

User Manual

5KVA/5KW INVERTER / CHARGER

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ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
5. **CAUTION** – Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
10. Fuses are provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, MPPT solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Built-in MPPT solar charge controller
- Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function

Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- Generator or Utility.
- PV modules (option)

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

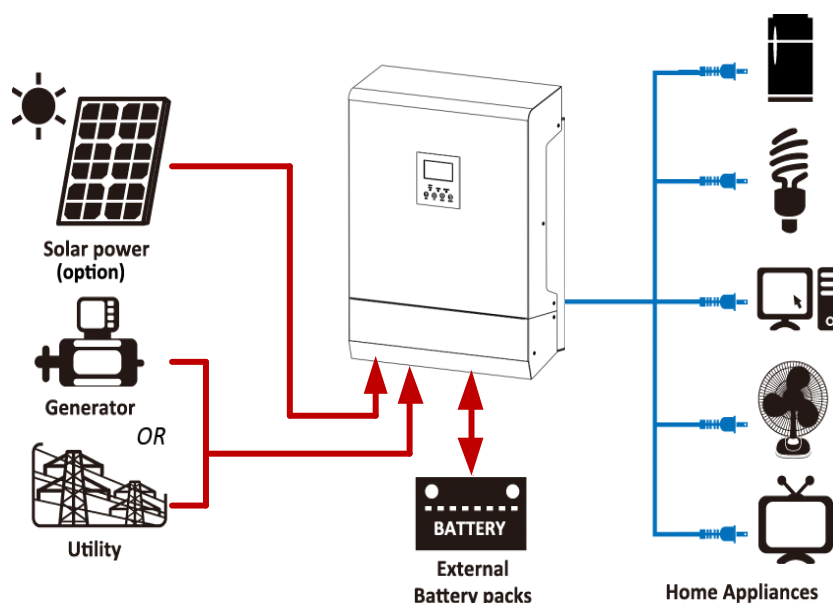
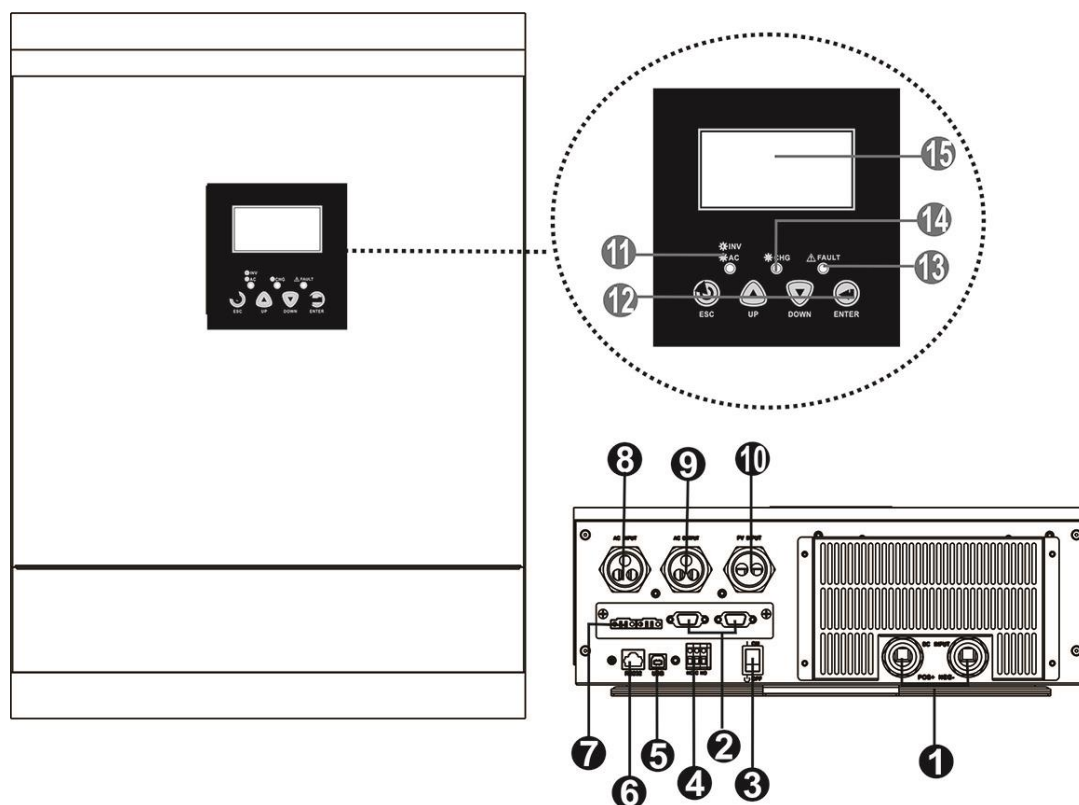


Figure 1 Basic hybrid PV System Overview

Product Overview



NOTE: For parallel model installation and operation, please check separate parallel installation guide for the details.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1. Battery connectors | 9. AC output connectors (Load connection) |
| 2. Parallel communication cable | 10. PV connectors |
| 3. Power on/off switch | 11. Status indicator |
| 4. Dry contact | 12. Function buttons |
| 5. USB communication port | 13. Fault indicator |
| 6. RS-232 communication port | 14. Charging indicator |
| 7. Current sharing cable | 15. LCD display |
| 8. AC input connectors | |

INSTALLATION

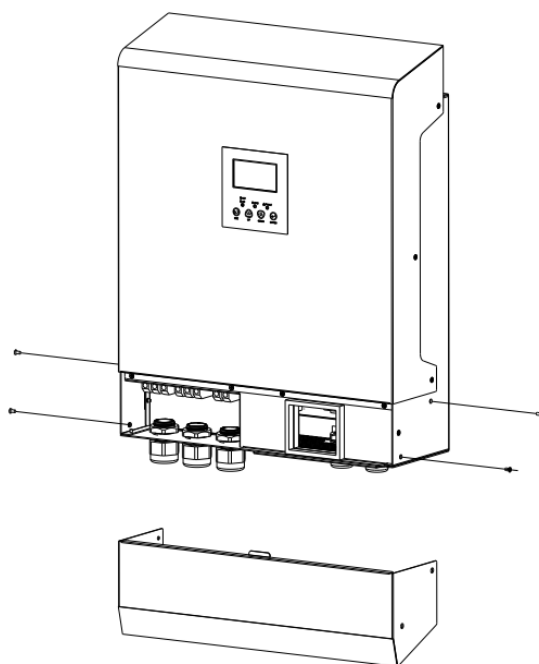
Unpacking and Inspection

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 2
- Software CD x 1

Preparation

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing four screws as shown below.



Mounting the Unit



WARNING!! Remember that this inverter is heavy! Please be carefully when lifting out from the package.

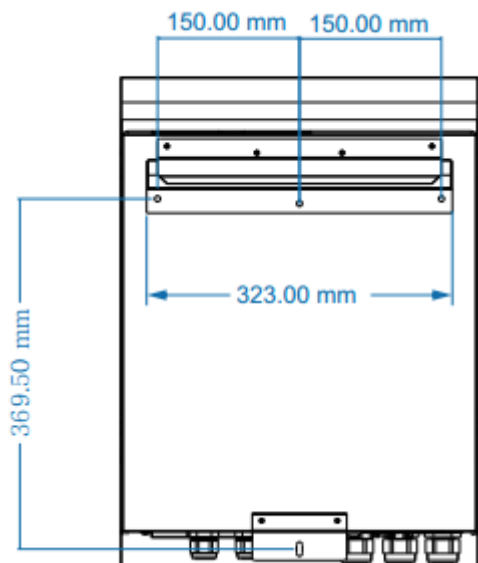
Installation to the wall should be implemented with the proper screws. After that, the device should be bolted on securely.

The inverter only can be used in a CLOSED ELECTRICAL OPERATING AREA. Only service person can enter into this area.

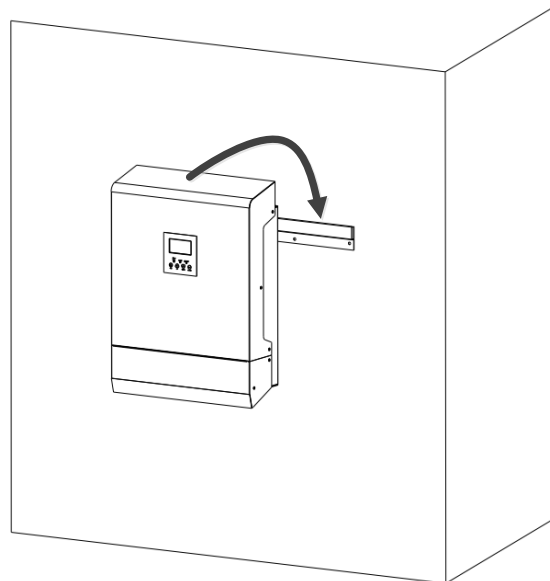


WARNING!! FIRE HAZARD.
SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

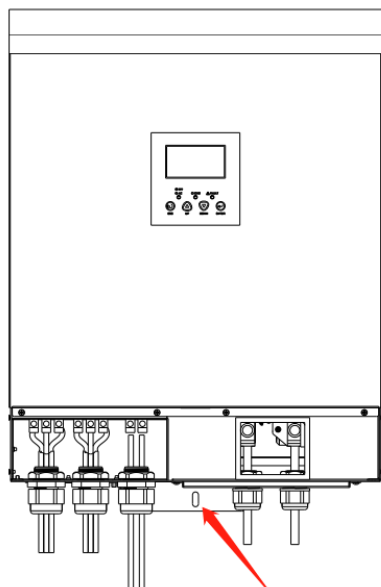
1. Drill four holes in the marked locations with supplied four screws. The reference tightening torque is 35 N.m.



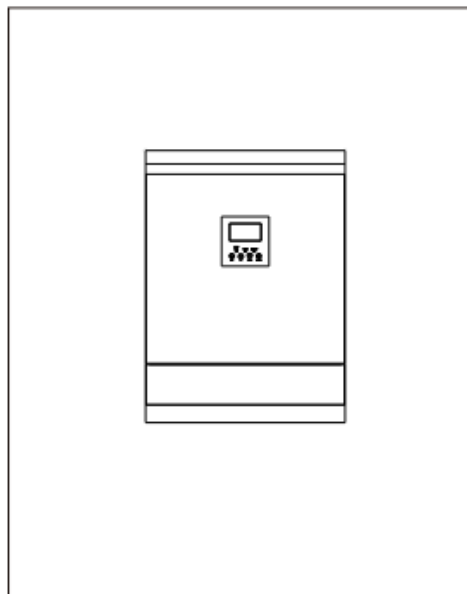
2. Raise the inverter and place it over the mounting plate.



3. Fix the inverter in position by screwing the supplied one screw located on the bottom the inverter.



4. Check if the inverter is firmly secured.



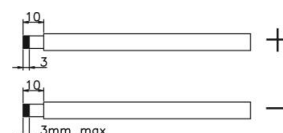
Battery Connection

CAUTION: For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the

Ring terminal:



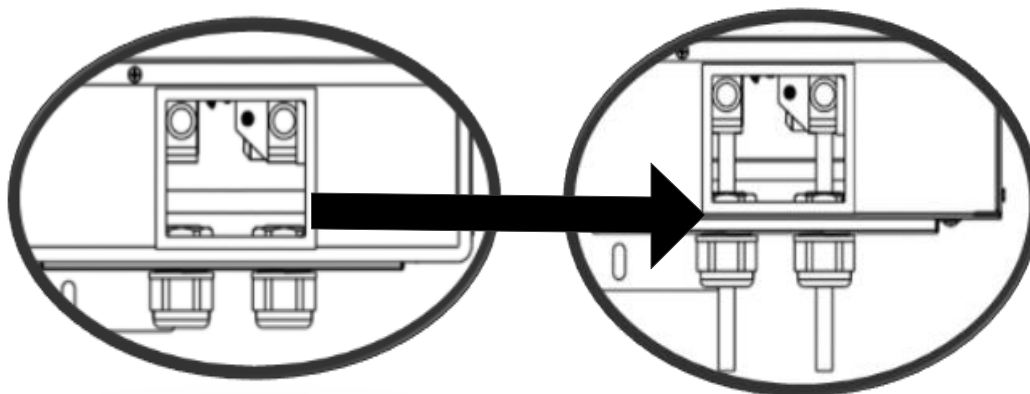
proper recommended cable and terminal size as below.

Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

Model	Typical Amperage	Battery Capacity	Wire Size	Torque Value
5KVA	137A	200AH	1*2AWG	2 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from battery and battery input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of battery input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of battery input connector.



WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



CAUTION!! Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

AC Input/Output Connection

CAUTION!! Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input.

CAUTION!! There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
5KVA	10 AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm

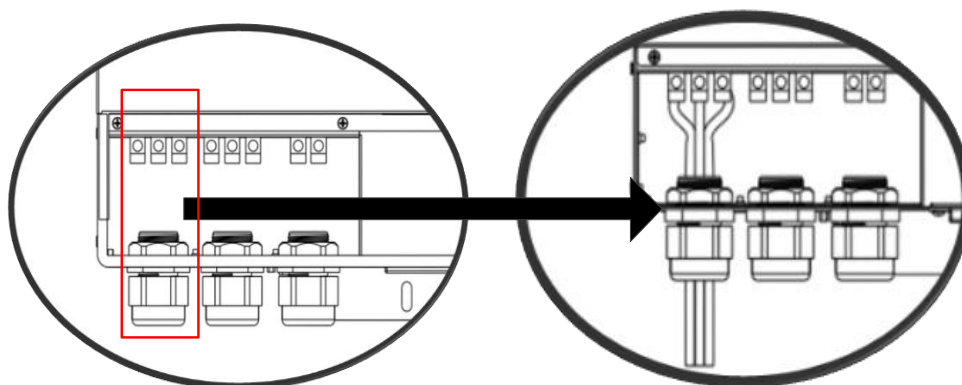
Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnecter first.
2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (⌚) first.

⌚→**Ground (yellow-green)**

L→**LINE (brown or black)**

N→**Neutral (blue)**



WARNING:

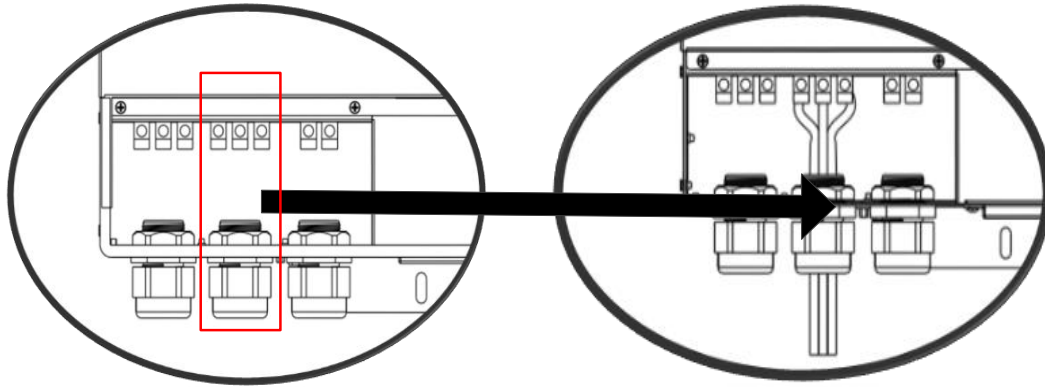
Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (⌚) first.

⌚→**Ground (yellow-green)**

L→**LINE (brown or black)**

N→**Neutral (blue)**



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Important

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

CAUTION: Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

PV Connection

CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING: Please switch off the inverter before you connect PV modules. Otherwise, it will damage the inverter.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Typical Amperage	Cable Size	Torque
5KVA	18A	10AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm

WARNING: Because this inverter is non-isolated, only three types of PV modules are acceptable: single crystalline, poly crystalline with class A-rated and CIGS modules.

To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause current leakage to the inverter. When using CIGS modules, please be sure NO grounding.

CAUTION: It's requested to use PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage on inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

CAUTION: Please install totally independent solar input for each inverter when making parallel working, or the inverter will be damaged.

PV Module Selection:

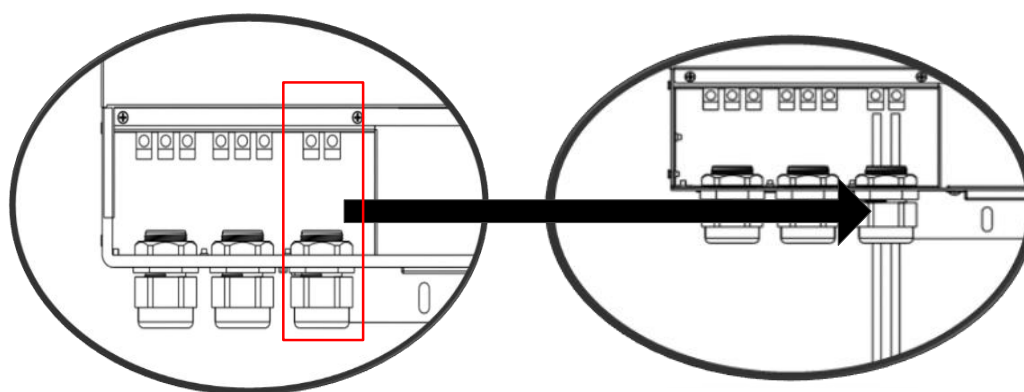
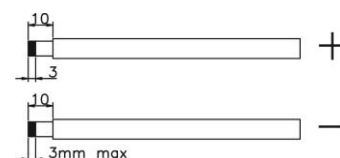
When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Solar Charging Mode	
INVERTER MODEL	5KVA
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	450 Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	120~450Vdc
MPP Number	1

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.



Recommended PV module Configuration


PV Module Spec. (reference)	Total solar input power	Solar input	Q'ty of modules
- 250Wp - Vmp: 30.7Vdc - Imp: 8.15A - Voc: 37.4Vdc - Isc: 8.63A - Cells: 60	1500W	6 pieces in series	6 pcs
	2000W	8 pieces in series	8 pcs
	2750W	11 pieces in series	11 pcs
	3000W	6 pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	12 pcs
	4000W	8 pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	16 pcs
	5000W	10 pieces in series 2 strings in parallel	20 pcs

Communication Connection

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software inside of CD.

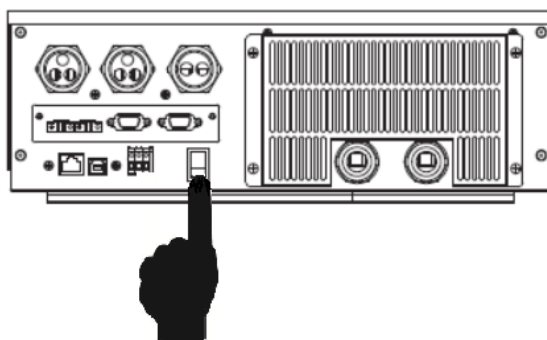
Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

Unit Status	Condition			Dry contact port: 	
				NC & C	NO & C
Power Off	Unit is off and no output is powered.			Close	Open
Power On	Output is powered from Utility.			Close	Open
	Output is powered from Battery or Solar.	Program 01 set as SUB	Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage	Open	Close
			Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 21 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open
		Program 01 is set as SBU	Battery voltage < Setting value in Program 20	Open	Close
			Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 21 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open

OPERATION

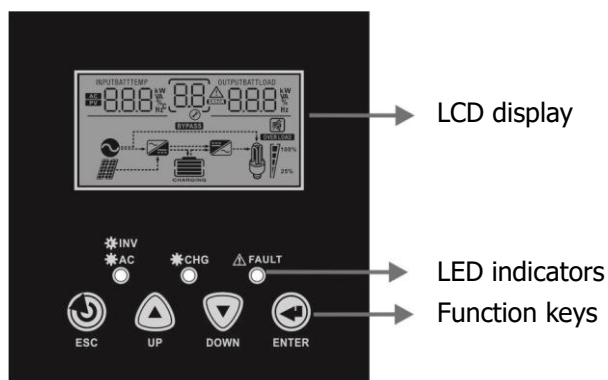
Power ON/OFF



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



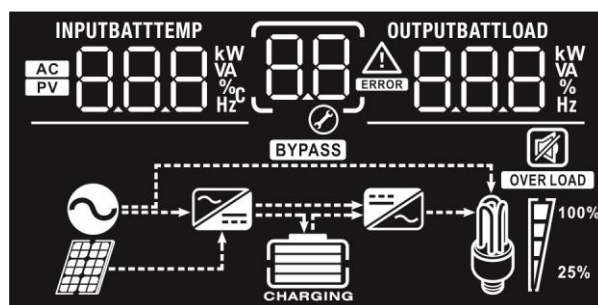
LED Indicator











LED Indicator			Messages
INV AC	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
CHG	Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
		Flashing	Battery is charging.
FAULT	Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

Function Keys













Function Key	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

LCD Display Icons

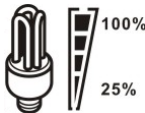






Icon	Function description	
Input Source Information		
	Indicates the AC input.	
	Indicates the PV input	
	Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage and charger current.	
Configuration Program and Fault Information		
	Indicates the setting programs.	
	Indicates the warning and fault codes. Warning:  flashing with warning code.	
	Fault:  lighting with fault code	
Output Information		
	Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.	
Battery Information		
	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.	
In AC mode, it will present battery charging status.		
Status	Battery voltage	LCD Display
Constant Current mode / Constant Voltage mode	<2V/cell	4 bars will flash in turns.
	2 ~ 2.083V/cell	Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.
	2.083 ~ 2.167V/cell	Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns.
	> 2.167 V/cell	Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.
Floating mode. Batteries are fully charged.		4 bars will be on.





In battery mode, it will present battery capacity.

Load Percentage	Battery Voltage	LCD Display
Load > 50%	< 1.717V/cell	
	1.717V/cell ~ 1.8V/cell	
	1.8 ~ 1.883V/cell	
	> 1.883 V/cell	
50% > Load > 20%	< 1.817V/cell	
	1.817V/cell ~ 1.9V/cell	
	1.9 ~ 1.983V/cell	
	> 1.983	
Load < 20%	< 1.867V/cell	
	1.867V/cell ~ 1.95V/cell	
	1.95 ~ 2.033V/cell	
	> 2.033	


Load Information

OVER LOAD	Indicates overload.			
	Indicates the load level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100%.			
	0%~24%	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%
				

Mode Operation Information

	Indicates unit connects to the mains.
	Indicates unit connects to the PV panel.
BYPASS	Indicates load is supplied by utility power.
	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.

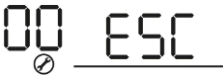


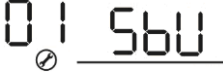
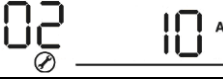

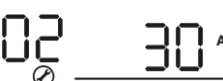





Mute Operation

	Indicates unit alarm is disabled.
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LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Setting Programs:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape 	
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Solar first 	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
		Utility first (default) 	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
		SBU priority 	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	10A 	20A 
		30A 	40A 
		50A 	60A (default) 
		70A 	80A 

03	AC input voltage range	Appliances (default) 03 APL	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.
		UPS 03 UPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.
04	Power saving mode enable/disable	Saving mode disable (default) 04 SDS	If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected.
		Saving mode enable 04 SEN	If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.
05	Battery type	AGM (default) 05 AGM	Flooded 05 FLD
		User-Defined 05 USE	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29.
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default) 06 Lfd	Restart enable 06 LFE
		Restart enable 06 LFE	Restart enable 06 LFE
07	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default) 07 tfd	Restart enable 07 tFE
		Restart enable 07 tFE	Restart enable 07 tFE
08	Output voltage	220V 08 220 ^v	230V (default) 08 230 ^v
		240V 08 240 ^v	
09	Output frequency	50Hz (default) 09 50 ^{Hz}	60Hz 09 60 ^{Hz}
		60Hz 09 60 ^{Hz}	50Hz (default) 09 50 ^{Hz}
11	Maximum utility charging current	2A 11 2A	10A 11 10A
		20A 11 20A	30A (default) 11 30A
		40A 11 40A	50A 11 50A

		60A 11 60A ⊗	70A 11 70A ⊗
		80A 11 80A ⊗	
12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 48V models:	
		44V 12 BATT 44 ^v ⊗	45V 12 BATT 45 ^v ⊗
		46V (default) 12 BATT 46 ^v ⊗	47V 12 BATT 47 ^v ⊗
		48V 12 BATT 48 ^v ⊗	49V 12 BATT 49 ^v ⊗
		50V 12 BATT 50 ^v ⊗	51V 12 BATT 51 ^v ⊗
		52V 12 BATT 52 ^v ⊗	53V 12 BATT 53 ^v ⊗
		54V 12 BATT 54 ^v ⊗	55V 12 BATT 55 ^v ⊗
		56V 12 BATT 56 ^v ⊗	57V 12 BATT 57 ^v ⊗
13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 48V models:	
		Battery fully charged 13 BATT FUL ⊗	48V 13 BATT 48 ^v ⊗
		49V 13 BATT 49 ^v ⊗	50V 13 BATT 50 ^v ⊗
		51V 13 BATT 51 ^v ⊗	52V 13 BATT 52 ^v ⊗
		53V 13 BATT 53 ^v ⊗	54V (default) 13 BATT 54 ^v ⊗

		55V 13 ^{BATT} 55 v	56V 13 ^{BATT} 56 v
		57V 13 ^{BATT} 57 v	58V 13 ^{BATT} 58 v
		59V 13 ^{BATT} 59 v	60V 13 ^{BATT} 60 v
		61V 13 ^{BATT} 61 v	62V 13 ^{BATT} 62 v
		63V 13 ^{BATT} 63 v	64V 13 ^{BATT} 64 v
		If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:	
		Solar first 16 ^C 50	Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.
		Utility first 16 ^C U	Utility will charge battery as first priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available.
		Solar and Utility (default) 16 ^S NU	Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time.
		Only Solar 16 ^S 050	Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.
16	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	If this inverter/charger is working in Battery mode or Power saving mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and sufficient.	
		Alarm on (default) 18 ^b ON	Alarm off 18 ^b OF
18	Alarm control		

19	Auto return to default display screen	Return to default display screen (default) 19 ESP	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.
		Stay at latest screen 19 LEP	If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches.
20	Backlight control	Backlight on (default) 20 LON	Backlight off 20 LOF
22	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default) 22 AON	Alarm off 22 AOF
23	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default) 23 bYd	Bypass enable 23 bYE
25	Record Fault code	Record enable 25 FEN	Record disable (default) 25 FdS
26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	default setting: 56.4V CU 26 ^{BATT} 56.4 ^v	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
27	Floating charging voltage	default setting: 54.0V FLU 27 ^{BATT} 54.0 ^v	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
29	Low DC cut-off voltage	default setting: 42.0V COU 29 ^{BATT} 42.0 ^v	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 40.0V to 54.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.	

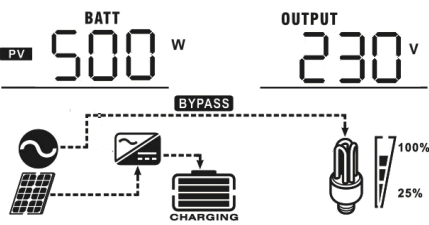
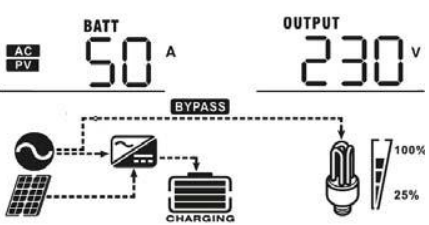
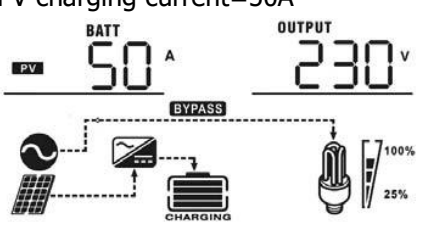
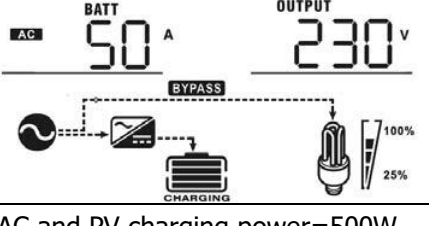
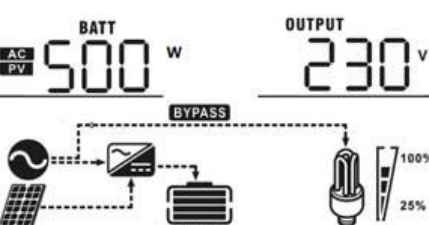
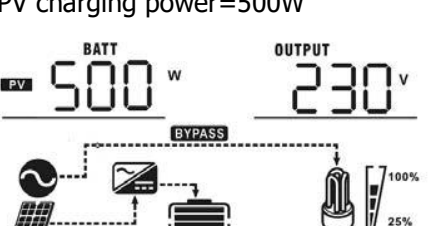
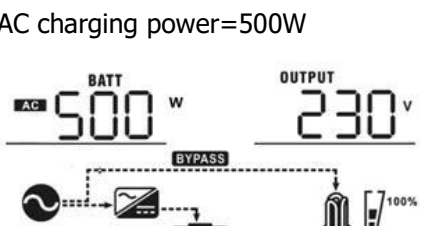
31	Solar power balance: When enabled, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to connected load power.	Solar power balance enable (Default): 31 56E	If selected, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to the following formula: Max. input solar power = Max. battery charging power + Connected load power.
		Solar power balance disable: 31 56d	If selected, the solar input power will be the same to max. battery charging power no matter how much loads are connected. The max. battery charging power will be based on the setting current in program 02. (Max. solar power = Max. battery charging power)
32	Bulk charging time (C.V stage)	Automatically (Default): 32 AUT	If selected, inverter will judge this charging time automatically.
		5 min 32 5	The setting range is from 5 min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.
		900 min 32 900	
If "USE" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.			
33	Battery equalization	Battery equalization 33 EEN	Battery equalization disable (default) 33 EdS
		If "Flooded" or "User-Defined" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.	
34	Battery equalization voltage	Default setting is 58.4V. Setting range is from 48V ~ 64V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. EV 34 64.0 ^{BATT} v	
35	Battery equalized time	60min (default) 35 60	Setting range is from 5min to 900min. Increment of each click is 5min.
36	Battery equalized timeout	120min (default) 36 120	Setting range is from 5min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.
37	Equalization interval	30days (default) 37 30d	Setting range is from 0 to 90 days. Increment of each click is 1 day
39	Equalization activated immediately	Enable 39 AEN	Disable (default) 39 AdS

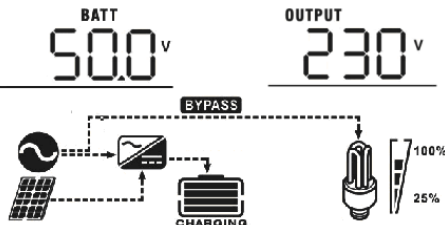
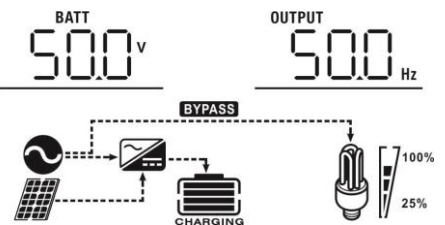
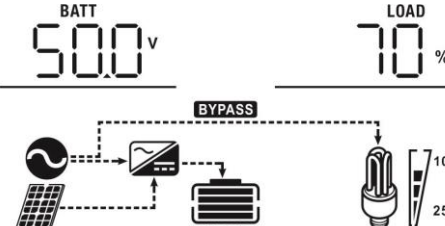
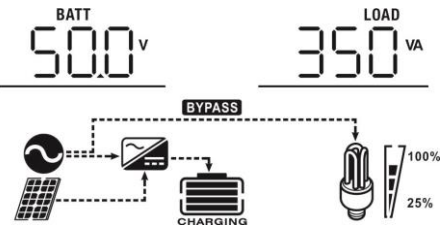
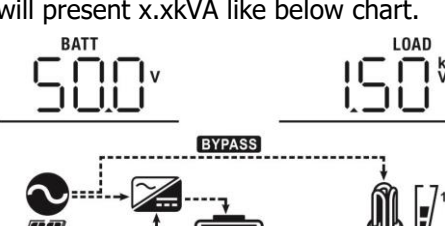
		<p>If equalization function is enabled in program 33, this program can be set up. If "Enable" is selected in this program, it's to activate battery equalization immediately and LCD main page will shows "E9". If "Disable" is selected, it will cancel equalization function until next activated equalization time arrives based on program 37 setting. At this time, "E9" will not be shown in LCD main page.</p>
--	--	---

Display Setting

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, MPPT charging current, MPPT charging power, charging current, charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.

Selectable information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	<p>Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V</p>
Input frequency	<p>Input frequency=50Hz</p>
PV voltage	<p>PV voltage=200V</p>
MPPT Charging current	<p>Current $\geq 10A$</p> <p>Current < 10A</p>



MPPT Charging power	<p>MPPT charging power=500W</p> 
Charging current	<p>AC and PV charging current=50A</p>  <p>PV charging current=50A</p>  <p>AC charging current=50A</p> 
Charging power	<p>AC and PV charging power=500W</p>  <p>PV charging power=500W</p>  <p>AC charging power=500W</p> 





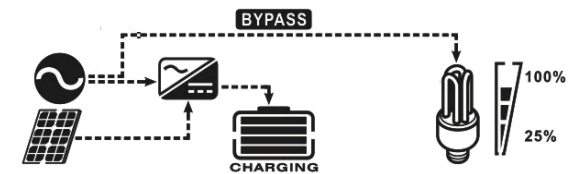
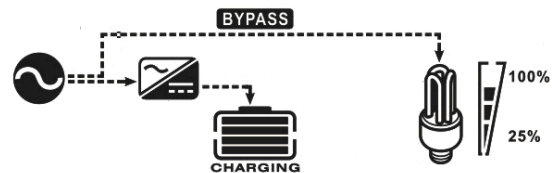
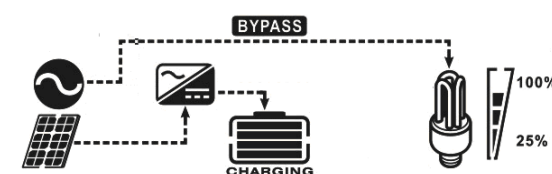
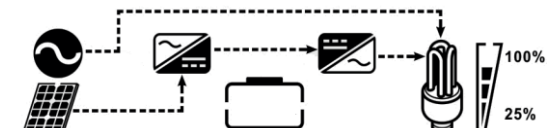
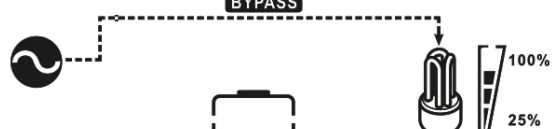
Battery Voltage / Output Voltage	<p>Battery Voltage = 50V, Output voltage = 230V</p> 
Output frequency	<p>Output frequency=50Hz</p> 
Load percentage	<p>Load percent=70%</p> 
Load in VA	<p>When connected load is lower than 1kVA, load in VA will present xxxVA like below chart.</p>  <p>When load is larger than 1kVA ($\geq 1\text{kVA}$), load in VA will present x.xkVA like below chart.</p> 

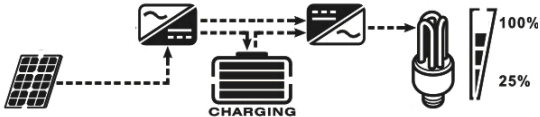
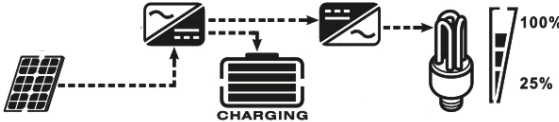
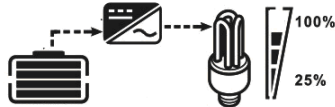
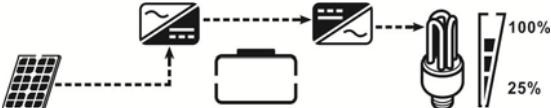
Load in Watt	<p>When load is lower than 1kW, load in W will present xxxW like below chart.</p> <p>When load is larger than 1kW ($\geq 1\text{KW}$), load in W will present x.xkW like below chart.</p>
Battery voltage/ DC discharging current	<p>Battery voltage=50V, discharging current=1A</p>
Main CPU version checking	<p>Main CPU version 00014.04</p>

Operating Mode Description
















Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Standby mode / Power saving mode Note: *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output. *Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.	No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p> <p>Charging by utility.</p> <p>Charging by PV energy.</p>

		<div data-bbox="890 120 1193 241">  </div> <div data-bbox="871 264 1024 300">No charging.</div> <div data-bbox="1107 331 1197 389">  </div>
--	--	--

<p>Fault mode</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>*Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.</p>	<p>PV energy and utility can charge batteries.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p> 
		<p>Charging by utility.</p> 
		<p>Charging by PV energy.</p> 
		<p>No charging.</p> 
<p>Line Mode</p>	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p> 
		<p>Charging by utility.</p> 
		<p>Charging by PV energy</p> 
	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains.</p>	<p>If battery is not connected, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads.</p> 
		<p>Power from utility.</p> 

Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery and PV energy. 
		PV energy will supply power to the loads and charge battery at the same time 
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery only. 
		Power from PV energy only. 

Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan is locked when inverter is off.	
02	Over temperature	
03	Battery voltage is too high	
04	Battery voltage is too low	
05	Output short circuited or over temperature is detected by internal converter components.	
06	Output voltage is too high.	
07	Overload time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	
09	Bus soft start failed	
10	PV over current	
11	PV over voltage	
12	DCDC over current	
51	Over current or surge	
52	Bus voltage is too low	
53	Inverter soft start failed	

55	Over DC voltage in AC output	
56	Battery connection is open	
57	Current sensor failed	
58	Output voltage is too low	

NOTE: Fault codes **51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57** and **58** are only available in **5K** model.

Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
01	Fan is locked when inverter is on.	Beep three times every second	
03	Battery is over-charged	Beep once every second	
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	 OVER LOAD
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
15	PV energy is low	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
E9	Battery equalization	None	
bP	Battery is not connected	None	

BATTERY EQUALIZATION

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

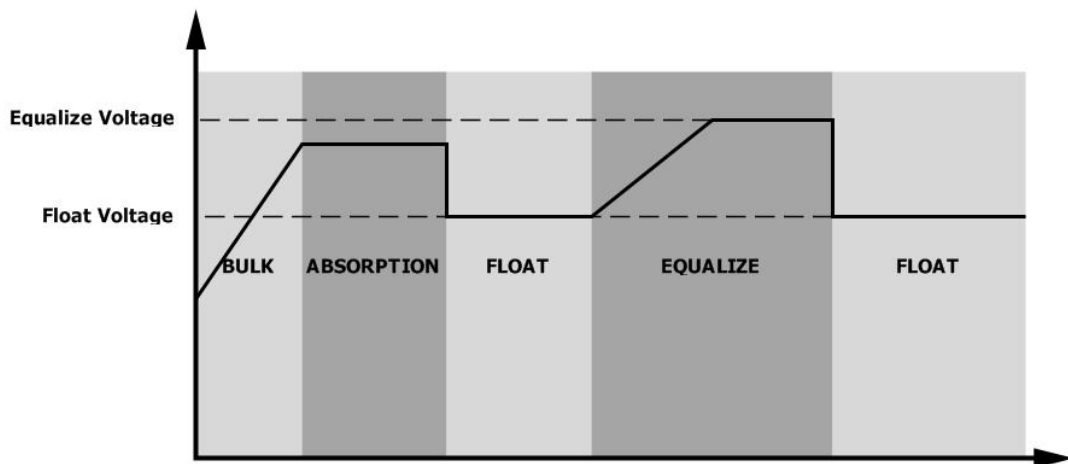
- **How to Apply Equalization Function**

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 33 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

1. Setting equalization interval in program 37.
2. Active equalization immediately in program 39.

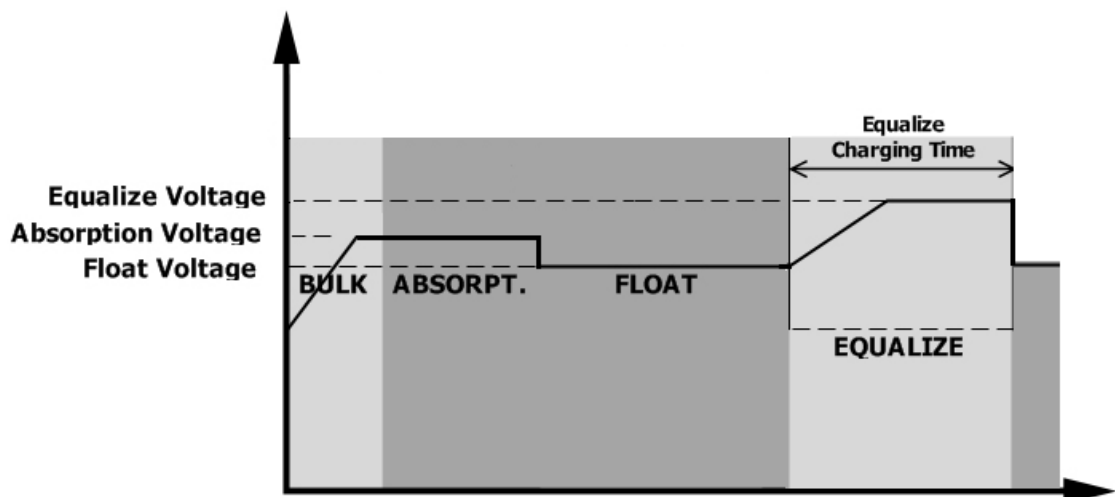
- **When to Equalize**

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

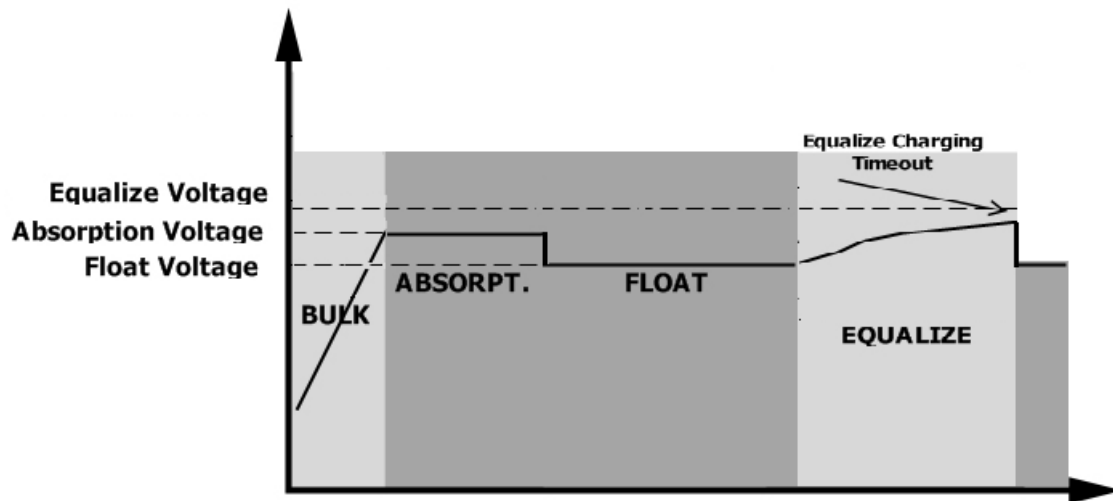


- **Equalize charging time and timeout**

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	5KVA
Input Voltage Waveform	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)
Nominal Input Voltage	230Vac
Low Loss Voltage	170Vac \pm 7V (UPS) 90Vac \pm 7V (Appliances)
Low Loss Return Voltage	180Vac \pm 7V (UPS); 100Vac \pm 7V (Appliances)
High Loss Voltage	280Vac \pm 7V
High Loss Return Voltage	270Vac \pm 7V
Max AC Input Voltage	300Vac
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)
Low Loss Frequency	40 \pm 1Hz
Low Loss Return Frequency	42 \pm 1Hz
High Loss Frequency	65 \pm 1Hz
High Loss Return Frequency	63 \pm 1Hz
Output Short Circuit Protection	Line mode: Circuit Breaker Battery mode: Electronic Circuits
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95% (Rated R load, battery full charged)
Transfer Time	10ms typical (UPS); 20ms typical (Appliances)
Output power derating: When AC input voltage drops to 95V or 170V depending on models, the output power will be derated.	<p>The graph illustrates the output power derating characteristics. The vertical axis represents Output Power, with specific levels for 50% Power and Rated Power. The horizontal axis represents Input Voltage, with key points at 90V, 170V, and 280V. The power remains at zero for input voltages below 90V. Between 90V and 170V, the output power increases linearly from 50% of the rated power to the full rated power. Above 170V and up to 280V, the output power remains constant at the rated level. Beyond 280V, the output power drops to zero.</p>

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	5KVA
Rated Output Power	5KVA/5KW
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave
Output Voltage Regulation	230Vac \pm 5%
Output Frequency	50Hz or 60Hz
Peak Efficiency	90%
Overload Protection	5s@ \geq 150% load; 10s@110%~150% load
Surge Capacity	2* rated power for 5 seconds
Nominal DC Input Voltage	48Vdc
Cold Start Voltage	46.0Vdc
Low DC Warning Voltage @ load < 20% @ 20% \leq load < 50% @ load \geq 50%	44.0Vdc 42.8Vdc 40.4Vdc
Low DC Warning Return Voltage @ load < 20% @ 20% \leq load < 50% @ load \geq 50%	46.0Vdc 44.8Vdc 42.4Vdc
Low DC Cut-off Voltage @ load < 20% @ 20% \leq load < 50% @ load \geq 50%	42.0Vdc 40.8Vdc 38.4Vdc
High DC Recovery Voltage	64Vdc
High DC Cut-off Voltage	66Vdc

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

Utility Charging Mode		
INVERTER MODEL		5KVA
Charging Current (UPS) @ Nominal Input Voltage		Default: 30A, max: 80A
Bulk Charging Voltage	Flooded Battery	58.4
	AGM / Gel Battery	56.4
Floating Charging Voltage		54Vdc
Overcharge Protection		66Vdc
Charging Algorithm		3-Step
Charging Curve		<p>Battery Voltage, per cell</p> <p>2.43Vdc (2.35Vdc) 2.25Vdc</p> <p>Charging Current, %</p> <p>100% 50%</p> <p>Time</p> <p>Bulk (Constant Current) Absorption (Constant Voltage) Maintenance (Floating)</p> <p>$T_1 = 10 * T_0$, minimum 10mins, maximum 8hrs</p>
Solar Charging Mode		
INVERTER MODEL		5KVA
Rated Power		6000W
Maximum charging current		80A
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage		450Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range		120Vdc~450Vdc
Max. Input Current		27A

Table 4 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	5KVA
Safety Certification	CE
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C to 50°C
Storage temperature	-15°C~ 60°C
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)
Dimension (D*W*H), mm	516 x 378 x 125
Net Weight, kg	16

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low (<1.91V/Cell)	1. Re-charge battery. 2. Replace battery.
No response after power on.	No indication.	1. The battery voltage is far too low. (<1.4V/Cell) 2. Battery polarity is connected reversed.	1. Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well. 2. Re-charge battery. 3. Replace battery.
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	1. Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. 2. Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on.	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
		Temperature of internal converter component is over 120°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.	
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.
		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.
	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.
	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	1. Reduce the connected load. 2. Return to repair center
	Fault code 08/09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 10	Surge	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 12	DC/DC over current or surge.	
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	
	Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.	
	Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced.	
	Fault code 56	Battery is not connected well or fuse is burnt.	If the battery is connected well, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 11	Solar input voltage is more than 450V.	Solar input voltage is more than 450V.

Appendix I: Parallel function

1. Introduction

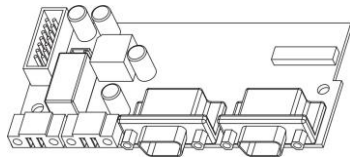
This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 9 units. The supported maximum output power for 5KVA is 45KW/45KVA.
2. Maximum nine units work together to support three-phase equipment. Seven units support one phase maximum. For 5KVA, the supported maximum output power is 45KW/45KVA and one phase can be up to 35KW/35KVA.

NOTE: If this unit is bundled with share current cable and parallel cable, this inverter is default supported parallel operation. You may skip section 3. If not, please purchase parallel kit and install this unit by following instruction from professional technical personnel in local dealer.

2. Package Contents

In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:



Parallel board



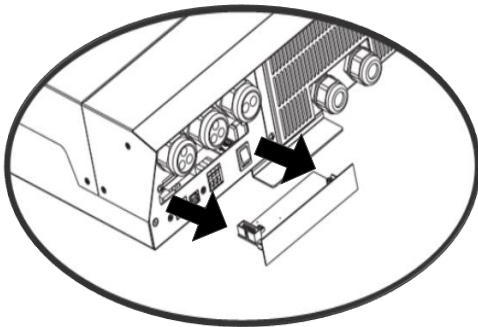
Parallel communication cable



Current sharing cable

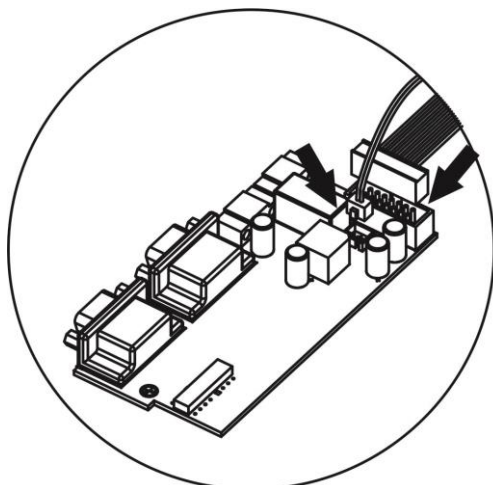
3. Parallel board installation

Step 1: Remove two screws as below chart and remove 2-pin and 14-pin cables. Take out the dummy board.

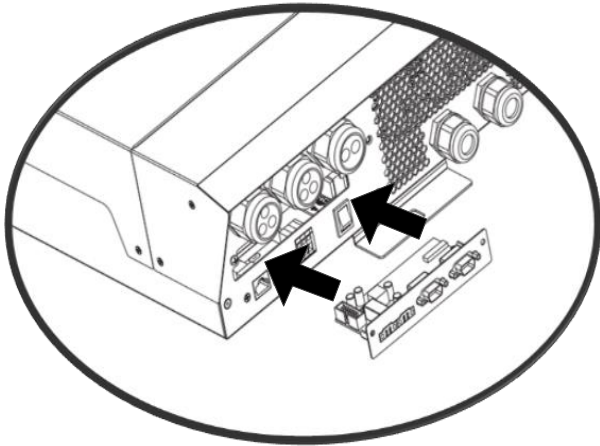


Step 2: Install new parallel board with 2 screws tightly, and re-connect 2-pin and 14-pin to original position.

Parallel board

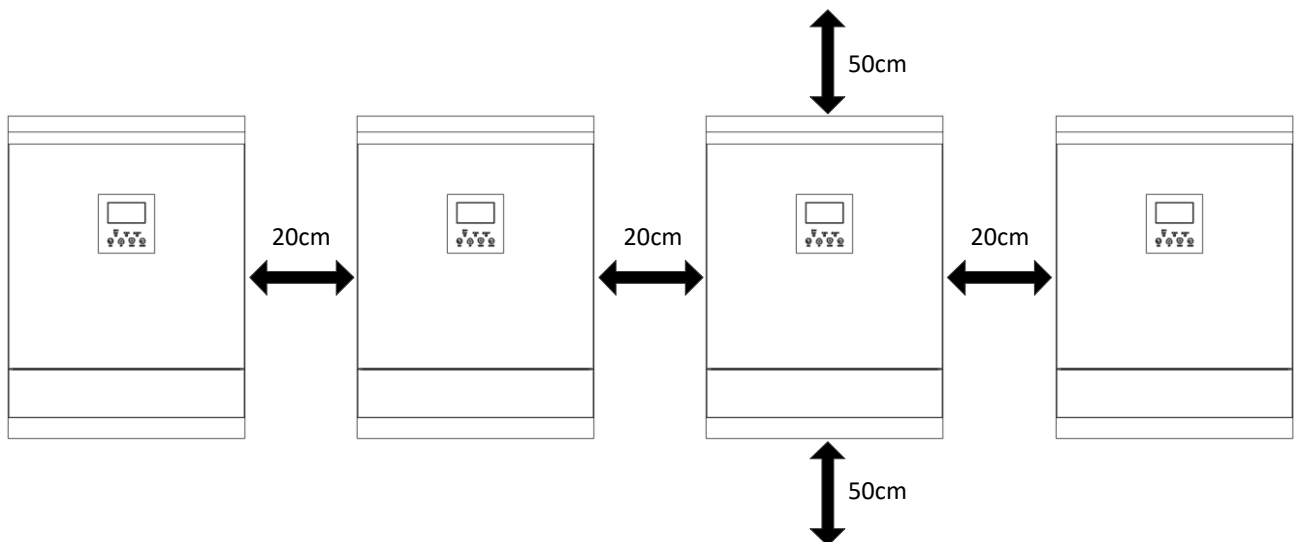


Step 3: Insert the board back to the unit by fixing two screws. Now the inverter is providing parallel operation function.



4. Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



NOTE: For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

5. Wiring Connection

NOTICE: It's requested to connect to battery for parallel operation.

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

Model	Typical Amperage	Battery Capacity	Wire Size	Torque Value
5KVA	137A	200AH	1*2AWG	2 Nm

WARNING: Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
5KVA	10 AWG	1.2~1.6Nm

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

WARNING!! Make sure all output N wires of each inverter must be connected all the time. Otherwise, it will cause inverter fault in error code #72.

CAUTION!! Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input. The recommended mounted location of the breakers is shown in the figures in 5-1 and 5-2.

Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

Model	1 unit*
5KVA	125A/70VDC

*If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

Model	2 units	3 units	4 units	5 units	6 units	7 units	8 units	9 units
5KVA	80A/ 230VAC	120A/ 230VAC	160A/ 230VAC	200A/ 230VAC	240A/ 230VAC	280A/ 230VAC	320A/ 230VAC	360A/ 230VAC

Note1: Also, you can use 40A breaker for 2KW and 50A for 3KW/5KW for only 1 unit and install one breaker at its AC input in each inverter.

Note2: Regarding three-phase system, you can use 4-pole breaker directly and the rating of the breaker should be compatible with the phase current limitation from the phase with maximum units

Recommended battery capacity

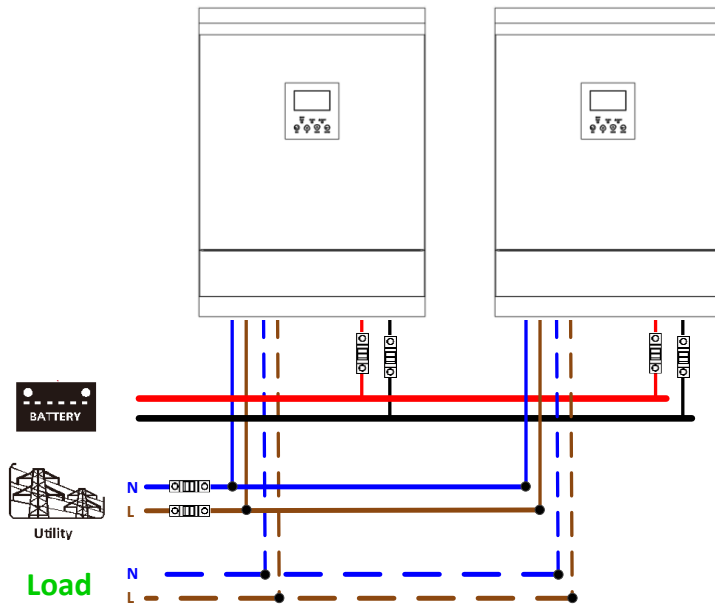
Inverter parallel numbers	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Battery Capacity	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH	1400AH	1600AH	1800AH

WARNING! Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.

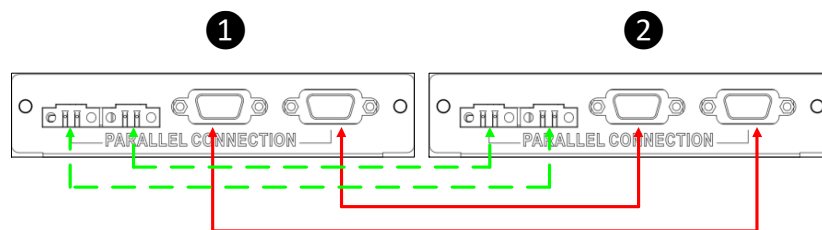
5-1. Parallel Operation in Single phase

Two inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

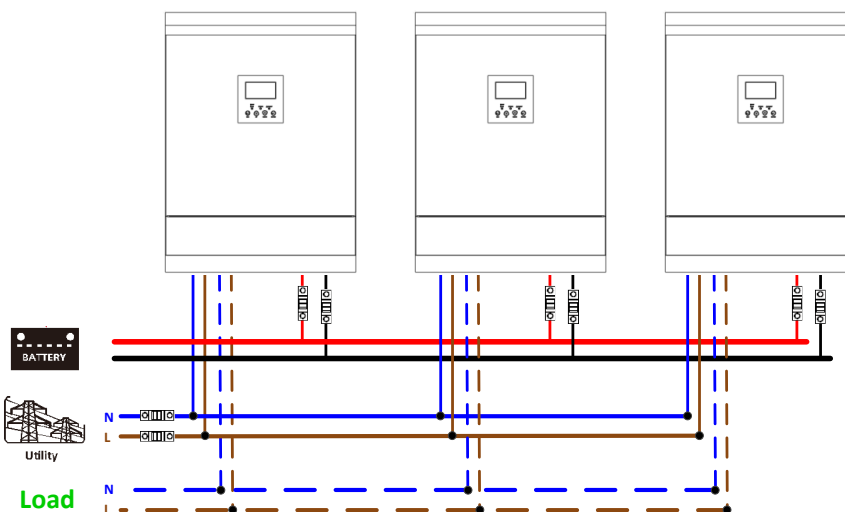


Communication Connection

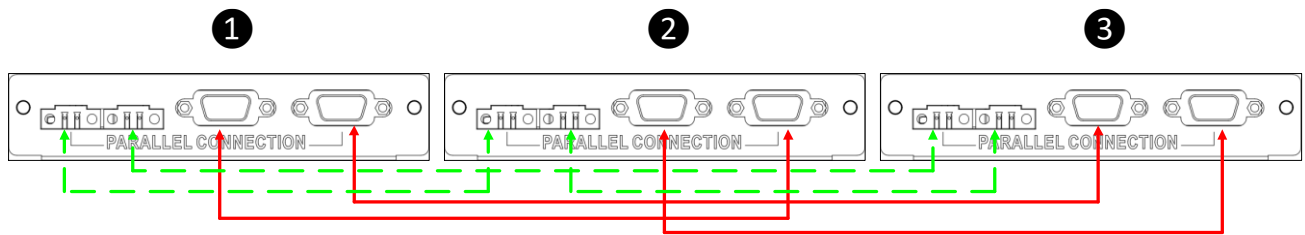


Three inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

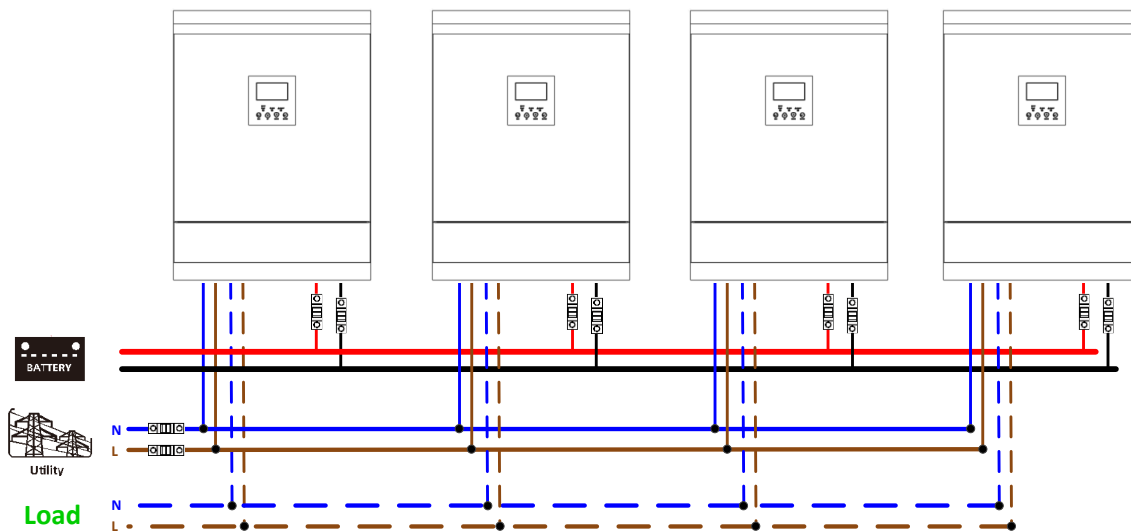


Communication Connection

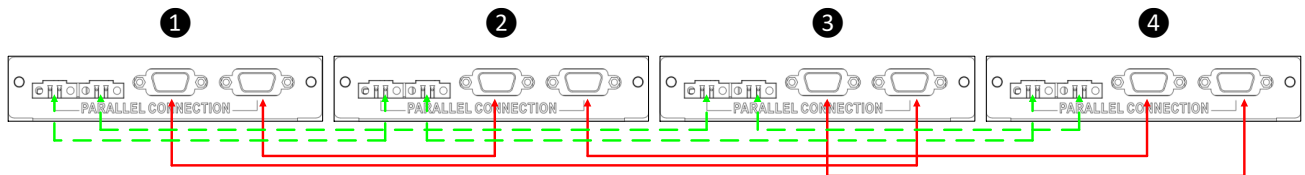


Four inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

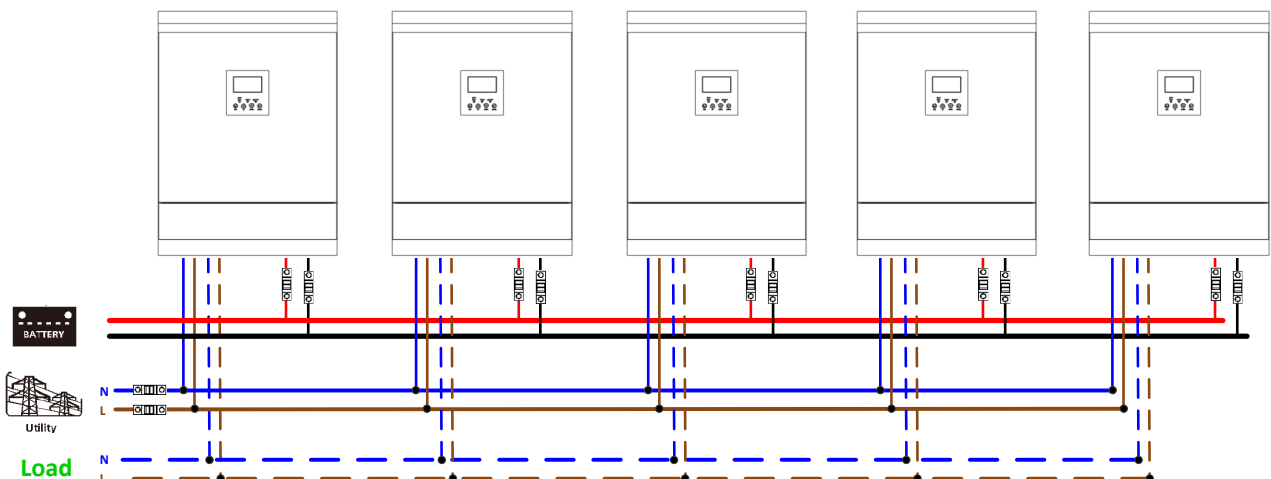


Communication Connection

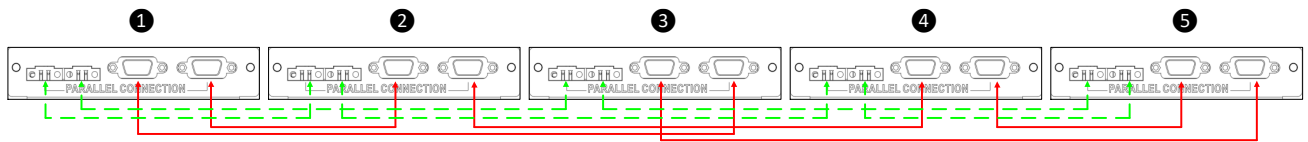


Five inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

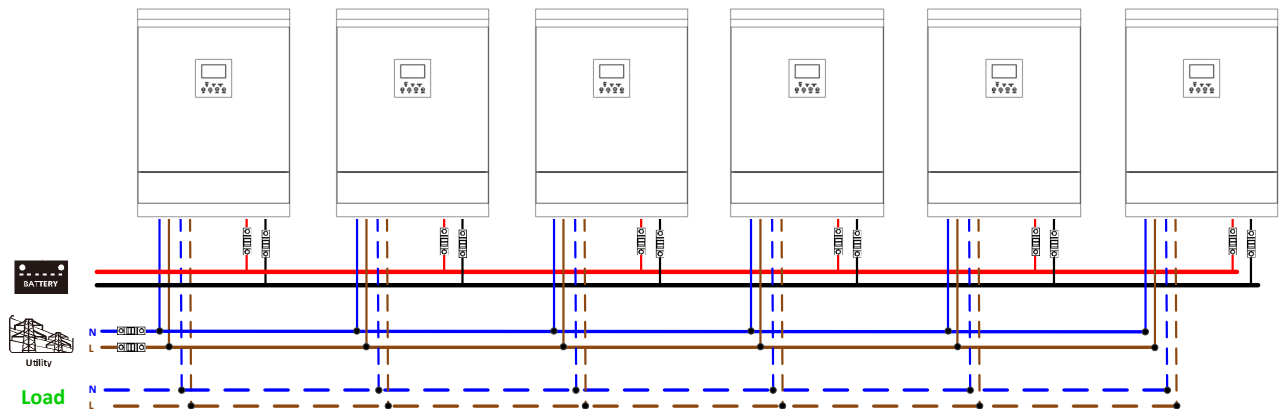


Communication Connection

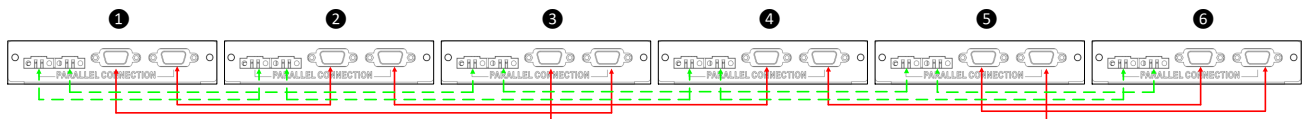


Six inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

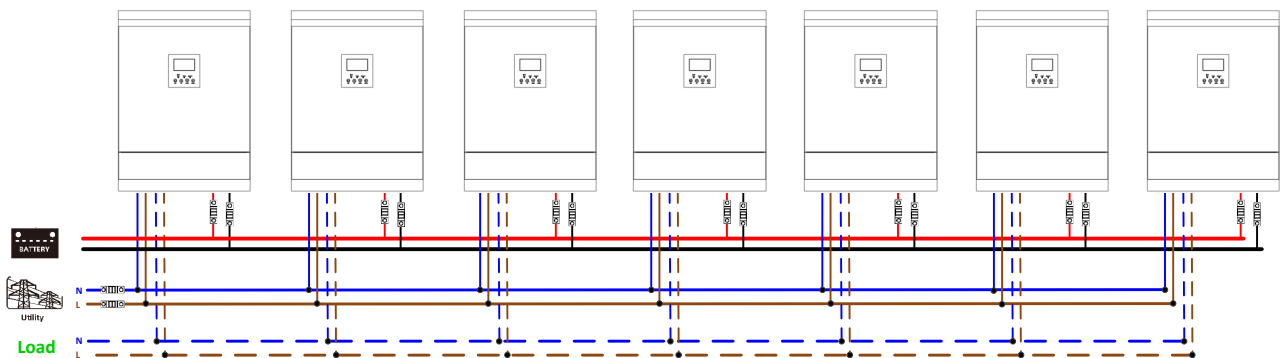


Communication Connection



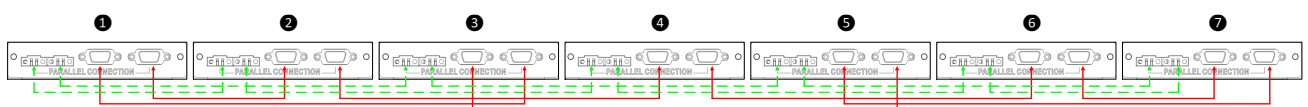
Seven to nine inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

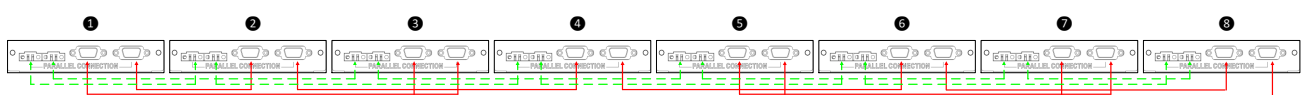


Communication Connection

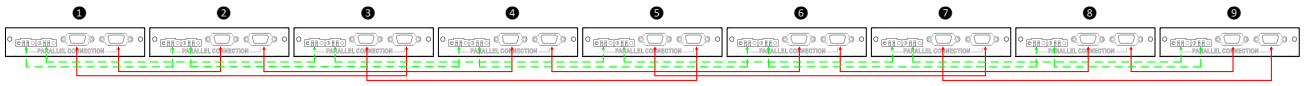
➤ Seven inverters in parallel



➤ Eight inverters in parallel



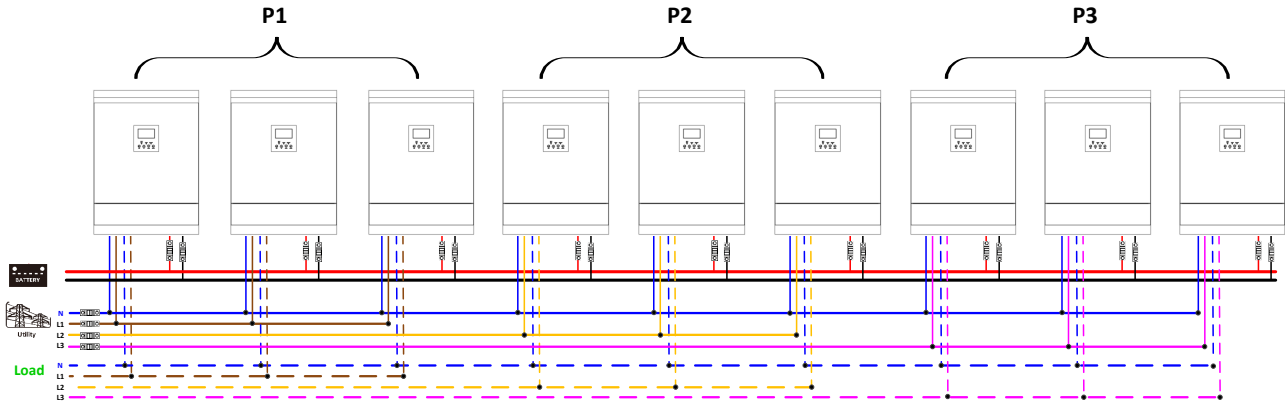
➤ Nine inverters in parallel



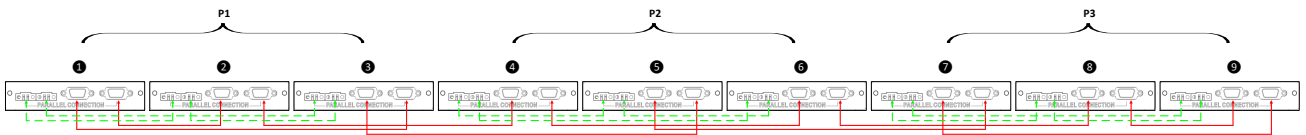
5-2. Support 3-phase equipment

Three inverters in each phase:

Power Connection

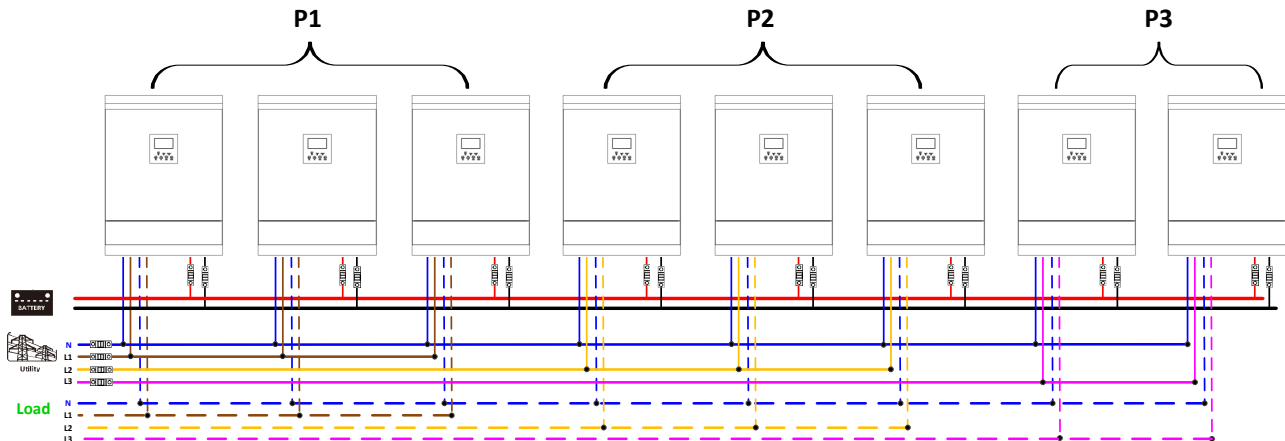


Communication Connection

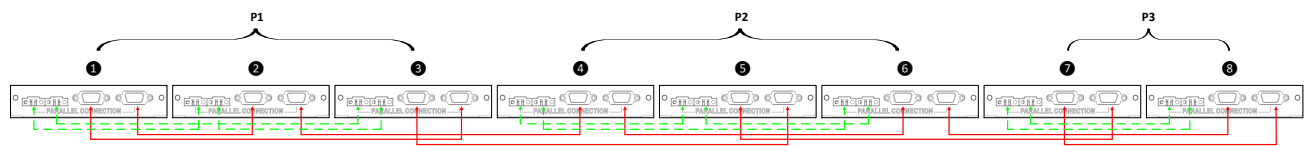


Three inverters in one phase, three inverters in second phase and two inverter for the third phase:

Power Connection

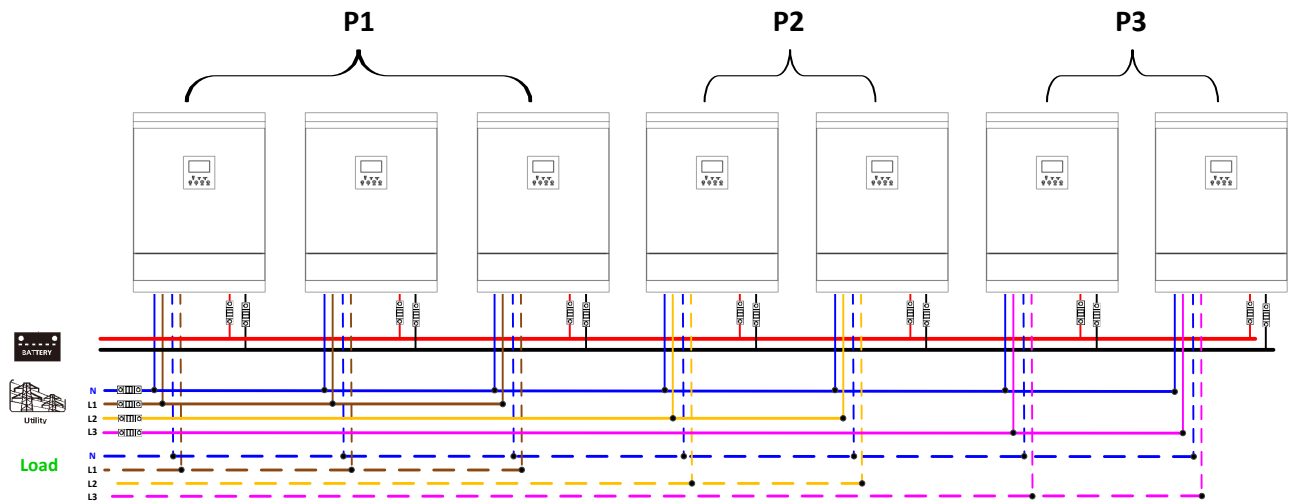


Communication Connection

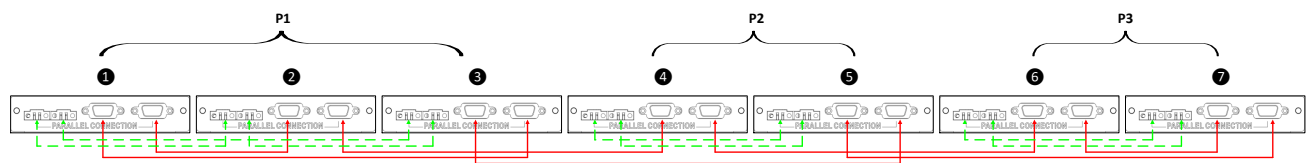


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and two inverters for the third phase:

Power Connection

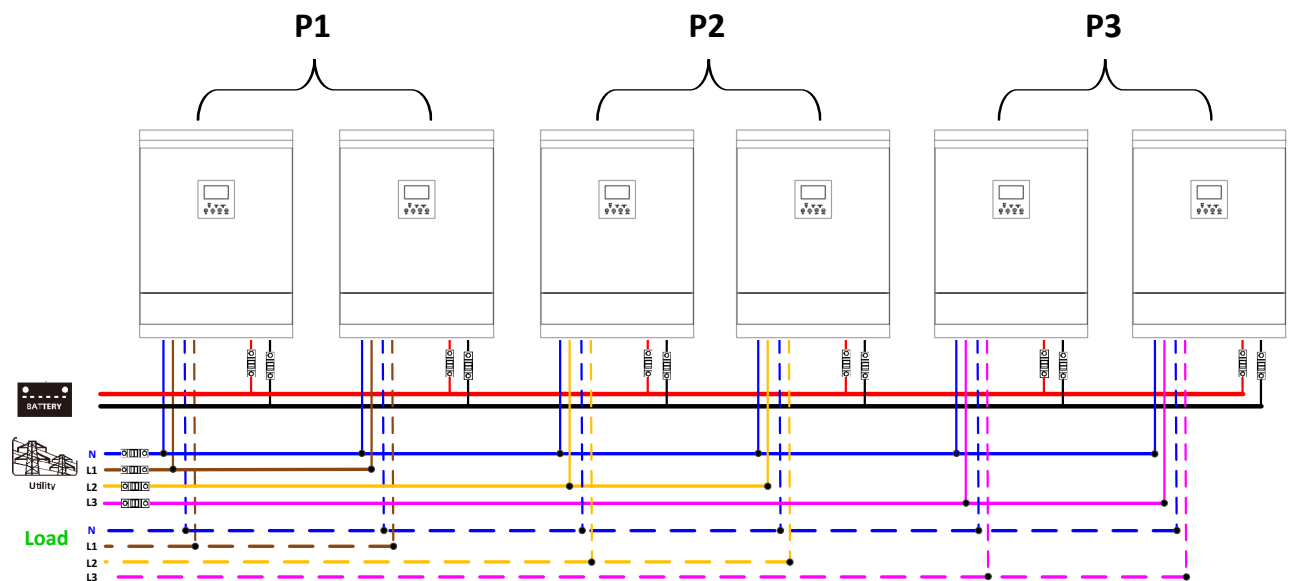


Communication Connection

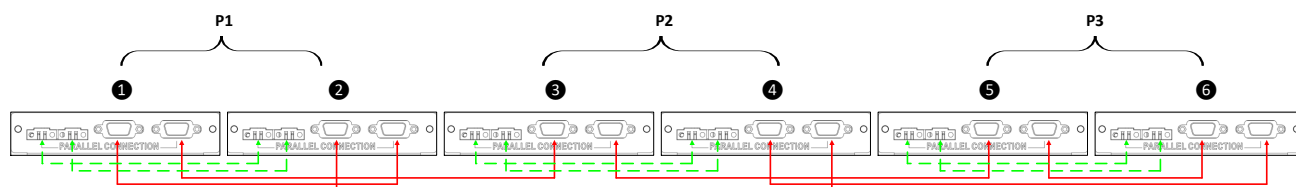


Two inverters in each phase:

Power Connection

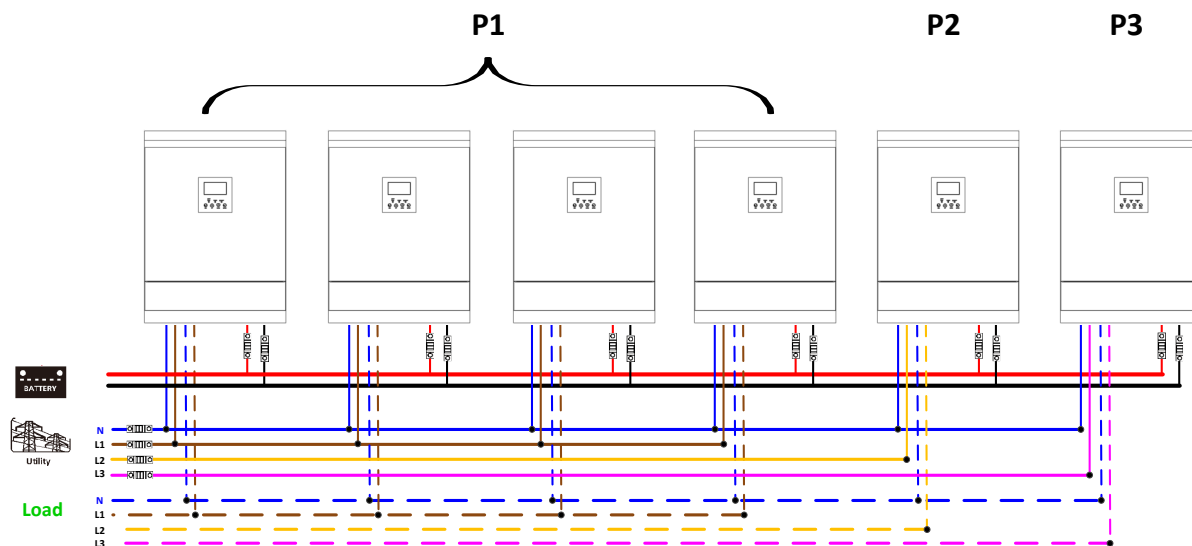


Communication Connection

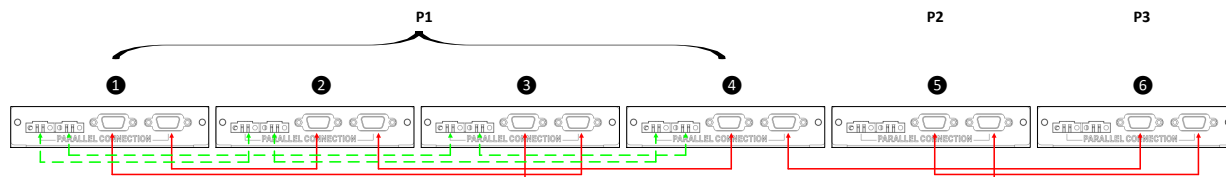


Four inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:

Power Connection

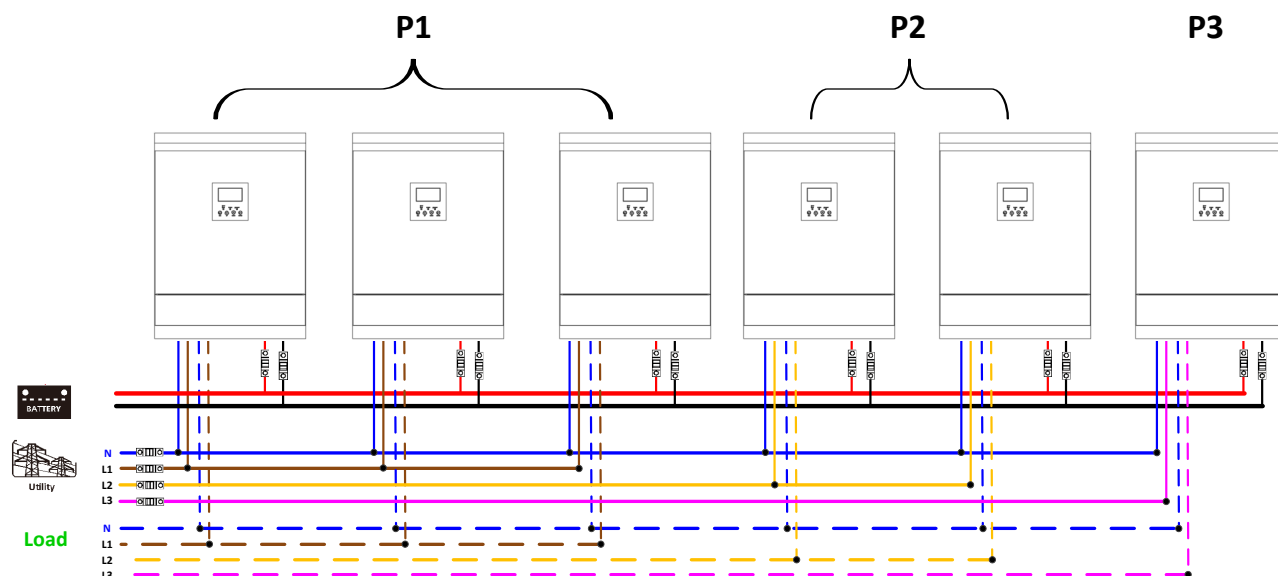


Communication Connection

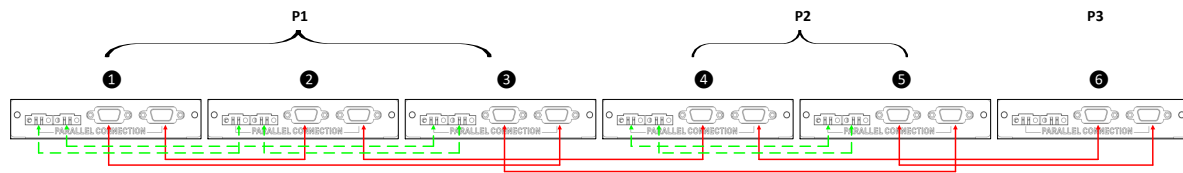


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and one inverter for the third phase:

Power Connection

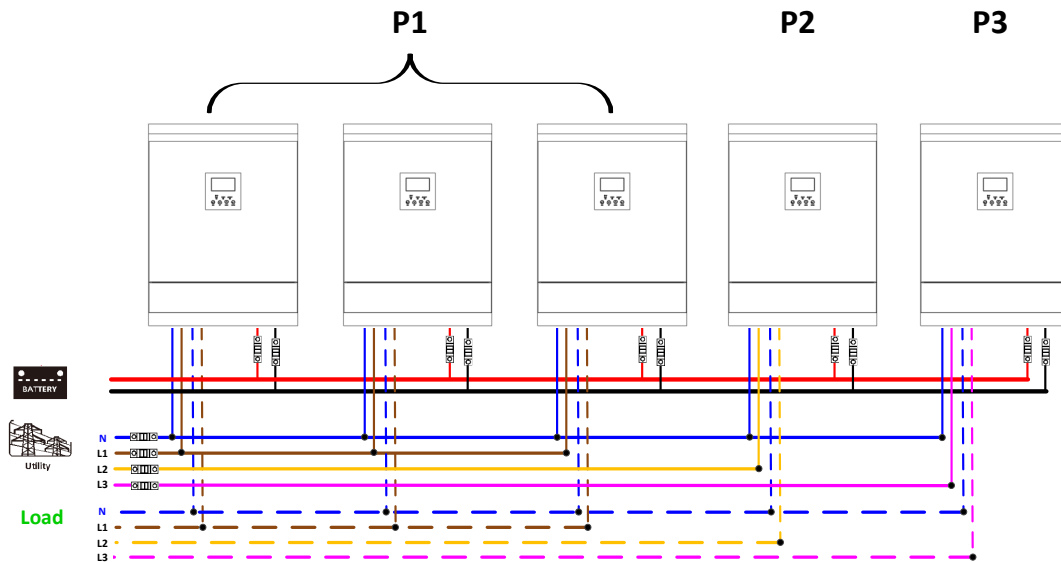


Communication Connection

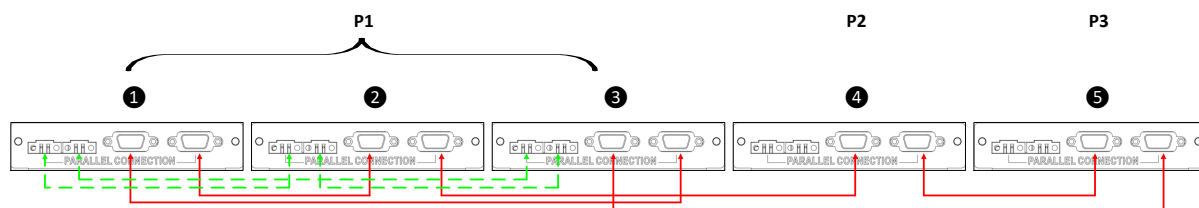


Three inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining two phases:

Power Connection

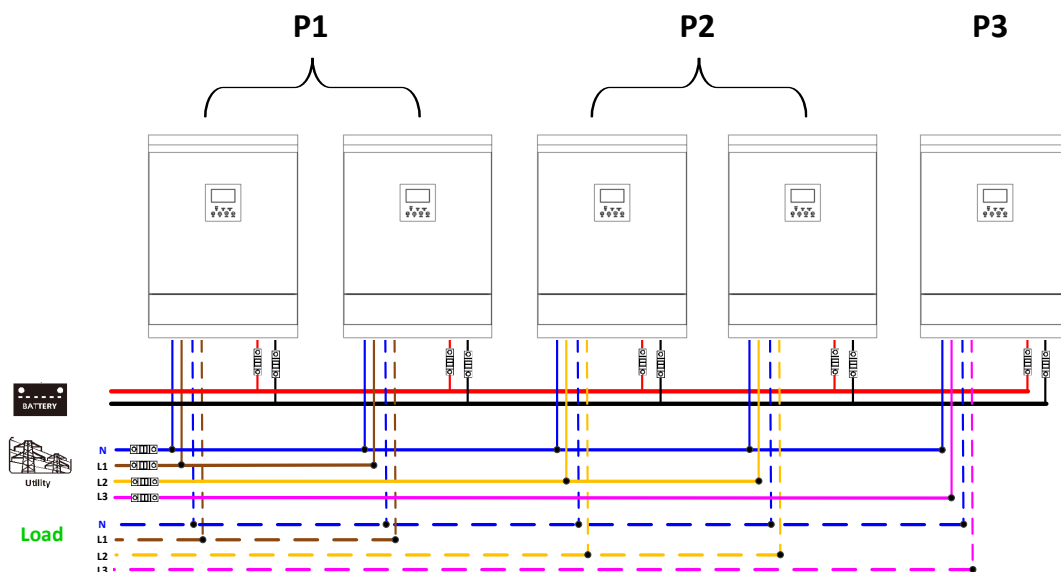


Communication Connection

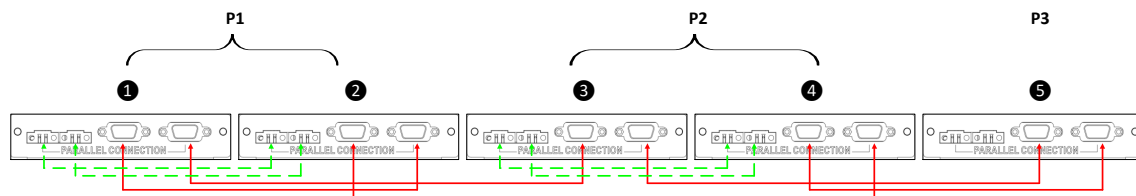


Two inverters in two phases and only one inverter for the remaining phase:

Power Connection

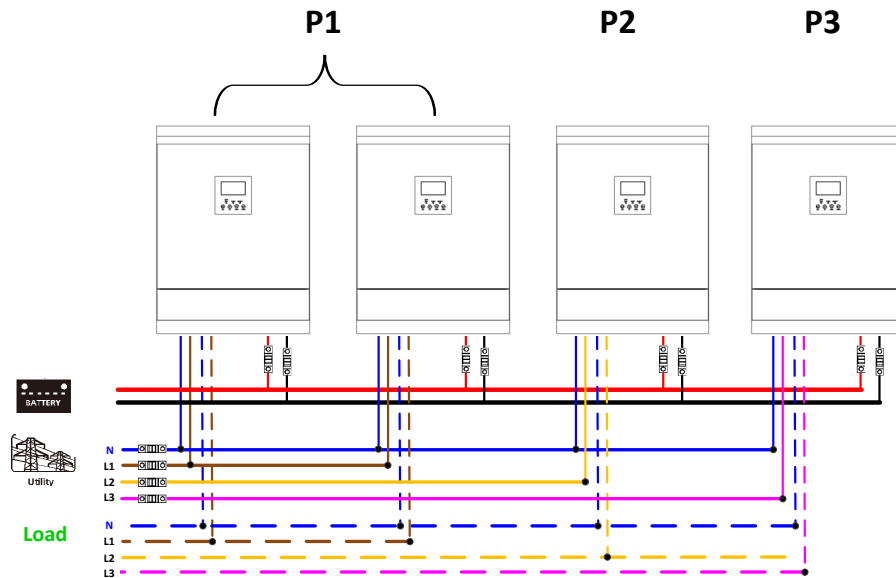


Communication Connection

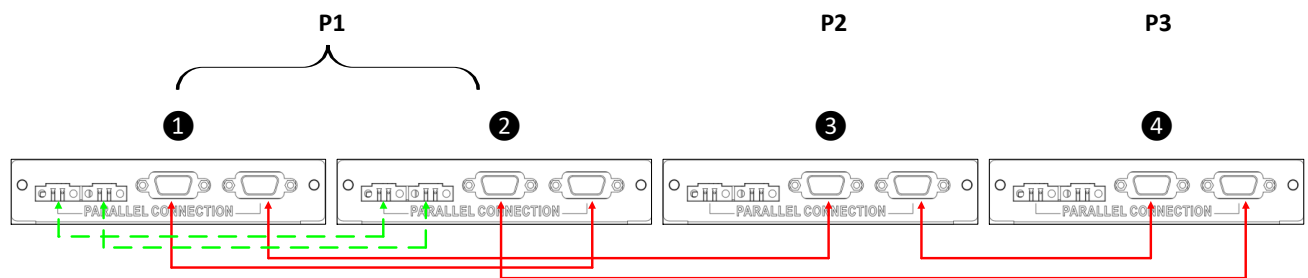


Two inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining phases:

Power Connection

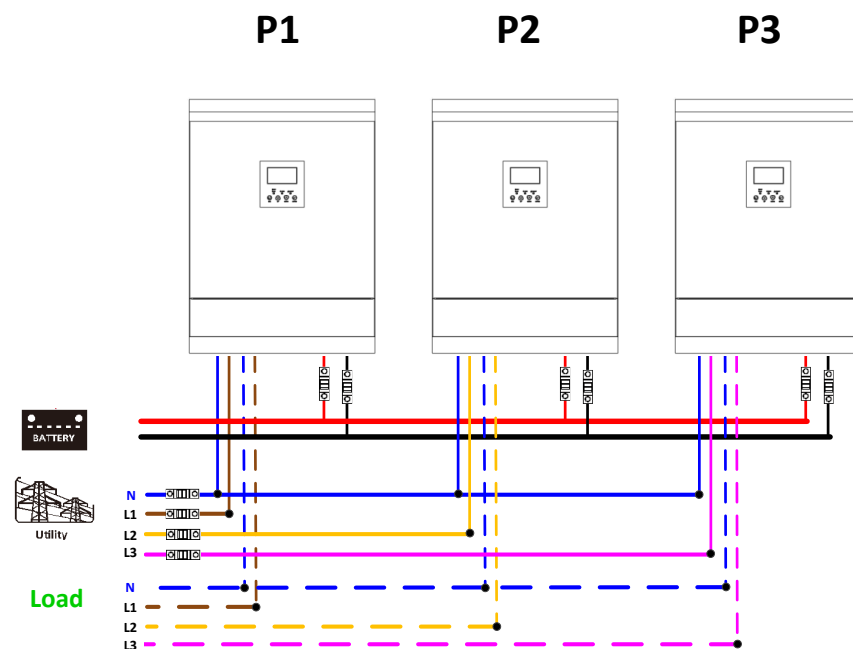


Communication Connection



One inverter in each phase:

Power Connection

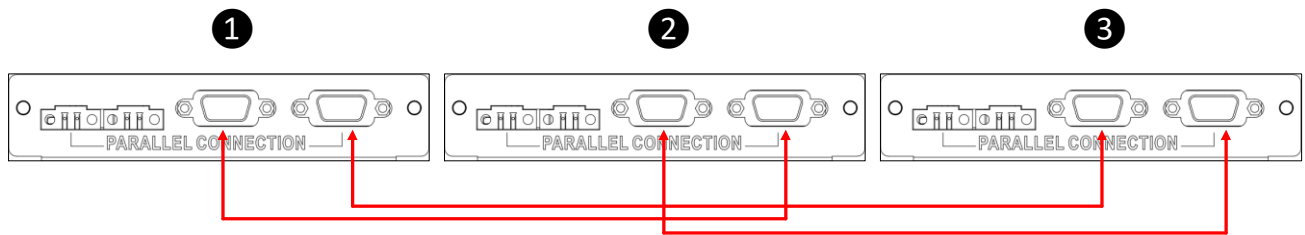


Communication Connection

P1

P2

P3



WARNING: Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

6. PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.











CAUTION: Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.

7. LCD Setting and Display

Setting Program:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
28	AC output mode *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off).	Single: 28 ^{OUTPUT} S1 C	When the units are used in parallel with single phase, please select "PAL" in program 28.
		Parallel: 28 ^{OUTPUT} PAL	It is required to have at least 3 inverters or maximum 6 inverters to support three-phase equipment. It's required to have at least one inverter in each phase or it's up to four inverters in one phase. Please refers to 5-2 for detailed information. Please select "3P1" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L1 phase, "3P2" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L2 phase and "3P3" in program 28 for the inverters connected to L3 phase.
		L1 phase: 28 ^{OUTPUT} 3P 1	
		L2 phase: 28 ^{OUTPUT} 3P2	
		L3 phase: 28 ^{OUTPUT} 3P3	Be sure to connect share current cable to units which are on the same phase. Do NOT connect share current cable between units on different phases. Besides, power saving function will be automatically disabled.
30	PV judge condition (Only apply for setting "Solar first" in program 1: Output source priority)	One Inverter (Default): 30 ONE	When "ONE" is selected, as long as one of inverters has been connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting. For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. If one of two units has connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, the parallel system will provide power to loads from solar or battery power. If both of them are not sufficient, the system will provide power to loads from utility.
		All of Inverters: 30 ALL	When "ALL" is selected, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting only when all of inverters are connected to PV modules. For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. When selecting "ALL" in program 30, it's necessary to have all inverters connected to PV modules and PV input is normal to allow the system to provide power to loads from solar and battery power. Otherwise, the system will provide power to loads from utility.

Fault code display:

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
60	Power feedback protection	
71	Firmware version inconsistent	
72	Current sharing fault	
80	CAN fault	
81	Host loss	
82	Synchronization loss	
83	Battery voltage detected different	
84	AC input voltage and frequency detected different	
85	AC output current unbalance	
86	AC output mode setting is different	

8. Commissioning

Parallel in single phase

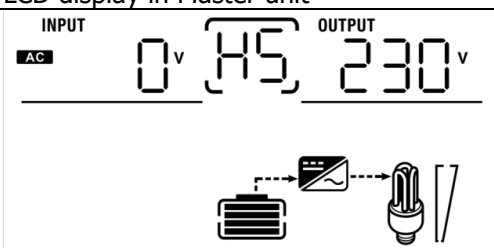
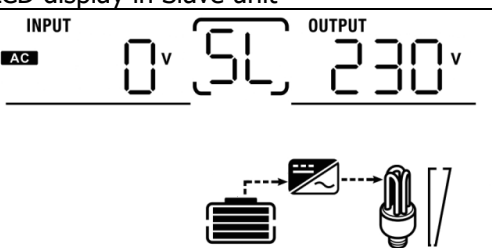
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 28 of each unit. And then shut down all units.

NOET: It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.

LCD display in Master unit	LCD display in Slave unit
	

NOTE: Master and slave units are randomly defined.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display fault 82 in following-order inverters. However, these inverters will automatically restart. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.

LCD display in Master unit	LCD display in Slave unit

Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Support three-phase equipment

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 28 as P1, P2 and P3 sequentially. And then shut down all units.

NOET: It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially.

LCD display in L1-phase unit	LCD display in L2-phase unit	LCD display in L3-phase unit

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and three phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, the AC icon will flash and they will not work in line mode.

LCD display in L1-phase unit	LCD display in L2-phase unit	LCD display in L3-phase unit

Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 3-phase equipment is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Note 1: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in operation first.

Note 2: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.

9. Trouble shooting

Situation		Solution
Fault Code	Fault Event Description	
60	Current feedback into the inverter is detected.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. Check if L/N cables are not connected reversely in all inverters. 3. For parallel system in single phase, make sure the sharing are connected in all inverters. For supporting three-phase system, make sure the sharing cables are connected in the inverters in the same phase, and disconnected in the inverters in different phases. 4. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.
71	The firmware version of each inverter is not the same.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Update all inverter firmware to the same version. 2. Check the version of each inverter via LCD setting and make sure the CPU versions are same. If not, please contact your instraller to provide the firmware to update. 3. After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer.
72	The output current of each inverter is different.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if sharing cables are connected well and restart the inverter. 2. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.
80	CAN data loss	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter. 2. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.
81	Host data loss	
82	Synchronization data loss	
83	The battery voltage of each inverter is not the same.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure all inverters share same groups of batteries together. 2. Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check battery voltage of all inverters. If the values from all inverters are close, please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material type. Otherwise, please contact your installer to provide SOP to calibrate battery voltage of each inverter. 3. If the problem still remains, please contact your installer.
84	AC input voltage and frequency are detected different.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the utility wiring connction and restart the inverter. 2. Make sure utility starts up at same time. If there are breakers installed between utility and inverters, please be sure all breakers can be turned on AC input at same time. 3. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.
85	AC output current unbalance	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restart the inverter. 2. Remove some excessive loads and re-check load information from LCD of inverters. If the values are different, please check if AC input and output cables are in the same length and material type. 3. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.
86	AC output mode setting is different.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Switch off the inverter and check LCD setting #28. 2. For parallel system in single phase, make sure no 3P1, 3P2 or 3P3 is set on #28. For upporting three-phase system, make sure no "PAL" is set on #28. 3. If the problem remains, please contact your installer.

Appendix II: Approximate Back-up Time Table

Model	Load (VA)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 200Ah (min)	Backup Time @ 48Vdc 400Ah (min)
5KVA	500	1226	2576
	1000	536	1226
	1500	316	804
	2000	222	542
	2500	180	430
	3000	152	364
	3500	130	282
	4000	100	224
	4500	88	200
	5000	80	180

Note: Backup time depends on the quality of the battery, age of battery and type of battery.
Specifications of batteries may vary depending on different manufacturers.