B	The Ratio of the Number of Shares to Be Awarded in the Current Year
Revenue	10% (inclusive) or more than the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Gross profit (GM%)	Increase by 1% or more from the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Operating profit (OPM\$)	10% (inclusive) or more than the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%
Operating profit ratio (OPM%)	Increase by 1% or more from the previous year	Higher than the Company's average for the first three years	25%

If an employee fails to meet the vesting conditions, the Company will withdraw the restricted shares.

The aforementioned newly issued restricted employee shares were assessed to have a fair value of \$648 per share, based on the market approach. The unearned employee benefits of \$441,936 thousand were recognized on the basis of vesting conditions and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Compensation costs of \$15,911 thousand were recognized within the vesting period for the years ended December 31, 2022. Compensation costs of \$6,997 thousand were recognized by the subsidiary because of the restricted stock from employees within the vesting period for the years ended December 31, 2022.

b. 2022

On June 17, 2022, the shareholders resolved a restricted share plan for employees with a total amount of \$5,400 thousand, consisting of 540 thousand shares, for free issuance. The base date of the capital increase and payment was September 8, 2022, which was the date determined by the board of directors on August 25, 2022. The restrictions on the rights of the employees who acquire the restricted shares but have not met the vesting conditions are as follows:

- 1) The employees should provide the restricted shares to the Company or the agency designated by the Company acting as the trust custodian and cooperate in complying with all related procedures and preparing the required documents.
- 2) The employees shall not sell, pledge, transfer, donate or, in any other way, dispose of these shares.

- 3) Employees holding equity under the custody of the trust agency do not have the right to attend shareholders' meetings or to engage in motions, speech, and voting therein.
- 4) The employees' other rights, which are the same as those of ordinary shareholders of the Company, include but are not limited to the rights to receive dividends, bonuses and capital surplus in shares and cash increases by share.

The vesting conditions of restricted shares are when an employee received the restricted shares, and the restriction of acquiring the shares would be canceled as follows:

After one year from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After two years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 20%.

After three years from the grant date with achieved operational goals by individuals and companies: 60%.

The individual performance target is set by the Chairman for different employees of each department. The Company's operating objectives are based on four indicators: Consolidated revenue, combined gross profit margin, combined operating profit and combined operating profit ratio. Each objective contains A and B target conditions, respectively, and achieving one of the target conditions is considered as achieving the objective. After each target condition is reached, 25% of the number of shares allocated in the current year can be obtained. The judgment of the achievement of the indicators and standards shall be based on the consolidated financial statements of the first year prior to the expiration of the Company's vested conditions. The target conditions are detailed in the table below.

Operating Objective	Target Condition A	Target Condition B	Ratio of The Number of Shares to Be Awarded in the Current Year
Revenue	10% (inclusive) or more	Higher than the Company's	25%
	than the previous year	average for the first three years	
Gross profit (GM%)	Increase by 1% or more	Higher than the Company's	25%
	from the previous year	average for the first three years	
Operating profit (OPM\$)	10% (inclusive) or more	Higher than the Company's	25%
	than the previous year	average for the first three years	
	Increase by 1% or more	Higher than the Company's	25%
(OPM%)	from the previous year	average for the first three	
		years	

If an employee fails to meet the vesting conditions, the Company will withdraw the restricted shares.

The aforementioned newly issued restricted employee shares were assessed to have a fair value of \$1,650 per share, based on the market approach. The unearned employee benefits of \$891,000 thousand were recognized on the basis of vesting conditions and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Compensation costs of \$192,254 thousand and \$75,120 thousand were recognized, respectively, within the vesting period for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. Compensation costs of \$166,163 thousand and \$65,243 thousand were recognized, respectively, by the subsidiary because of the restricted stock from employees within the vesting period for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the restricted share plan for employees was as follows:

	2023	2022	
Balance at January 1	540	378	
Issued in this year	-	540	
Vested	(102)	(181)	
Forfeited (Note)	(32)	(197)	
Balance at December 31	406	540	

Note: The forfeited shares for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were the shares that were cancelled due to the vesting conditions not being met.

25. CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

a. Non-cash transactions

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, the Company entered into the following non-cash investing and financing activities which were not reflected in the statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

As of December 31, 2022, the unsettled payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment were \$1,562 thousand, and recorded as other payables - payables for purchases of equipment in the financial statements.

b. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

For the year ended December 31, 2023

			1			
	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	New Leases	Decrease	Exchange Rate Impact	Closing Balance
Long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term borrowings) Guarantee deposits	\$ 929,670 2,207	\$ (97,860) (739)	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 831,810 <u>1,468</u>
	<u>\$ 931,877</u>	<u>\$ (98,599</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 833,278</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022

			Non-casl		
	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	New Leases	Exchange Rate Impact	Closing Balance
Short-term borrowings Long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term	\$ 2,379,745	\$ (2,568,896)	\$ -	\$ 189,151	\$ -
borrowings) Lease liabilities	2.230	929,670 (2,350)	2,327	-	929,670 2,207
Lease habilities	2,230	(2,530)	2,321		2,207
	<u>\$ 2,381,975</u>	<u>\$ (1,641,576</u>)	<u>\$ 2,327</u>	<u>\$ 189,151</u>	<u>\$ 931,877</u>

26. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Company will be able to continue as going concerns while considering operating risks and maximizing the returns to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Company consists of equity of the Company (comprising issued capital, reserve, retained earnings and other equity).

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Under the recommendations of the key management, to balance the overall capital structure, the Company may adjust the number of new shares issued.

27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Management believes the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements which are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2023

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets at FVTPL					
Fund beneficiary certificate	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	
Financial assets at FVTOCI					
Investments in debt instruments Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 85,148</u>	<u>\$ 85,148</u>	

December 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in debt instruments Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 146,260</u>	<u>\$ 146,260</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI
Financial Assets	Fund Beneficiary Certificate	Debt Instrument
Balance at January 1, 2023 Purchases Recognized in profit or loss (including other gains and losses) Sales	\$ - 44,545 (2,183)	\$ 146,260 -
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 42,362</u>	<u>\$ 85,148</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Financial Assets <u>at FVTOCI</u> Debt
Financial Assets	Instrument
Balance at January 1, 2022 Net increase	\$ 117,931
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 146,260</u>

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

Categories of Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Input Values
Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses	As the effect of discounting was not significant, the fair value is measured based on the original invoice amount.
Fund beneficiary certificate	Asset-based approach: Assess the net asset value, which is evaluated based on the fair value of the latest financial statements of the invested target.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31			
		2023		2022
Financial assets				
FVTPL				
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$	42,362	\$	-
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)		5,967,778		6,946,634
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in debt instruments				
Factored trade receivables to bank without recourses		85,148		146,260
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2)		10,259,297		8,852,673

- 1) The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade receivables (excluding debt instruments), trade receivables from related parties, other receivables, and refundable deposits (included in other non-current assets).
- 2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise notes payable, trade payables, trade payables to related parties, other payables, current portion of long-term borrowings, and long-term borrowings.
- d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's major financial instruments included trade receivables, trade payables and short-term or long-term borrowings. The Company's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to financial markets, and monitors and manages the significant financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports that analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The corporate treasury function reports regularly to the board of directors, who monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures.

1) Market risk

The Company's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below).

There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks were managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Company had foreign currency denominated sales and purchases, which exposed the Company to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated) are set out in Note 31.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company is mainly exposed to the fluctuations in the USD and the RMB.

The following table shows the Company's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in New Taiwan dollars (i.e., the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies (the USD and RMB). A sensitivity rate of 1% is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and their translation was adjusted at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicated an increase in pretax profit when the New Taiwan dollar weakened by 1% against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pretax profit and the balances below would be negative.

	USD I	USD Impact				
	For the Year End	For the Year Ended December 31				
	2023	2022				
Profit or loss	\$ 52,555	\$ 64,279				
	RMB	mpact				
	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2023	2022				
Profit or loss	\$ (88,271)	\$ (75,347)				

The above impact on profit and loss was mainly attributable to the exposure on USD bank deposits, USD receivables, USD payables and USD bank borrowings, RMB bank deposits and RMB payables at the end of the reporting period.

The Company's sensitivity to the USD decreased during the current period mainly because of the decrease in USD bank deposits. The Company's sensitivity to the RMB increased during the current period mainly because of an increase in RMB payables to related parties.

b) Interest rate risk

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rate risks at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

December 31			
2022			
54 \$ 1,670,443			
58 2,207			
52 2,637,922			
.0 929,670			

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the Company's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the year. A 100-basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$3,244 thousand and \$17,083 thousand, respectively, which was mainly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rate risks on its floating-rate bank deposits and bank borrowings.

The Company's sensitivity to interest rates increased during the current period mainly because of the decrease in floating-rate bank deposits.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Company. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Company due to failure of counterparties to discharge an obligation pertain to financial assets recognized as stated in the financial balance sheets.

The Company adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

To minimize credit risk, the management of the Company has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Company reviews the recoverable amount of each trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowances are made for irrecoverable amounts. Thus, management believes the Company's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Company transacts with a large number of unrelated customers and thus, no concentration of credit risk was observed.

3) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Company relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had available unutilized short-term bank loan facilities set out in (b) below.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk table for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following tables show the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed-upon repayment periods. The tables were been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables included both interest and principal cash flows.

For interest flows pertaining to floating rates, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

December 31, 2023

	Less than 3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year to 5 Years	More than 5 Years
Non-derivative <u>financial liabilities</u>				
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate	\$ 3,186,730 210	\$ 6,240,757 630	\$ - 700	\$ - -
liabilities	52,691	59,402	430,483	353,364
	<u>\$ 3,239,631</u>	<u>\$ 6,300,789</u>	<u>\$ 431,183</u>	<u>\$ 353,364</u>

Further information on the maturity analysis of the above financial liabilities was as follows:

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Variable interest rate liabilities	<u>\$ 112,093</u>	<u>\$ 430,483</u>	<u>\$ 353,364</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

December 31, 2022

		ss than 3 Months				0,01 1 1001 00		re than 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate	\$	181,857 210	\$7	,741,146 630	\$	- 1,540	\$	-
liabilities		<u>52,445</u>		<u>58,919</u>		430,470		455,575
	<u>\$</u>	234,512	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>,800,695</u>	<u>\$</u>	432,010	<u>\$</u>	455,575

		Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
	able interest rate abilities	<u>\$ 111,364</u>	<u>\$ 430,470</u>	<u>\$ 455,575</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
b) Fin	ancing facilities						
					Ι	December 31	l
					2023		2022
- 1	secured bank loan Amount used Amount unused	facilities			\$ 4,607,0 <u>\$4,607,0</u>		- 3,813,595 3,813,595
1	cured bank overdr Amount used Amount unused	aft facilities			\$ 831,8 <u>97,8</u> <u>\$ 929,6</u>	360	929,670 270,330 1,200,000

Further information on the maturity analysis of the above financial liabilities was as follows:

e. Transfers of financial assets

Factored trade receivables that are not yet overdue at the end of the year were as follows:

Counterparty	Receivables Factoring Proceeds	Amount Reclassified to Other Receivables	Advances Received - Unused	Advances Received - Used	Annual Interest Rates on Advances Received (Used) (%)
For the December 31, 2023					
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. BNP Paribas S.A.	\$ 392,507 47,238 <u>\$ 439,745</u>	\$ - <u>\$</u>	\$ 	\$ 392,507 <u>47,238</u> <u>\$ 439,745</u>	4.27-7.79 5.94-6.73
For the December 31, 2022					
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. BNP Paribas S.A.	\$ 451,989 48,231 <u>\$ 500,220</u>	\$ - 	\$ 	\$ 451,989 48,231 \$ 500,220	3.40-6.89 4.98-5.92

Pursuant to the agreements, losses from commercial disputes (such as sales returns and discounts) are borne by the Company, while losses from credit risk are borne by the bank.

28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Details of transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

a. Related party name and category

Related Name	Related Party Category
RPS SpA	Essential related party (whose managing director is the key management personnel of the Company)
FSP Technology Inc.	Key management personnel
Ming Fang International Investment Co., Ltd.	Essential related party
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Subsidiary
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Subsidiary
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Subsidiary
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam)	Subsidiary
Company Limited	

b. Sales of goods

		For the Year Ended December 31					
Line Item	Related Party Category		2023	2022			
Sales	Key management personnel	\$	328,603	\$	382,604		
	Essential related parties		622,428		1,033,550		
	Subsidiaries - Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited		<u> </u>		180		
		\$	<u>951,031</u>	\$	1,416,334		

The selling prices of the goods sold to the related parties in the table above are not comparable, as these goods were not sold to other customers in 2023 and 2022. Payment terms for goods sold to related parties are 135-150 days and 135-270 days, respectively, from the end of the month and 0-180 days for general customers.

c. Purchases of goods

	For the Year Ended December 31			
Related Party Category	2023	2022		
Subsidiaries - Potentia Technology Inc. Limited Subsidiaries - Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp. Subsidiaries - Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	\$ 13,029,480 272,273 <u>117,067</u>	\$ 15,696,745 226,743 <u>69,159</u>		
	<u>\$ 13,418,820</u>	<u>\$ 15,992,647</u>		

The purchase prices of the goods purchased from the related parties in the table above are not comparable, as these same goods were not purchased from other suppliers in 2023 and 2022. Payment terms of goods purchased from related parties are 270 days following the end of each month, and 30-90 days for general suppliers.

d. Receivables from related parties (excluding loans to related parties)

		December 31					
Line Item	Related Party Category		2023	2022			
Trade receivables from related parties	1		62,261 89,583	\$	76,241 160,346		
		\$	151,844	\$	236,587		

The outstanding trade receivables from related parties were unsecured. In 2023 and 2022, no impairment loss was recognized for trade receivables from related parties.

e. Payables to related parties (excluding loans from related parties)

		Decem	ber 31
Line Item	Related Party Category	2023	2022
Trade payables to related parties	Subsidiaries - Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	\$ 9,109,268	\$ 7,684,034
*	Subsidiaries - Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	150,661	114,393
	Subsidiaries - Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	73,011	39,631
		<u>\$ 9,332,940</u>	<u>\$ 7,838,058</u>

The outstanding trade payables to related parties are unsecured.

f. Lease arrangements

	For the Year Ended December						
Related Party Category <u>Interest expense</u> Essential related parties	2023	2022					
Interest expense							
Essential related parties	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>					

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company leased office space from essential related parties. The rental expense is determined with reference to the general market conditions, and the payment terms are monthly payments.

g. Remuneration of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 3								
		2022							
Short-term employee benefits Post-employee benefits Share-based payments	\$	117,370 524 56,195	\$	94,741 547 40,372					
	<u>\$</u>	174,089	\$	135,660					

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee, is based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

29. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for bank borrowings:

	Decem	ber 31
Land Building	2023	2022
	\$ 587,160 	\$ 587,160 777,172
	<u>\$ 1,348,632</u>	<u>\$ 1,364,332</u>

30. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant contingencies and unrecognized commitments of the Company at December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Unrecognized commitments are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31
	2023	2022
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<u>\$ 5,600</u>	<u>\$ 8,515</u>

31. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The following information was aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the Company and the exchange rates between the foreign currencies and the New Taiwan dollar are disclosed. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2023

	C	Foreign urrency Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount Rate (In Thousands)		
Financial assets						
Monetary items USD RMB	\$	189,642 2,446	30.7050 (USD:NTD) 4.3352 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 5,822,948 10,602 <u>\$ 5,833,550</u>		
Non-monetary items Investments accounted for using the equity method						
USD		342,763	30.7050 (USD:NTD)	<u>\$ 10,524,526</u> (Continued)		

	(Foreign Currency Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial liabilities				
Monetary items USD RMB	\$	18,480 2,038,586	30.7050 (USD:NTD) 4.3352 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 567,428 <u>8,837,678</u> <u>\$ 9,405,106</u> (Concluded)
December 31, 2022				
	(Foreign Currency Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (In Thousands)
Financial assets				
Monetary items USD RMB	\$	220,121 7,834	30.7150 (USD:NTD) 4.4102 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 6,761,015 <u>34,549</u> <u>\$ 6,795,564</u>
Non-monetary items Investments accounted for using the equity method USD <u>Financial liabilities</u>		280,973	30.7150 (USD:NTD)	<u>\$ 8,630,100</u>
Monetary items				
USD RMB		10,844 1,716,297	30.7150 (USD:NTD) 4.4102 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 333,080 7,569,213
				<u>\$ 7,902,293</u>

The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

		For the Year Ended December 31									
	2023	•	2022								
Foreign Currencies RMB USD	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)							
	4.4118 (RMB:NTD) 31.1283 (USD:NTD)	\$ 155,163 (63,451)	4.4237 (RMB:NTD) 29.8896 (USD:NTD)	\$ 51,079 <u>28,772</u>							
		<u>\$ 91,712</u>		<u>\$ 79,851</u>							

32. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information on significant transactions:
 - 1) Financing provided to others: Table 1
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: None
 - Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Table 2
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4
 - 9) Trading in derivative instruments: None
- b. Information on investees: Table 5
- c. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area: Table 6
 - Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: Table 7
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year.
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year.
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes.
 - e) The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to the financing of funds.

- f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services.
- d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 8)

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

No.			Financial Statement Related Highest		Highest Balance	Actual Amount	Interest Date	Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	Collateral		Financing Limit	Aggregato	
(Note 1)) Lender	Borrower	Account	Party	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Borrowed	(%)	Financing (Note 2)	Transaction Amount	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Aggregate Financing Limit
1	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen)	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	Other receivables from	Yes	\$ 173,408	\$ 173,408	\$ 173,408	3.65	2	\$-	Operating capital	\$ -	-	\$-	\$ 2,095,665	\$ 2,095,665
	Manufacturing Company	Limited	related parties		(RMB 40,000)	(RMB 40,000)	(RMB 40,000)				financing funds					
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	Other receivables from	Yes	86,704	86,704	-	3.65	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,095,665	2,095,665
		Limited	related parties		(RMB 20,000)	(RMB 20,000)	(RMB -)				financing funds					
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	Other receivables from	Yes	238,436	238,436	238,436	3.65	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,095,665	2,095,665
		Limited	related parties		(RMB 55,000)	(RMB 55,000)	(RMB 55,000)				financing funds					
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	Other receivables from	Yes	216,760	216,760	216,760	3.55	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,095,665	2,095,665
		Limited	related parties		(RMB 50,000)	(RMB 50,000)	(RMB 50,000)				financing funds					
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	Other receivables from	Yes	368,492	368,492	368,492	3.55	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,095,665	2,095,665
		Limited	related parties		(RMB 85,000)	(RMB 85,000)	(RMB 85,000)				financing funds					
		Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics	1	Yes	411,844	411,844	411,844	3.45	2	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	2,095,665	2,095,665
		Limited	related parties		(RMB 95,000)	(RMB 95,000)	(RMB 95,000)				financing funds					
			1								8					

Note 1: Number column as follows:

"0" for the issuer. a.

b. Investees are numbered from "1".

- Note 2: Number 1 represents business relationship between companies or firms. Number 2 represents short-term financing is necessary between companies or firms.
- The aggregate financing limit shall not exceed 40% which were audited or reviewed by certified public accountants. Note 3:
- Note 4: a. The aggregate financing limit shall not exceed 40% of the net asset value of Voltronic Power Technology.
 - b. Financing limit for each borrower for the business relationship, the financing amount on each individual loan shall not exceed 30% of total business transaction amount or 10% of net assets value was in accordance with currently audited or reviewed financial statements by accountant; the lower value is final. The business transaction amount referred to the one with higher purchase or sales amount in the current year starting from one month before application date, for the necessary of short-term financing, the financing amount on each individual loan should not exceed 10% of net asset value in accordance with currently audited or reviewed financial statements by accountant but the restriction shall not apply to inter-company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares, nor to loans of fund to the Company by any overseas subsidiary in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.

Note 5: The foreign-currency amounts of the highest balance for the period and ending balance were converted by exchange rate RMB1 into NT\$4.3352 as of December 31, 2023.

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable	Relationship with the			December 31, 2023			
	Securities	Holding Company (Note)	Financial Statement Account	Number of Stock/Unit	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
Voltronic Power Technology	Hoshun Hing Intelligent Mobile Limited Partnership	-	Financial assets at FVTPL	-	\$ 42,362	1.11	\$ 42,362	-

Note: If the issuer of the securities is not a related party, this field is not required to be filled.

TABLE 2

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Related Party	Nature of Relationship		Tra	ansaction	Details	Abnormal Transaction		Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable		
Company Name			Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	
Voltronic Power Technology	RPS. SpA	Essential related parties	(Sales)	\$ (622,428)	(4)	Net 150 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-180 days	\$ 62,261	2	-
	FSP Technology Inc.	Key management personnel	(Sales)	(328,603)	(2)		No identical item	0-180 days	89,583	4	"
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Subsidiary	Purchase	272,273	2		No identical item	30-90 days	(150,661)	(2)	//
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Subsidiary	Purchase	13,029,480	97		No identical item	30-90 days	(9,109,268)	(97)	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Subsidiary	Purchase	117,067	1	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(73,011)	(1)	
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Voltronic Power Technology	Parent company	(Sales)	(13,029,480)	(86)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	9,109,268	95	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	(Sales)	(505,541)	(3)		Note 2	Note 2	67,372	1	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	Purchase	4,026,517	27	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(4,613,787)	(47)	"
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(729,560)	(5)		Note 2	Note 2	125,033	1	"
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	8,684,341	58	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(4,259,327)	(44)	"
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(218,350)	(1)		Note 2	Note 2	38,581	1	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(589,513)	(4)		Note 2	Note 2	216,741	2	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	1,013,565	7		No identical item	30-90 days	(395,361)	(4)	//
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Voltronic Power Technology	Parent company	(Sales)	(272,273)	(6)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	150,661	3	//
corp.	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(4,026,517)	(89)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	4,613,787	95	"
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	505,541	21		No identical item	30-90 days	(67,372)	(9)	"
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	Purchase	136,767	6	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(74,460)	(10)	"
	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	The same parent company	Purchase	474,549	20	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(59,245)	(8)	//
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	218,350	15	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-60 days	(38,581)	(5)	"
Company	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	(Sales)	(136,767)	(5)		No identical item	0-60 days	74,460	15	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	394,643	26		No identical item	0-60 days	(232,543)	(28)	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	The same parent company	Purchase	268,625	18	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	0-60 days	(56,867)	(7)	//

TABLE 3

(Continued)

Comment				Tra	insaction	Details	Abnormal Transaction		Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable		Note
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	INOLE
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	\$ (8,684,341)	(94)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	\$ 4,259,327	93	-
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	729,560	11		No identical item	30-90 days	(125,033)	(5)	//
	Voltronic Power Technology	The same parent company	(Sales)	(117,067)	(1)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	73,011	2	//
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(394,643)	(4)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	232,543	5	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	The same parent company	Purchase	1,022,501	15	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	30-90 days	(417,983)	(17)	"
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	The same parent company	(Sales)	(474,549)	(27)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued		Note 2	59,245	11	//
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	(Sales)	(268,625)	(15)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	56,867	11	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(1,022,501)	(58)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	417,983	78	"
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	(Sales)	(1,013,565)	(100)	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	Note 2	Note 2	395,361	100	"
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	Purchase	589,513	98		No identical item	30-90 days	(216,741)	(90)	//

Note 1: Above amounts present in New Taiwan dollars (NT\$). Foreign currency is converted into NT\$ as of December 31, 2023; the amount of income accounts are converted by average exchange rate into New Taiwan dollar (NT\$) as of 2023.

Note 2: There is no sales to unrelated parties.

(Concluded)

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Overdu	ie	Amount		
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance (Note 1)	Turnover Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Received in Subsequent Period (Note 2)	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Note
Trade receivables									
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Voltronic Power Technology	Parent company	\$ 9,109,268	1.55	\$-	-	\$ 992,901	\$-	//
	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	125,033	6.26	-	-	65,940	-	//
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited		216,741	2.32	-	-	46,059	-	//
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Voltronic Power Technology	Parent company	150,661	2.05	-	-	42,632	-	//
	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	4,613,787	0.85	-	-	218,488	-	//
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	4,259,327	2.48	-	-	710,681	-	//
	Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	The same parent company	232,543	2.52			82,117		
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	417,983	2.80	-	-	92,000	-	//
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	The same parent company	395,361	3.39	-	-	73,395	-	//
Other receivables Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	The same parent company	1,413,188 (Note 2)	-	-	-	4,248	-	//

Note 1: The foreign-currency amounts were translated into exchange rate US\$1 into NT\$30.7050 and RMB1 into NT\$4.3352 as of December 31, 2023.

Note 2: Including interest receivables \$4,248 thousand.

Note 3: The amount received in subsequent period was as of January 31, 2024.

TABLE 4

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies, and Shares)

				Original Inves	tment Amount	As of D	ecember 3	1, 2023	Net Income	Share of Profit	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Number of Stock (Shares)	%	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	(Loss) (Note 2)	Note
Voltronic Power Technology	Voltronic International Corp.	Anguilla	Investment activities	\$ 888,285 (US\$ 28,000)	\$ 888,285 (US\$ 28,000)	28,000	100	\$ 10,188,675	\$ 1,795,662	\$ 1,793,849	Note 1
	Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	Bac Ninh Province, Vietnam	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	30,945 (US\$ 1,000)	30,945 (US\$ 1,000)	-	100	335,851	120,755	120,755	Notes 1 and 3
Voltronic International Corp.	Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Hong Kong	Sale of uninterruptible power systems (UPS)	-	-	-	100	23,402	6,181	6,181	Note 1
	Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	Hong Kong	Investment activities	888,285 (US\$ 28,000)	888,285 (US\$ 28,000)	217,240	100	10,170,231	1,789,479	1,789,479	Note 1

Note 1: The Company was subsidiary.

Note 2: The gain and loss of net amount of investment which recognized in the current period is the reversal of unrealized loss of the previous upstream transaction of \$1,689 thousand and the deduction of unrealized profit of upstream transaction of \$1,036 thousand in the sidestream transaction.

Note 3: This company is a "limited company" without stock issuance.

Note 4: For information of investments in mainland China, refer to Table 6.

TABLE 5

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currencies)

1. Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period and repatriations of investment income in the mainland China area:

				Accumulated	Remittanc	e of Funds	Accumulated					Accumulated
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2023	Outflow	Inflow	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2023	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Notes 2 and 3)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2023 (Notes 2 and 3)	Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2023
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	\$ 64,630 (US\$ 2,000)	b.	\$ 64,630 (US\$ 2,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,630 (US\$ 2,000)	\$ 187,293	100	\$ 187,293	\$ 4,643,339	\$-
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	30,027 (US\$ 1,000)	b.	30,027 (US\$ 1,000)	-	-	30,027 (US\$ 1,000)	370,350	100	370,350	2,095,665	-
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS	793,628 (US\$ 25,000)	b.	793,628 (US\$ 25,000)	-	-	793,628 (US\$ 25,000)	1,231,836	100	1,231,836	3,431,227	-
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Design, manufacture and sale of UPS related components	250,401 (RMB 56,000)	с.	-	-	-	-	47,844	100	47,844	345,083	-

2. Limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area:

Accumulated Outflow Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2023	Investment Amount Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA
\$ 888,285 (Note 4) (US\$ 28,000)	\$ 888,285 (Note 4) (US\$ 28,000)	\$ 5,014,682

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

- a. Directly invest in a company in mainland China.
- b. Investment in mainland China through an existing company established in a third region.
- c. Other methods.
- Note 2: The investment gain or loss and the carrying amount as of December 31, 2023:

The Company recognized its reinvested companies of Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp., Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company and Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited through its subsidiary of Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, and through its subsidiary of Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited recognized the investment gains of its reinvested company of Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc. as of December 31, 2023 and the carrying amounts on December 31, 2023.

Note 3: The amount was calculated based on the financial statements which were audited and attested by certified public accounts engaged by Taiwan's parent company.

Note 4: The amount was calculated by the actual outflow exchange rate from the each times.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD PARTY, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

a. The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year.

Investee Company	Transaction Type	Purchase/Sa	ale		Transaction Details		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Unrealized
	Transaction Type	Amount	%	Price	Payment Terms	Comparison with Normal Transactions	Ending Balance	%	Gain
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Purchase	\$ 4,199,545	31	Set by agreement of both parties	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	\$ (2,652,839)	(28)	\$ 1,160
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronics Limited	Purchase	8,198,639	61	Set by agreement of both parties	Net 270 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued	No identical item	(6,409,217)	(69)	

b. The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year: None.

c. The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses: None.

d. The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes: None.

e. The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds: None.

f. Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services: None.

TABLE 7

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Shares			
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)		
Juor-Ming Hsieh	8,372,166	9.54		

- Note 1: On the last business day as of quarter-end, Taiwan Depository & Clearing Company calculated the major shareholders' information, the delivered and dematerialized registration common share and preferred share more than 5% of the Company. The share capital recorded in the Company's financial report and the actual number of the delivered and dematerialized registration securities amount may be different due to the different preparation and calculation basis.
- Note 2: The above information, if the shareholder delivers the shares to the trust will be disclosed by the trustee's trust account to reveal the individual settlor. As for shareholders' declaration in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, shareholder holds more than 10% of insider equity holdings, includes their shareholdings and delivered to the trust which they have the power to decide how to allocate trust property. The insider equity holdings' declaration and related information, please refer to the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

6. The financial problems of the Company and its Affiliated Enterprise found as of the Annual Report issuance date and the impact of such problems upon the Company's financial standing: None.

VII. Reassessment & analysis on financial conditions and outcome of business operation as well as risks

1. Financial conditions

Significant changes in assets, liabilities and equity taking place over the past two years, and causes behind and the impact, with explanation of future countermeasures in case of a significant impact:

	·	Expressed in Tho	ousands of New Taiwa	an Dollars; %		
Year	2022 2023		Discrepan	ancy		
Item	2022	2023	Amount	%		
Current assets	10,816,080	9,657,213	(1,158,867)	(10.71)		
Property, plant and equipment	4,474,310	4,419,607	(54,703)	(1.22)		
Right-to-use assets	462,898	368,350	(94,548)	(20.43)		
Intangible assets	24,653	18,809	(5,844)	(23.71)		
Other assets	262,789	292,120	(15,314)	(4.98)		
Total assets	1,6040,730	14,756,099	(1,329,276)	(8.26)		
Current liabilities	6,626,858	5,484,792	(1,142,066)	(17.23)		
Other liabilities	1,070,645	913,504	(201,786)	(18.09)		
Total liabilities	7,697,503	6,398,296	(1,343,852)	(17.36)		
Capital stock	877,626	877,306	(320)	(0.04)		
Capital surplus	1,824,953	1,772,473	(52,480)	(2.88)		
Retained earnings	6,591,631	6,397,211	(194,420)	(2.95)		
Remuneration unearned by employees	(750,637)	(339,420)	411,217	(54.78)		
Cumulative translation adjustment	(200,346)	(349,767)	(149,421)	74.58		
Aggregate total of shareholders' equity	8,343,227	8,357,803	14,576	0.17		

Comparative analysis of financial conditions

Change over the past two years over 20%, with the change above NT\$10,000,000.

Decrease in right-to-use assets: There were no significant additions or reductions during this period, attributable to the provision of depreciation expenses.

Decrease in remuneration unearned by employees: Attributable to share-based payment expenses recognized.

Adjustment in accumulated conversion: The change resulting from adjustment incurred by accumulated conversion in the wake of fluctuations in exchange rates.

2. Financial performance

(1) Analysis onto the operating outcome over the past two years

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dol					
Year	2022	2023	Amount in increase / decrease	Ratio of change %	
Net operating revenues	22,724,596	18,950,843	(3,773,753)	(16.61)	
Operating costs	15,587,926	12,982,371	(2,605,555)	(16.72)	
Gross operating profit	7,136,670	5,968,472	(1,168,198)	(16.37)	
Operating expenses	1,848,903	1,830,858	(18,045)	(0.98)	
Operating net profit	5,287,767	4,137,614	(1,150,153)	(21.75)	
Non-operating revenues & profits	189,680	313,920	124,240	65.50	
Non-operating expenses & losses	74,404	69,169	(5,235)	(7.04)	
Net profit before tax	5,403,043	4,382,365	(1,020,678)	(18.89)	
Fees of income tax	970,153	759,809	(210,344)	(21.68)	
Net profit after tax	4,432,890	3,622,556	(810,334)	(18.28)	
Significant changes in operating revenu	les, operating n	et profit and net	profit before tax	x over the past	

Comparative analyses on financial performance

Significant changes in operating revenues, operating net profit and net profit before tax over the past two years, with descriptions of the reason why:

Decrease in operating net profit: Mainly attributable to a decrease in revenue.

Decrease in non-operating revenues & profits: Mainly due to increased bank deposit interest.

Decrease in fees of income tax: Mainly due to a decrease in both revenue and profit, resulting in a decrease in income tax expenses as well.

- (2) Anticipated sales volume and grounds thereof, potential impact upon the Company in future financial conditions and the countermeasures:
 - 1) Anticipated sales volume one year ahead and grounds thereof:

On the grounds of change in the macro economy, business operation orientation and future development, with reference to the recent performance by the Company, we duly work out operating targets and anticipate to continually grow over Year 2023. We anticipate to see an increase of operating revenues and profits.

2) Potential impact upon the Company's future financial conditions and the countermeasures: None

3. Analyses on cash flow

(1) Analysis on currency in cash now in the most recent years.	(1)	Analysis on currency in cash flow in the most recent years:
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Year	Item 2022 2023 of change ratio (%)								
Cash flow ratio (%)	84.79%	74.45%	(12.19%)						
Cash flow adequacy ratio (%) 108.90% 111.88% 2.74%									
Cash reinvestment ratio (%) 36.37% 2.70% (92.58%)									
Where the changes between the previous and later periods came to more than 20%, the									
major reasons and impacts are as enumerated below:									
Decrease in Cash reinvestment ratio (%):Mainly due to a decrease in cash flow from									
operating activities and h	igher cash dividend	ds distributed.							

- (2) Plan to improve inadequate current flow: None
- (3) Analyses on the cash flow performance in one year ahead (Year 2024):

			L			
I		Net cash flow in operating	Anticipated cash outflow in the	Anticipated cash		or anticipated shortfall
	Cash balance, beginning of year (1)	activities anticipated for the entire year (2)	year-round investment and capital-raising activities (3)	surplus (shortfall) (4)=(1)+(2)+(3)	Investment plans	Wealth management plan
	5,044,707	4,711,093	3,776,319	5,979,481	N/A	N/A

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

(1) Analyses on changes in cash flow 2024:

A. The anticipated cash inflow from operating activities came to NT\$4.711093 billion, primarily attributed to the company's forecast of continued growth this year.

- B. As estimated, the cash outflows of investment activities and financing activities came to NT\$295,204 thousand, mainly due to capital expenditures required for the growth of the various factory sites.
- C. The estimated cash outflow from financing activities is NT\$ NT\$3.481115 billion, primarily due to cash dividends and the distribution of cash from capital surplus.
- (2) Analyses on remedy for cash shortfall and the liquidity: Not applicable, as no cash shortfall is anticipated.
- 4. The impact of the significant capital expenditure of the latest year upon the financial conditions: The Company purchased a new factory site in New Taipei City in January 2022. However, the construction was funded with internal capital and long-term bank loans. The working capital has been sufficient to support operations and hence there was no impact on the Company's financials or businesses.

5. The outward investment policies in the most recent year, key reasons leading to profit or loss, countermeasures and the investment plan in one year ahead:

- (1) The outward investment plans in the most recent year: To manage and dominate outward investment. The Company has so far duly enacted Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" to firmly dominate financial conditions and business operation facts. Amidst the Internal Control System, besides, the Company has enacted "Surveillance and Management Operations over Subsidiaries" to firmly dominate their financial conditions and relevant operating procedures. Meanwhile, we firmly surveil their implementation or handling. We have, as well, set up the operating risk management mechanism over subsidiaries to exert maximum possible business performance.
- (2) Kay causes leading to profit or loss in outward investment in recent year, countermeasures and investment plans on one year ahead:

The Company's 2023 investment income accounted for under the equity method was NT\$1,914,604, mainly due favorable operations in invested overseas companies.

(3) Investment plans in one year ahead:

The investment for the next year will depend on market demand, as we seek to capture business opportunities, expand market shares and our revenue base.

6. Analyzed evaluation required for risks over the issues enumerated below of the most recent year as of Annual Report date

- 1) Change in interest rates:
 - A. Impact upon the Company's operating revenues and profitability: In Years 2022 and 2023, the net interest revenues and expenditures of the Company came to NT\$(6,604) thousand and NT\$82,775 thousand respectively, accounting for (0.03%) and 0.44% of the Company's net operating revenues and accounting for (0.12%) and 1.89% of the Company's net profit before tax. Accordingly, a change in the interest rates would cast very insignificant impact upon the Company's operating revenues and net profit before tax.
 - B. Concrete countermeasures:

The Company's interest expenditures primarily incurred by transfer of accounts receivable and hedging loans, with direct relationship of customer credit rating and credit standing with bank transaction. The Company has maintained sound relationship with correspondent banks and has, as a result of, obtained preferential interest rate. Meanwhile, the Company closely watches the updates of banking markets and the potential impact upon the Company and would take countermeasures closely all the time. Accordingly, the change in interest rate is not supposed to create a significant impact upon the Company.

2) Change in exchange rate

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Descriptions\Year	2022	2023
Profit and/or loss in foreign exchange, net	87,894	100,720
Net operating income	22,724,596	18,950,843
% to the operating income (%)	0.39%	0.53%
Net profit before tax	5,403,043	4,382,365
% to the profit before tax (%)	1.63%	2.30%

Source: The financial statements having been duly audited by Certified Public Accountant.

Concrete countermeasures against change in exchange rate:

The Company sells primarily in U. S. Dollars and procures materials & supplies primarily in RMB and secondarily in U. S. Dollars. In the part of U. S. Dollars, given the fact of significant fluctuation in exchange rate in recent years, the Company tries to maintain the U. S. Dollars position obtained from sales revenues in an effort to minimize the impact from fluctuation in exchange rates upon sales revenues and profitability.

The risk on RMB was primarily incurred by the need by the Company's subsidiaries to procure materials & supplies from manufactures in China payable in RMB. In years 2022 and 2023, the Company has instantly increased the RMB deposit according to the trend of exchange rate fluctuations to adjust the balance of RMB assets and RMB liabilities.

3) Changes in inflation:

- A. Analysis upon the impact upon the Company The average consumer commodity price index promulgated by the Directorate General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics (DGBAS) of Executive Yuan in 2023 was 2.5%, suggesting no inflation or deflation. That is to mean no significant potential impact upon the Company's profit/loss in 2023.
- B. Concrete countermeasures
 - (A) We are in a sound position to dominate the price variation in upstream raw materials sources all the time and maintain very intimate ties with suppliers and customers. Such efforts would help us minimize the impact by change in raw materials costs upon our Company's profit /loss.
 - (B) We continually take reference to the research reports and relevant economic data from leading economy research houses both at home and abroad and duly adjust the future inflation possibility in the future to prevent the significant impact of inflation upon our financial conditions.

- (2) The major causes behind our engaging in high risk, high leverage investment, funds lent to others, endorsements/guarantees and derivative financial instruments and the future countermeasures:
 - Our engaging in high risk, high leverage investment: Our Company focuses on principal business lines with heavy stress on development of principal technology & know-how, research & development and sales marketing. Besides, we insist on solid policy in business operation, aiming at sound financial development as the very premise. We, therefore, do not get involved in any investment beyond our principal lines, nor do we engage in high leverage investment.
 - 2) Business in engaging in funds lent to others, endorsements/guarantees and derivative financial instruments: The Company has duly enacted the "Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others", "Procedures in Endorsement and Guarantee" and "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" as the very grounds for relevant business operation. As of the Annual Report issuance date, the Company has not engaged in any loaning of funds, transactions in endorsements/guarantees and transaction in derivative financial instruments.
- (3) The future research & development plans and the expenses anticipated to be invested:
 - 1) The future research & development plans: High power and high efficiency products.
 - A. Development of UPS series.
 - B. Development of dispersing high voltage direct current UPS modularization and monitoring systems.
 - C. Development of high power factor/high efficiency/low current harmonics models.
 - D. Development of dispersing road side UPS module machines.
 - E. Development of three-phase current harmonics compensators.
 - F. Development of DC/DC converters of on-grid Inverter converted to energy storage application.
 - G. Charging pile development
 - 2) The expenses anticipated to be invested:

The research & development expenses the Company intends to invest will be budgeted based on the step-by-step basis based on our development of new products and new technology & know-how, future growth in sales turnover, and will raise the research & development costs year-by-year in the future. In Year 2023, the aggregate total research & development costs actually invested came to NT\$933,367 thousand. In 2024, we anticipate to invest NT\$953,925 thousand as our research & development expenses to further boost our competitive edge.

(4) The impact from major domestic policies, change in laws upon the Company's financial conditions and the Company's countermeasures:
 In all routines, the Company faithfully complies with laws and ordinances concerned prevalent at home and abroad. As of the present date, we have not confronted any substantial impact upon our business operation or financial conditions. In fact, we always closely watch the trends of development in at home and abroad policies and

updates in laws. We closely collect relevant information as handy reference to the managerial level and, in turn, work out countermeasures in response.

- (5) The impact from technical and industrial changes upon the Company's financial conditions and the Company's countermeasures: We closely watch the latest update and trends of change and technical development from time to time on a nonscheduled basis. Meanwhile, thanks to the profound relationship we have built with customers, we are well aware of the potential impact upon our industrial and technical development. All our research & development teammates could aim at the substantial needs in the markets to create the right products to meet such needs. In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, we had not run into any significant impact upon our business operation and financial conditions.
- (6) The impact from change in Corporate Identity System (CIS) upon risk control and our countermeasures:

Since Voltronic Power Technology first came into being, we have focused on business in our principal business lines and have faithfully complied with laws and ordinances concerned, maintained harmonious labor relationship, solicited top rank research & development talents to assure sound corporate image. In the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date, we had not run into any significant impact upon our Corporate Identity System (CIS). We will continually maintain sound corporate image and expand further business horizons.

- (7) Benefits anticipated from merger/acquisition (M&A), potential risk and our countermeasures: As of the Annual Report issuance date, we had not worked out any merger/acquisition (M&A) plans with other counterparts. In case of a merger/acquisition (M&A) plan in the future, we shall exactly follow the laws and ordinances concerned and the Company's managerial regulations. Through such efforts, we shall faithfully assure the Company's interests and shareholders' equity.
- (8) Benefits anticipated from expanded factories, potential risks and our countermeasures: The Company is currently building new capacities in Zhongshan District, Guangdong Province, and procuring new plants in New Taipei City to satisfy the growing demand. All funds so required will come from our own working capital along with the long-term loans. At the moment, we hold working capital on hand, free of any risk of a potential shortfall.
- (9) Potential risks in concentrated purchases and sales and our countermeasures:
 - 1) Risks in purchases:
 - At the moment, we only have very limited production in Taiwan. For most UPS and relevant electronic components, we accept purchase orders in Taiwan from end customers and transfer these orders via our sub-subsidiary Potentia Technology Inc. Limited (hereinafter referred to as Potentia Technology) to the production base of our subsidiaries Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp. (hereinafter referred to as Voltronic Power Technology), Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic and Voltronic Power Technology Inc., Voltronic Power Technology, Zhongshan Voltronic Power Technology, Zhongshan Voltronic Power Technology, Zhongshan Voltronic Power Technology Inc., Voltronic Power Technology, Zhongshan Voltronic Power Technology, Company Limited.

Limited. For procurement by our subsidiaries, the amount of purchase from any single supplier has been below 10%. For all raw materials & materiel, we have maintained a minimum of two regular supply sources. We are, therefore, free of any risk of being concentrated.

- 2) Risks in sales: In 2022 and 2023, our sales to the top customer accounted for below 10% of the aggregate total. We are free of any risk of being concentrated in sales.
- (10) The impacts and risks in massive changeover or replacement by directors, top shareholders holding over 10% shareholding and our countermeasures: The Company has established the Audit Committees composed of four Independent Directors to strengthen corporate governance. The Chairman and the management teams thereunder have remained unchanged. Therefore, the Company's management rights have not been affected at all. In the most recent year as of the Prospectus date, the Company had not seen significant changeover in equity among directors and key shareholders holding over 10% shareholdings. Accordingly, the Company is free of a potential significant impact.
- (11) The impacts and risks from a change in managerial power and our countermeasures: As of the Annual Report issuance date, the Company had not seen a change in managerial powers.
- (12) The final and irrevocable court judgments, significant pending litigation, non-litigious events involving the Company, the Company's directors, general manager, substantial responsible person, key shareholders holding over 10% shares, auxiliaries with outcome which might significantly affect shareholders' equity, securities prices, the subject facts, target amounts, starting date of litigation, major litigants and the updates as of the Annual Report issuance date:
 - 1) As of the Annual Report issuance date, final and irrevocable court judgments, significant pending litigation, non-litigious, administrative events with outcome which might significantly affect shareholders' equity, securities prices, the subject facts, target amounts, starting date of litigation, major litigants and the updates should be disclosed: None
 - 2) The final and irrevocable court judgments, significant pending litigation, non-litigious, administrative events involving the Company's directors, general manager, substantial responsible person, key shareholders holding over 10% shares with outcome which might significantly affect shareholders' equity, securities prices:

The Company's director FSP Group (hereinafter referred to as FSP Group) purchased products of Beyond Innovation Technology Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as Beyond Innovation) through a distributor in Taiwan. O2 Micro International Limited (hereinafter referred to as O2), a competitor of Beyond Innovation, states that such products infringe upon its patent rights in the United States, and therefore filed a civil lawsuit against three companies including FSP Group in the Marshall Division, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas (hereinafter referred to as the United States District Court).

O2 withdrew all claims for monetary compensation against all defendants in the preceding civil lawsuit on April 24, 2006. The United States District Court subsequently rendered a first-instance judgment and injunction prohibiting the sale of the products to the United States on March 21, 2007. It also ruled that the attorneys' fees and litigation costs incurred in this lawsuit, totaling US\$2,268,402.22, should be borne jointly by FSP Group, Beyond Innovation, and Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd. After the defendants filed an appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, the Federal Circuit issued a decision on April 3, 2008. It found the lower court's ruling, in which the defendants were found to be in violation of patent rights, did not meet the requirements for legal proceedings and therefore reversed and remanded to the original court for retrial. As for the ruling regarding the litigation expenses, although it was not reviewed by the court of appeals, the reversal of the first-instance judgment means that the ruling has lost its basis and is therefore nullified.

After the case was remanded to the United States District Court, the Court only reviewed the lawsuit between O2 and Beyond Innovation, and rendered a judgment on September 27, 2010, which found that although Beyond Innovation had infringed upon O2's patent rights, the infringement was not based on malicious intent. Beyond Innovation later filed an appeal and the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit (CAFC) rejected Beyond Innovation's appeal and affirmed the decision of the lower court.

The litigation between the Group and O2 was separated from the aforementioned litigation between O2 and Beyond Innovation on July 21, 2009. However, FSP Group has not yet received a notice of hearing from the US Court.

FSP Group was implicated by the use of Beyond Innovation's products, and after learning that Beyond Innovation's products were involved in such disputes, we have switched to alternative materials that do not involve infringement disputes. According to the intellectual property right guarantee signed by FSP Group and Beyond Innovation, Beyond Innovation shall bear all liabilities, losses, damages, costs, or other expenses incurred by FSP Group as a result of the use of its products.

As a result, Beyond Innovation shall bear the adjudication costs borne by FSP Group. Therefore, the attorneys' fees and litigation costs incurred in the above patent litigation do not have a significant impact on FSP Group's financial statements.

FSP Group recognized the aforementioned expenses as expenses for the year in which they occurred based on fiscal conservatism.

The customer of the consolidated company, Zebra Technology Inc. (referred to as Zebra), the printers sold to end customers experienced a fire incident on July 10, 2021, resulting in property losses for the end customers. Some parts of the Zebra printers were sold by the consolidated company to the related party, FSP North America Inc. and then sold to Zebra by FSP North America Inc. Therefore, the insurance company of the end customer, Great American Insurance Company, filed a damage claim against the consolidated company, FSP North America Inc., and Zebra on February 16, 2023, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Galveston Division. The claim seeks compensation of USD 4,933 thousand. The legal proceedings related to this claim are still ongoing.

FSP Group has taken out product liability insurance for all of its product lines. The case is currently being handled by an attorney. The amount of the aforementioned claim is still within the limits of FSP Group's product liability insurance. FSP Group's product liability insurance company will be responsible for the damages in the event

of any subsequent damages.

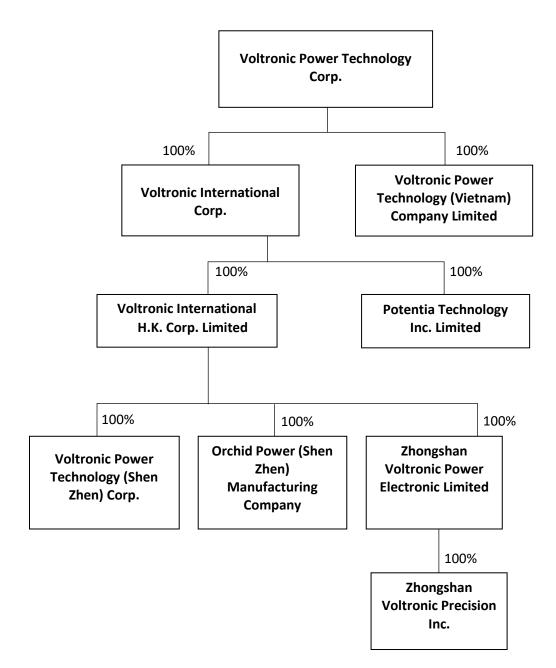
Accordingly, the aforementioned litigation event would not cast a significant impact upon the shareholders' equity and stock prices of the Company.

- (13) Other significant risks and countermeasures: None
- 7. Other significant issues: None

VIII. Special Matters of Record

1. Relevant Information of Affiliated Enterprise

(1) Organization Chart of Affiliated Enterprise:



(2) Basic Information of the Affiliated Enterprises:

Expressed in Thousands of USD

Name of Affiliated Enterprise	Date of Establishment (Month/Year)	Address	Paid-in Capital	Main business or production item	
/oltronic International Corp. May 2008		Hansa Bank Building 1st Floor, Landsome Road, The Valley, Anguilla.	USD28,000	A variety of investment activities	
Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	May 2008	Suite 18B 148 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.	USD28,000	A variety of investment activities	
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	May 2008	Suite 18B 148 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.	-	Buys and sales of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)	
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.		1F~5F Building 5, 1F Building 7 and B1F Building 9 of RunDongSheng Industrial Zone, No. 467 (at the intersection with Gushu Road), National Highway 107 West Part, LongTeng Community, Xixiang Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen City 4F~6F, Building B, Golden Harbor Tower, south side of Fusan Road, Da Chan Bay		Design, manufacture, buys and sales of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)	
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company		Rooms 605-606, Building B, Haoye Community, Gold Harbor Center, Gold Harbor Mansion, Xixiang Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen City		Design, manufacture, buys and sales of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)	
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited		No. 8, Shiyung Road, Torch Development Zone, Zhongshan City	USD25,000	Design, manufacture, buys and sales of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)	
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.		No. 1 Xinda Road, The Torch Development Zone of Zhongshan City.	RMB56,000	Design, manufacture, buys and sales of uninterruptible power supply (UPS) and relevant components	
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited		Factory B1A B1B B1C, No.05, Road 21A, VSIP Bac Ninh Integrated Township and Industrial Park, Dai Dong Commune, Tien Du District, Bac Ninh Province, Vietnam.		Design, manufacture, buys and sales of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)	

(1) 3. Information of Director, Supervisor and General Manager of the Affiliated Enterprises:

Expressed in Thousands of USD; shares; %

			Shareholding	
Name of Affiliated Enterprise	Title	Name or Representative	Number of Shares	Shareholding rate
Itronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Director nited		Representative of Voltronic Power Technology Corp., Hsieh, Juor- Ming	Note	100%
Voltronic International Corp.	Director	Representative of Voltronic Power Technology Corp., Hsieh, Juor- Ming	28,000	100%
Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	Director	Voltronic International Corp.		100%
	Director	Hsieh, Juor-Ming	-	-
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	Director	Voltronic International Corp.		100%
	Director	Hsieh, Juor-Ming	-	-
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	Director	Representative of Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, Hsieh, Juor-Ming	Note	100%
	General Manager	Hsieh Juor-Ming	-	-
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	Director	Representative of Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, Hsieh, Juor-Ming		100%
	General Manager	Hsieh Juor-Ming	-	-
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited	Director	Representative of Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited, Hsieh, Juor-Ming		100%
	General Manager	Hsieh, Juor-Ming	-	-
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	Director	Representative of Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited, Hsieh, Juor-Ming	Note	100%
	General Manager	Hsieh, Juor-Ming		-

Note: In the attribute of a "limited company" thus free of face amount and shares

(1) 4. Business Operating Status of the Affiliated Enterprises:

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (USD, RMB)

Name of Affiliated Enterprise	Paid-in Capital	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net amount	Operating Revenues	Operating loss	Gain/loss of the current year (After tax)
Voltronic International Corp	USD28,000	USD 331,986	-	USD 331,986	-	-	USD 57,686
Voltronic Power Technology (Vietnam) Company Limited	USD1,000	VND506,004,608	VND241,138,056	VND264,866,552	VND776,975,706	VND 95,626,187	VND 92,568,390
Voltronic International H.K. Corp. Limited	USD28,000	USD 331,224	-	USD 331,224	-	-	USD 57,487
Potentia Technology Inc. Limited	-	USD 318,106	USD 317,344	USD 762	USD 485,227	(USD 239)	USD 198
Voltronic Power Technology (Shen Zhen) Corp.	USD2,000	RMB 1,335,651	RMB 264,658	RMB 1,070,993	RMB 1,027,891	RMB 41,946	RMB 42,462
Orchid Power (Shen Zhen) Manufacturing Company	USD1,000	RMB 706,478	RMB 223,110	RMB 483,368	RMB 616,748	RMB 99,466	RMB 83,963
Zhongshan Voltronic Power Electronic Limited	USD25,000	RMB 1,745,709	RMB 954,292	RMB 791,417	RMB 2,095,110	RMB 308,450	RMB 279,272
Zhongshan Voltronic Precision Inc.	RMB56,000	RMB 194,511	RMB 114,917	RMB 79,594	RMB 400,300	RMB 14,126	RMB 10,847

(1) 5. Consolidated Business Report of the Affiliated Enterprises: Not applicable.

(2) Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprise

Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprise

In Fiscal Year 2023 (January 1 - December 31, 2023), in accordance with Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises", the Company which should be covered in Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprise was same as the Company for the Consolidated Financial Statements of Parent Company and Subsidiaries as covered in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) #10 and all the information in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprise in the Financial Statements of Parent Company and Subsidiaries. Therefore, the Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises is unnecessary and is not worked out once more.

This hereby formally declares.

Company Name: Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Responsible person: Hsieh, Juor-Ming

February 26, 2024

- (3) Report of affiliated enterprise: None
- 2. Acts in privately placed securities in categories and names of negotiable securities in the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date: None
- 3. The Company's share certificates being held or disposed of by subsidiaries in the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date: None
- 4. Other supplementary descriptions as necessary: None
- 5. Occurrence of significant impact upon shareholders' equity or securities prices under Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 2, Article 36 of the Act in the most recent year and as of the Annual Report issuance date
 - (1) A check dishonored because of insufficient deposits, rejected transaction or other forfeiture of creditability: None
 - (2) Significant impact upon the Company's financial conditions or business operation due to litigation, non-litigation, administrative actions, administrative litigation, security procedures or compulsory enforcement:

Please refer to "VII: Reassessment & analysis on financial conditions and outcome of business operation as well as risks" - "6. Analyzed evaluation required for risks over the issues enumerated below of the most recent year as of Annual Report date" which should be analyzed:

- (3) Critical cut from production line, or suspension from business operation either in whole or in part, lease out of the Company's plant or major equipment & facilities which would suggest an impact upon the Company's business operation: None
- (4) Facts under Paragraph 1, Article 185 of Company Act: None
- (5) Ruling to ban transfer of stocks rendered by court in accordance with Subparagraph 5, Paragraph 1 of Article 287: None
- (6) Change in the Chairman of the Board, general manager or directors over one-third of the aggregate total: None
- (7) Change in certifying Certified Public Accountant except a change resulting from internal reassignment of the Certified Public Accountant firm: None
- (8) Execution, change, termination or rescission of major memorandum, reporting statements alliance or other business cooperation plans, or major contract, change in the contents of business plans, completion of new product development, success in products in experiments to enter official volume production, acquisition of other's enterprise, acquirement or outward transfer of patent, trademark, copyright or transaction in intellectual property rights which suggest significant impact upon the Company's financial conditions or business operation: None
- (9) Other issues which would adequately affect the Company's continued operation: None

Voltronic Power Technology Corp.

Chairman: Hsieh, Juor-Ming